## **Auxiliary Controls**

Information about defining color controls

Specific <u>Control Manager</u> routines deal with defining and using color controls and keep them transparent to applications that don't use color. Central to a color control is the auxiliary control record (<u>AuxCtlRec</u>), which carries the control's color specifications; and the 'cctb' resource where all of the auxiliary control's color table information is stored.

You can create a color control without creating an auxiliary control record since a default color table with a standard set of control colors is loaded when an application calls <u>InitWindows</u>. However, if you're using A/UX or if your application uses controls with different colors than those in the default, you'll need an <u>AuxCtlRec</u>.

Each customized control and every control (standard or otherwise) in an A/UX system has to have its own <u>AuxCtlRec</u> but the ones that use the same colors can share the same color table. The control records themselves reside in the application heap and hold all the information your application needs when creating color controls.

In turn, the heart of the auxiliary control record is a handle to the control's private color table. The rest of the record deals with administrative information such as the record's place in relation to other, similar, auxiliary control records. Multiple auxiliary control records exist in a linked list of Handles. The low memory global <u>AuxCtlHead</u> is an <u>AuxCtlPtr</u> to the head of the list. The list terminates with the default <u>AuxCtlRec</u> whose acNext and acOwner fields are NULL and <u>CCTabHandle</u> is the default color table.