

## Integral data type

<b>long</b>	signed long word	range: -1,247,483,648...1,247,483,647
<b>unsigned long</b>	unsigned long word	range: 0...4,294,967,295
<b>Size</b>	unsigned long word	range: 0...4,294,967,295
<b>OSType</b>	unsigned long word	range: 0...4,294,967,295. File creator, file type. Usually four text chars such as... 'TEXT' or 'Guid' or 'WDBF' etc.
<b>OsType</b>	typedef OSType * <b>OSTypePtr</b> ;	
<b>ResType</b>	Also 4 chars. See <u><b>Standard Resource Types</b></u> typedef ResType * <b>ResTypePtr</b> ;	
<b>Fixed</b>	signed long word	range: -32768 ... 32767.xxxx xxxx is 1-(1/65536)
	typedef Fixed * <b>FixedPtr</b> ;	
<b>Fract</b>	signed long word	range: -2 ... 1.yyyy yyyy is 1-(1/1247483647)
	typedef Fract * <b>FractPtr</b> ;	
<b>float</b>	floating-point	range: library-dependent

OStype and ResType values are used in File Manager and Resource Manager calls respectively. The convention for these data types is to use 4-byte constants containing readable parts of the ASCII character set. For displaying the value of one of these types, treat it as a 4-character string (lowest byte in memory is the first character, etc.):

```
OSType theFileType; /* assume we got via GetFileInfo */
Byte *bp = (Byte *)&theFileType

printf( "The file type is '%c%c%c%c' \n", bp[0], bp[1], bp[2], bp[3]);
```

Fixed data types are used in calls to **FontMetrics** , **SpaceExtra**, **SlopeFromAngle** and **AngleFromSlope** (along with the variety of math operations and conversions provided in the Toolbox Utilities).

A Fixed value has an implied 'binary point' between bit 16 and bit 15. The high-order word is the (signed) integer portion and the low-order word is the fractional portion. For instance, (Fixed)0x00010001 equates to 1 and 1/65536th (ie, approximately 1.000015258789).

The Fract data type is supported by the 128K ROMs. It allows very accurate representation of numbers between -2 and 2 (errors no worse than 1 part in one billion). Only the math and conversion functions of Toolbox Utilities use this data type directly, but it is handy in high-resolution graphics work (especially typesetting).

A Fract value has an implied 'binary point' between bits 30 and 29. Bit 31 is the sign bit, bit 30 is the one's place, and bits 29 through 0 constitute the fractional part. For instance, (Fract)0x40000001 equates to 1 and 1/1073741824.

The float data type is 32-bits long. Its implementation is compiler- and library-dependent.