

RAVEN API

User Guide UG221122

Version 1.0.1 Protocol Version 0xFFFEFFE





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INTRODUCTION

The RavenAPI is used to control Iris Dynamics 6DoF motion platforms from an application like a simulator or game. The application initiates RavenAPI messages by sending a UDP datagram containing a frame of simulator data, or a behavior command. The platform responds to every valid package it receives according to the package contents. When powered, the platform is always listening for messages, no configuration is required.

Messages begin with the protocol version identifier, followed by the message ID. The following data is context-specific. Finally, all messages conclude with an 8-bit CRC calculation.

Multiple messages can be sent in one datagram, and messages can be split between consecutive datagrams.

All numerical representations are in a signed 32-bit format and sent most-significant-byte first.

BACKGROUND

Connection

API commands can be carried out via UDP datagrams. Typical IP settings are 10.0.0.2. Incoming data (from an application to the platform) uses port 9200, and outgoing data uses port 9201.

Degree of Freedom (DoF)

RavenAPI commands acceleration cueing of 6 degrees of freedom: surge, sway, heave, roll, pitch, and yaw.

| DoF | Description |
|-------|---|
| Surge | A forward-backward motion, such as a car accelerating. Positive surge motion is forward motion. |
| Sway | A side-to-side motion such as a car cornering fast (not to be confused with yaw). |
| Heave | An up-down motion, such as a helicopter lifting off. |
| Roll | A rotation about the surge axis, such as a barrel roll. |
| Pitch | A rotation about the sway axis, such as a nose dive. |
| Yaw | A rotation about the heave axis, such as spinning on an office chair. |



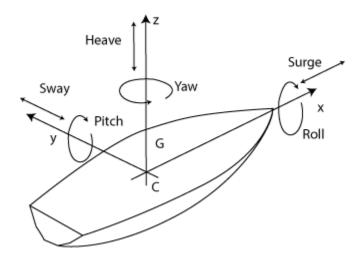


Image 1: Degrees of Freedom diagram

Frames of Reference (FoR)

The world FoR refers to a virtual fixed space.

The avatar FoR is that experienced by the simulated craft in the virtual world. It is with respect to this FoR that applications package and send data to RavenAPI.

The rider FoR is that experienced by the physical rider.

The platform FoR is with respect to the platform base. It is with respect to this FoR that the platform's position and orientation are reported from RavenAPI.

Anticipated Format

Mantis expects acceleration data passed to it to be in the avatar's FoR. This means that depending on how the application calculates accelerations, middleware or a plugin may be required to rotate the accelerations appropriately.

Types of Platform Control

Acceleration Cueing

The avatar's accelerations in the virtual environment are measured and reported to the platform which makes an effort to replicate those accelerations for the physical rider. Accordingly, the accelerations provided by the application to the platform should be in the avatar FoR.

The response of the platform to indicated avatar accelerations is controlled by the 'Mantis' kinematic and washout controller.

Washout Positions

Washout positions are surge, sway, and heave translations, and roll, pitch, and yaw rotations that the platform will tend toward and settle to. The washout positions are requested with respect to the platform FoR.

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These positions are measured from the center resting position when all actuators are at half of their maximum extension.

The path used to return a DoF to the washout positions is a function of the DoF's settling time setting, and the incoming accelerations.

Using non-zero settling positions for surge and sway can result in excess power consumption and actuator temperatures and is typically not recommended.

Modes of Operation Control

There are four modes of operation: Off, Level Brake, Loading and Cueing.

| Off | The position controller is disengaged. Actuators that are free of errors exert damping forces. This is the default state when the GUI is disconnected and the actuators are not initialized or have errors. |
|-------------|---|
| Level Brake | The platform attempts to stay level while allowing itself to raise or lower depending on the net external load. This is the default state when the GUI is not connected and the actuators are initialized and error free. |
| Loading | Each DoF position can be commanded by the GUI or the RavenAPI by setting the washout targets. Accelerations from RavenAPI are ignored. |
| Cueing | Accelerations from RavenAPI are scaled according to the gain settings and reproduced by the platform. |

Modes of operation can be controlled with a "Mode change request" type message.

Forces due to gravity must be accounted for when cueing motions for the rider. By using different message types, the application can add the force of gravity to the accelerations of the avatar, or instead pass a value for the acceleration due to gravity.

When adding the force of gravity prior to the accelerations, an application should project the force of gravity onto the user's surge, sway, and heave accelerations according to the avatar's pitch and roll orientation.



MESSAGE CONSTRUCTION

Framing Data

Message Framing – Application to Platform

| | | Byte | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|------|--|------|--------|---------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | | | | | | N | | | | |
| From app | Version ID | | | Mess | age ID | Payload | CRC | | | | |

Message Framing – Platform to Application

| | | Byte | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------------|------|--|------|--------|---------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | | | | | | N | | | | |
| То арр | Version ID | | | Mess | age ID | Payload | CRC | | | | |

Units

Data Format

| Name | DoFs | Format | Unit | Maximums |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Positions | Surge, Sway, Heave | 2s compliment signed 32-bit | micrometers (um) | +- 2,000,000 |
| Position Speeds | | | millimeters per second (mm/s) | +- 4,000 |
| Position Accelerations | | | millimeters per second squared (mm/s^2) | +- 60,000 |
| Rotations | | | milldegrees (mdeg) | +- 360,000 |
| Rotation Speeds | Roll, Pitch, Yaw | | degrees per second (deg/s) | +- 250 |
| Rotation Acceleration | | | degrees per second squared (deg/s^2) | +- 4,000 |



Vocabulary

Application to Platform

Application to Platform Messages

| Application to Message ID | Payload Size (Words / Bytes) | Total Package Length (Bytes) | Description |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 5 | 6/24 | 31 | Acceleration only frame transmit the accelerations of each dof (x6) from the avatar FoR. Mantis assumes gravity has been added to these values. A coordinated turn in an aircraft should result in zero sway acceleration. |
| 21 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Acceleration and attitude frame transmit the accelerations of each dof (x6), and the attitude of the rider (roll and pitch) from the avatar FoR. Mantis assumes a typical gravity acceleration of 9800 m/s^2 and projects this onto the surge, sway, and heave accelerations according to the roll and pitch angle. A coordinated turn in an aircraft should result in a sway acceleration equal to -9800 * sin (bank angle) mm/s^2. |
| 85 | 9/36 | 43 | Acceleration and attitude plus gravity frame transmit the accelerations of each dof (x6), and the attitude of the rider (roll and pitch) from the avatar FoR, as well as the force due to gravity. Mantis projects the gravity onto the surge, sway, and heave accelerations according to the roll and pitch angle. A coordinated turn in an aircraft should result in a sway acceleration equal to -gravity * sin (bank angle). |
| 170 | 6 / 24 | 31 | Washout targets frame transmit the washout position of each dof (in the platform FoR). This frame can be used to implement offsets for dof positions during cueing depending on specific simulator behaviors. Also provides a way to move the platform in loading mode. |
| 682 | 1/4 | 11 | Mode change request frame request to change to a new mode of operation. |
| 10922 | 0/0 | 7 | Actuator Temperature Request Frame Requests current actuator temperature data. |
| 10923 | 0/0 | 7 | Actuator + Platform Power Request Frame Requests the power draw of all motors |



| | ı | ı | |
|-------|-----|---|---|
| 65532 | 0/0 | 7 | All Actuators Position Request Frame Requests current position for all actuators |
| 65533 | 0/0 | 7 | All Actuators Commanded Force Request Frame Requests current measured force for all actuators. |
| 65534 | 0/0 | 7 | All Actuators Target Position Request Frame Requests current target position for all actuators. |
| 65535 | 0/0 | 7 | All DoFs Position Request Frame Requests current position/angle for all DoFs. |
| 3780 | 0/0 | 7 | Firmware Release Request Frame Requests current Super Eagle firmware information |

Application to Platform Pavloads

| Message | Words (32-bits) | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|----------------|---------|--|
| ID | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| 5 | Surge acc | Sway acc | Heave acc | Roll acc | Pitch acc | Yaw acc | | | | |
| 21 | Surge acc | Sway acc | Heave acc | Roll acc | Pitch acc | Yaw acc | Roll angle | Pitch angle | | |
| 85 | Surge acc | Sway acc | Heave acc | Roll acc | Pitch acc | Yaw acc | Roll angle | Pitch angle | Gravity | |
| 170 | Surge pos | Sway pos | Heave pos | Roll ang | Pitch ang | Yaw ang | | | | |
| 682 | Mode request | | | | | | | | | |



Platform to Application

Platform to Application responses

| Response ID | Payload Size (Words / Bytes) | Total Package Bytes | Description |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 5, 21, 85, 170, 65531 | 7 / 28 | 35 | Platform status frame Returns the position and orientation of the platform with respect to the platform FoR, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 682 | 1/4 | 11 | Mode change response frame Returns the status word, which contains the mode of operation. |
| 10922 | 7 / 28 | 35 | Temperatures request response frame Returns the temperature of each actuator, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 10923 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Power request response frame Returns the power burn of each actuator (words 1-6), as well as the sum of all power draw (word 7), and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 65535 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Platform DoF request response frame Returns the position or angle(um or millidegrees) of each DoF, a timestamp, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 65534 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Target positions request response frame Returns the target position (um) of each actuator, a timestamp, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 65533 | 8/32 | 39 | Actuator force request response frame Returns the commanded force (-32k to + 32k) of each actuator, a timestamp, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 65532 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Actuator positions request response frame Returns the actual position of each actuator (um), a timestamp, and a status word containing flags that describe the platform state. |
| 3780 | 8 / 32 | 39 | Firmware version request frame Returns the firmware version, release state, revision number, year of release, months of release, day of release, commit hash, |



Platform to Application Payloads

| attorn to A | pplication F | ayıvaus | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Message | Words (32-bits) | | | | | | | | | | |
| ID | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | | |
| 5, 21, 85, 170, 65531 | Surge pos | Sway | Heave pos | Roll ang | Pitch ang | Yaw ang | Status Word | | | | |
| 682 | Status Word | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10922 | Temp 0 Data | Temp 1 Data | Temp 2 Data | Temp 3 Data | Temp 4 Data | Temp 5 Data | Status Word | | | | |
| 10923 | Motor 0 Power in Watts | Motor 1 Power in Watts | Motor 2 Power in Watts | Motor 3 Power in Watts | Motor 4 Power in Watts | Motor 5 Power in Watts | Total Power in Watts | Status Word | | | |
| 65535 | Surge pos | Sway pos | Heave pos | Roll ang | Pitch ang | Yaw ang | Timestamp | Status Word | | | |
| 65534 | Act 0 Target | Act 1 Target | Act 2 Target | Act 3 Target | Act 4 Target | Act 5 Target | Timestamp | Status Word | | | |
| 65533 | Act 0 Force | Act 1 Force | Act 2 Force | Act 3 Force | Act 4 Force | Act 5 Force | Timestamp | Status Word | | | |
| 65532 | Act 0 Pos | Act 1 Pos | Act 2 Pos | Act 3 Pos | Act 4 Pos | Act 5 Pos | Timestamp | Status Word | | | |
| 3780 | Firmware Version | Release State | Revision Number | Release Year | Release Month | Release Day | Commit Hash | Status Word | | | |



Status Word

Status Word Composition

| Bit | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|-------------|----|------------|------------|-----|
| Bits 31 - 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| **RESERVED** | Motor 0 OK | Motor 1 OK | Motor 2 OK | Motor 3 OK | Motor 4 OK | Motor 5 OK | | rmal ode | Oı | oera Mo | tion de | ial |

Operational Mode

| Mode | Value |
|-------------|-------|
| OFF | 0 |
| LEVEL BRAKE | 1 |
| LOADING | 2 |
| CUEING | 3 |

Thermal Mode

| Mode | Value |
|---------------------|-------|
| NORMAL | 0 |
| OVERHEAT PROTECTION | 1 |

Actuator OK Status

| Status | Value |
|---------------------|-------|
| Not OK (has errors) | 0 |
| OK (no errors) | 1 |



CRC CLASS

The CRC byte of each message can be constructed using the following code:

```
/* The following CRCFast class was adapted from https://barrgroup.com/Embedded-
Systems/How-To/CRC-Calculation-C-Code and can be found in Barr, Michael. "Slow and
Steady Never Lost the Race," Embedded Systems Programming, January 2000, pp. 37-46.
Big thank you for this! */
#define CRC POLYNOMIAL 0xD5
class CRCFast {
  public:
    static uint8 t table [256];
    static uint8_t generate (uint8_t const message[], int nBytes) {
     uint8_t data;
      uint8 t remainder = 0;
      // Divide the message by the polynomial, a byte at a time.
      for (int byte = 0; byte < nBytes; ++byte) {</pre>
          data = message[byte] ^ remainder;
          remainder = table[data] ^ (remainder << 8);</pre>
      return (remainder); // The final remainder is the CRC.
    static void build table() {
      uint8_t remainder;
      for (int dividend = 0; dividend < 256; ++dividend) {
        remainder = dividend;
        // Perform modulo-2 division, a bit at a time.
        for (uint8 t bit = 8; bit > 0; --bit) {
          if (remainder & 0x80)
            remainder = (remainder << 1) ^ CRC POLYNOMIAL;</pre>
          else
            remainder = (remainder << 1);</pre>
         //Store the result into the table.
         table [dividend] = remainder;
    }
};
```







REVISION HISTORY

| Version | Date | Author | Reason |
|---------|-------------------|--------|--|
| 1.0.0 | November, 2022 | kc | Initial Draft |
| 1.0.1 | March, 2023 Kc kh | | Remove depreciated frame 2730 Add frame 10923 |