An Intro to Shiny

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What is Shiny?

- Shiny is an R package that makes it easy to build interactive web apps straight from R
- Interactivity is valuable when the underlying data is too complex to tell the whole story about

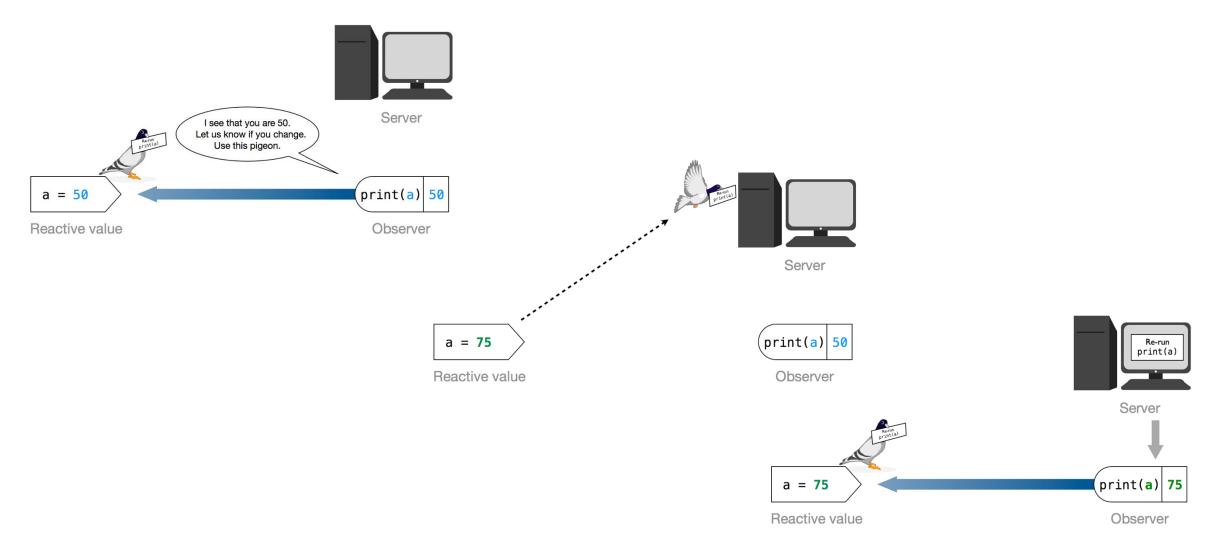
For unvaccinated, coronavirus is soaring again

An analysis of adjusted rates for cases, covid-19 deaths and hospitalizations shows the country's summer upswing is slamming the unprotected while others enjoy freedom

山 口 By Dan Keating and Leslie Shapire The country's months-long decline in coronavirus cases, deaths and hospitalizations ed out in late June. The U.S. case rate or seven-day average of new confirmed cases

How does Shiny work?

Reactivity – messages via virtual carrier pigeon



1. Make your inputs dynamic

Use food_choice to select a row from a data frame

```
measure_df <- ca_food_name %>%
    filter(FoodDescription == food_choice) %>%
    select(FoodID) %>%
    left_join(ca_conversion_factor) %>%
    left_join(ca_measure_name) %>%
    select(numeric, units, description,
ConversionFactorValue, MeasureID, FoodID)
```

in an R script:

food_choice <- "Coffee, brewed, prepared with tap water"

in a Shiny script:

food_choice <input\$ingredient</pre>

2. You have to write some R code to make a user interface (UI)

```
ui \leftarrow fluidPage(
  titlePanel("Health Canada Nutrient Calculator"),
  sidebarLayout(
    sidebarPanel(
     selectInput(inputId = "ingredient", label = "Which item?", choices = ca_food_name$FoodDescription, multiple = F),
      sliderInput(inputId = "amount", label = "How much?", min = 2, max = 500, step = 20, value = 250)
   mainPanel(
     dataTableOutput("nutrientTable"),
      plotlyOutput("nutrientPlot")
```

3. You have to define what kinds of outputs you will produce in a server function – table, plot, etc

```
# Let's define our server logic###
server ← function(input, output){
    # The calculations for each output we've defined for the mainPanel() should go here

# An important difference between Shiny and normal R. Inputs can only be passed to an actively listening context.
# Uncomment this line and try to run the app: food_choice ← input$ingredient

output$nutrientTable ← renderDataTable({□}})

output$nutrientPlot ← renderPlotly({□}})

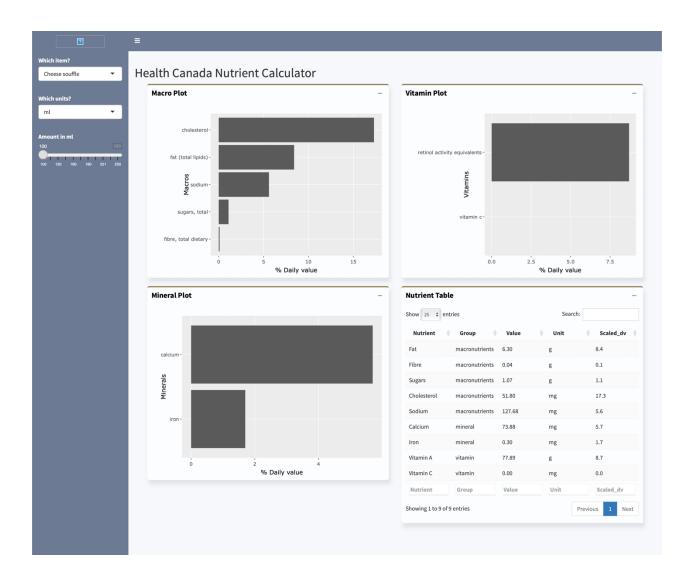
} # end server logic
```

4. R actively listens to your inputs

This blocks you from running non-app code while the app is running

```
> shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
Listening on http://127.0.0.1:4250
Warning: Error in path.expand: invalid 'path' argument
  [No stack trace available]
```

Our sample application today



How this workshop is organized

- Don't start in Shiny! Converting an existing analysis to a barebones app
- 2. Thinking in the Shiny paradigm the basics of reactivity
- 3. Make it look cool packages for styling Shiny apps
- 4. Share your work deploying your work to shinyapps.io

Build it yourself with me: https://github.com/J0vid/CalgaryR_Shiny

Suggestions for making your own stuff

- 1. Think about what you want the app to look like and write a normal R script version first
- 2. Make sure your code works with a few hardcoded test examples
- 3. After you have a script that does what you want, plug in your inputs to make it interactive
- 4. If you're new to R/Shiny, don't try to add lots of inputs at the same time because it can be really hard to diagnose problems
- 5. If you didn't heed my advice and are trying to solve errors from within Shiny, print(), browser(), and breakpoints are your friends