

## Research Portal

### Application - Canada Graduate Scholarships-Master's Program

#### Identification

##### Applicant

**Family Name:** Lancot

**First Name:** Jordan

**Middle Names:**

#### Application

**Application Title**

Deep Learning for Network Attack and Defense

**Language in which the proposal is written**

☒ English ☐ French

**Field of Research**

natural sciences and/or engineering

**Start date or proposed start date of program of study**

2022-09-01

**Proposed end date of program of study**

2024-09-01

**Number of months of graduate studies completed as of December 31 of year of application**

**Months of full-time study** 8

**Months of part-time study** 0

**If you are successful in obtaining a Canada Graduate Scholarship will you consider applying for a Michael Smith Foreign Study Supplement?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

#### Supplements/Joint Initiatives

**To be considered for one or more Supplements or Joint Initiatives, select all that apply**

## Proposed Host Organization

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### Proposed Host Organization #1

**Organization** Toronto Metropolitan University

**Faculty** Science

**Department/Division** Physics

### Proposed Host Organization #2

**Organization**

**Faculty**

**Department/Division**

### Proposed Host Organization #3

**Organization**

**Faculty**

**Department/Division**

## Summary of Proposal

### Summary

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Novel research has been conducted to transform the structure of networks into tensors suitable for Deep Learning (DL) – motivating whether DL can be used to discover network weaknesses and exploit them. Should DL agents gain the ability to exploit and attack networks, the security and robustness of infrastructure and information networks comes in question. Are there any limits on the capacity for DL to discover network weaknesses and selectively attack them? If not, can this capacity be mitigated through efficient strategies which conceal some of the information about the network, allowing for a defensive response?

We will create a framework which maps this targeted network attack to a two-player game, allowing us to leverage the field of Deep Reinforcement Learning. Through this novel framework, the first DL player will be presented a network and will be rewarded for choosing nodes which quickly break apart the network – simulating network attack. The second DL agent will receive the network before the first agent and will hide a fraction of the network links before it is shown to the first agent. The second agent will be rewarded if the partially concealed network requires more moves to be broken by the first DL agent – simulating network defense. To this end, we will determine the limits to malicious DL attackers and develop defensive strategies to reduce their effectiveness.

## Activity Details

### Certification Requirements

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**Does the proposed research involve humans as research participants?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Does the proposed research involve animals?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Does the proposed research involve human pluripotent stem cells?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Does the proposed research involve controlled drugs and/or substances?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Does the proposed research involve human totipotent stem cells?**

#### For statistical purposes only

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☐ Yes ☒ No

**Does this application propose research involving Indigenous people?**

#### Sex- and Gender-Based Analysis

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☐ Yes ☒ No

**Are sex (biological) considerations taken into account in this research proposal?**

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Are gender (socio-cultural) considerations taken into account in this research proposal?**

#### Keywords

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**List up to 10 keywords that best describe the proposal.**

Deep Learning, Artificial Intelligence, Networks, Adversarial Learning, Defense, Information Theory, Percolation, NP-Hard, Infrastructure Security, Network Security

#### Field of Study

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**Indicate and rank up to three primary fields of study relevant to your proposal, with #1 the most relevant and #3 the least relevant.**

1. PHYSICS

2. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

3. COMPUTER HARDWARE

#### Special circumstances

Do you have any special circumstances to take into consideration that may have affected your research, professional career, record of academic or research achievement or completion of degrees?

☐ Yes ☐ No

**Introduction:** With the spectacular advances in Deep Learning over the past decade, humanity has gained new tools to solve previously intractable problems. These include superhuman machine performance in strategy games such as Go and StarCraft, and simplifying large, macroscopic problems in math and physics like discovering new algorithms for matrix multiplication. At the intersection physics and deep learning there has been cutting edge research to learn how to embed *network* (graph) data into a deep learning framework [1] [2] – potentially allowing deep learning to explore network data and discover network weaknesses. Indeed, real-world networks such as power grids are fundamentally vulnerable to attacks on a small number of key components (nodes), whose removal can cause the system as a whole to collapse. Though identifying these “Achilles Heels” of a given network is a computationally intractable (NP-Hard) problem [3], deep learning might effectively surmount this obstacle, providing new destabilizing tools that malicious agents could use to attack real-world infrastructure networks. To our knowledge, little research has sought to understand the limits to deep learning’s capacity to efficiently destroy networks, and counterstrategies that might mitigate this capacity.

**Objectives:** To understand the limits of deep learning’s ability to dismantle networks by removing key nodes. And should no such limits exist, to develop AI-based counterstrategies to in a “fight fire with fire” approach.

**Hypothesis:** I hypothesize that deep learning will have the capacity to discover key network features at decreasing rates as more information about the structure of the network is hidden from the deep learning agent (an attacker). Further, I hypothesize this trend will hold for networks of varying sizes and degrees of interconnection. I suggest that the most efficient concealment strategy can be discovered by a *second* deep learning agent (an opposing defender), tasked with learning to undermine the first agent through tandem learning strategies – allowing for the creation of strategies to defend real world networks and infrastructure.

**Methods:** I will create a framework which maps the real-world problem of network attack and defense to a two-player strategy game that can be solved with Deep Graph Learning. Specifically, my framework will replicate network attack through the network dismantling effects of node destruction – a deterministic process with sequential outcomes resembling percolation [3] [4]. For the attacker, the game will be defined by taking actions on a set of nodes which will break down the network, ending the process when a specified portion of the network is fragmented from the rest of the network. For the defender, the network learning problem will be defined by taking actions on a set of links until a certain fraction of the network is concealed. As such, the attacker will attempt to make its decision based only the information left after the defender has obscured part of the network.

The game will be played on networks of varying size and degrees of interconnection. To this end, I will use network embedding to capture important network features, transforming the structure of the data into a fixed dimensional tensor suitable for deep reinforcement learning [1]. Through expanding this approach to allow for link selection, not only node selection, I enable a deep learning agent (the defender) to learn to conceal network links, reducing the effectiveness of the node selecting deep learning (the attacker). I will reward each player based effectively they shorten or lengthen the number of moves taken by the attacker – incentivize each of their defined objectives.

**Anticipated Results:** Using this approach, I will determine whether the deep learning of weak points of a network can be thwarted by strategic concealment of key network information, and what the optimal such defensive strategy might be. If an attacker’s ability to quickly dismantle networks cannot be reduced in a meaningful way, this might reveal a fundamental weakness of infrastructure and other-real world networks to malicious attacks by a deep-learning equipped adversary [5] [6] [7].

**Conclusion and Significance:** The deliverable from this research will be defensive strategies which thwart malicious deep learnings seeking to destroy networks.

## References

- [1] H. Dai, E. B. Khalil, Y. Zhang, B. Dilkina and L. Song, "Learning Combinatorial Optimization Algorithms over Graphs," in *31st Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NIPS 2017)*, Long Beach, CA, USA, 2017.
- [2] C. Fan, L. Zeng, Y. Sun and Y.-Y. Liu, "Finding key players in complex networks through deep reinforcement learning," *Nature Machine Intelligence*, vol. 2, pp. 317-324, 2020.
- [3] H. Bennett, D. Reichman and I. Shinkar, "On Percolation and N P-Hardness," *Random structures & algorithms*, vol. 54, no. 2, pp. 228-257, 2019.
- [4] F. Morone and H. A. Makse, "Influence maximization in complex networks through optimal percolation," *Nature*, vol. 514, pp. 65-68, 2015.
- [5] X.-L. Ren, N. Gleinig, D. Helbing and N. Antulov-Fantulin, "Generalized network dismantling," *PNAS*, vol. 116, no. 14, pp. 6554-6559, 2018.
- [6] M. Grassia, M. De Domenico and G. Mangioni, "Machine learning dismantling and early-warning," *Nature Communications*, vol. 12, no. 1, 2021.
- [7] R. Albert, H. Jeong and A.-L. Barabási, "Error and attack tolerance of complex networks," *Nature*, vol. 406, p. 378–382, 2000.
- [8] V. Mnih, K. Kavukcuoglu, D. Silver, A. Graves and I. Antonoglou, "Playing Atari with Deep Reinforcement Learning," *ArXiv*, vol. abs/1312.5602, 2013.

Graduate

Name: Mr Jordan Lanctot  
 Student ID: 500910358  
 OEN: 664268737

Print Date: 10/16/2022  
 Birthdate: 01/01/1993  
 Academic Program History  
 Program: MSc Physics  
 05/02/2022: Active in Program  
 PHYSICS Major  
 Program: MSc Physics  
 08/26/2022: Active in Program  
 PHYSICS - COMPLEX SYSTEMS Major  
 Degrees Awarded  
 Degree: Bachelor of Science (Honours) with Distinction  
 Confer Date: 06/01/2022  
 Plan: MEDICAL PHYSICS

Beginning of Graduate Record

Spring/Summer 2022

Session:Regular Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
GD 1000	Continuing Graduate Studies	0.000	0.000		0.000
		Attempted	Earned	GPA Units	Points
Term GPA	0.000 Term Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Transfer Term GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	0.000 Comb Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Fall 2022

Session:Regular Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
BP 8116	Many-body Theory				
BP 8201	Master's Seminar 1				
GD 1000	Continuing Graduate Studies				
Graduate Career Totals					
Cum GPA:	0.000 Cum Totals	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Transfer Cum GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined Cum GPA	0.000 Comb Totals	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

End of Graduate

Undergraduate

Name: Mr Jordan Lanctot  
Student ID: 500910358  
OEN: 664268737

Print Date: 10/16/2022  
Birthdate: 01/01/1993  
Program: Bachelor of Science  
07/21/2018: Active in Program  
07/21/2018: MEDICAL PHYSICS Major  
Program: Bachelor of Science  
06/01/2022: Completed Program  
06/01/2022: MEDICAL PHYSICS Major

Degrees Awarded  
Degree: Bachelor of Science (Honours) with Distinction  
Confer Date: 06/01/2022  
Plan: MEDICAL PHYSICS

Transfer Credits  
Transfer Credit from University Of Ottawa  
Applied Toward Bachelor of Science Program

Fall 2018						
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points	
CPS 109	Computer Science I	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
ECN 104	Introductory Microeconomics	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
ECN 204	Introductory Macroeconomics	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
ENG LLS	1 Lower Level Liberal Studies	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
MTH 540	Geometry	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
MTH 207	Calc and Computatnl Methods I	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
MTH 108	Linear Algebra	1.000	1.000	CRT	0.000	
Course Trans GPA:	0.000	Transfer Totals:	7.000	7.000	0.000	

Beginning of Undergraduate Record

Fall 2018						
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points	
BLG 143	Biology I	1.000	1.000	B	3.000	
CHY 103	General Chemistry I	1.000	1.000	C+	2.330	
MTH 131	Modern Mathematics I	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670	
PCS 120	Physics I	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330	
SCI 180	Orientation	1.000	1.000	PSD	0.000	

			Attempted	Earned	GPA Units	Points
Term GPA	3.330	Term Totals	5.000	5.000	4.000	13.330
Transfer Term GPA		Transfer Totals	7.000	7.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	3.330	Comb Totals	12.000	12.000	4.000	13.330

Academic Standing Effective 12/21/2018: Academic Standing: Clear

Winter 2019

Session:Undergraduate Regular						
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points	
BLG 144	Biology II	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670	
CHY 113	General Chemistry II	1.000	1.000	C+	2.330	
MTH 231	Modern Mathematics II	1.000	1.000	B+	3.330	
PCS 130	Physics II	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670	

			Attempted	Earned	GPA Units	Points
Term GPA	3.250	Term Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	13.000
Transfer Term GPA		Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	3.250	Comb Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	13.000

Academic Standing Effective 05/06/2019: Academic Standing: Clear

Fall 2019

Session:Undergraduate Regular						
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points	
MTH 330	Calculus and Geometry	1.000	1.000	A	4.000	
PCS 182	Life in the Milky Way Galaxy	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670	
PCS 229	Intro to Medical Physics	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670	
PCS 300	Modern Physics	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330	

			Attempted	Earned	GPA Units	Points
Term GPA	3.920	Term Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	15.670
Transfer Term GPA		Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	3.920	Comb Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	15.670

Academic Standing Effective 12/19/2019: Academic Standing: Clear

Undergraduate

Name: Mr Jordan Lanctot  
Student ID: 500910358  
OEN: 664268737

Winter 2020

Session:Undergraduate Regular					
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
MTH 430	Dynamic Sys Diff Equations	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 227	Biophysics	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 228	Electricity and Magnetism	1.000	1.000	A	4.000
PCS 401	Quantum Mechanics I	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670
PCS 521	Mathematical Physics	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
		<u>Attempted</u>	<u>Earned</u>	<u>GPA Units</u>	<u>Points</u>
Term GPA	4.130 Term Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	20.660
Transfer Term GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	4.130 Comb Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	20.660

Term Honor: Dean's List

Academic Standing Effective 05/13/2020: Academic Standing: Clear

Fall 2020

Session:Undergraduate Regular					
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
BLG 311	Cell Biology	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 230	Photonics and Optical Devices	1.000	1.000	A	4.000
PCS 358	Mechanics	1.000	1.000	A	4.000
PCS 622	Math Methods in MedPhys	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670
PCS 623	Biostatistics	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
		<u>Attempted</u>	<u>Earned</u>	<u>GPA Units</u>	<u>Points</u>
Term GPA	4.070 Term Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	20.330
Transfer Term GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	4.070 Comb Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	20.330

Academic Standing Effective 01/11/2021: Academic Standing: Clear

Winter 2021

Session:Undergraduate Regular					
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
PCS 335	Thermodynamics Stat. Physics	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670
PCS 350	Computatnl Methds/Med Physics	1.000	1.000	B	3.000
PCS 352	Nuclear Physics	1.000	1.000	A	4.000
PCS 405	Medical Imaging	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PHL 201	Problems in Philosophy	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
		<u>Attempted</u>	<u>Earned</u>	<u>GPA Units</u>	<u>Points</u>
Term GPA	3.870 Term Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	19.330
Transfer Term GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	3.870 Comb Totals	5.000	5.000	5.000	19.330

Term Honor: Dean's List

Academic Standing Effective 05/10/2021: Academic Standing: Clear

Fall 2021

Session:Undergraduate Regular					
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
CPS 501	Bioinformatics	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 354	Radiation Biology	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 810	Complex Networks and Appl	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PHL 611	Philosophy of Mind	1.000	1.000	A	4.000
		<u>Attempted</u>	<u>Earned</u>	<u>GPA Units</u>	<u>Points</u>
Term GPA	4.250 Term Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	16.990
Transfer Term GPA	Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	4.250 Comb Totals	4.000	4.000	4.000	16.990

Academic Standing Effective 01/13/2022: Academic Standing: Clear

Winter 2022

Session:Undergraduate Regular					
Course	Description	Attempted	Earned	Grade	Points
CPS 616	Algorithms	1.000	1.000	B+	3.330
CPS 650	Computational Thinking	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PCS 40B	Medical Physics - Thesis-B	2.000	2.000	A+	8.660
PCS 407	Radiation Therapy	1.000	1.000	A+	4.330
PHL 612	Philosophy of Law	1.000	1.000	A-	3.670



Undergraduate

Name: Mr Jordan Lanctot  
 Student ID: 500910358  
 OEN: 664268737

			<u>Attempted</u>	<u>Earned</u>	<u>GPA Units</u>	<u>Points</u>
Term GPA	4.050	Term Totals	6.000	6.000	6.000	24.320
Transfer Term GPA		Transfer Totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Combined GPA	4.050	Comb Totals	6.000	6.000	6.000	24.320

Term Honor: Dean's List

Academic Standing Effective 05/04/2022: Academic Standing: Clear

Undergraduate Career Totals						
Cum GPA:	3.880	Cum Totals	38.000	38.000	37.000	143.630
Transfer Cum GPA		Transfer Totals	7.000	7.000	0.000	0.000
Combined Cum GPA	3.880	Comb Totals	45.000	45.000	37.000	143.630

End of Undergraduate

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