# Introduction to R Graphing Data Using GGPlot

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## **GGplot vs Base**

ggplot attempts to create a consistent framework for build graphs 'layer by layer' in R.

#### You construct a graph by specifying:

- 1. The data.
- 2. An aesthetic (e.g., colors, line styles, the coordinate system, etc).
- 3. A graph "geometry" (e.g., boxplot, scatterplot, etc). This is where you specify the kind of graph you want.
- 4. Labels. The plot title, axis labels, etc.

## A scatterplot

Creating the graph object and specifying the dataset.

```
library(ggplot2)
car.graph <- ggplot(mtcars)</pre>
```

- Specifying what aesthetics to use.
- In this case, the coordinate system to use -- meaning the x-y axis.
- This is sometimes also referred to as the "mapping" being used.

```
car.graph <- car.graph + aes(wt, mpg)
```

# Specifying the plot

```
## Specifying the plot "geometry" in this case, a scatter plot.
car.graph + geom_point()
```

#### Without intermediate states

We can also create the plot without storing all of the intermediate states

```
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point()
```

## Exercise: ggplot with the Ames Housing dataset

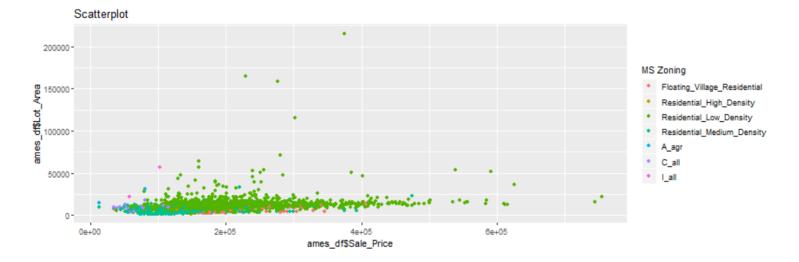
• Load the Ames Housing dataset

```
ames_df <- AmesHousing::make_ames()</pre>
```

- Make a scatterplot with the variables sale price and lot area
- If you have that try to color the points according to MS Zoning

#### What the result should look like

```
ggplot(ames_df) +
   aes(x=ames_df$Sale_Price, y=ames_df$Lot_Area) +
   geom_point(aes(col=as.factor(ames_df$MS_Zoning))) +
   labs(title="Scatterplot", color="MS Zoning") +
   theme(legend.title=element_text(color="black"))
```



## The themes in ggplot

```
## Minimal theme
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point() +
    theme_minimal()
```

#### Themes

```
## the default
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point() + theme_gray()
## Dark, usually not recommended.
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point() + theme_dark()
## Very traditional
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point() + theme_classic()
## Use if you don't want an axis.
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) + geom_point() + theme_void()
```

- There are a number of other built in themes, but you get the idea.
- You can also create your own themes if one of the built in ones doesn't do what you want.

### Colors

```
car.graph <- ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) +
   geom_point(color="red")
car.graph</pre>
```

# point/line styles.

```
car.graph <- ggplot(mtcars) + aes(wt, mpg) +
   geom_point(shape=21) + geom_line(linetype=2)
car.graph</pre>
```

# A boxplot

```
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(as.factor(gear), mpg) +geom_boxplot()
```

# Adding a title/changing labels

- geom\_text() adds text to a plot.
- geom\_label() adds stuff to make the text easier to read (e.g., a box around the text).
- labs() modifies your labels/title.
- theme() lets us manipulate stuff like the inclusion of a legend, its position, etc.

# Adding a title/changing labels

```
ggplot(mtcars) + aes(as.factor(gear), mpg) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    geom_text(aes(label=as.factor(gear), col="red")) +
    geom_label(aes(label=as.factor(gear), col="red"))+
    labs(x="A different label than earlier.", title="A boxplot, with
    theme(legend.position="none")
```

# Saving a graph

# A barplot

```
## Data + aesthetics + geometry.
ggplot(mtcars)+aes(gear)+geom_bar()
```

# A histogram

```
## Data + aesthetics + geometry.
ggplot(mtcars)+aes(mpg)+geom_histogram()
```

# A density plot

```
ggplot(mtcars)+aes(mpg)+geom_density()
```

## Exercise: Histogram and density plot

Using your data from the scatterplot exercise, produce a histogram for cont.var.x, and a density plot for cont.var.y.

#### Links to read on

- Top 50 ggplot2 Visualizations
- R cookbook for graphs
- ggplot2 as part of the tidyverse
- ggplot2-graphics-workshop
- ggplot2 command references
- Lollipop graphs with ggplot2