



Securing your Software Supply Chain on Kubernetes with Sigstore

Priya Wadhwa
Chainguard



About me

- Eng manager @ Chainguard
- Technical Steering Committee member for Sigstore
- Previously maintained k8s developer tools like minikube, skaffold and kaniko



Log4Shell: RCE 0-day exploit found in log4j, a popular Java logging package

December 9, 2021 · 11 min read



Free Wortley

CEO at LunaSec



Chris Thompson

Developer at LunaSec



Forrest Allison

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Breaking Down the Codecov Attack: Finding a Malicious Needle in a Code Haystack

Nimrod Stoler | 4/28/21

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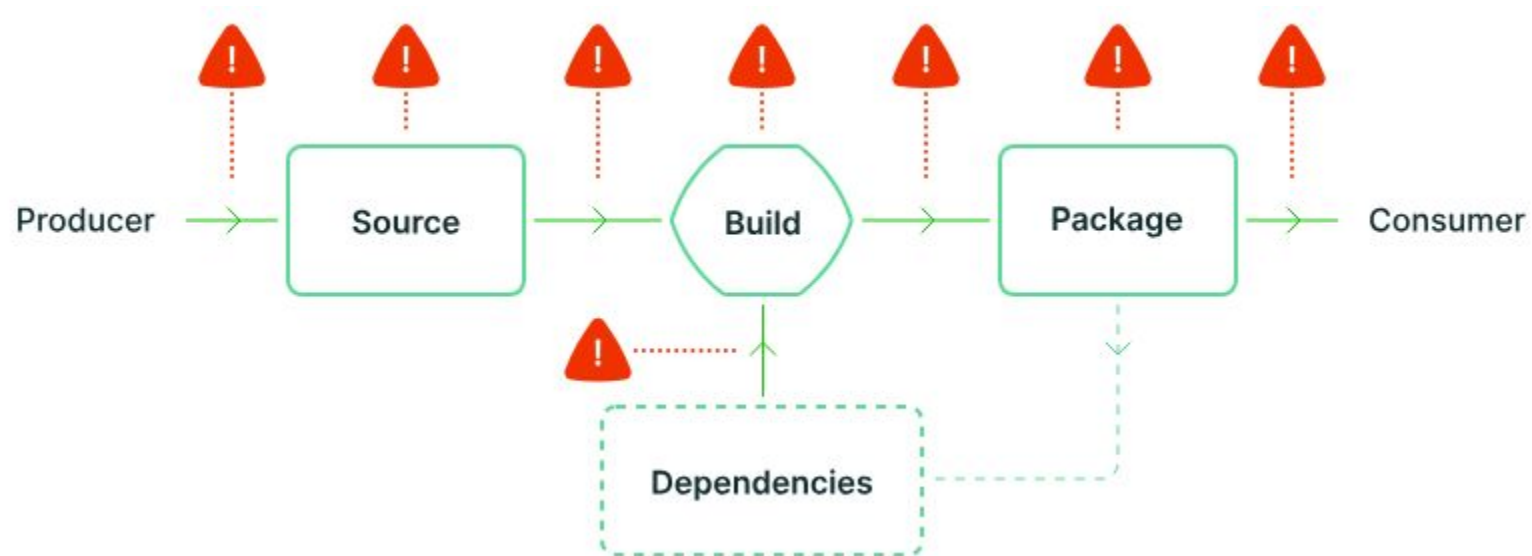
NEW TECH FORUM

By Scott McCarty, InfoWorld | JAN 4, 2022 3:00 AM PST

About > Emerging tech dissected by technologists

2022: The year of software supply chain security

Strengthening the software supply chain must be priority No. 1 in the new year. Here are three areas to focus on.



Signing software...

... a piece of the puzzle

Who built the images in my cluster?

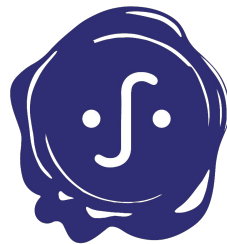
Where were the images running in my cluster built?

What source code went in to my images?

What vulnerabilities are running in my cluster?

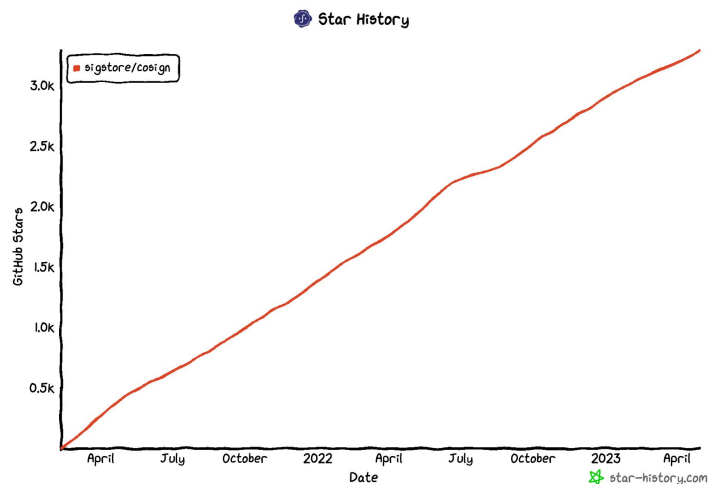
Sigstore

- Makes signing and verifying software easy
- No need to manage long lived keys
- Transparent and auditable
- Sigstore components
 - Fulcio: Certificate Authority
 - Rekor: Transparency Log
 - Cosign: CLI tool for interacting with Sigstore



sigstore

Sigstore Adoption



Extremely excited about this. The npm team has been collaborating with GitHub's package security team for months putting together an RFC to improve the audibility and trust of npm packages using SigStore and trusted build infrastructure



Dustin Ingram
@di_codes

github.blog
New request for comments on improving npm security supply chain and our customers

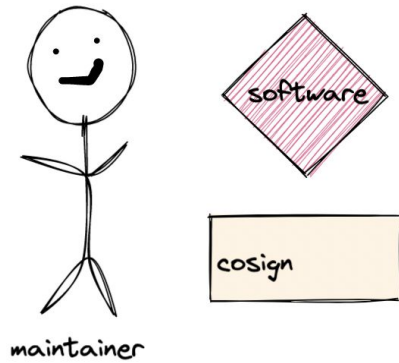


Puerco
@puerco

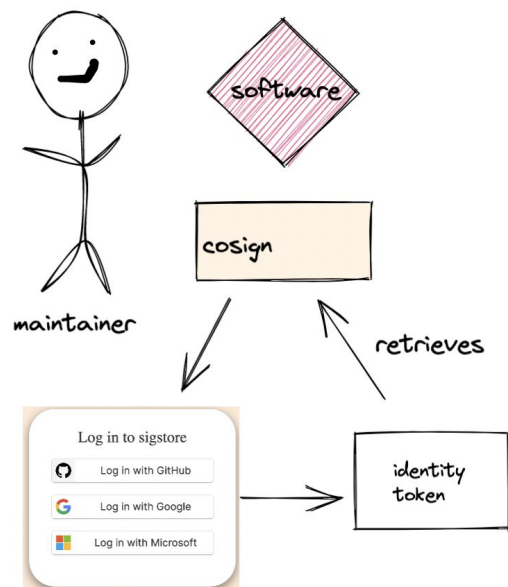
Starting with the latest @thePSF Python releases (3.7.14, 3.8.14, 3.9.14, 3.10.7 and soon 3.11.0), the CPython release artifacts will be signed w/ @projectsigstore by release managers @pyblogsal and @llanga! 🎉

We are currently running the first Kubernetes image promotion which will become the first signed release and verifiable in the @projectsigstore transparency log 🎉

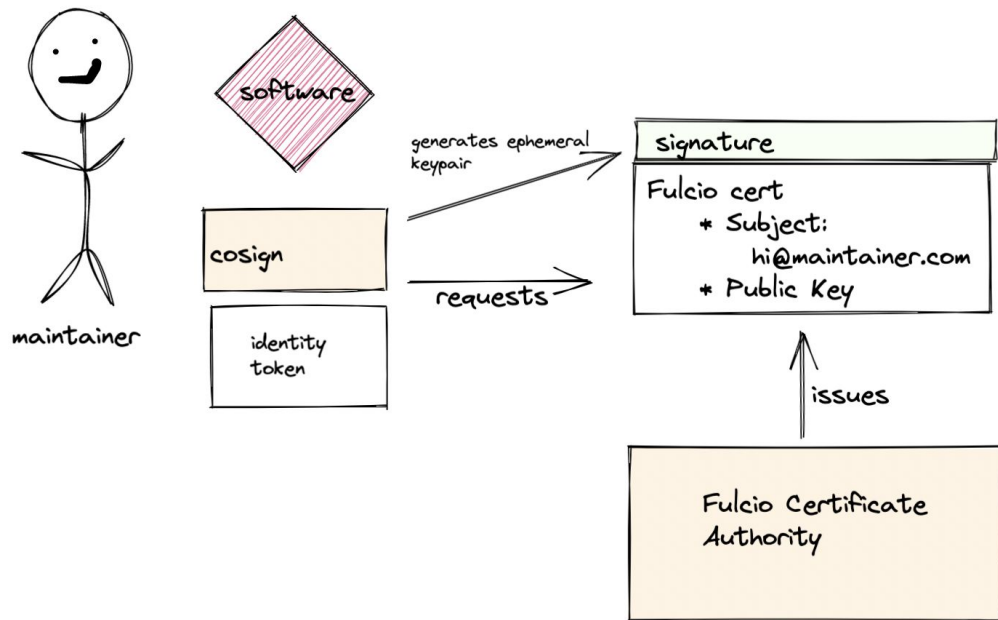
How does this work?



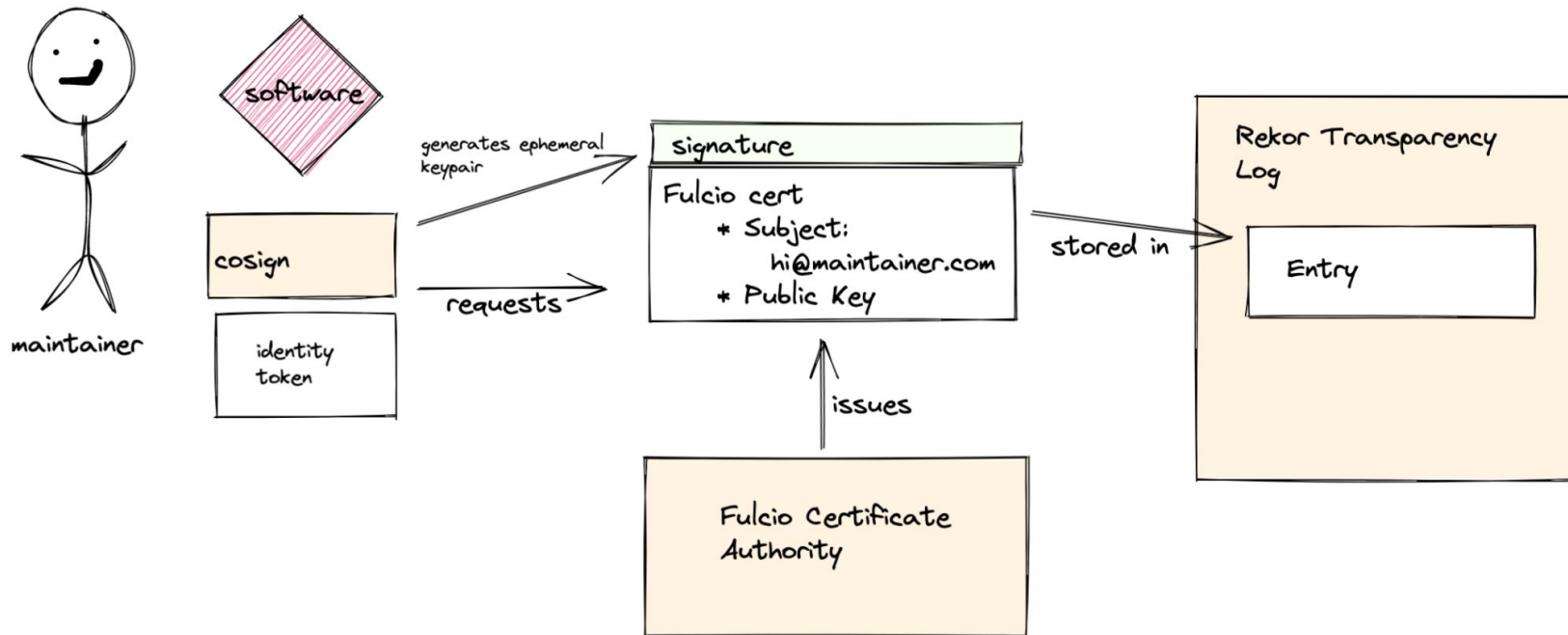
How does this work?



How does this work?



How does this work?



Certificate Example

Issuer: O=sigstore.dev, CN=sigstore-intermediate

Validity:

Not Before: a month ago (2023-03-29T12:27:53-07:00)

Not After: a month ago (2023-03-29T12:37:53-07:00)

Key Usage (critical):

- Digital Signature

Extended Key Usage:

- Code Signing

Subject Alternative Name (critical):

email:

- priya@chainguard.dev

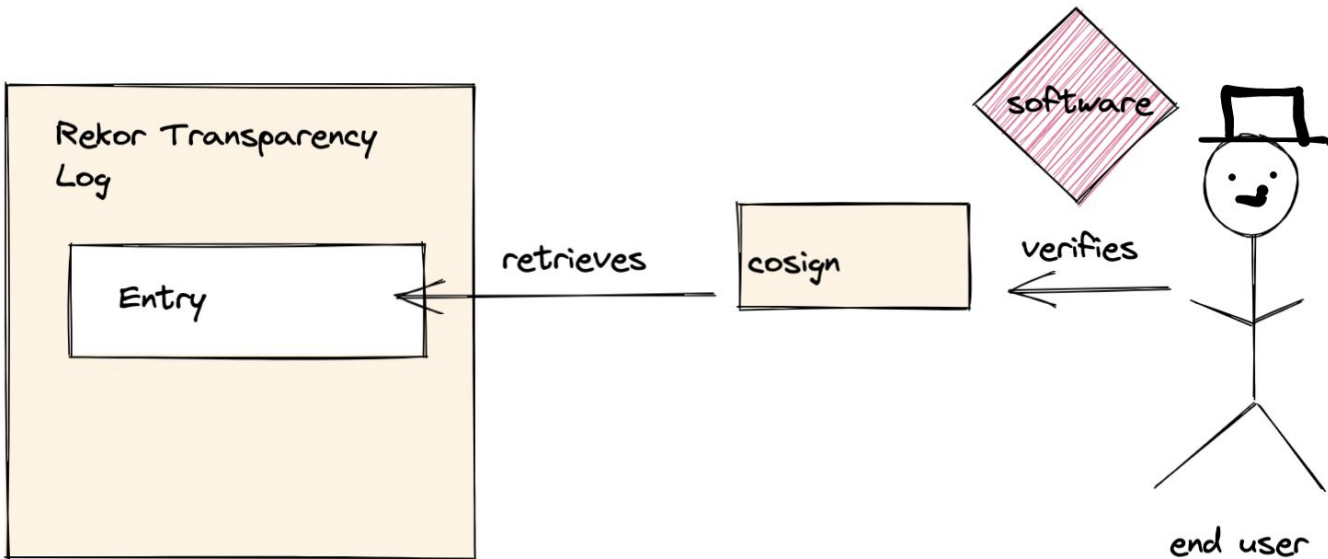
OIDC Issuer: <https://accounts.google.com>



Signatures are great, but we have to verify them!



Verifying signatures with Sigstore



Who built the images in my cluster?

Where were the images running in my cluster built?

What source code went in to my images?

What vulnerabilities are running in my cluster?

People and systems can request Fulcio certificates

- People can sign in with an email address
- Workloads can use the SPIFFE SVID specification
- Kubernetes Service Account
- Github Actions invocations

```
$ cosign verify distroless.dev/go
```

```
...
```

```
"Issuer": "https://token.actions.githubusercontent.com",
```

```
"Subject": "https://github.com/distroless/go/.github/workflows/release.yaml@refs/heads/main",
```

```
"run_attempt": "1",
```

```
"run_id": "3041962558",
```

```
"sha": "ea25a8792441eb38ffa80373877dd60e90a8e180",
```

Certificate Example - GitHub Actions

Issuer: O=sigstore.dev, CN=sigstore-intermediate

Validity:

Not Before: 8 months ago (2022-09-07T18:28:12-04:00)

Not After: 8 months ago (2022-09-07T18:38:12-04:00)

Key Usage (critical):

- Digital Signature

Extended Key Usage:

- Code Signing

Subject Alternative Name (critical):

url:

- <https://github.com/priyawadhwa/test/.github/workflows/push.yaml@refs/heads/master>

OIDC Issuer: <https://token.actions.githubusercontent.com>

GitHub Workflow Trigger: push

GitHub Workflow SHA: 000d8be59c776298c6790d9d4233e4311a2a8c7c

GitHub Workflow Name: Signed Commit

GitHub Workflow Repository: priyawadhwa/test

GitHub Workflow Ref: refs/heads/master

Who built the images in my cluster?

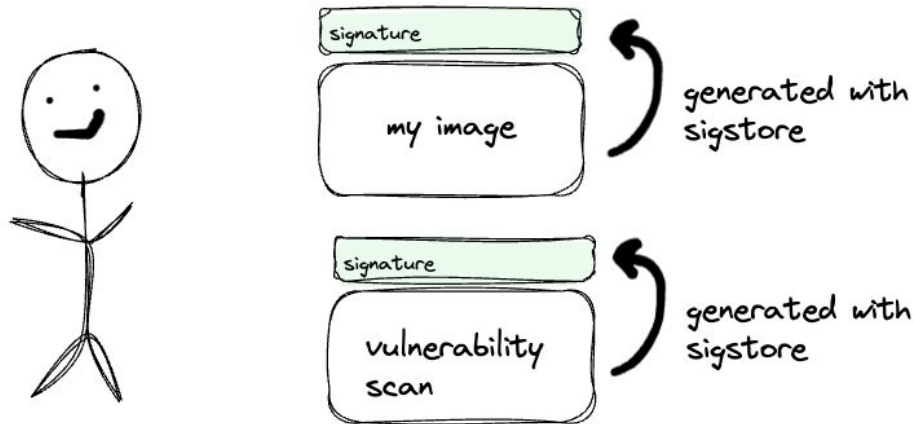
Where were the images running in my cluster built?

What source code went in to my images?

What vulnerabilities are running in my cluster?

Signing Attestations

- In addition to signing your images, Sigstore allows you to sign related artifacts like vulnerability attestations
- We can use tools like trivy or gype to generate vulnerability scans




Demo!


Public Instance

- Free for anyone to use
 - fulcio.sigstore.dev
 - rekor.sigstore.dev
 - search.sigstore.dev
- 24/7 oncall staffed by Sigstore maintainers





How can we use this to secure our
Kubernetes cluster?



Sigstore Policy Controller

- Admission webhook for Kubernetes
- Supports CUE/Rego
- Install via helm: github.com/sigstore/helm-charts
- Enforce policies based on supply-chain metadata
 - “I only want to run containers from specific registries”
 - “I only want to run containers built in my CI/CD system”
 - “I don’t want any critical vulnerabilities in my cluster”
 - “I don’t want log4j running in my cluster”

<https://github.com/sigstore/policy-controller>



ClusterImagePolicy

```
apiVersion: policy.sigstore.dev/v1beta1
kind: ClusterImagePolicy
metadata:
  name: verify-k8s
images:
- glob: registry.k8s.io/**
authorities:
- keyless:
  identities:
  - issuer: https://accounts.google.com
    subject: krel-trust@k8s-releng-prod.iam.gserviceaccount.com
```

Policy Catalog

- An open source catalog of common policies designed to work with Sigstore and policy-controller
- Easier than learning Cue or Rego on your own!

ClusterImagePolicy from the Catalog!

```
apiVersion: policy.sigstore.dev/v1beta1
kind: ClusterImagePolicy
metadata:
  name: keyless-signature
  annotations:
    catalog.chainguard.dev/title: Signature policy
    catalog.chainguard.dev/description: Enforce images are signed
    catalog.chainguard.dev/labels: popular, oidc
spec:
  images:
    - glob: **
  authorities:
    - keyless:
        issuer: https://token.actions.githubusercontent.com
        subjectRegExp: "https://github.com/priyawadhwa/kcd-zurich-demo/*"
        url: https://fulcio.sigstore.dev
    ctlog:
        url: https://rekor.sigstore.dev
```

Demo!

What you can do next

- For your own software - start signing with Sigstore
 - Free [course](#) provided by the LF
- Try out policy-controller for verifying images in your cluster
 - Verifying k8s images is an easy start!
 - github.com/sigstore/policy-controller
 - Tutorial: <https://www.chainguard.dev/unchained/policy-controller-101>

Thank you!

sigstore.dev

Sigstore [Slack channel](#)



Priya Wadhwa

Twitter: priyawadhwa16@

Github: priyawadhwa@