Modern C++

- C++11 이후 포인터 초기화

```
int* a = 0;
int* b = NULL;

int* c = nullptr;
int* d{};
```

1. 스마트 포인터

- unique_ptr

```
unique_ptr<double> dp{ new double };
// 포인터가 만료되면 메모리가 자동으로 해제한다. ( 동적으로 할당하지 않은 주소 할당하면 오류)

*dp = 3;
cout << *dp << endl;
unique_ptr<double> dp2 = move(dp);
cout << dp.get() << endl;
cout << dp2.get() << endl;
```

- unique_ptr 오류

```
double d;
unique_ptr<double> dd{ &d }; // 오류 : 동적으로 할당하지 않는 주소를 할당

double *ptr = dp.get();
unique_ptr<double> dp2{ ptr }; // 오류 : unique_ptr은 다른 포인터 타입에 할당되거나 암시적으로 변할 수 없음
```

- shared_ptr

```
shared ptr<double> f()
     shared_ptr<double> p1{ new double };
     shared_ptr<double> p2{ new double }, p3 = p2;
     cout << "p1.use_count() = " << p1.use_count() << endl;</pre>
     cout << "p3.use_count() = " << p3.use_count() << endl;</pre>
     return p3;
int main(void)
     shared_ptr<double> p = f();
     cout << "p.use_count() = " << p.use_count() << endl;</pre>
                                                c:\u00e4users\u00fcxnote\u00fcsource\u00fcrepos
    _getch();
                                               p1.use_count() = 1
                                               p3.use_count() = 2
     return 0;
                                               p.use_count() = 1
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```

- weak_ptr

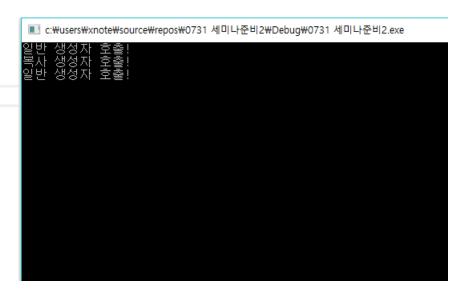
```
shared_ptr<int> spl(new int(10));
weak_ptr<int> wpl = spl;

cout << "spl.use_count() = " << spl.use_count() << endl;
cout << "wpl.use_count() = " << wpl.use_count() << endl;

getch();
return 0;</pre>
```

2. 복사생략

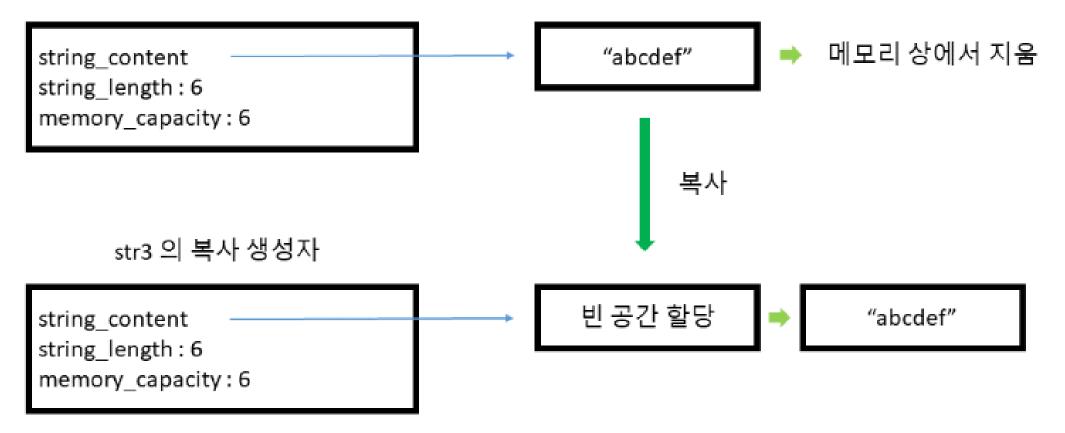
```
class X
public:
   X(int data) : data_(data) {
       cout << "일반 생성자 호출!" << endl;
    X(const X& a) : data_(a.data_) {
       data_ = a.data_;
       cout << "복사 생성자 호출!" << endl;
private:
    int data_;
int main()
   X a(1); // 일반 생성자 호출
    X b(a); // 복사 생성자 호출
   X c(X(2)); // 무엇이 호출되나?
    getch();
    re20118+11 001;2
```



```
int main()
iclass MyString
public:
                                                          MyString str1("abc");
    MyString();
                                                          MyString str2("def");
   // 문자열로 부터 생성
                                                          cout << "-----" << endl:
    MyString(const char* str);
   // 복사 생성자
                                                          MyString str3 = str1 + str2;
    MyString(const MyString &str);
                                                          str3.println();
    void reserve(int size);
                                                          _getch();
    MyString operator+ (const MyString &s);
    ~MyString();
                                                          return 0;
    int length() const;
    void print();
    void println();
private:
    char *string_content; // 문자열 데이터를 가리키는 포인터
    int string_length; // 문자열 길이
    int memory_capacity; // 현재 할당된 용량
};
```

```
MyString MyString::operator+ (const MyString &s)
    MyString str;
     str.reserve(string_length + s.string_length);
     for (int i = 0; i < string_length; i++)</pre>
         str.string_content[i] = string_content[i];
     for (int i = 0; i < s.string_length; i++)</pre>
         str.string_content[string_length + i] = s.string_content[i];
     str.string_length = string_length + s.string_length;
                                                           ■ c:\users\xnote\source\repos\0731 세미나준비2\Debug\0731 세미나준비2.exe
     return str;
```

str1 + str2 가 리턴한 임시 생성 객체



3. 우측값 레퍼런스

좌측값과 우측값

```
int a = 3;
int a; // a는 좌측값
int &l_a = a; // l_a는 좌측값 레퍼런스
int &r_b = 3; // 오류 : 3 은 우측값
```

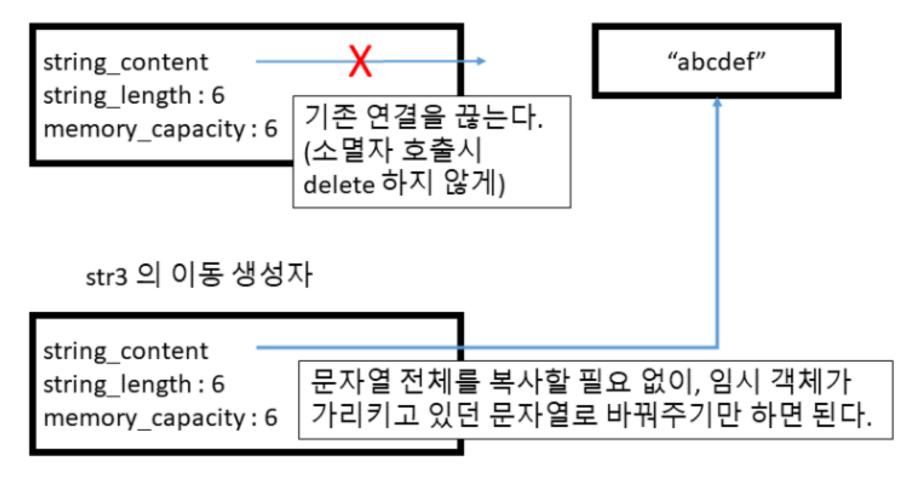
& : 좌측값 레퍼런스(Ivalue reference)

&&: 우측값 레퍼런스(rvalue reference)

```
int& func1(int& a)
    return a;
int func2(int b)
    return b;
int main()
    int a = 3;
    func1(a) = 4;
    cout << &func1(a) << endl;</pre>
    int b = 2;
    a = func2(b); // 가능
    func2(b) = 5; // 오류 : '=': left operand must be l-value
    cout << &func2(b) << endl; // 오류 : '&' requires l-value
```

```
MyString MyString::operator+ (const MyString &s)
    MyString str;
     str.reserve(string_length + s.string_length);
     for (int i = 0; i < string_length; i++)</pre>
         str.string_content[i] = string_content[i];
     for (int i = 0; i < s.string_length; i++)</pre>
         str.string_content[string_length + i] = s.string_content[i];
     str.string_length = string_length + s.string_length;
                                                           ■ c:\users\xnote\source\repos\0731 세미나준비2\Debug\0731 세미나준비2.exe
     return str;
```

str1 + str2 가 리턴한 임시 생성 객제



문제점

string_context 값을 변경 할 수 없음

⇒기존 복사 생성자를 사용 할 수없다.

해결 방법 : 우측값 레퍼런스(&&)를 통해 우측값 레퍼런스만 받게 한다.

```
MyString::MyString(MyString&& str)
    cout << "이동 생성자 호출 !" << endl;
    string_length = str.string_length;
    string_content = str.string_content;
    memory_capacity = str.memory_capacity;
    str.string_content = nullptr; // 임시 객체 소멸 시에 메모리를 해제하지 못하게 한다.
MyString::~MyString()
    if(string_content)
        delete[] string_content;
```

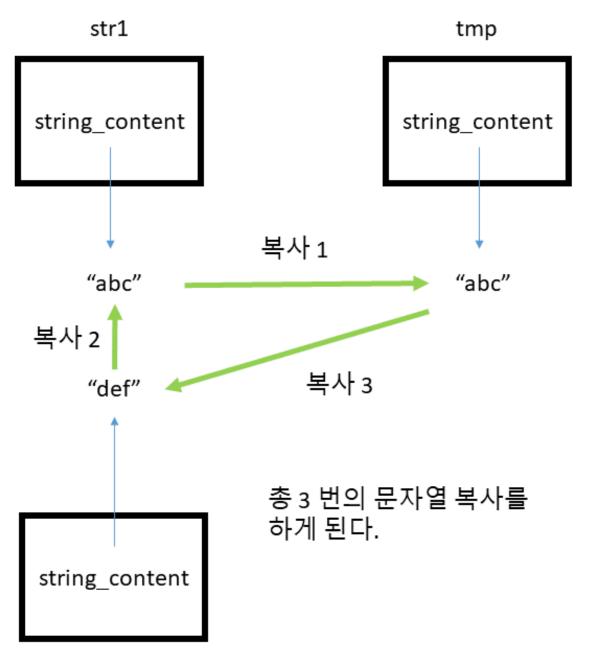
```
■ c:\users\xnote\source\repos\0731 세미나준비2\Debug\0731 세미나준비2.exe
```

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4. Move 함수

```
template <typename T>
void my_swap(T &a, T &b)
    T tmp(a);
    a = b;
    b = tmp;
int main()
    MyString strl("abc");
    MyString str2("def");
    cout << "Swap 전 ----" << endl;
    str1.println();
    str2.println();
    cout << "Swap 후 ----" << endl;
    my_swap(str1, str2);
    str1.println();
    str2.println();
    _getch();
    return 0;
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```

```
■ c:\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\under\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\under\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\users\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\users\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under\under
```

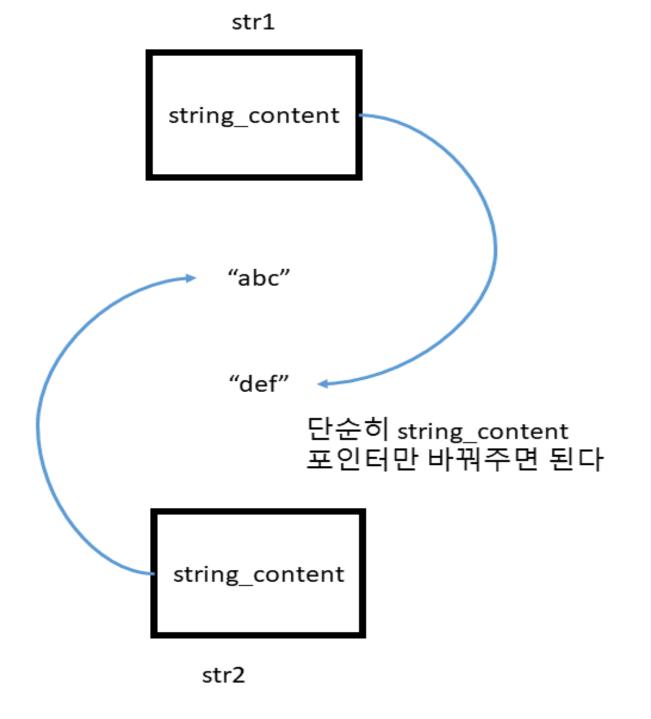


```
template <typename T>
void my_swap(T &a, T &b)
    T tmp(a);
    a = b;
    b = tmp;
int main()
    MyString strl("abc");
    MyString str2("def");
    cout << "Swap 전 ----" << endl;
    cout << "str1 : "; str1.println();</pre>
    cout << "str2 : "; str2.println();</pre>
    cout << "Swap 후 ----" << endl;
    my_swap(str1, str2);
    cout << "str1 : "; str1.println();</pre>
    cout << "str2 : "; str2.println();</pre>
    _getch();
    return 0;
```

```
■ c:₩users₩xnote₩source₩repos₩0731 세미나준비2₩Debu
생성자 호출 !
Swap 전 -----
str1 : abc
str2 : def
Swap 후 -----
복사 생성자 호출 !
복사!
$tr1 : def
str2 : abc
```

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```
∃int main()
    MyString strl("abc");
    cout << "이동 전 ----" << endl;
    cout << "str1 : ";
    str1.println();
    cout << "이동 후 -----" << endl;
    MyString str2(move(str1));
    cout << "str1 : ";
    str1.println();
    cout << "str2 : ";
    str2.println();
    _getch();
    return 0;
```

```
■ c:₩users₩xnote₩source₩repos₩0731 세미나준비2₩Debug₩0731 세미나준비2.exe
생성자 ㅎ축 !
```

```
생성자 호출 !
이동 전 -----
strl : abc
이동 후 -----
이동 생성자 호출 !
strl :
str2 : abc
```

```
template <typename T>
void my_swap(T &a, T &b)
    T tmp(move(a));
    a = move(b);
    b = move(tmp);
int main()
    MyString str1("abc");
    MyString str2("def");
    cout << "Swap 전 ----" << endl;
    cout << "str1 : "; str1.println();</pre>
    cout << "str2 : "; str2.println();</pre>
    cout << "Swap 卓 -----" << endl;
    my_swap(str1, str2);
    cout << "str1 : "; str1.println();</pre>
    cout << "str2 : "; str2.println();</pre>
    _getch();
    return 0;
     2018-10-12
```

```
■ 선택 c:\users\xnote\source\repos\v0731 세미나준비2\repos\v0731 세미나준비2\cdots or 호출 !
생성자 호출 !
Swap 전 ------
str1 : abc
str2 : def
Swap 후 -----
이동 생성자 호출 !
복사!
녹사!
str1 : def
str2 : abc
```

```
MyString& MyString::operator= (MyString&& s)
    cout << "이동!" << endl;
    string_content = s.string_content;
    memory_capacity = s.memory_capacity;
    string_length = s.string_length;
    s.string_content = nullptr;
    s.memory_capacity = 0;
    s.string_length = 0;
    return *this;
```

```
■ c:₩users₩xnote₩source₩repos₩0731 세미나준비2₩Debug₩0731 세미나준비2.exe
생성자 호출 !
생성자 호출 !
Swap 전 -----
str1 : abc
str2 : def
Swap 후 -----
이동 생성자 호출 !
이동!
이동!
str1 : def
str2 : abc
```

5. 완벽한 전달

```
int main()
template <typename T>
void wrapper(T u)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      A a;
                       g(u);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      const A ca;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      cout << "원본 -----" << endl;
class A {};
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      g(a);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      g(ca);
void g(A& a) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      g(A());
                       cout << "좌측값 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      cout << "Wrapper ----" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     wrapper(a);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     wrapper(ca);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ■ c:\users\users\users\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\unders\un
void g(const A& a) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     wrapper(A());
                       cout << "좌측값 상수 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      _getch();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return 0;
void g(A&& a) {
                      cout << "우측값 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
```

SSL

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```
template <typename T>
void wrapper(T&& u)
   g(forward<T>(u));
class A {};
void g(A& a) {
   cout << "좌측값 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
void g(const A& a) {
   cout << "좌측값 상수 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
void g(A&& a) {
   cout << "우측값 레퍼런스 호출" << endl;
```

```
■ c:₩users₩xnote₩source₩repos₩0731 세미나준비2₩Debug₩0731 세미니
원본 -----
좌측값 레퍼런스 호출
좌측값 상수 레퍼런스 호출
우측값 레퍼런스 호출
Wrapper -----
좌측값 레퍼런스 호출
좌측값 러퍼런스 호출
우측값 레퍼런스 호출
```

Forward 함수

```
typedef int& T;
T& r1; // int& &; r1 은 int&
```

T&& r2: // int & &&: r2 는 int&

typedef int&& U U& r3: // int && &: r3 는 int& U&& r4: // int && &&: r4 는 int&&

=> 우측 레퍼런스 일때만 move 적용한 것 처럼 작동

6. 함수 객체

```
class Volume
public :
    double operator()(double x, double y, double z) { return x * y * z; }
    double operator()(Box& box)
        return box.getLength() * box.getWidth() * box.getHeight();
};
                                                    ■ c:\users\xnote\source\repos\0731 세미나준비2\
int main(void)
                                                   1632
    Volume volume;
    double room{ volume(16, 12, 8.5) };
    cout << volume(7, 8, 9) << endl;</pre>
    cout << room << endl;</pre>
    _getch();
    return 0;
```

7. 람다 표현식

[캡쳐] (매개변수) ->반환형 {함수} (넘길 인자)

```
Ex)
         int main(void)
              int i = 7;
              [](int \& \lor) \{ \lor *= 6; \} (i);
              cout << "the correct value is: " << i << endl;</pre>
                                                ■ C:₩Users₩XNOTE₩source₩repos₩0730 세미나 준비
              _getch();
                                               the correct value is: 42
              return 0;
                                                                                    SSL
```

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캡쳐 : 람다 함수 내부에서 외부 변수를 캡쳐한다.

[=] : 모든 외부 변수를 값으로 전달받아서 캡쳐 [&] : 모든 외부 변수를 참조로 전달받아서 캡쳐

```
■ c:\users\xnote\source\repos\0731 세미나준비2\Debug\0731 세미나준비2
class Lamda
public:
     int count;
};
int main()
     Lamda a;
     a.count = 1:
     for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
         [=] {cout << a.count << "회 카운트" << endl; }();
     _getch();
     return 0;
```

55L

```
int main()
    cout << "반환값 : " <<
        [=](int b)->char
        cout << b << "를 출력 " << endl;
        return b;
    }(67)
    << endl;;
    _getch();
    return 0;
```



반환 값을 지정하지 않으면 return 값의 자료형으로 반환

참고문헌

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