



PUZZLE ITC
changing IT for the better

Techworkshop 2017:

Go

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Goals (by the end of the day)

Know what Go is (and isn't)

How to set up a go environment

Able to write and compile a go program

Know where to go from there

Online resources (presentation, links):

<https://github.com/KeeTraxx/pitc-go-workshop>



Block 1 (11:00 - 12:00) : Introduction + Go tooling installation

Lunch

Block 2 (14:00 - 15:30) : Go Hands-On

Coffee break

Block 3 (15:50 - 16:40) : Wrap-Up and Presentation

Agenda

The top corners of the slide feature decorative geometric shapes. In the top-left corner, there are overlapping triangles in shades of light blue, teal, and dark blue. In the top-right corner, there are overlapping squares and triangles in shades of light blue, teal, and dark blue.

1

Go introduction

Brief history of Go

2007: Created at Google by Robert Griesemer, Rob Pike, and Ken Thompson

2009: Announcement, Open Source (BSD-style license)

2012: Go 1.0

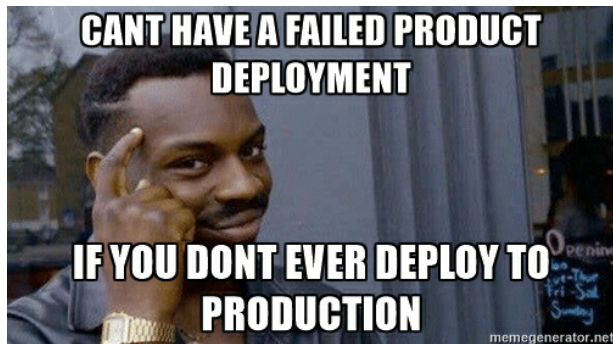
2015: Go 1.5, written in Go, no more C

2016: Go 1.6, vendoring, built in race detector

Present: Current stable release: Go 1.9

Who uses Go in production?

- Google: Kubernetes, Youtube, dl.google.com, ...
- GitHub: Releases API upload endpoint
- Facebook: several internal libraries
- Twitter: REST Endpoint
- StackExchange: Monitoring and alerting system (bosun.org)
- SoundCloud: several internal libraries, build & deployment system
- Netflix: Rend - Memcached-Compatible Server & Proxy
- Dropbox: Caching, Error Handling, SqlBuilder, memcache, ...
- Docker: Almost all of it



Go in Switzerland?

- Google
- Centralway
- Swisscom
- Tamedia
- Mobiliar
- PostFinance
- SmallPdf
- Vshn

Go language features

- Syntax derived from: C, Pascal/Oberon (Declaration, Packages)
- Compiled
(mind CPU architecture and libc vs musl!)
- Statically typed language
- Garbage collection

Go build-in tools

- Testing go test

```
go test
```

- Benchmarking

```
go test -bench=.
```

- Crosscompiling

```
GOOS="linux" GOARCH="arm" \  
go build -v .
```



Go official tools

gofmt	format source code
godoc	show, generate and serve documentation
goimports	gofmt + imports cleanup
gorename	type-safe renaming
lint	go linting
cover	generate test coverage reports
race detector	find race conditions



Go 3rd party tools

gometalinter	run several checkers / linters in parallel
gocode	autocompletion daemon
godef	track symbol definitions
deadcode	unused code checker
gocyclo	computes cyclomatic complexity
varcheck	find unused global variables and constants
structcheck	find unused struct fields
errcheck	finds unchecked error return values
dupl	finds potentially duplicated code
ineffassign	detect unused assignments
unconvert	detect redundant type conversions
goconst	detect repeated strings that could be replaced with constants



Recommended IDE: vscode (as of 2017)

- Completion Lists (using gocode)
- Signature Help (using gogetdoc or godef+godoc)
- Quick Info (using gogetdoc or godef+godoc)
- Goto Definition (using gogetdoc or godef+godoc)
- Find References (using guru)
- File outline (using go-outline)
- Workspace symbol search (using go-symbols)
- Rename (using gorename)
- Build-on-save (using go build and go test)
- Lint-on-save (using golint or gometalinter)
- Format (using goreturns or goimports or gofmt)
- Generate unit tests skeleton (using gotests)
- Add Imports (using gopkgs)
- Add/Remove Tags on struct fields (using gomodifytags)
- Semantic/Syntactic error reporting as you type (using gotype-live)
- Run Tests under the cursor, in current file, in current package, in the whole workspace (using go test)
- Generate method stubs for interfaces (using impl)
- Debugging (using delve)

Go syntax - odd stuff

- no semicolons

- raw string literals
with backticks

```
quote := `A "quarterpounder" with cheese`  
quote := "A \"quarterpounder\" with cheese"
```

- no ? operator

```
nextmovie := likesScifi ? "Mr. Robot" : "House of Cards"
```

- multiline statements
must have operator before newline

```
fmt.Printf("%d %d",  
    "one",  
    "two",  
)
```

- no while or do loops, just for

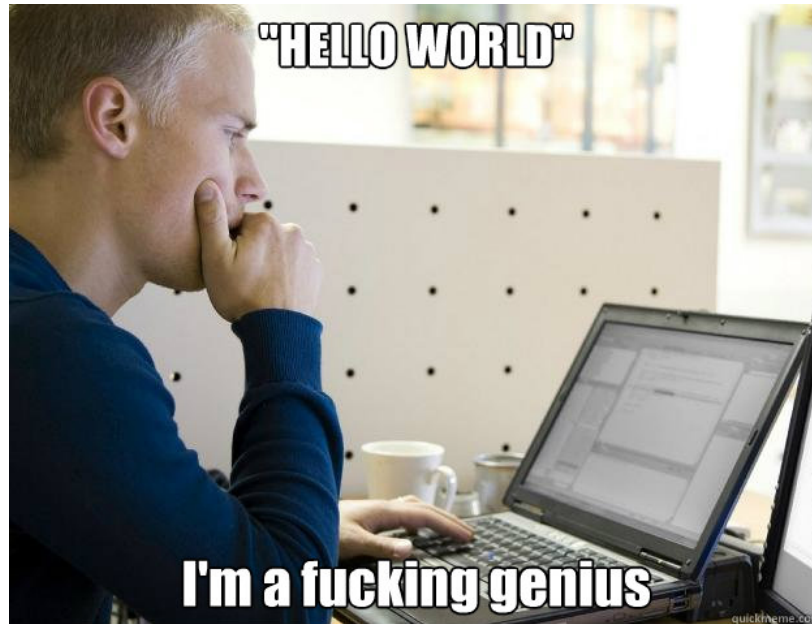
- variable declaration: name before
type

```
var countryNames []string
```

Go syntax - odd stuff (2)

- **switch statements don't need
break
but have fallthrough**
- **case-sensitive function
names and field
identifiers**

Go hello world



Go language properties

- **Struct and struct methods**
- **Field tags**
- **Error handling**
- **Multiple return values**
- **Slices (aka Arrays) and Maps**
- **Pointers** (but no shenanigans like C)
- **Packages / Imports**
- **Concurrency with goroutines and channels**

Structs

```
// Person represents a simple person (but not a stupid one)
type Person struct {
    FirstName string
    LastName  string
    BirthDate time.Time
}
```

Struct Methods

```
// Person represents a simple person (but not a stupid one)
type Person struct {
    FirstName string
    LastName  string
    BirthDate time.Time
}

func (p *Person) age() int {
    return time.Now().Year() - p.BirthDate.Year()
}

func main() {
    ktran := Person{
        FirstName: "Khôi",
        LastName:  "Tran",
        BirthDate: time.Date(1982, 4, 23, 0, 0, 0, 0, nil),
    }

    fmt.Println(ktran.age())
    if ktran.age() > 16 {
        fmt.Println("Don't forget to drink a beer after the techworkshop!")
    }
}
```

Field tags

```
// Person represents a simple person (but not a stupid one)
type Person struct {
    FirstName string    `json:"firstname"`
    LastName  string    `json:"lastname"`
    BirthDate time.Time `json:"birthdate"`
}
```

Field tags (adv.)

```
// Person represents a simple person (but not a stupid one)
type Person struct {
    ID            uint        `json:"- " sql:"index" gorm:"primary_key"`
    FirstName     string      `json:"firstname"`
    LastName      string      `json:"lastname" sql:"index"`
    BirthDate     time.Time   `json:"birthdate"`
    FavoriteBeer  *string     `json:"favoriteBeer,omitempty"`
}
```

Error handling

- Go has a build-in type error
- Functions that can fail should return an error on success
- Tip: always handle errors immediately somehow

```
// Sqrt calculates the square root of real number
func Sqrt(num float64) (float64, error) {
    if num < 0 {
        return 0.0, errors.New("square root of negative number")
    }

    // TODO: some correct implementation
    return 42.0, nil
}
```

Multiple return values

- Most often used for error handling
- Can be ignored using the blank identifier

```
func doStuff() {  
  
    result, err := Sqrt(-4.2)  
  
    if err != nil {  
        panic(err)  
    }  
  
    fmt.Println(result)  
}
```

```
func doStuff() {  
  
    result, _ := Sqrt(-4.2)  
  
    fmt.Println(result)  
}
```

Slices aka the Go arrays

- Slices are built on top of arrays
- Slices have no fixed length
- Slices have length and capacity

```
func printSlice() {  
  
    letters := []string{"a", "b", "c"}  
    fmt.Printf("%+v", letters) // a b c  
  
    letters = append(letters, "d")  
    fmt.Printf("%+v", letters) // a b c d  
  
    subletters := letters[1:3]  
    fmt.Printf("%+v", subletters) // b c  
  
}
```


Maps

- Example:

key type

value type

```
func mapExample() {  
    cantonsMap := map[string]string{  
        "BE": "Bern",  
        "FR": "Fribourg",  
        "ZH": "Zürich",  
    }  
  
    fmt.Printf("%+v\n", cantonsMap)  
  
    fmt.Printf("%+v\n", cantonsMap["ZH"])
```

Pointers

Similar to C pointers:

- *Foo to denote pointer type
- * Operator for deferencing
- & Operator for referencing
- No pointer arithmetics

Hints:

Variable must be modified ==> Pass pointer

Variable is a large struct ==> Pass pointer
(avoids expensive copying)

Variable is a map or slice ==> Pass value
(they are reference types already)

Setup Go Environment: gvm

Written in Go, runs on Linux, OSX, Windows

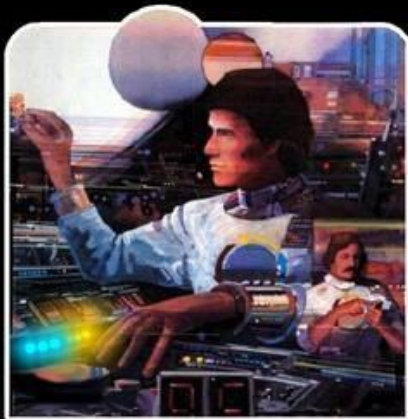
How to install:

1. <https://github.com/andrewkroh/gvm#installation>
2. Add `eval "$(gvm 1.9)"` to your `~/ .bash_rc`
3. `mkdir ~/go`

Install vscode

1. <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/setup/linux>
2. Install Go extension
3. CTRL-SHIFT-P ==> Go: Install/Update Tools

THE TWO STATES OF EVERY PROGRAMMER



I AM A GOD.



**I HAVE NO IDEA
WHAT I'M DOING.**

Go Hands-On

Exercise 1: Coffee or Beer?

- GitHub Skeleton:

<https://github.com/KeeTraxx/pitc-go-coffee-or-beer.git>

- 1) Implement your code in `coffeeorbeer.go`
- 2) Run "go test" to test against the test suite

Focus: Basic go syntax, go testing

Exercise 2: Simple CLI for a REST Service

- GitHub Skeleton:

git clone <https://github.com/KeeTraxx/pitc-go-exercise-moviequote-rest-cli>

- GET Requests to:

<http://pitc-moviequote.ose3-lab.puzzle.ch/v1/moviequotes/random>

Focus: Writing Go Structs with field tags, using net/http for HTTP requests

Result

```
063° [ktran:~/go/src/github.com/keetraxx/pitc-go-solution-moviequote-rest-cli] master* ± ./pitc-go-solution-moviequote-rest-cli
"E.T. phone home."
  Character:      E.T.
  Actor:         Pat Welsh
  Movie:         E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial (1982)
```


Exercise 3: Simple REST API

- GitHub Skeleton:

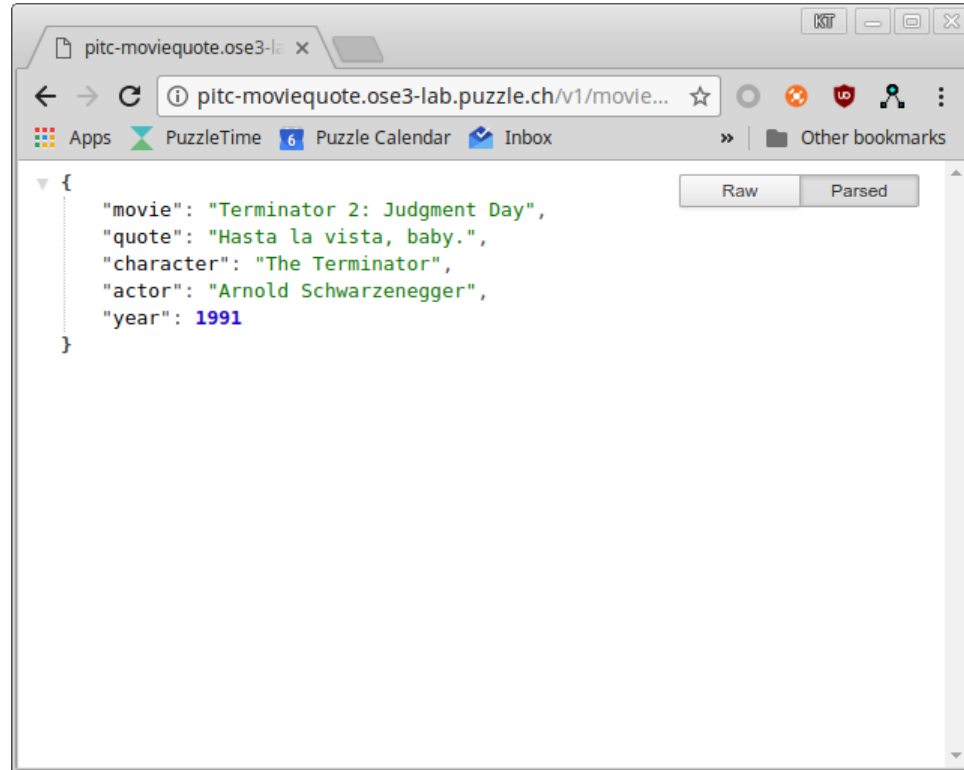
git clone <https://github.com/KeeTraxx/pitc-go-exercise-moviequote-rest-api>

- Look at TODOs in the code
- Look in README.md how to deploy on OpenShift

Focus:

use core library net/http for http requests
json (de-)serialization

Result



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `pitc-moviequote.ose3-lab.puzzle.ch/v1/movie...`. The browser's bookmark bar includes links for 'Apps', 'PuzzleTime', 'Puzzle Calendar', and 'Inbox'. The main content area displays a JSON object with the following fields: 'movie' (Terminator 2: Judgment Day), 'quote' (Hasta la vista, baby.), 'character' (The Terminator), 'actor' (Arnold Schwarzenegger), and 'year' (1991). The JSON is formatted with syntax highlighting. To the right of the JSON, there are two buttons: 'Raw' and 'Parsed', with 'Parsed' being the active button. The browser window has a single tab titled 'pitc-moviequote.ose3-lab'.

```
{  
  "movie": "Terminator 2: Judgment Day",  
  "quote": "Hasta la vista, baby.",  
  "character": "The Terminator",  
  "actor": "Arnold Schwarzenegger",  
  "year": 1991  
}
```

Exercise 4: REST CLI for SBB Connections

- GitHub Skeleton:

git clone <https://github.com/KeeTraxx/go-cli-skeleton.git>

- GET Requests to:

<http://transport.opendata.ch/v1/connections?from=bern&to=thun>

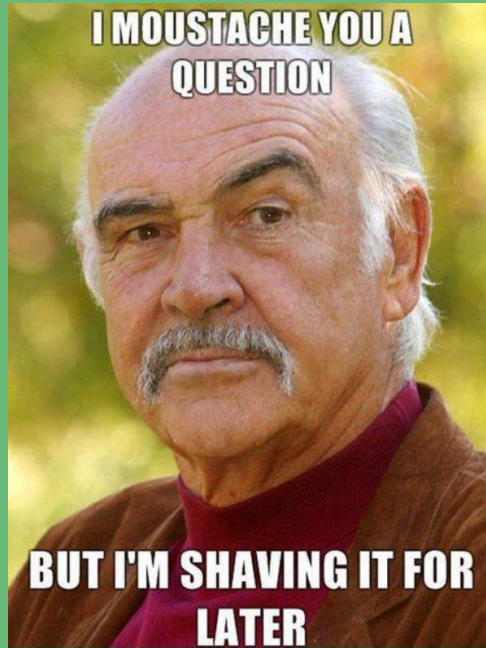
Focus: net/http library to make http requests

Result

```

Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
065° [ktran:~/go ... github.com/keetraxx/pitc-go-solution-sbb-cli] master* ± ./pitc-go-solution-sbb-cli -from bern -to zürich
Bern          17:02 Platform 4      => Zürich HB      17:58
Bern          17:11 Platform 9      => Zürich HB      18:10
Bern          17:32 Platform 7      => Zürich HB      18:28
Bern          18:02 Platform 2      => Zürich HB      18:58
064° [ktran:~/go ... github.com/keetraxx/pitc-go-solution-sbb-cli] master* ± █

```



Wrap-Up

Thank you!

...for not having slept during the presentation

