信手拈词 • 不再词穷 (第六套)

社会类

古今对比 老年年轻



古今对比

现在的	modern / contemporary / current / recent
现在	recently / currently / nowadays / in the modern time / in the
	contemporary time / these days
比过去	than + before / previously / formerly / in the past / decades
	ago / a generation ago
比过去	compared with the case in the past

1. 教育进步

义务教育	compulsory education
义务教育政策	the policy of compulsory education
被录取	be enrolled in / be admitted to
能学到知识	have equal / free / unrestricted access to knowledge
穷家庭	poor / destitute / impoverished / poverty-stricken / low-
	income families

1) 知识

例题: It is easier to be well-educated today than it was in the past.

现代教育 -> 获得知识

Every student can receive education easily nowadays. To be more specific, every person, regardless of his family background, can acquire a wide range of knowledge even without paying a dime, thanks to the current policy of compulsory education; on the contrary, such an easy access to education was denied in the past.

2) 技能

例题: It is easier to raise children than in the past.

现在教育 -> 全面发展

Current well-rounded education cultivates various skills of children. To explain it further, in the contemporary time, schools teach children diverse skills, including interpersonal skills and time management skills, providing them with a quality education and thus making it easier for parents to raise their children after school; on the other hand, the burdens of teaching children vital skills were laid on parents in the past.

2. 科技发展

随着到来	with the advent / arrival / onset of
随着应用	with the application of
高科技	cutting-edge technology
电子设备	electronic + devices / gadgets / gears / equipment

1) 搜索

输入问题	type in queries
资源	resources
出现	emerge and surface
被暴露于	be exposed to
被展示	be presented with / be exhibited with
对于问题的理解	understandings / angles / perspectives towards a problem

例题: In the past young people depended on their parents for making decisions. Today, young people are better able to make decisions on their own.

搜索引擎 -> 现在做决定

Technology provides students with an easier access to information nowadays than in the past. Just with a click of the mouse, a large quantity of information essential to making a decision can be located and accessed, which is more reliable than that from their parents; conversely hardly did people in the past have the opportunity to search for information on the Internet.

2) 社交

论坛	forums
社交平台	social media / social media tools / social media networks
专家	experts / specialists / professionals
无论不管	regardless of / disregarding
地理的限制	the limitations / restrictions / constraints + of geography

例题: It is easier to be well-educated today than it is in the past.

社交平台使得现在容易受到好教育

Students are beneficiaries of modern social media tools. To explain it further, contemporary students are able to interact with experts, and exchange ideas with strangers on Twitter, Facebook and We-chat; contrarily, due to the lack of social networks in the past, they could not communicate with such a large number of people.

老年年轻

老年人	the old / the elderly / the senior / the elderly citizens / the
	senior citizens

1) 生理

受到影响的	be susceptible to
容易受到影响	be easily infected by
慢性病	chronic diseases / diseases / illness

例题: Physical exercise is more important for older people than younger people.

运动 -> 年轻人保持身体健康

Sufficient exercise will help young people build their robust body. To explain it further, by frequently doing physical exercise, young people are less likely to suffer from diseases, take medicines or visit doctors; however, the old may even suffer from injuries and harm when they are engaged in some physical activities.

2) 心理

遭受	undergo / suffer from / experience
孤独和对生活的不满	loneliness and life dissatisfaction
感到孤独	feel + isolated / detached / excluded / abandoned

例题: Is it as important for older people to study or learn new things as it is for younger people?

年轻人 - 精神健康

To begin with, never can we ignore that by learning new things, youngsters will improve their mental health. Specifically, not only can new things distract young people from daily worries, but also freshness can bring happiness and delight; on the contrary, never can the old savor enjoyment from learning new things, since it is a burden for them to learn.