Farmulaire Nethoder Num Interpolations absisses/mounds des fonctions Lagrange: $\phi: u := \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)\cdot(x-x_{i+1})(x-x_{i+1})\cdots(x-x_m)}{(x_i-x_0)(x_i-x_1)\cdots(x_i-x_{i+1})(x_i-x_m)}$ (= Vandermonde) (= Vandermonde)ordre = N+1 -> e (x) = (m+1)! |(x-x₀)(x-x₁)...(x-x_m) N+1 absirses Degrée = N S Carry M! forth = O (forth) Phenomène de Runge » Absisses de Chebysher $X_i = cos(\frac{|Li+1)\pi}{2(m+1)}$ i = 0, ..., m. Shines cubiques N+1 absisses, m splikes cubiques, 4m paramètres a; , 6; ci d; $U^{A_n}(X_n) = U_n \quad u^{A_i}(X_i) = U_i \quad u^{A_i}(X_i) = u^{A_i * a_i}(X_i)$ $U^{A_n}(X_n) = U_n \quad U^{A_i * a_i}(X_i) = U_i \quad u^{A_i * a_i}(X_i) = u^{A_i * a_i}(X_i)$ 4m-2 conditions: :-Phiodique + them deriv 1 ct 2 an extrem + 2 conditions limiter - Naturelles u"(0) = u"(n) = 0 Système à résoudre (périadique) + h constant Approximation:
Farme générale: ((u (x) = \int a; \phi; (x)) M= mombre d'absisse no nombre de fonctions de base Citère de base: Maindres carrés $L_{i=0} \left(U_{i} - \sum_{j=0}^{n} a_{i} \phi_{j}(X_{i}) \right)^{2} \text{ minimal} = \int_{j=0}^{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m} \phi_{k}(X_{i}) \phi_{j}(X_{i}) \right) a_{j} = \sum_{i=0}^{m} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m} \phi_{k}(X_{i}) \phi_{i}(X_{i}) \right) a_{j} = \sum_{i=0}^{m} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m} \phi_{k}(X_{i}) \phi_{i}(X_{i})$ J(ao an)

