

## **Telecom Networks - Vision 2020**

LCU 2013

## Our vision: Mobile networks are able to deliver one Gigabyte of personalized data per user per day profitably

Key requirements for networks towards 2020...

Support up to 1000 times more capacity







Flatten total energy consumption



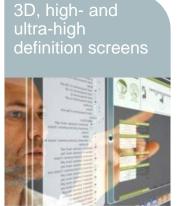
Reinvent Telcos for the cloud

...for profitability and a quantum leap in flexibility



### The thirst for mobile data will continue to grow exponentially









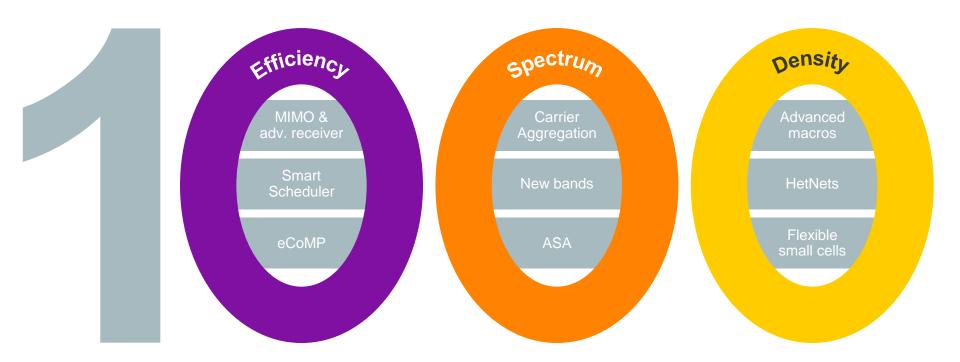
Digital universe







### Paving the way to support up to...

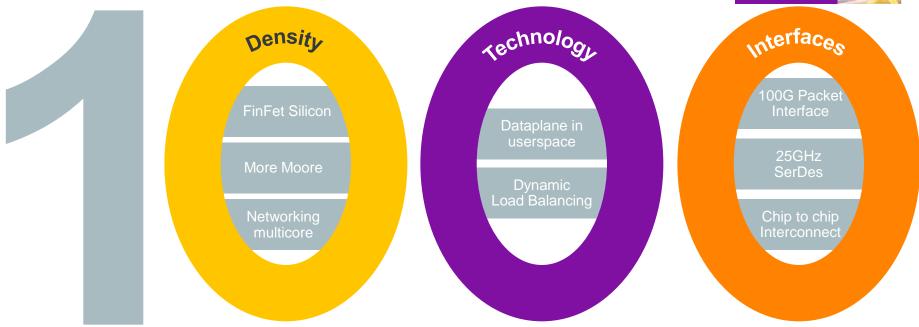


... times more capacity in radio



### **Creating connections to support**

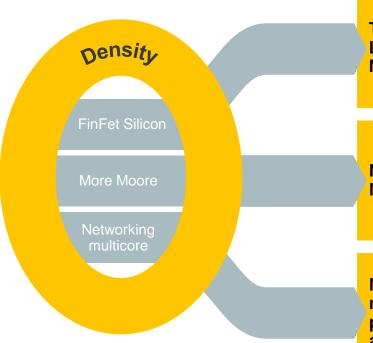




## ... times more capacity in core

### Era for dense 3D technologies emerging





True 3D Transistor Build - Leakage current Minimization



No foreseeable end to Moore's law

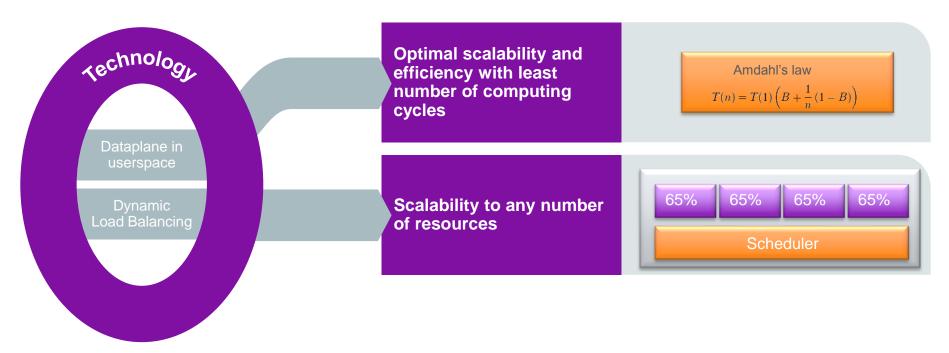
2011 2013 2015+ 22nm 14nm 10nm 7nm

More cores, more memory, more programmable HW acceleration



### Technology advancement in SW engineering

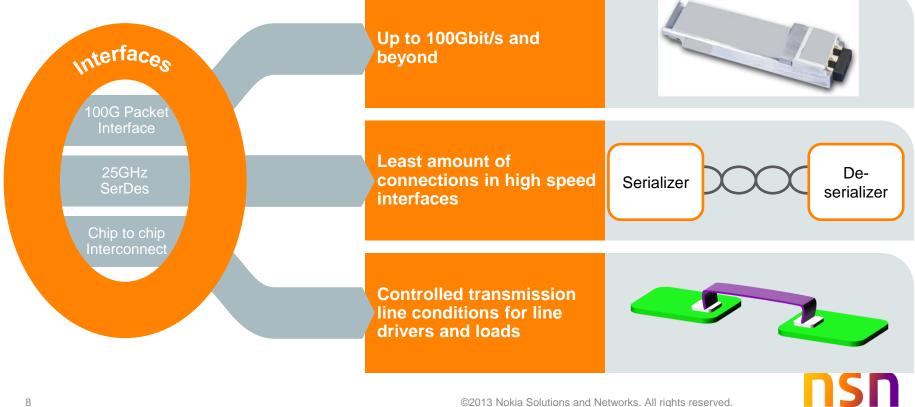






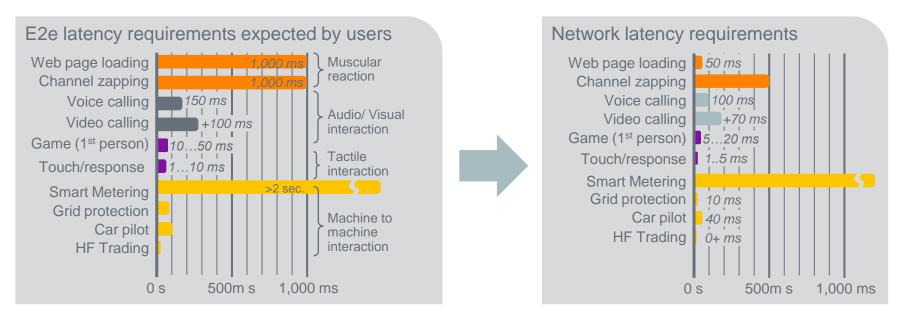
### Ever increasing need for bandwidth





## Future real-time applications will demand network latency of single digit milliseconds



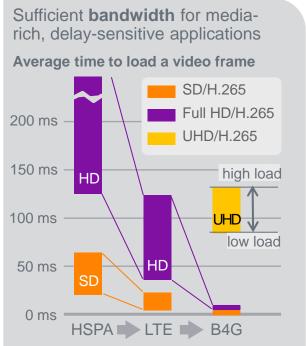


Network capabilities will constrain application's implementation options, but finally applications will have some minimum requirements ....

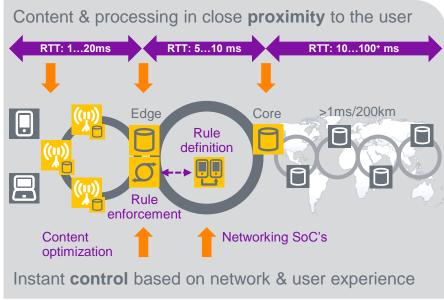


## Reduce latency to milliseconds - Bandwidth, Proximity, Control





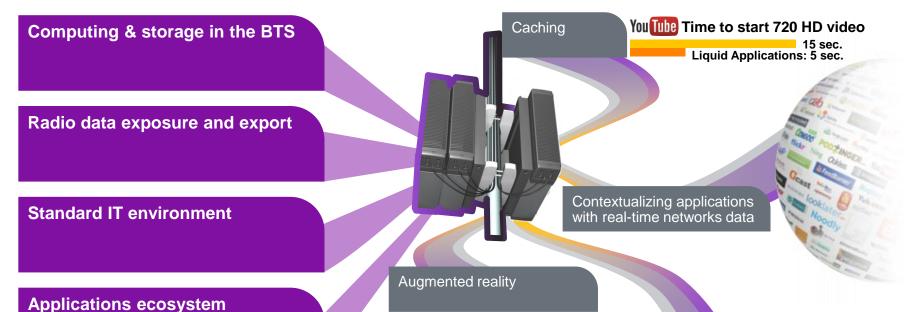






#### Edge services for a wealth of rich low latency applications

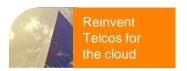






M<sub>2</sub>M

#### Cloud, SDN and NFV



#### **Cloud Computing**

- Programmable, SW-defined datacenter
- Decoupling of HW and SW
- Business Agility
- IaaS, PaaS and SaaS\*
- Fast and growing open source ecosystem
- Open source

#### Software Defined Networking

- Network abstraction
- Decoupling of control and data planes
- Centralized control, overlay networks
- Programmable and open API
- Support for variety of platforms
- Open source

#### Network Functions Virtualization

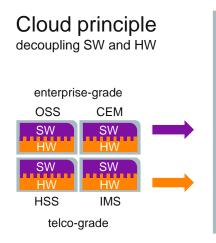
- Network Functions running on standard IT hardware
- Decoupling of HW and SW
- Use of IT virtualization technology
- Higher degree of automation and flexibility
- ETSI ISG

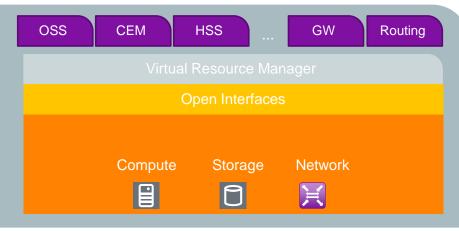


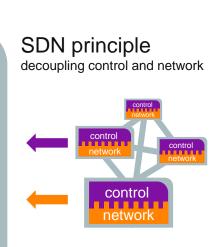
<sup>\*)</sup> IaaS, PaaS and SaaS: Infrastructure-, Platform-and Software-as-a-Service

# Leveraging cloud computing paradigms to create a software defined, programmable infrastructure











# A combination of measures is needed to reduce network energy consumption

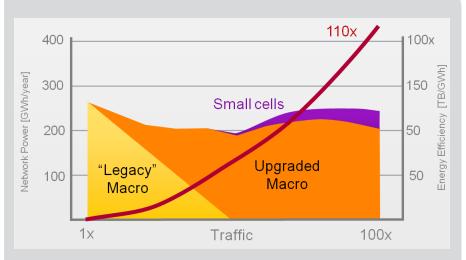


Energy efficiency by new silicon technology and optimised processing

High **resource utilization** will be a key contributor to increased energy efficiency

Energy efficiency comes with network modernization – phase out of legacy technologies needed

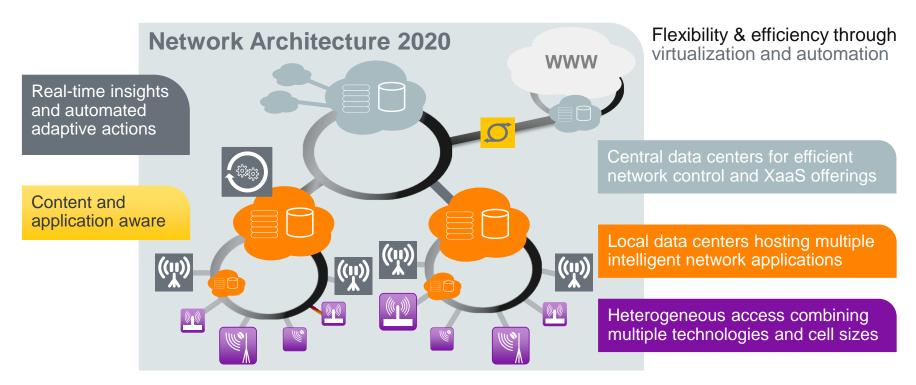
#### **Energy efficiency can beat Traffic Growth**



Source: NSN analysis, example radio access deployment scenario with 20k Macro sites, 30m subscribers, 200MB/month/user initial traffic. 5 years equipment lifetime and rollout of key technology improvements & small cells.



#### Networks need to undergo a fundamental transformation





#### Remain profitable and achieve a strong competitive positioning

Support up to 1000 times more capacity



to support the growing demand

Reduce latency to milliseconds



to enable real-time user experience

Reinvent Telcos for the cloud



to get the required lean agility

Flatten total energy consumption



for improved efficiency and sustainability



