

a) Create a DateLife search query

a1) Assemble a list of species names. This is a list of 6 bird species:

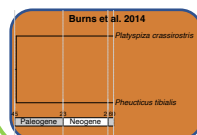
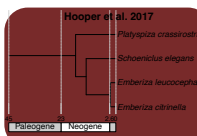
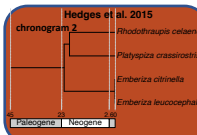
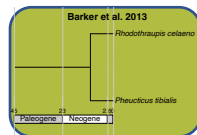
- *Pheucticus tibialis*
- *Rhodothraupis celaeno*
- *Emberiza citrinella*
- *Emberiza leucocephalos*
- ***Emberiza elegans***
- *Platypsiza crassirostris*

a2) Process species names with **TNRS** and **standardize** to the OpenTree taxonomy. One species name (**bold**) is a synonym in the standardized taxonomy.

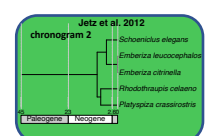
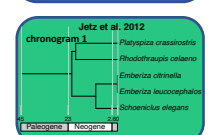
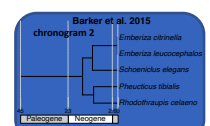
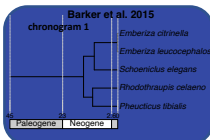
- *Pheucticus tibialis*
- *Rhodothraupis celaeno*
- *Emberiza citrinella*
- *Emberiza leucocephalos*
- ***Schoeniclus elegans***
- *Platypsiza crassirostris*

b) Search DateLife's chronogram database

b1) Searched processed taxon names across 253 chronogram in DateLife's database v0.6.2



b2) Search resulted in 9 source chronograms from 6 independent, published studies.



c) Summarize DateLife's search results

c1) Chose a **tree topology**. We extracted one from OpenTree's synthetic phylogeny.



c2) **Congruify** source chronogram nodes to nodes of tree topology. See Table 1.



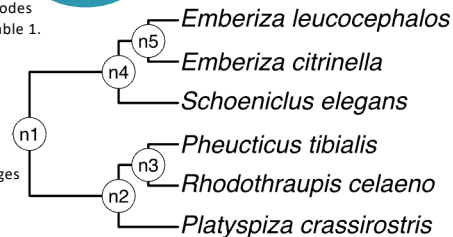
c3) **Summarize** ages per node. See Table 2.



c4) Use summarized ages of congruent nodes to **date the chosen tree topology** with BLADJ.



OpenTree topology



Median summary chronogram

