Estimate Correlation

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Correlation estimation strategy

- For $s \in 1, \ldots, S$:
 - Input DGP parameters, including assumed correlation ρ .
 - Generate full simulated data.
 - Generate treatment assignments and observed data.
 - Calculate t statistics from regressions for each outcome. So for M outcomes, we have a M-vector of test statistics.
- Returns a matrix of test statistics $S \times M$.

Repetition:

- Calculate correlation of matrix.
- Take upper triangle of matrix and take average.
- Gives an estimated correlation.

The following function returns the $S \times M$ matrix of test statistics:

```
get_rawt <- function(d_m, model.params.list, Tbar, n.sims = 100)</pre>
{
  M <- model.params.list$M</pre>
  rawt.all <- matrix(NA, nrow = n.sims, ncol = M)</pre>
  dgp.params.list <- PUMP::convert_params(model.params.list)</pre>
  # number of simulations
  for(s in 1:n.sims)
    if (s \% 20 == 0) { message(paste0("Now processing simulation ", s, " of ", n.sims)) }
    # generate simulated data
    samp.full <- PUMP::gen_full_data(dgp.params.list)</pre>
    S.id <- samp.full$ID$S.id
    D.id <- samp.full$ID$D.id
    # generate treatment assignments
    T.x \leftarrow PUMP::gen_T.x(d_m = d_m,
                           S.id = S.id, D.id = D.id,
                           nbar = dgp.params.list$nbar,
                           Tbar = 0.5)
    # convert full data to observed data
    samp.obs <- samp.full</pre>
    samp.obs$Yobs <- PUMP::gen_Yobs(samp.full, T.x)</pre>
```

```
# calculate t statistics
dat.all <- makelist_samp(samp.obs, T.x)
rawpt.out <- get_rawpt(dat.all, d_m = d_m, model.params.list = model.params.list)
rawt <- sapply(rawpt.out[['rawpt']], function(s){ return(s[['tstat']])})
rawt.all[s,] <- rawt
}
return(rawt.all)
}</pre>
```

The following function takes in the matrix of test statistics and returns the estimated correlation.

```
get_cor <- function(rawt.all)
{
    # calculate correlation
    cor.tstat <- cor(rawt.all)
    est.cor <- cor.tstat[lower.tri(cor.tstat)]
    mean.est.cor <- mean(est.cor)
    return(mean.est.cor)
}</pre>
```

Simulation results

The following sets up the design and DGP parameters.

```
d_m <- 'd3.3_m3rc2rc'</pre>
model.params.list <- list(</pre>
 M = 3
                            # number of outcomes
 J = 30
                            # number of schools
 K = 10
                            # number of districts
 # (for two-level model, set K = 1)
 nbar = 50
                            # number of individuals per school
 , rho.default = 0.5
                            # default rho value (optional)
 , MDES = 0.125
                            # minimum detectable effect size
 , numCovar.3 = 1
                            # number of district covariates
 R2.3 = 0.1
                            # percent of district variation
 # explained by district covariates
 , ICC.3 = 0.2
                            # district intraclass correlation
 , omega.3 = 0.1
                            # ratio of district effect size variability
 # to random effects variability
 , numCovar.2 = 1
                            # number of school covariates
 R2.2 = 0.1
                            # percent of school variation
 # explained by school covariates
 , ICC.2 = 0.2
                            # school intraclass correlation
 , omega.2 = 0.1
                            # ratio of school effect size variability
 # to random effects variability
 , numCovar.1 = 1
                            # number of individual covariates
```

```
R2.1 = 0.1
                                     # percent of indiv variation explained
  # by indiv covariates
Tbar <- 0.5
n.sims <- 10
out.data <- NULL
rawt.all <- get_rawt(</pre>
  d_m = d_m, model.params.list = model.params.list, Tbar = Tbar, n.sims = n.sims
## Using default rho for all rho matrices,
                   overriding any user-input rho matrices.
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00220016 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
est.cor <- get_cor(rawt.all)</pre>
cor.data <- data.frame(</pre>
  d_m = d_m
 input.rho = model.params.list$rho.default,
 output.rho = est.cor,
 n.sims = n.sims
out.data <- rbind(out.data, cor.data)</pre>
print(out.data)
              d_m input.rho output.rho n.sims
## 1 d3.3_m3rc2rc 0.5 0.4239692
```