

Hunting Windows U-boats with Cyber Depth Charges

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WHOAMI



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Git: mhaggis

- Splunk
 - Simulate/Emulate TAs
 - Research techniques
 - Generate content
- Red Canary
 - Co-Founded Atomic Red Team
 - Threat Research

NuggetPhantom

- Slashing through a binary store, came across an sys filename + digsig_status
- Turned out, we shipped a detection months ago, but some artifacts were missing

Tracking driver inventory to unearth rootkits

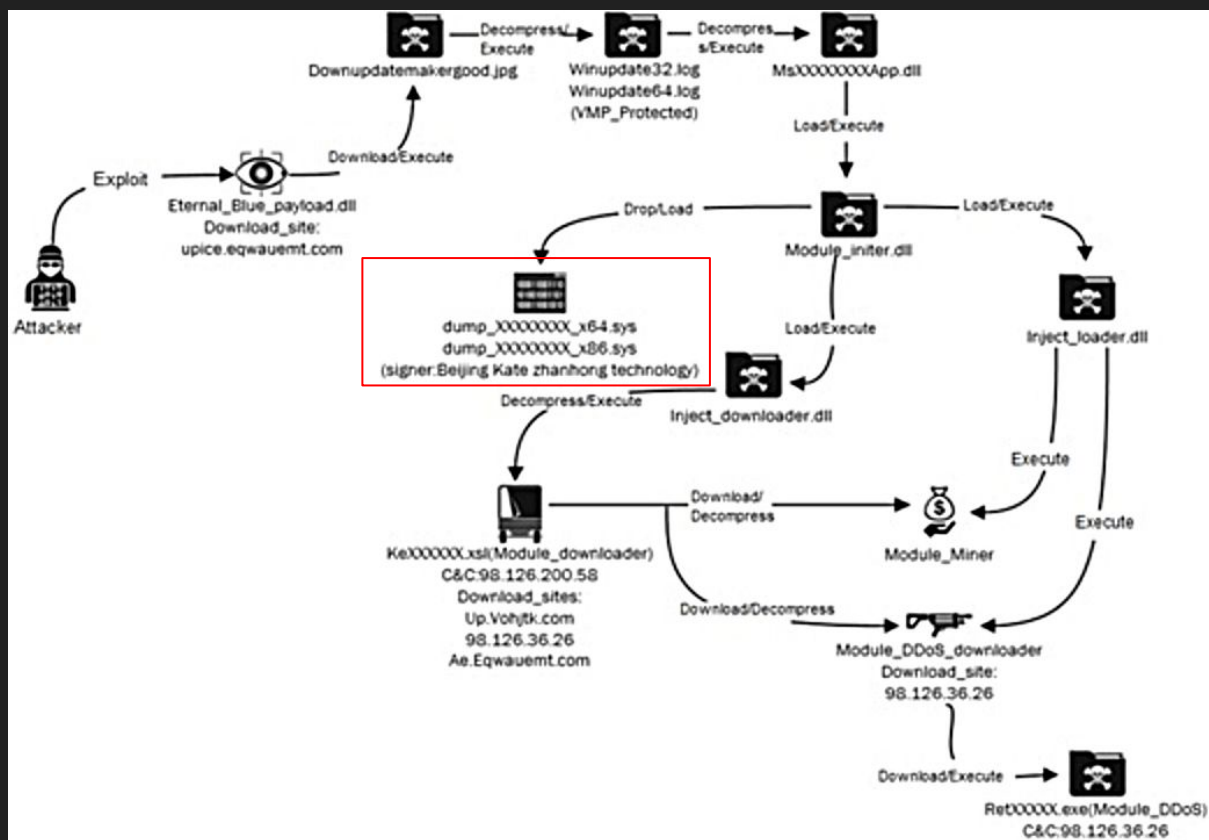
As defenders, we need to understand, enumerate, and evaluate the drivers in our environments.

CASEY SMITH • MICHAEL HAAG

June 27, 2019

<https://redcanary.com/blog/tracking-driver-inventory-to-expose-rootkits/>

NuggetPhantom



Problem: Hunting drivers as Windows Rootkits is hard.

- High volume
- Low reward
- May take years
- A special level of Threat Hunting
- A real challenge

Agenda

- What do drivers buy an adversary?
- Driver Signing
- Hunting
- LOLDrivers
- Prevent

What do drivers buy an adversary?

- Windows will load signed/unsigned, old and new
- Kernel level persistence
- Hard to prevent (AV)
- Hard to detect



Drivers and Signatures

32-Bit drivers typically unsigned

Windows Vista and up - new enforcement

- But require backwards compatibility

Which introduced -

LOLDrivers / ScrewedDrivers

- Vulnerable signed drivers

Certificate theft

- Steal cert, sign malware.



What to Hunt

Where to Hunt

How to Hunt

Driver Signing - Subvert Trust Controls: Code Signing

POSTED: 28 FEB, 2022 | 9 MIN READ | THREAT INTELLIGENCE

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Daxin: Stealthy Backdoor Designed for Attacks Against Hardened Networks

Espionage tool is the most advanced piece of malware Symantec researchers have seen from China-linked actors.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/downloads/sigcheck>

<https://gist.github.com/MHaggis/9ab3bb795a6018d70fb11fa7c31f8f48>

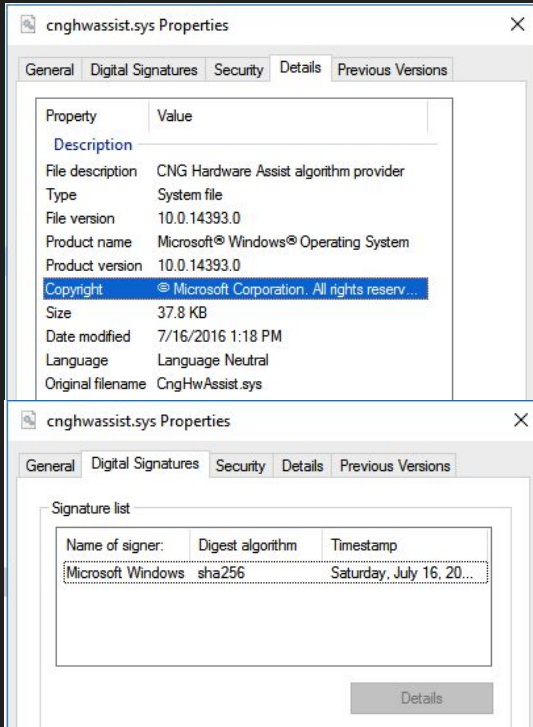
Driver Signing - Subvert Trust Controls: Code Signing

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Verified	Date	Publisher	Company	Description	Product	Product Version	File Version	Machine Type	
A required certificate is not within its validity period	11:59 PM 11/27/2013	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.1172	6.1.7600.1172	64-bit	
A required certificate is not within its validity period	1:03 AM 9/3/2019	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	MS LAN Driver	Microsoft« Windows« Operating System	6.1.7600.16385	6.1.7600.16385	64-bit	
The digital signature of the object did not verify.	8:23 PM 2/28/2022	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	MS LAN Driver	Microsoft« Windows« Operating System	6.1.7600.16385	6.1.7600.16385	64-bit	
Signed	7:07 AM 1/23/2013	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	64-bit	
A certificate was explicitly revoked by its issuer.	4:05 AM 2/6/2021	Fuqing Yuntan Network Tech Co.,Ltd.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	64-bit	
A certificate was explicitly revoked by its issuer.	4:05 AM 2/6/2021	Fuqing Yuntan Network Tech Co.,Ltd.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	64-bit	
Signed	7:52 AM 4/30/2014	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.938	6.1.7600.938	64-bit	
Unsigned	12:54 AM 11/18/2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	32-bit	
Unsigned	7:52 AM 4/30/2014	n/a	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	5.2.3790.938	5.2.3790.938	32-bit	
The digital signature of the object did not verify.	8:23 PM 2/28/2022	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.1172	6.1.7600.1172	64-bit	
Unsigned	8:42 AM 4/20/2010	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	32-bit	
Unsigned	10:26 AM 11/19/2009	n/a	Microsoft Corporation	ntbios driver	Microsoft(R) Windows (R) NT Operating System	5, 0, 2, 1	5, 0, 2, 1	32-bit	
Unsigned	1:29 AM 7/18/2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	32-bit	
A required certificate is not within its validity period	4:49 PM 10/12/2012	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	MS LAN Driver	Microsoft« Windows« Operating System	6.1.7600.1421	6.1.7600.1421	64-bit	
The digital signature of the object did not verify.	8:23 PM 2/28/2022	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.1172	6.1.7600.1172	64-bit	
Unsigned	3:04 AM 5/18/2009	n/a	Microsoft Corporation	ntbios driver	Microsoft(R) Windows (R) NT Operating System	5, 0, 2, 1	5, 0, 2, 1	32-bit	
Unsigned	2:44 AM 3/26/2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	32-bit	
The digital signature of the object did not verify.	8:23 PM 2/28/2022	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.1172	6.1.7600.1172	64-bit	

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/downloads/sigcheck>

<https://gist.github.com/MHaggis/9ab3bb795a6018d70fb11fa7c31f8f48>

Driver Signing - Subvert Trust Controls: Code Signing



- `signed` : Digital signature status: One of Signed, Unsigned, Expired, Bad Signature, Invalid Signature, Invalid Chain, Untrusted Root, Explicit Distrust
- `digsig_result` : Digital signature status: One of Signed, Unsigned, Expired, Bad Signature, Invalid Signature, Invalid Chain, Untrusted Root, Explicit Distrust
- `digsig_result_code` : HRESULT_FROM_WIN32 for the result of the digital signature operation via WinVerifyTrust
- `digsig_sign_time` : If signed, the timestamp of the signature in GMT
- `digsig_publisher` : If signed and present, the publisher name
- `digsig_prog_name` : If signed and present, the program name
- `digsig_issuer` : If signed and present, the issuer name
- `digsig_subject` : If signed and present, the subject

<https://github.com/MHaggis/CBR-Queries/blob/master/binary.md>

Driver Signing - Subvert Trust Controls: Code Signing

```
VersionInfo : File:          \96bf3ee7c6673b69c6aa173bb44e21fa636b1c2c73f4356a7599c121284a51cc
               InternalName:  ntbio.sys
               OriginalFilename: ntbios.sys
               FileVersion:    5, 0, 2, 1
               FileDescription: ntbios driver
               Product:        Microsoft(R) Windows (R) NT Operating System
               ProductVersion:  5, 0, 2, 1
               Debug:          False
               Patched:        False
               PreRelease:     False
               PrivateBuild:    False
               SpecialBuild:    False
               Language:       English (United States)
```

```
File:          \8d9a2363b757d3f127b9c6ed8f7b8b018e65
               InternalName:   wantd.sys
               OriginalFilename: wantd.sys
               FileVersion:     6.1.7600.1172
               FileDescription: WAN Transport Driver
               Product:         Microsoft Windows Operating System
               ProductVersion:  6.1.7600.1172
               Debug:          False
```

`Get-ItemProperty -Path <path> | Format-list -Property VersionInfo`

Digital Signature Results

- Digsig_result
 - Signed, Unsigned, Expired, Bad Signature, Invalid Signature, Invalid Chain, Untrusted Root, Explicit Distrust
- Digsig_publisher
- Digsig_issuer
 - Signers gone bad
- Digsig_subject
- Digsig_sign_time
 - First time seen, old sign time
- company_name

Verified	Date	Publisher	Company	Description	Product	Product Version	File Version	Machine Type
Signed	7:52 AM 4/30/2014	Anhua Xinda (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.	Microsoft Corporation	WAN Transport Driver	Microsoft Windows Operating System	6.1.7600.938	6.1.7600.938	64-bit

What path to take

Drivers may be loaded from anywhere

Most likely always find in

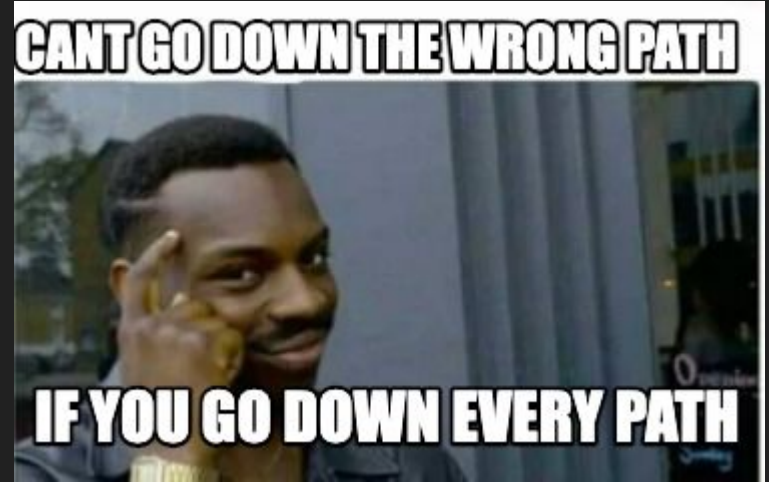
- \system32\drivers\
- \spool\drivers\
- \programdata\

Combine paths with digsig_result

Note the name -

Will not be "evildriver.sys"

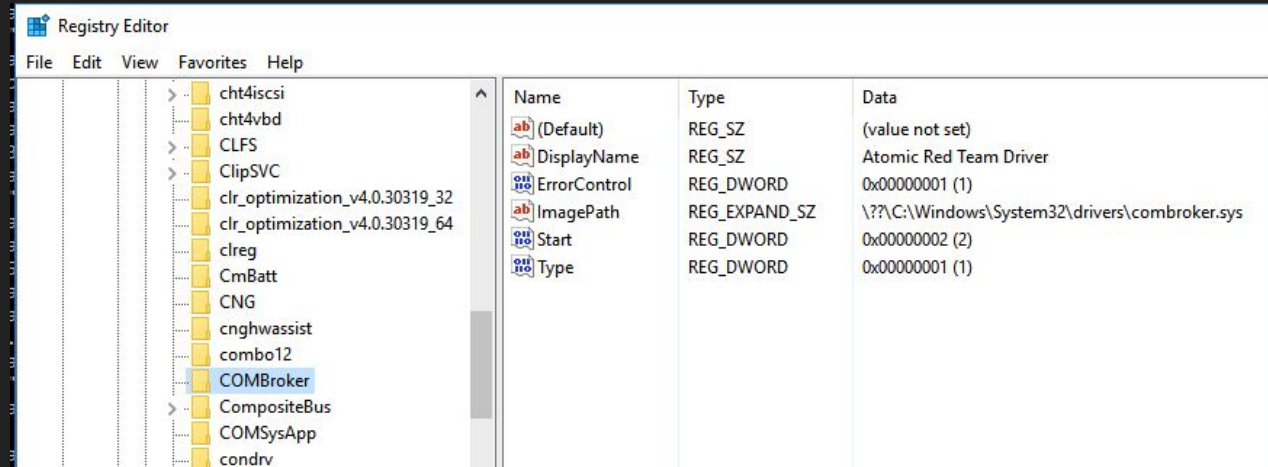
observed_filename:c:\windows\system32\drivers\ digsig_result:"Explicit Distrust"



Check the registry

New driver - who dis?

\Machine\System\CurrentControlSet\Services



HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SafeBoot\Minimal\MySafeModeService, Default = Service

HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SafeBoot\Network\MySafeModeService, Default = Service

7045

`wineventlog_system` EventCode=7045 Service_Type="kernel mode driver"

ComputerName ↕	EventCode ↕	Service_File_Name ↕	Service_Name ↗	Service_Start_Type ↕	Service_Type ↕
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	7045	C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\artifact_DriverInstallationPackage\builder\package2\combo.sys	Atomi322	auto start	kernel mode driver
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	7045	C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\artifact_DriverInstallationPackage\builder\package2\combo2.sys	Atomi3222	auto start	kernel mode driver
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	7045	C:\Windows\System32\drivers\combroker.sys	Atomic Red Team Driver	auto start	kernel mode driver
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270	7045	system32\drivers\dfs.sys	DFS Namespace Server Filter Driver	system start	kernel mode driver
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270	7045	system32\drivers\dfsrr.sys	DFS Replication ReadOnly Driver	boot start	kernel mode driver
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	7045	\SystemRoot\system32\DRIVERS\npcap.sys	Npcap Packet Driver (NPCAP)	demand start	kernel mode driver

Known Vulnerable Drivers

LOLDrivers / ScrewedDrivers

- CapCom Driver
- Dell Drivers
- Asrock Drivers

<https://github.com/eclypsium/Screwed-Drivers/blob/master/DRIVERS.md>

<https://www.rapid7.com/blog/post/2021/12/13/driver-based-attacks-past-and-present/>

<https://attackerkb.com/topics/zAHZGAFaQX/cve-2021-21551>

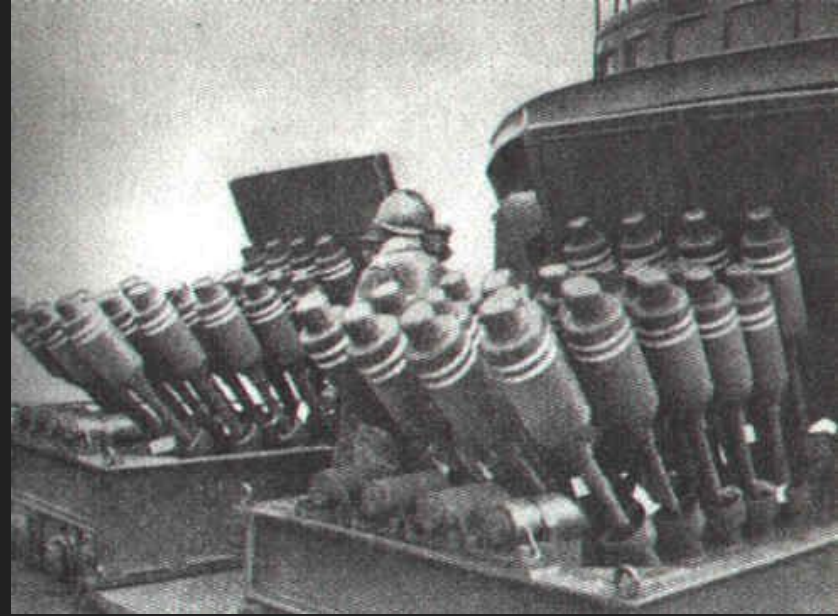
MSFT Block list - <https://bit.ly/3laHK73>



Windows will
load them all.



Stack and rank



Source and Prevalence

```
`sysmon` EventCode=6 | stats min(_time) as firstTime max(_time) as lastTime  
count by ImageLoaded Computer Signed Signature service_signature_verified  
service_signature_exists Hashes
```

ImageLoaded ↕	Computer ↕	Signed ↕	Signature ↕	service_signature_verified ↕	service_signature_exists ↕
C:\Temp\dell.sys	win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	true	Dell Inc.	true	true
C:\Windows\System32\drivers\mmcss.sys	win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	true	Microsoft Windows	true	true
C:\Windows\System32\drivers\mmcss.sys	win-host-mhaag-attack-range-803	true	Microsoft Windows	true	true
C:\ProgramData\combo12.sys	win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	true	CAPCOM Co.,Ltd.	true	true
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\artifact_DriverInstallationPackage\builder\package 2\combo2.sys	win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	true	CAPCOM Co.,Ltd.	true	true
C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\compositebus.inf_amd64_a140581a8f8b58b7\CompositeBus.sys	win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	true	Microsoft Windows	true	true

New Sys Files						
dest ↕	file_create_time ↕	file_name ↕	file_path ↕	count ↕	firstTime ↕	lastTime ↕
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	2022-05-12T19:55:12-06:00	combroker.sys	C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\U-Program\seewolf\combroker.sys	1	2022-05-12T19:55:12-06:00	2022-05-12T19:55:12-06:00
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	2022-05-12T19:55:46-06:00	\$IOVYWD9.sys	C:\\$Recycle.Bin\S-1-5-21-2059343465-2300599999-2417073716-500\IOVYWD9.sys	1	2022-05-12T19:55:46-06:00	2022-05-12T19:55:46-06:00
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	2022-05-12T19:56:42-06:00	Capcom.sys	C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\U-Program\seewolf\Capcom.sys	1	2022-05-12T19:56:42-06:00	2022-05-12T19:56:42-06:00
Sc Create New Kernel Driver						
dest ↕	user ↕	parent_process_name ↕	process_name ↕	process ↕		
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	Administrator	cmd.exe	sc.exe	sc.exe create Atomi322 binpath="C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\artifact_DriverInstallationPackage\builder\package 2\combo.sys" type= kernel start= auto displayname= "Atomi322"		
win-dc-mhaag-attack-range-270.attackrange.local	Administrator	cmd.exe	sc.exe	sc.exe create Atomi3222 binpath="C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\artifact_DriverInstallationPackage\builder\package 2\combo2.sys" type= kernel start= auto displayname= "Atomi3222"		

Simple dashboard

Sys Loads

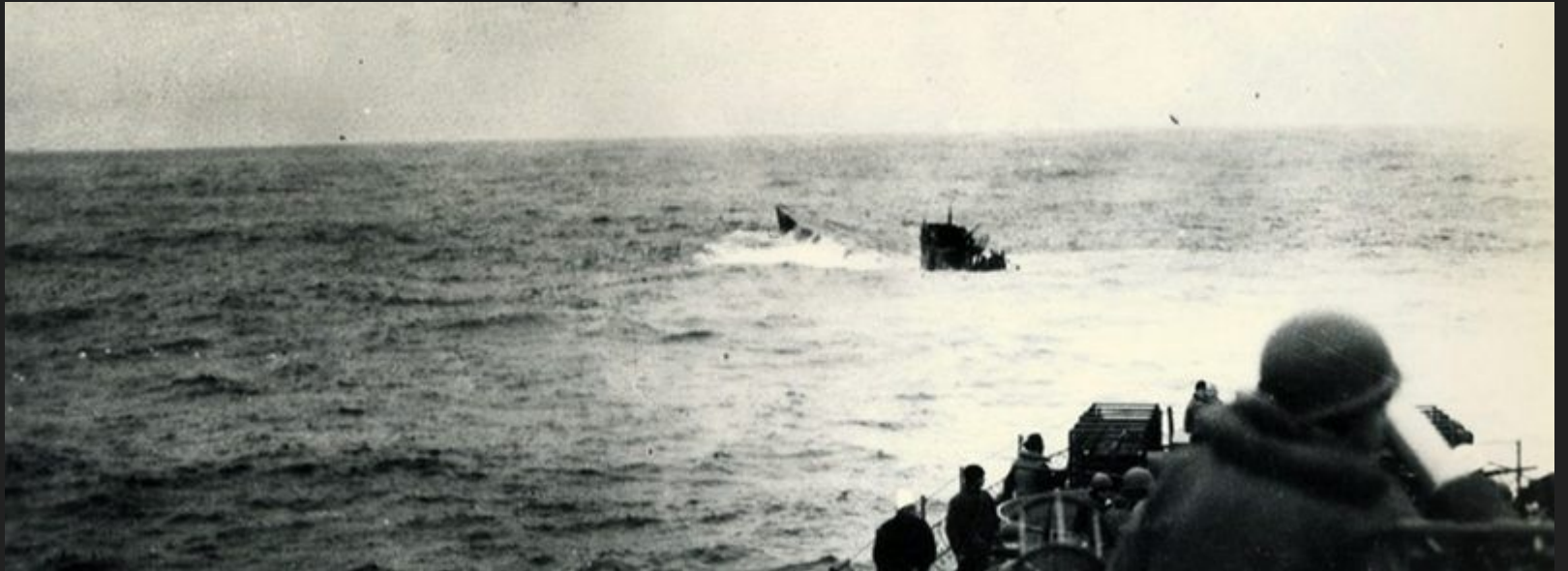
ntoskrnl.exe will load sys

process_name:ntoskrnl.exe

(digsig_result_modload:"Unsigned" OR digsig_result_modload:"Explicit\ Distrust")



Audit and Prevent

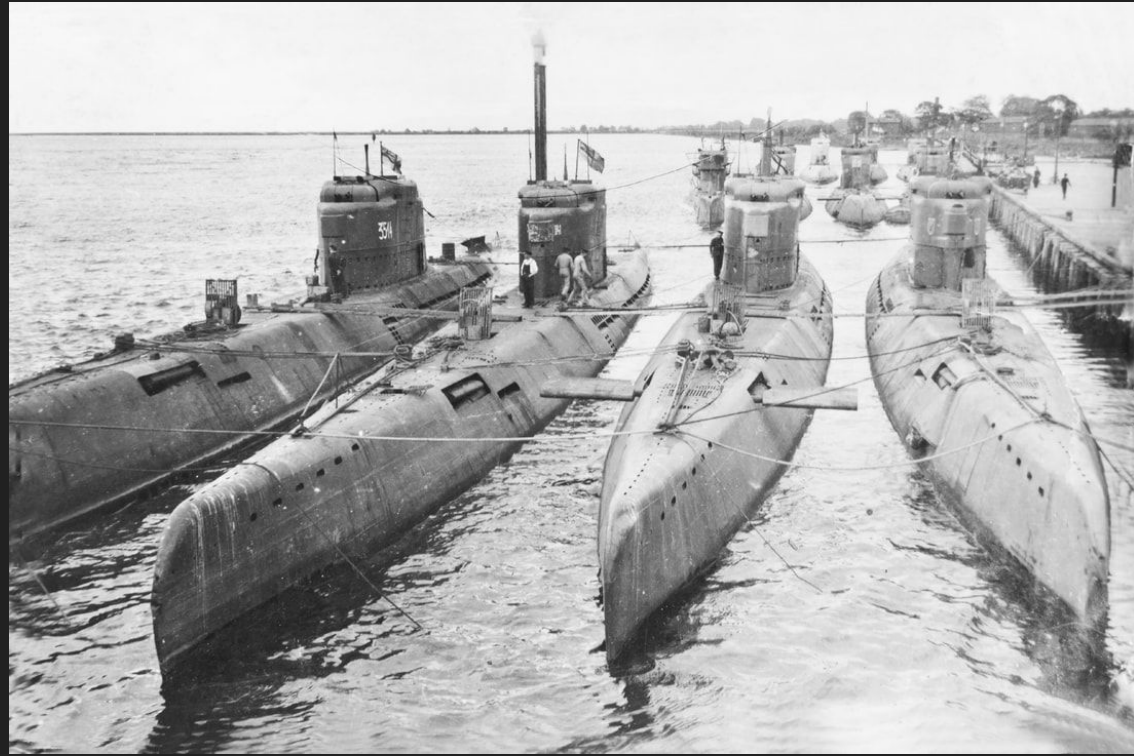


#RedTeamTips

- Inventory Drivers
- Enable Windows Attack Surface Reduction rules (can't prevent? Audit!)
- Use SecureBoot
- Driver Signing Enforcement
- Implement Application Control
- Windows Defender Application Control or AppLocker

	Target(s)	Rating	Description	Rec	Reference	Notes
1	[IP Address 1]	Critical	MS14-066 Vulnerability	Apply Patch	https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/2992611	Exploited – DOS Achieved
2	[IP Address 2]	Critical	MS15-034 Vulnerability	Apply Patch	https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/3042553	Exploited – DOS Achieved
3	[IP Address 3] [IP Address 4]	Medium	XSS (Reflected)	Fix Apache Server / Code	https://www.owasp.org/index.php/XSS_(Cross_Site_Scripting)_Prevention_Cheat_Sheet	Instances in numerous URIs
4	[IP Address 5]	Medium	SSL Certificate Not Valid for Hostname	Register SSL Certificates for Hostname	https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS	None
5	[IP Address 6]	Medium	Sensitive Data Leakage (POODLE)	Disable SSL 3.0	https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/3009008.aspx	None

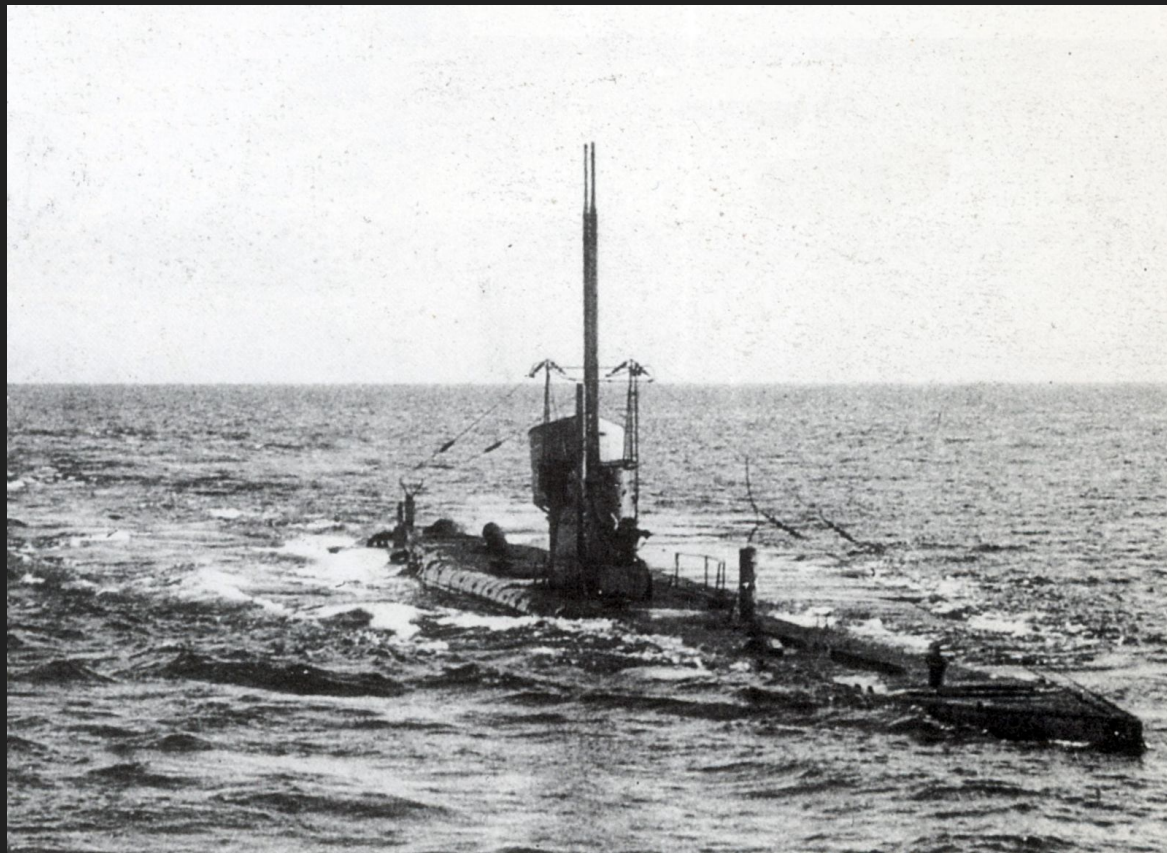
Conclusion:
Hard. However,
obtainable.



Summary

- Investigate preventative measures today
- Inventory drivers and check prevalence (compare with the knowns)
- Monitor for new registered kernel mode drivers
- Test with Atomic Red Team

<https://github.com/MHaggis/notes>



Thank you for listening 🙏