Mapping investigations and cases in MISP

E.205

CIRCL COMPUTER INCIDENT RESPONSE CENTER LUXEMBOURG



MISP PROJECT https://www.misp-project.org/

MARCH 29, 2022 - VO.7

OBJECTIVES OF THIS MODULE

- Recap on MISP data model and distribution levels
- Data from cases to be structured and encoded:
 - ▶ **Network indicators**: ip, domain, url, ...
 - ► Files and binaries: non-malicious / malicious payload
 - ► Emails: content, header, attachment, ...
 - ► Web: URL, cookies, x509
 - ► **Cryptographic materials**: public / private key, certificate
 - ► Infrastructure and devices
 - ► **Financial fraud**: bank-account, phone-number, btc
 - ▶ **Person**: name, online accounts, passport, visa
 - Support tools: yara, detection/remediation scripts
 - ► Vulnerabilities: cve
 - **External analysis**: Reports, blogpost, ransome notes
- Relationships and timeliness
- Enrichments via module and correlation
- Preparing data for sharing with other LE partners, CSIRT, SOC

MISP DATA MODEL AND DISTRIBUTION LEVELS

MISP EVENT

∠ Event



Encapsulations for contextually linked information.

Purpose: Group datapoints and context together. Acting as an envelop, it allows setting distribution and sharing rules for itself and its children.

Usecase: Encode incidents/events/reports/...

- ▶ events can contain other elements such as attributes, objects and eventreports.
- ► The distribution level and any context added on an event (such as taxonomies) are propagated to its underlying data.

MISP ATTRIBUTE

Attribute



Basic building block to share information.

Purpose: Individual data point. Can be an indicator or supporting data.

Usecase: Domain, IP, link, sha1, attachment, ...

- ▶ attributes cannot be duplicated inside the same event and can have sightings.
- ► The difference between an indicator or supporting data is usualy indicated by the state of the attribute's to_ids flag.

MISP OBJECT

& MISP Object



Advanced building block providing attribute compositions via templates.

Purpose: Groups attributes that are intrinsically linked together.

Usecase: File, person, credit-card, x509, device, ...

- ▶ objects have their attribute compositions described in their respective template. They are instanciated with attributes and can reference other attributes or objects.
- ▶ MISP is not required to know the template to save and display the object. However, *edits* will not be possible as the template to validate against is unknown.

MISP RELATIONSHIPS (AKA OBJECT REFERENCE)

^ℵ Object Reference



Relationships between individual building blocks.

Purpose: Allows to create relationships between entities, thus creating a graph where they are the edges and entities are the nodes.

Usecase: Represent behaviours, similarities, affiliation, ...

► references can have a textual relationship which can come from MISP or be set freely.

MISP EVENT REPORT

Event Report



Advanced building block containing formated text.

Purpose: Supporting data point to describe events or processes.

Usecase: Encode reports, provide more information about the event, ...

► Event reports are markdown-aware and include a special syntax to reference data points or context.

GENERAL RULE OF THUMB

Which structure should be used when encoding data?

■ Attribute vs **Object**

- If the value is contextually linked to another element or is a subpart of a higher concept, an **object** should be used
- ► If the value is part of a large list of atomic data, an **attribute** should be used

■ Annotation Object vs Event Report

- If it is possible to encode the text (raw text or markdown), an event report is prefered
- ► If the text is written in a specific format (e.g pdf, docx), an **annotation object** should be used

Case: A victim was asked to transfer money to a novice scammer

Chronology - 2022-03-24

11:42:43 UTC+o: Scammer called the victim pretending to be a microsoft employee

11:47:27 UTC+o: Scammer convinced the victim to be helped via remote desktop assistance

12:06:32 UTC+o: Scammer downloaded the binary on the victim's computer

12:08:18 UTC+o: Scammer installed the binary on the victim's computer

12:17:51 UTC+o: Scammer asked the victim to transfer money on a bank account for the help he provided

12:25:04 UTC+0: Victim executed the money transfer **2022-03-25 08:39:21 UTC+0**: Victim contacted police

Collected evidences

- ► RDP Log file
- ► Installed binary
- Victim's browser history
- ► Bank account statement
- ► Victim's phone call log

Data extracted from evidences

- ► Scammer's ip address
- ► Potentially malicious binary
- ▶ URL (and domain) from which the binary was downloaded
- Scammer's bank account and phone number
- Scammer's full name and nationality

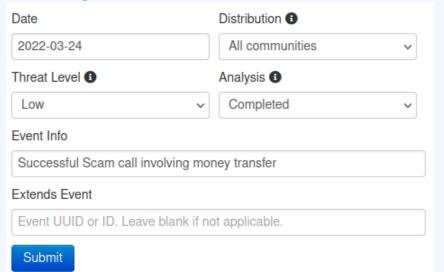
Extracted values

- **194.78.89.250**
 - ip-address from log file
- ▶ bin.exe
 - downloaded binary
- https://zdgyot.ugicok.ru/assets/bin.exe
 - download URL
- ► GB 29 NWBK 601613 31926819
 - IBAN number
 - Swift: NWBK, Account number: 31926819, Currency: GBP
- +12243359185
 - phone number
- ► Wallace Breen is from GB
 - name and nationality

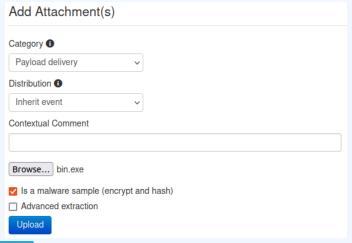
Tasks

- Create an new event to be shared with all
- ► Encode binary to be shared with **CSIRT**
- ► Encode ip address to be shared with both ISP and CSIRT
- Encode domain and url to be shared with both ISP and CSIRT
- ► Encode bank account to be shared with Financial sector
- Encode phone number to be shared with Telecomunication sector
- Encode full name and nationality to be shared with LEA only
- ► Add relationships to recreate the events
- Add time component to recreate the chronology
- Perform enrichments on the binary, and other attribute
- ► Add contextualization
- Create a small write-up as an event report
- Review the distribution level and publish

Creating the event in MISP



- Adding the binary as attachment
- Pick the Payload Delivery category
- Check Is a malware sample



- Encode the IP address of the scammer with an attribute
- Pick the Payload Installation category and ip-src type
- Check the For Intrusion Detection System
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ IP address of the scammer collected from the RDP log file



- Encode the domain and the URL from which the binary was downloaded
- As these two attributes are contextually linked between each others, we should use an URL object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ URL used by the scammer to download the binary
- Include at least: url, domain and ressource_path

Object pre-save review Make sure that the below Object reflects your expectation before submitting it. Name url Template version 9 Meta-category network Distribution Inherit event Comment URL used by the scammer to download the binary First seen 2022-03-24T12-06-32 000000+00:00

п	a	e	ŧ	c	o	o	r

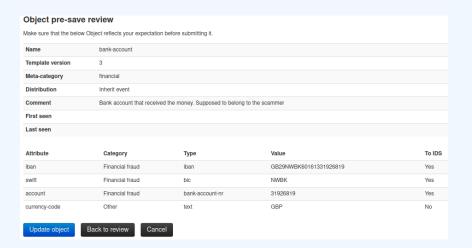
Attribute	Category	Туре	Value	To IDS
uri	Network activity	url	https://zdgyot.ugic0k.ru/assets/bin.exe	Yes
domain	Network activity	domain	zdgyot.ugic0k.ru	Yes
domain_without_tld	Other	text	zdgyot.ugic0k	No
resource_path	Other	text	/assets/bin.exe	No
scheme	Other	text	https	No
tld	Other	text	ru	No

Update object

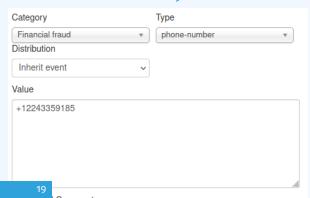
Back to review

Cancel

- Encode the bank account.
- As these 4 attributes are contextually linked between each others, we should use an bank-account object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ► Bank account that received the money. Supposed to belong to the scammer
- Include at least: iban, swift, account and currency_code



- Encode the phone number
- Pick the Financial Fraud category and phone-number type
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ Phone number used by the scammer to call the victim
- Check For Intrusion Detection System



- Encode the full name and nationality
- As these attributes are contextually linked between each others, we should use a person object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ Name of the scammer given to the victim
- Include at least: full-name, nationality and role

Object pre-save review

Make sure that the below Object reflects your expectation before submitting it.

Name	person
Template version	16
Meta-category	misc
Distribution	Inherit event
Comment	Name of the scammer given to the victim. Name confirmed to be the owner of the bank account and phone number
First seen	

Last seen

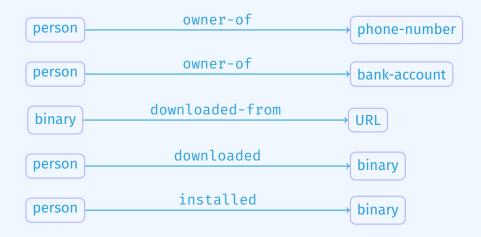
Attribute	Category	Туре	Value	To IDS
last-name	Person	last-name	Breen	No
full-name	Person	full-name	Wallace Breen	No
first-name	Person	first-name	Wallace	No
role	Other	text	Accused	No
gender	Person	gender	Male	No
nationality	Person	nationality	British	No

Update object

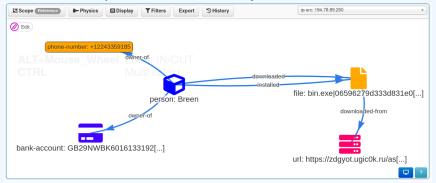
Back to review

Cancel

Add (at least) these relationships to recreate the story

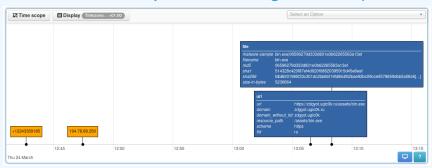


Add relationships to recreate the story



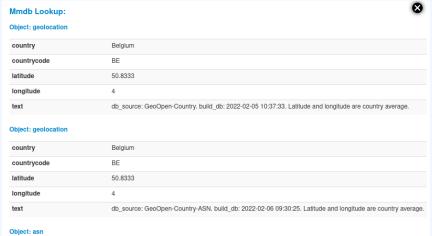
Add time component to recreate the chronology

■ Main focus is the Cyber Threat Intelligence (CTI) aspect



Perform enrichments

- Scammer IP address to get its location
- Binary to check if it's an existing (and malicious) application



- Contextualizing the data: Taxonomies
 - Note: Different country / sectors might use different nomemclature
- Suggestions for tagging with taxonomies:
 - ▶ circl:incident-classification="scam"
 - social-engineering-attack-vectors:non-technical="technical-expert"
 - social-engineering-attack-vectors:technical="vishing"
 - veris:action:hacking:vector="Desktop sharing"
 - veris:action:malware:vector="Direct install"
 - veris:action:social:variety="Scam"
 - veris:action:social:vector="Phone"
 - veris:actor:external:motive="Financial"
 - veris:impact:loss:rating="Minor"
 - veris:impact:loss:variety="Asset and fraud"
 - ► workflow:state="complete"
 - ► tlp:green

- Contextualizing the data: Galaxy Clusters
 - ▶ Note: Different country / sectors might use different nomemclature
- Suggestions for tagging with Galaxies:
 - MITRE Attack Pattern

Galaxies

Attack Pattern Q

Create a small write-up as an event report

- Create the *event report* with a concise name
- Example: Executive summary of the case
 - Leave its content empty as it can be edited with more ease in the editor afterward
- Write a summary with
 - Quick chronology
 - Written explanation of the steps tooks by the scammer
 - Reference to existing attributes or objects whenever possible
 - The special syntax is: @[scope]{uuid}

Create a small write-up as an event report



Review the distribution level and publish

- In our case, we consider the following MISP network topology
- The current instance is owned and managed by a LEA
- The current instance is connected to a central MISP instance acting as a "hub"
- The "hub" is connected to various other MISP instances such as other LEAs, CSIRTs, Financial and telecom institutions

include diagram

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Review the distribution level and publish

- binary file: All communities
- person: LEA Sharing group
- geolocation: **LEA Sharing group**
- ip: LEA Sharing group
 - ► The IP might be reassigned
- phone
 - ► If part of a telco sharing group **Telco Sharing group**
 - ► Connected communities otherwise
- bank account
 - ► If part of a financial sharing group **Financial Sharing group**
 - ► Connected communities otherwise

ightarrow Publish the event!

CASE STUDY 2: RANSOMWARE

Case: Ransomware infection via e-mail

Chronology - 2022-03-24

11:42:43 UTC+0: Email containing the ransomware from

supposedly Andrew Ryan

11:47:27 UTC+o: Email was read and its attachment opened

and executed

11:47:28 UTC+o: Malware add persistence

12:08:18 UTC+0: Malware successfully contacted the C2 to get

the PK

12:08:19 UTC+o: Malware saved the PK in the registry **12:25:04 UTC+o**: Malware began the encryption process

2022-03-25 08:39:21 UTC+o: Victim contacted the police

Splash message from the Ransomware



Collected evidences

- ► E-mail received by the victim
- E-mail attachment of the ransomware as an .exe payload
- Windows registry
- Ransomware's public key (PK)
- Captured network traffic
- Message displayed by the ransomware

Data extracted from evidences

- ► Original e-mail
- ► The actual ransomware **binary**
- ► **Registry Keys** for persistence and configuration
- ► **Public Key** used for encryption
- ► C&C server **ip address** used to generate the Private Key (SK)
- ► The **bitcoin address** on which the ransom should be paid
- ► The **person**, impersonated or fake that sent the email

Subject: 4829-2375

From: "Andrew_Ryan" <Andrew_Ryan@rindustries.rp>

Please see the attached Iolta report for 4829-2375.

We received a check request in the amount of \$19,637.28 for the above referenced file.

However, the attached report refects a \$0 balance. At your earliest convenience, please advise how this request is to be funded.

Thanks.

Andrew_Ryan *
Accounts Payable

Ryan Industries 42, Central Control Hephaestus — Rapture www.rindustries.rp

*Not licensed to practise law.

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Extracted values

- ► e-mail from previous slide
- cryptolocker.exe
 - Ransomware attached to the mail
- **81.177.170.166**
 - ip-address of a C2 server used to generate the SK
- HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run "CryptoLocker"
 - The registry key used for persistence
- HKCU\SOFTWARE\CryptoLocker VersionInfo
 - The registry key containing configuration data
- ► HKCU\SOFTWARE\CryptoLocker PublicKey
 - The registry key containing the RSA public key received from the C2 server
- 0x819C33AE
 - XOR key used to encode the configuration data

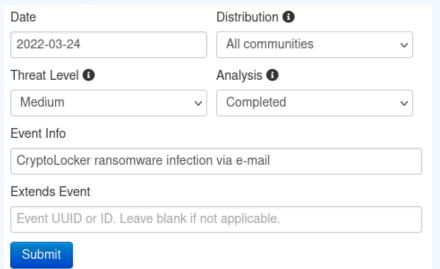
----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY---MIGFMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQDaogllvHPytDAdUWZPk9aWXJ5G Lk9F+HzDaj5qGXou8XmT5wChbia/NC84QmBHTiyg4B1tqVjqk5X6yh6pcZuVw+GX 0CrH505o2QoXVYzYYsEZQB36VHxwm7xTx21yOy2rSOQyOupQ6e7HMGtu7p7+RlWO D5UFPkv337plrEiUuwIDAQAB -----END PUBLIC KEY----

- ► The public key received from the C2 used to encrypt files
- 1KP72fBmh3XBRfuJDMn53APaqM6iMRspCh
 - ▶ Bitcoin address on which to transfer the ransom
- Andrew Ryan, Andrew_Ryan@rindustries.rp
 - Accountant, Suspect & Victim & Originator
 - Person, e-mail, occupation and role

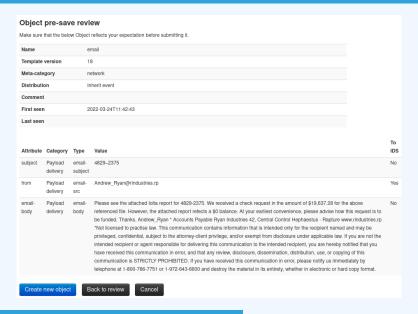
Tasks

- Create an new event to be shared with all
- Encode data to be shared
- ► Add relationships to recreate the events
- Add time component to recreate the chronology
- ▶ Perform enrichments on the binary, and other attributes
- ► Add contextualization
- Create a small write-up as an event report
- Review the distribution level and publish

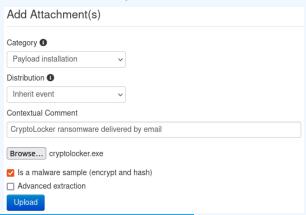
Creating the event in MISP



- Add the original e-mail
- As the email contains multiple contextually linked data points, we should use an Email object
- Add contextual comment such as:
 - ► Email received by the victim containing the ransomware
- Include at least: from, subject and body



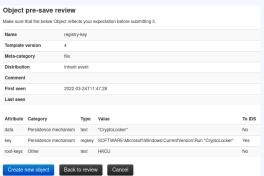
- Add the ransomware binary as attachment
- Pick the Payload Delivery category
- Add contextual comment such as:
 - ► CryptoLocker ransomware delivered by email
- Check Is a malware sample



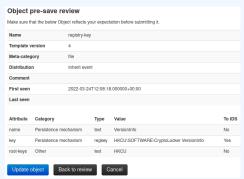
- Encode the IP address of the C2 server with an attribute
- Pick the Payload Installation category and ip-src type
- Checkthe For Intrusion Detection System
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ IP address of the scammer collected from the RDP log file



- Encode the registry keys used for persistence by the ransomware
- As the registry keys contains multiple contextually linked data points, we should use an registry-key object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ► The registry key used for persistence, making sure it gets run again after an OS reboot



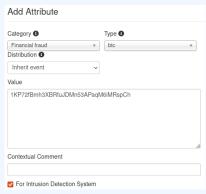
- Encode the registry keys used for storing the ransomware's configuration
- As the registry keys contains multiple contextually linked data points, we should use an registry-key object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - Containing configuration data (C2 address, malware version and installation timestamp)



- Encode the registry keys used for ransomware PK
- As the registry keys contains multiple contextually linked data points, we should use an registry-key object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ► Contains the RSA public key received from the C2 used for encryption



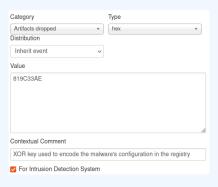
- Encode the bitcoin address used to reveive the ransom
- Pick the Financial Fraud category and btc type
- Check the For Intrusion Detection System
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ► Hardcoded address on which the ransom is asked to be transfered



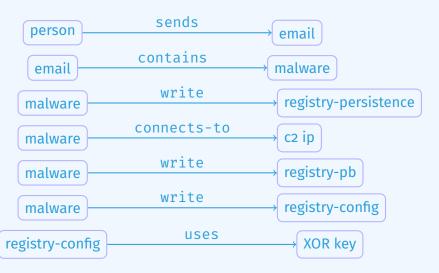
- Encode the name and roles of the person
- As these attributes are contextually linked between each others, we should use a person object
- Add a contextual comment such as
 - ▶ Person from which the mail seems to originate
- Include at least: full-name, e-mail and roles



- use crypto material
 - ➤ XOR key used to encode the malware's configuration in the registry

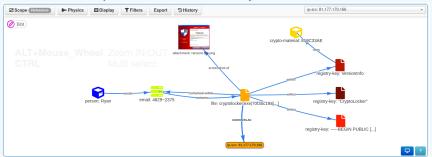


Add (at least) these relationships to recreate the story



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Add relationships to recreate the story



Add time component to recreate the chronology

■ Main focus is the Cyber Threat Intelligence (CTI) aspect



Perform enrichments

■ IP address to get its location

Mmdb Lookup:	· ·
Object: geolocation	
country	Russia
countrycode	RU
latitude	60
longitude	100
text	db_source: GeoOpen-Country. build_db: 2022-02-05 10:37:33. Latitude and longitude are country average.
Object: geolocation	
country	Russia
countrycode	RU
latitude	60
longitude	100
text	db_source: GeoOpen-Country-ASN. build_db: 2022-02-06 09:30:25. Latitude and longitude are country average.
Object: asn	
asn	8342

Perform enrichments

Bitcoin wallet to view the transactions

```
Btc Steroids:
Address: 1KP72fBmh3XBRfuJDMn53APagM6iMRspCh
Balance: 0.0000000000 BTC (+54.9083000000 BTC / -54.9083000000 BTC)
Transactions: 40
#40 19 Nov 2013 12:03:48 LITC = 0.00020000 BTC
                                            0.13 LISD
#39 15 Oct 2013 15:16:44 LITC -2 00000000 BTC 316 18 LISD 227 78 EUR
#39 15 Oct 2013 15:16:44 UTC -1.99950000 BTC 316.10 USD 227.72 EUR
#39
                 Sum: -3.99950000 BTC 632.28 USD 455.50 EUR
#38 15 Oct 2013 02:12:02 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 316.18 USD 227.78 EUR
#37 13 Oct 2013 21:03:42 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 295.06 USD 211.26 EUR
#36 11 Oct 2013 21:23:33 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 280.20 USD
                                                        204 02 EUR
#36 11 Oct 2013 21:23:33 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 280.20 USD
                                                          204 02 FUR
                 Sum: -4.00000000 BTC 560.40 USD 408.04 EUR
#35 08 Oct 2013 23:24:22 UTC -2 00000000 BTC 272.98 USD
                                                          199.28 FUR
#35 08 Oct 2013 23:24:22 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 272.98 USD
                                                          199.28 FUR
                 Sum: -4.00000000 BTC 545.96 USD 398.56 EUR
#34_07 Oct 2013 08:26:25 LITC = 2.00000000 RTC = 271.60 LISD
                                                          198 90 EUR
#34 07 Oct 2013 08:26:25 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 271.60 USD
                                                          198.90 EUR
#34 07 Oct 2013 08:26:25 LITC -2 00000000 BTC 271 60 LISD
                                                          198 90 FUR
#34 07 Oct 2013 08:26:25 UTC -2.00000000 BTC 271.60 USD
                                                          198 90 FUR
#34
                 Sum: -8.00000000 BTC 1086.40 USD 795.60 EUR
```

- Contextualizing the data
 - ▶ Different country / sectors might use different nomemclature
- Suggestions of taxonomies for tagging:
 - adversary: adversary infrastructure
 - circl: Classification in Incident Response
 - enisa: ENISA structuring aid for information and threats
 - ► europol-*: Describe the type of events or incidents
 - ► maec-*: Malware Attribute Enumeration and Characterization
 - malware_classification: Based on SANS malware 101
 - ► ms-caro-malware: Microsoft's Malware Type and Platform
 - ransomware: ransomware types and the elements
 - veris: Vocabulary for Event Recording and Incident Sharing
 - collaborative-intelligence: Support analysts
 - workflow: Support analysts
 - ► tlp: Traffic Light Protocol

Incident type

- ► circl:incident-classification="ransomware"
- ▶ enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="ransomware"
- ► europol-incident:malware="infection"
- ▶ europol-incident:malware="c&c"
- ▶ ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Ransom"

Malware type

- malware_classification:malware-category="Ransomware"
- ransomware:type="crypto-ransomware"

■ Collaration and Sharing

- collaborative-intelligence:request="extracted-malware-config"
- ▶ workflow:state="complete"
- ► tlp:green

- Infection vector
 - ▶ europol-event:dissemination-malware-email
 - maec-delivery-vectors:maec-delivery-vector="email-attachment"
 - ► ransomware:infection="phishing-e=mails"
- Adversary infrastructure
 - adversary:infrastructure-type="c2"
 - ► veris:action:malware:variety="C2"

Malware-specific information

- maec-malware-capabilities:maec-malware-capability="fraud"
- maec-malware-capabilities:maec-malware-capability="persistence"
- maec-malware-capabilities:maec-malware-capability="communicate-with-c2-server"
- maec-malware-capabilities:maec-malware-capability="compromise-data-availability"
- ransomware:element="ransomnote"
- ransomware:element="dropper"
- ransomware:complexity-level="file-restoration-possible-using-shadow-volume-copies"
- ransomware:complexity-level="file-restoration-possible-using-backups"
- ransomware:complexity-level=
 - $"decryption-key-recovered-from-a-C\delta C-server-or-network-communications"$
- ransomware:complexity-level="encryption-model-is-seemingly-flawless"
- ransomware:purpose="deployed-as-ransomware-extortion"
- ransomware:target="pc-workstation"
- ransomware:communication="dga-based"
- ransomware:malicious-action="asymmetric-key-encryption"

Tags

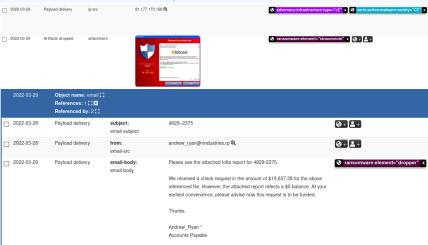
```
tlp:green x circl:incident-classification="ransomware" x enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="ransomware" x europol-incident:malware="infection" x europol-incident:malware="c&c" x ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Ransom" x malware_classification:malware-category="Ransomware" x ransomware:type="crypto-ransomware" x workflow:state="complete" x europol-event:dissemination-malware-email x maec-delivery-vectors:maec-delivery-vector="email-attachment" x ransomware:infection="phishing-e=mails" x
```

- Danger of over-classification
 - ► Make things cluttered and unreadable
 - Mixing classification scheme
 - Introduce a non-negligible overhead when using LIKE filters (e.g. tlp:%)



 Depending on the community, being complete on the contextualization can be useful for metrics and trends

- Adding tags on attribute level make the role of the data clearer
- Make searches and exports easier



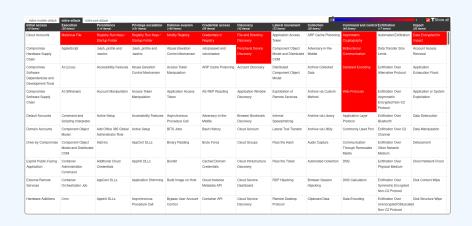
- Contextualizing the data: Galaxy Clusters
 - Note: Different country / sectors might use different nomemclature
- Suggestions for tagging with Galaxies:
 - ► Malpedia
 - Ransomware
 - MITRE Attack Pattern
 - ► Preventive Measure

Galaxies Malpedia Q Ransomware Q Attack Pattern Q File and Directory Discovery - T1083 Q \ \equiv Openains - T1583.001 Q := Spear phishing messages with malicious attachments - T1367 Q \ □ ■

Preventive measures

TODO: Include PM

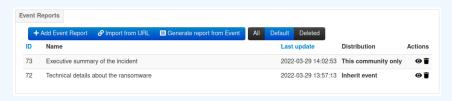
MITRE ATT&CK Matrix

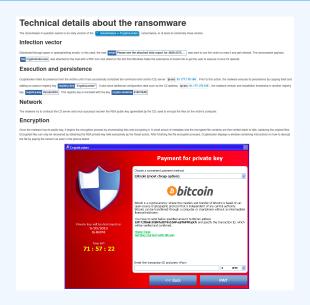


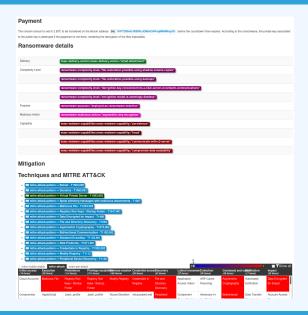
Create a small write-up as an event report

- Create the *event report* with a concise name
- Example: Executive summary of the case
 - Leave its content empty as it can be edited with more ease in the editor afterward
- Write a summary with
 - Quick chronology
 - Written explanation of the steps tooks by the ransomware
 - ► Reference to existing *attributes* or *objects* whenever possible
 - The special syntax is: @[scope]{uuid}

- Create a small write-up as an event report
- We could have a technical report and another one for the incident







Review the distribution level and publish

- In our case, we consider the following MISP network topology
- The current instance is owned and managed by a LEA
- The current instance is connected to a central MISP instance acting as a "hub"
- The "hub" is connected to various other MISP instances such as other LEAs, CSIRTs, Financial and telecom institutions

include diagram

Review the distribution level and publish

- binary file: All communities
- person: LEA Sharing group
- geolocation: **LEA Sharing group**
- ip: All communities
 - ► The IP is clearly used for delivering malware: It's an IoC
 - ightarrow Publish the event!