MANAGING INFORMATION SHARING COMMUNITIES

E.103

CIRCL COMPUTER INCIDENT RESPONSE CENTER LUXEMBOURG

MISP PROJECT https://www.misp-project.org/



MARCH 23, 2022

Managing information sharing communities



OBJECTIVES OF THIS MODULE

- Tips for joining information sharing communities
- Tips for being a good member in a sharing community
- Tips for building your own sharing community
- Tool for managing a sharing community
 - ► Managing organisations and contacts
 - Maintaining distribution lists (aka sharing groups)
 - ► Managing a large cluster of MISPs

Managing information sharing communities

2022-

-Objectives of this module

- Tips for joining information sharing communities
- Tool for managing a sharing community

BEING PART OF AN INFORMATION SHARING COMMUNITY

Managing information sharing communities

Being part of an information sharing community

ART OF AN INFORMATIO COMMUNITY

JOINING AN INFORMATION SHARING COMMUNITIES

There is a wide range of MISP communities type:

- Private sector communities
 - Private organisations, researchers, central hub
- ISACs communities
 - ► Central hub for sectorial or geographical Communities
 - Examples: GSMA, FIRST.org, CSIRT Network, Banking, etc
- Ad-hoc communities
 - ► Often use for exercises such as ENISA or LockedShield

Managing information sharing communities

—Being part of an information sharing community

-Joining an information sharing communities

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JOINING AN INFORMATION SHARING COMMUNITIES

Considerations before joining a sharing community:

- Understand the community's objectives
 - ▶ Defense, prevention, collaboration, research, specific reporting duties
- Make sure the use-cases are not conflicting
 - ► False-positive appetite, maturity levels, topical interests
 - ▶ Detection rules VS threat intelligence VS prevention

Managing information sharing communities Being part of an information sharing community

-Joining an information sharing communities

m Make sure the use-cases are not conflicting

TIPS FOR BEING A GOOD MEMBER OF A SHARING COMMUNITY

- As explained extensively in course *e.*206, Context is king:
 - ► You should try to contextualise as best as you can using:
 - ► Normalized vocab: Taxonomies, Galaxies & MITRE ATT&CK
 - Connected graph using MISP Objects and relationships
 - ► Add timeliness with Sightings and first seen / last seen
- Sharing results and reports
- Sharing enhancements or proposals to existing data
- Validating data (sightings) or flagging false positives
- Asking for support from the community

Managing information sharing communities Being part of an information sharing community

> Tips for being a good member of a sharing community

- Validating data (sightings) or flagging false positives
- Asking for support from the communit

TIPS FOR BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY,

- Different models for your constituents
 - ► **Having an account** on a MISP instance
 - ► **Hosting** their own instance and connecting to a peer
 - ▶ **Becoming member** of a sectorial MISP community that is connected to multiple peers
- Planning ahead for future growth
 - Estimating requirements (workforce, hardware requirements)
 - ► Deciding early on common vocabularies (i.e. taxonomies)
 - Offering services through MISP to promote adhesion

Managing information sharing communities Being part of an information sharing community

Tips for building your own sharing community

TIPS FOR BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

- Lead by example the power of immitation
- Don't block sharing with unrealistic quality controls
 - ► You might loose organisations that might turn into valuable contributors
 - Organisations will start sharing junk to stay above the thresholds
- **■** Encourage **improving by doing**
 - ► What should the information look like?
 - ► How should it be contextualised
 - ► What do you consider as useful information?
 - ► What tools did you use to get your conclusions?
- Side effect is that you will end up raising the capabilities of your constituents

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Being part of an information sharing community

Tips for building your own sharing community

R BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

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TIPS FOR BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

- Convert the passive organisations into actively sharing ones
 - ► Help them increase their capabilities
 - ► Lead by example
 - ► Give credit where credit is due
 - Never steal the contribution of your community
 - ▶ Offers the possiblity to take over their data via **delegation**
 - Anonymity of organisations might help them building confidence at the beginning

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Being part of an information sharing community

Tips for building your own sharing community

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TIPS FOR BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

- Encourage sharing of supporting materials, scripts or guidance for protection
- Raise awareness about the benefits of a well modelled, graph-based information
- Again, context is king! If possible, make contextualisation a requirement
 - ► Users can then filter based on their needs
 - Classification help your peers to understand why the data is important
 - And also, why this data can be useful to them

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Being part of an information sharing community

Tips for building your own sharing community

FOR BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

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DISPELLING THE MYTHS AROUND BLOCKERS WHEN IT COMES TO INFORMATION SHARING

- Sharing difficulties are not really technical issues but often it's a matter of **social interactions** (e.g. **trust**).
 - ► You can play a role here: organise regular workshops, conferences, have face to face meetings
- Legal restrictions
 - "Our legal framework doesn't allow us to share information."
 - "Risk of information leak is too high and it's too risky for our organization or partners."
- Practical restrictions
 - "We don't have information to share."
 - "We don't have time to process or contribute indicators."
 - "Our model of classification doesn't fit your model."
 - ► "Tools for sharing information are tied to a specific format, we use a different one."

Managing information sharing communities Being part of an information sharing community

> Dispelling the myths around blockers when it comes to information sharing

MANAGING SUB-SHARING COMMUNITIES

- Often within a community, smaller bubbles of information sharing will form
 - e.g. Within a national private sector community, a dedicated community for financial institutions
 - ► If an incident involves multiple organisations
- MISP's sharing group serve this purpose mainly
- If you are building your own community, consider bootstraping these specific sharing community
 - Organisations can self-organise, but you are probably the ones with the know-how to get them started

Managing information sharing communities Being part of an information sharing community

-Managing sub-sharing communities

COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT AND OR- CHESTRATION TOOL

Managing information sharing communities

Community management and orchestration tool

MANAGEMENT AND OR

ADDITIONAL CHALLENGES OF COMMUNITY **MANAGEMENT**

- MISP is just one part of the puzzle
- Information sharing presumes knowledge of contacts
- Creating reusable community-specific distribution list need to be maintained
- Fleet management for larger organisations needs additional work

Cerebrate is an open-source tool meant to address these challenges

Managing information sharing communities Community management and orchestration tool -Additional challenges of community management

WHAT IS CEREBRATE?



- Open source community management and orchestration tool
- Central tool for the Melicertes 2 project (Co-funded by the EU as a CEF project)
 - ► Project for the CSIRT network building a common set of tools and services for the national CSIRTs
 - ► Flexible to support a wide range of communities
- Tight integration with various open-source tools
- Planned as the primary MISP management tool

Managing information sharing communities —Community management and orchestration tool

—What is Cerebrate?

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WHY DO WE NEED CEREBRATE FROM A MISE PERSPECTIVE

■ **Deficiencies** in our current tool chain

- ► Do I really have to jump through hoops and long e-mail chains to **onboard new members**?
- ► How do I **find trusted information** on who an organisation is in MISP?
- ► How can I manage a large cluster of MISPs without tedious manual labour?
- ► If I run a community through MISP, how can I reuse my member information for other community tasks such as mailing lists?
- ► Information signing has been on the MISP roadmap for a long time where do we get ground truths for a community from?

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—Community management and orchestration tool

-Why do we need Cerebrate from a MISP perspective

DO WE NEED CEREBRATE FROM A MISP CCTIVE

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WHAT ISSUES IS CEREBRATE TRYING TO TACKLE?

- Community management
 - ► **Repository** of organisations and individuals
 - ► Management of **sharing groups**
 - **Exchange** of contact and sharing group information
 - ► Cryptographic key lookup for **information signing**
- Local tool management
 - ► Instrumentation of local tool interconnections
 - ► Local tool **fleet management**
 - ► Feeding the local tools with Cerebrate data

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—Community management and orchestration tool

-What issues is Cerebrate trying to tackle?

nunity management
epository of organizations and individuals
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Instrumentation of local tool interconnections
 Local tool fleet management
 Feeding the local tools with Cerebrate data

CEREBRATE: WHAT IS AVAILABLE CURRENTLY?

- A set of Common functionalities
- Contact Database
- Sharing group management
- Cerebrate to Cerebrate synchronisation
- Mailing list management
- Local tool orchestration integration modules
- Inbox system
- Local tool fleet management

Managing information sharing communities Community management and orchestration tool

-Cerebrate: What is available currently?

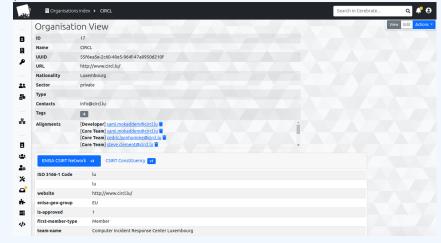
- Index of Organisations and Individuals
- Flexible meta-data model (community specific, constituency, etc)
- Content aware search functionalities

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Community management and orchestration tool

Cerebrate: Contact database

Flexible meta-data model to include community specific data point



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-Cerebrate: Contact database

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- 1. Cerebrate includes a system to support meta-data that can be attached to existing enties
- 2. This system is composed of meta-template which defines additional data-point
- 3. It can be used to create new structure unknown to a default Cerebrate installation

Content aware search functionalities: CIDR block search



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-Cerebrate: Contact database



- 2. In this screenshot, we can a search for an IP address and the matching CIDR block is returned

1. The meta-template system also support different data type

Global searches on a large variety of data point

| | mokaddem | Q |
|----------|--|-------------|
| | m@circl.lu (individual::alternate_email) m@securitymadein.lu (individual::alternate_email m@circl.lu | 2 1 1 |
| mokaddem | ⊕ View all results | |

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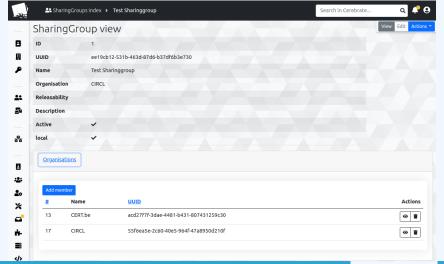
-Cerebrate: Contact database



 The tool allows users to search in a multiple of scope at the same time

CEREBRATE: SHARING GROUP MANAGEMENT

Allow to define sharing groups composed of organisations that can be download from another Cerebrate or from MISP



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The state of the s

Cerebrate: Sharing Group management

1. In this screenshot, we can see a sharing group composed of two organisations: CIRCL and cert.be

CEREBRATE: SHARING GROUP MANAGEMENT

Sharing groups can also be generated based on filters via the reusable blueprints

```
#19: Non-sanctioned financial organisations
                                                                                   ④ぼ讼盲
                                                  "AND": {
                                                    "OR":
                                                       "org sector": "Financial",
                                                       "sharing group id": 127
                                                    "NOT": {
                                                       "org nationality": [
                                                         "Russia".
                                                         "Russian Federation",
                                                         "Belarus",
                                                         "Republic of Belarus"
```

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—Community management and orchestration tool

Sharing groups can also be generated based on filters via the recentive theory into a common term of the common terms of the c

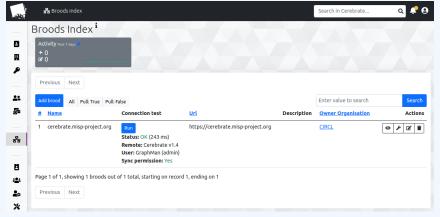
Cerebrate: Sharing Group management

- In this screenshot, we can see a sharing group blueprint definition where
- 2. Organisation of the RU nationality are exluded
- 3. Organisation from the "Financial" sector are included
- 4. All organisation contained in the sharing group 127 are included

CEREBRATE: SYNCHRONISATION

CEREBRATE-CEREBRATE

Mechanism to exchange contact data via synchronisation



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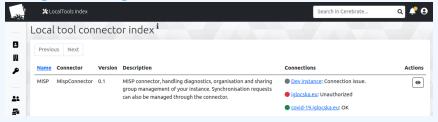
-Cerebrate: cerebrate-cerebrate synchronisation

1. Similar to MISP, cerebrate suport data exchange to and from other Cerebrate instances

03-23

CEREBRATE: LOCAL TOOL ORCHESTRATION

Manage and configure local tools (such as MISP) via Cerebrate



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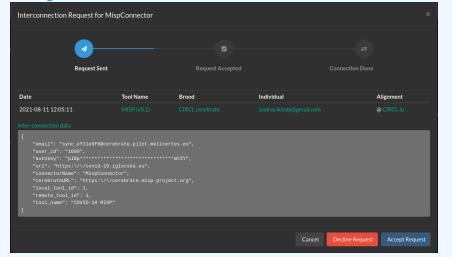
-Cerebrate: Local tool orchestration



- 1. The screenshot shows that Cerebrate has a MISP connector.
- 2. This connector is used to control 3 MISP instances where we can see their connection status

CEREBRATE: LOCAL TOOL ORCHESTRATION

Inter-connect local tools (such as a MISP instance) to another through Cerebrate



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ool Park

—Cerebrate: Local tool orchestration

- The screenshot shows a message received from another Cerebrate instance
- 2. This message request the inter-connection of the local MISP instance with the MISP instance of the remote Cerebrate
- 3. To have the connection between the two MISP finalized, the user must accept the request, then the initiator must finalize it

USE CASE SPECIFIC TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- Budapest convention allowed us to have a public inventory of contact infomartion
- Once this data is ingested in Cerebrate, we can make use of the search functionalities to quickly get the infomartion we need

TODO: Include picture of data stored in Cerebrate

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Community management and orchestration tool

Use case specific to law enforcement

I Budapest convention allowed us to have a public inventory of contact infomariion Once this data is ingested in Cerebrate, we can make use of the search functionalities to quickly set the infomartion we