

Probability

Random experiment:

There are two things to remember for a random experiment

- 1) More than one outcome
- 2) No prediction can be done

Example: Roll of a dice

Outcome $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ → More than one

No prediction can be done, because we don't know what value will come after dice roll.

Sample Space:

→ Rolling a dice $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ Sample space

→ Tossing a coin $\{H, T\}$ Sample space (2^1)

→ Tossing 2 coins $\{HH, HT, TH, TT\}$ Sample space (2^2)

→ Tossing 3 coins → There would be (2^3) possibilities

for n coins 2^n possibilities

which together called sample space.

for n dice 6^n possibilities

which would be the sample space.

Question - 1

→ Sample space for rolling a dice and tossing a coin

$$\text{Sample space for dice} = 6^1 = 6$$

$$\text{Sample " " coin} = 2^1 = 2$$

Both of their sample would have $(6 \times 2) = 12$ possibilities

$$\rightarrow \{ (H,1), (H,2), \dots, (H,6), (T,1), (T,2), \dots, (T,6) \}$$

Question - 2

→ Sample space for tossing a coin and rolling a dice if coin has shown head. (H)

$$\text{Sample space for dice} = 6^1 = 6$$

$$\text{Sample " " coin} = 2^1 = 2$$

As coin can have both the possibilities but dice only can be rolled if coin shows head, sample space would be →

$$\{ (H,1), (H,2), (H,3), (H,4), (H,5), (H,6) \}$$

Question - 3

→ Two boys and two girls are in room x. 1 boy and 3 girls are in room y. Specify the sample space in which a ~~room~~ room is selected the a specific person.

Let for room x: B_1, B_2 (Boys)

G_1, G_2 (Girls)

for room y: B_3 (Boy)

G_3, G_4, G_5 (Girls)

Sample space for $x \rightarrow \{(x, B_1), (x, B_2), (x, G_1), (x, G_2)\}$

Sample space for $y \rightarrow \{(y, B_3), (y, G_3), (y, G_4), (y, G_5)\}$

Total sample space would be $\rightarrow x+y$ possibilities

$$\{(x, B_1), (x, B_2), (x, G_1), (x, G_2), (y, B_3), (y, G_3), (y, G_4), (y, G_5)\}$$

\rightarrow There Question - 5

There are 3 different color dice \rightarrow Red, blue, black

They are put into a bag. Make the sample space for taking a specific color of dice and rolling it.

There are 3 different colors and every dice has $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ Numbers

So Sample space would be $3 \times 6 = 18$ possibilities

$$\{(Red, 1) \dots (Red, 6), (Blue, 1) \dots (Blue, 6), (Black, 1) \dots (Black, 6)\}$$

\rightarrow Question - 6

If a family have two children. Create the sample space for the number of girls.

Sample space for 2 children in the family $\rightarrow \{(B, B), (B, G), (G, B), (G, G)\}$

Sample space for the number of girls $\rightarrow \{0, 1, 2\}$