

# Dataset3-Boston\_Housing\_output\_4

October 7, 2021

## 1 Dataset 3 - Boston Housing

### 1.1 Parameters

ABC-Generator parameters are as mentioned below: 1. mean : 1 ( $\beta \sim N(\beta^*, \sigma)$  where  $\beta^*$  are coefficients of statistical model) or 1 ( $\beta \sim N(0, \sigma)$ ) 2. std :  $\sigma = 1, 0.1, 0.01$  (standard deviation) 3. prior: 0 (Correct) or 1 (Misspecified)

```
[1]: #ABC_Generator
std = 1
mean = 1
prior = 0
```

```
[2]: # Parameters
std = 1
mean = 0
```

### 1.2 Import Libraries and Dataset

```
[3]: import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[4]: import statsModel
import sanityChecks
import bostonDataset
import ABC_train_test
import dataset
import train_test
import torch
from torch import nn
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from statistics import mean
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
%matplotlib inline
```

### 1.2.1 Dataset

```
[5]: X,Y = bostonDataset.boston_data()
n_features = 13
```

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	\
0	0.00632	18.0	2.31	0.0	0.538	6.575	65.2	4.0900	1.0	296.0	
1	0.02731	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	6.421	78.9	4.9671	2.0	242.0	
2	0.02729	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	7.185	61.1	4.9671	2.0	242.0	
3	0.03237	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	6.998	45.8	6.0622	3.0	222.0	
4	0.06905	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	7.147	54.2	6.0622	3.0	222.0	

	PTRATIO	B	LSTAT	TARGET
0	15.3	396.90	4.98	24.0
1	17.8	396.90	9.14	21.6
2	17.8	392.83	4.03	34.7
3	18.7	394.63	2.94	33.4
4	18.7	396.90	5.33	36.2

### 1.3 Stats Model

The statistical model is assumed to be  $Y = \beta X + \mu$  where  $\mu \sim N(0, 1)$

To analyze the performance of the statistical model, we plot a graph of  $y_{real}$  vs  $y_{pred}$  and calculate performance metrics like mean squared error, mean absolute error, manhattan distance and euclidean distance between  $y_{real}$  and  $y_{pred}$

```
[6]: [coeff,y_pred] = statsModel.statsModel(X,Y)
```

No handles with labels found to put in legend.

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  TARGET    R-squared:                  0.741
Model:                          OLS      Adj. R-squared:             0.734
Method:                        Least Squares  F-statistic:                 108.1
Date:                          Thu, 07 Oct 2021  Prob (F-statistic):       6.72e-135
Time:                          14:29:22    Log-Likelihood:              -376.55
No. Observations:                506      AIC:                       781.1
Df Residuals:                    492      BIC:                       840.3
Df Model:                        13
Covariance Type:                nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-5.235e-16	0.023	-2.28e-14	1.000	-0.045	0.045
x1	-0.1010	0.031	-3.287	0.001	-0.161	-0.041
x2	0.1177	0.035	3.382	0.001	0.049	0.186
x3	0.0153	0.046	0.334	0.738	-0.075	0.105
x4	0.0742	0.024	3.118	0.002	0.027	0.121

x5	-0.2238	0.048	-4.651	0.000	-0.318	-0.129
x6	0.2911	0.032	9.116	0.000	0.228	0.354
x7	0.0021	0.040	0.052	0.958	-0.077	0.082
x8	-0.3378	0.046	-7.398	0.000	-0.428	-0.248
x9	0.2897	0.063	4.613	0.000	0.166	0.413
x10	-0.2260	0.069	-3.280	0.001	-0.361	-0.091
x11	-0.2243	0.031	-7.283	0.000	-0.285	-0.164
x12	0.0924	0.027	3.467	0.001	0.040	0.145
x13	-0.4074	0.039	-10.347	0.000	-0.485	-0.330

```
=====
Omnibus:                178.041    Durbin-Watson:                1.078
Prob(Omnibus):          0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          783.126
Skew:                   1.521    Prob(JB):                  8.84e-171
Kurtosis:               8.281    Cond. No.                  9.82
=====
```

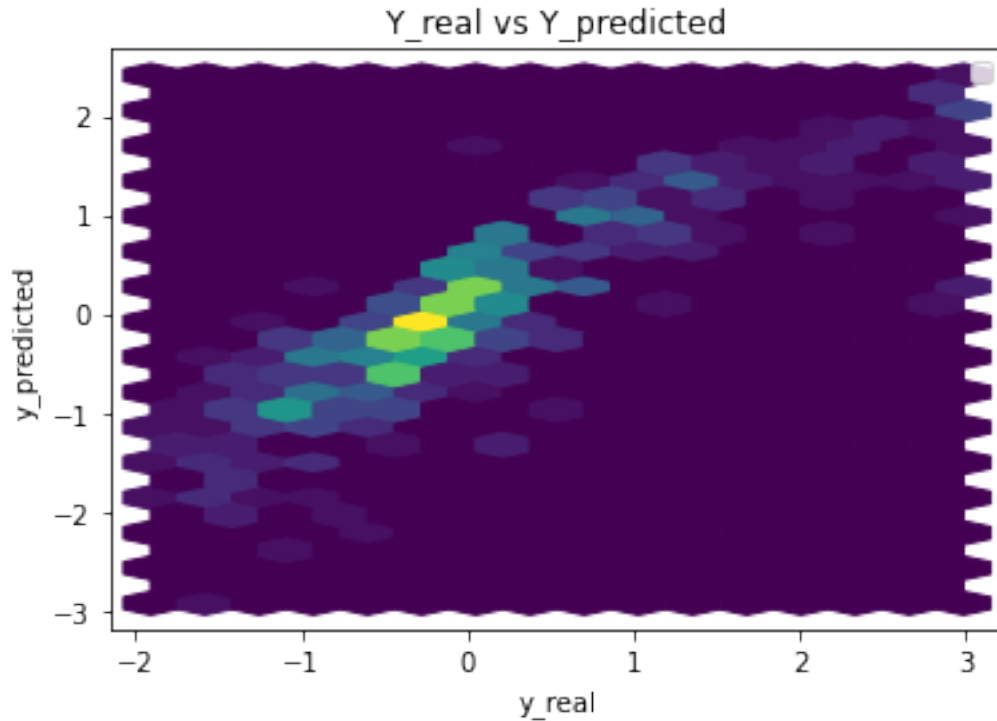
Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

Parameters: const -5.234528e-16

x1	-1.010171e-01
x2	1.177152e-01
x3	1.533520e-02
x4	7.419883e-02
x5	-2.238480e-01
x6	2.910565e-01
x7	2.118638e-03
x8	-3.378363e-01
x9	2.897491e-01
x10	-2.260317e-01
x11	-2.242712e-01
x12	9.243223e-02
x13	-4.074469e-01

dtype: float64



#### Performance Metrics

Mean Squared Error: 0.2593573358905906  
Mean Absolute Error: 0.35599245764784004  
Manhattan distance: 180.13218356980693  
Euclidean distance: 11.455776357830965

## 1.4 Generator and Discriminator Networks

### 1.4.1 Discriminator

```
[7]: class Discriminator(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, n_input):
        super().__init__()
        self.hidden = nn.Linear(n_input, 10)
        self.output = nn.Linear(10, 1)
        self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()
        self.leakyRelu = nn.LeakyReLU()

    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.hidden(x)
        x = self.leakyRelu(x)
        x = self.output(x)
        x = self.sigmoid(x)
        return x
```

### 1.4.2 Generator

```
[8]: class Generator(nn.Module):
      def __init__(self, n_input):
          super().__init__()
          self.output = nn.Linear(n_input, 1)

      def forward(self, x):
          x = self.output(x)
          return x
```

### 1.4.3 ABC Pre Generator

The ABC generator is defined as follows:

$Y = 1 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \beta_2 x_3 + \dots + \beta_n x_n + N(0, \sigma)$  where  $\sigma = 0.1$

$\beta_i \sim N(0, \sigma^*)$  when  $\mu = 0$  else

$\beta_i \sim N(\beta_i^*, \sigma^*)$  where  $\beta_i^*$ s are coefficients obtained from stats model

Parameters :  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^*$

$\sigma^*$  takes the values 0.01, 0.1 and 1

```
[9]: def ABC_pre_generator(x_batch, coeff, variance, mean, device):
      coeff_len = len(coeff)
      if mean == 0:
          weights = np.random.normal(0, variance, size=(coeff_len, 1))
          weights = torch.from_numpy(weights).reshape(coeff_len, 1)
      else:
          weights = []
          for i in range(coeff_len):
              weights.append(np.random.normal(coeff[i], variance))
          weights = torch.tensor(weights).reshape(coeff_len, 1)
      y_abc = torch.matmul(x_batch, weights.float())
      gen_input = torch.cat((x_batch, y_abc), dim = 1).to(device)
      return gen_input
```

## 1.5 GAN Model

We are using a Conditional GAN network as a baseline. The input to the GAN generator is  $(X, z)$  where  $X$  are the features of the dataset and  $z$  is gaussian noise

```
[10]: real_dataset = dataset.CustomDataset(X, Y)
      device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
```

```
[11]: generator = Generator(n_features+2)
      discriminator = Discriminator(n_features+2)

      criterion = torch.nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
```

```

gen_opt = torch.optim.Adam(generator.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
disc_opt = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.
    ↪999))
print(discriminator)
print(generator)

```

```

Discriminator(
  (hidden): Linear(in_features=15, out_features=10, bias=True)
  (output): Linear(in_features=10, out_features=1, bias=True)
  (sigmoid): Sigmoid()
  (leakyRelu): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01)
)
Generator(
  (output): Linear(in_features=15, out_features=1, bias=True)
)

```

```

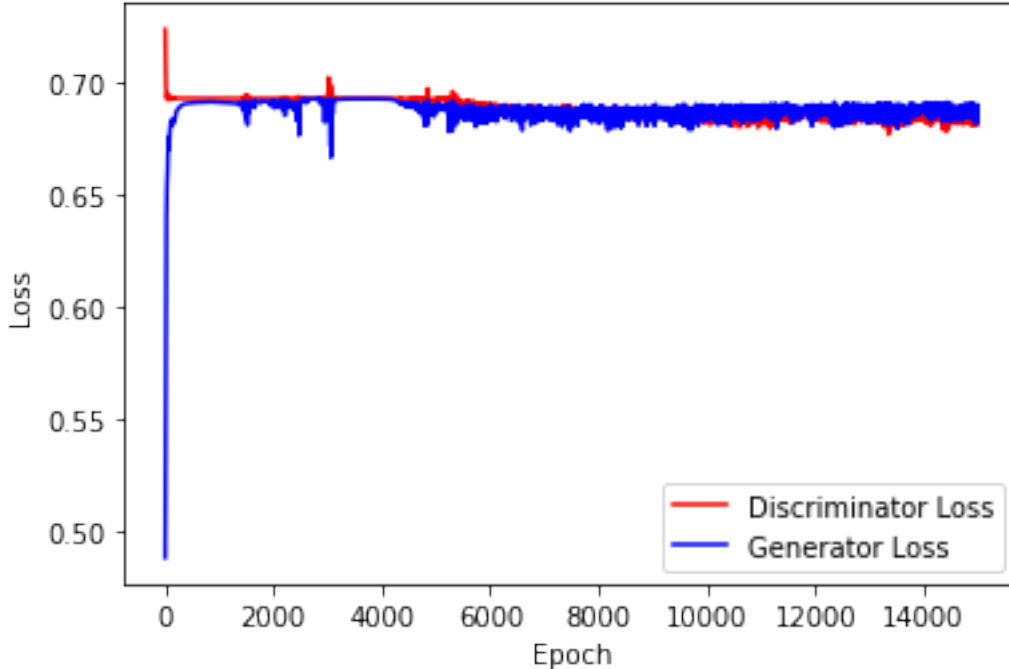
[12]: sample_size = len(real_dataset)
      n_epochs = 15000
      batch_size = sample_size

```

```

[13]: train_test.
      ↪training_GAN(discriminator,generator,disc_opt,gen_opt,real_dataset,batch_size,
      ↪n_epochs,criterion,device)

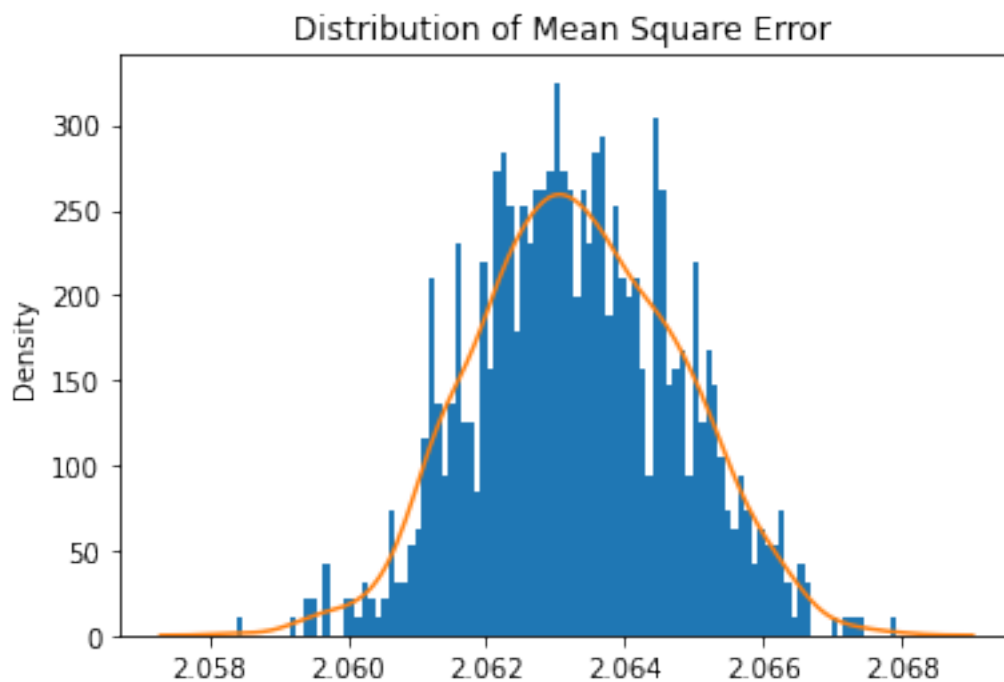
```



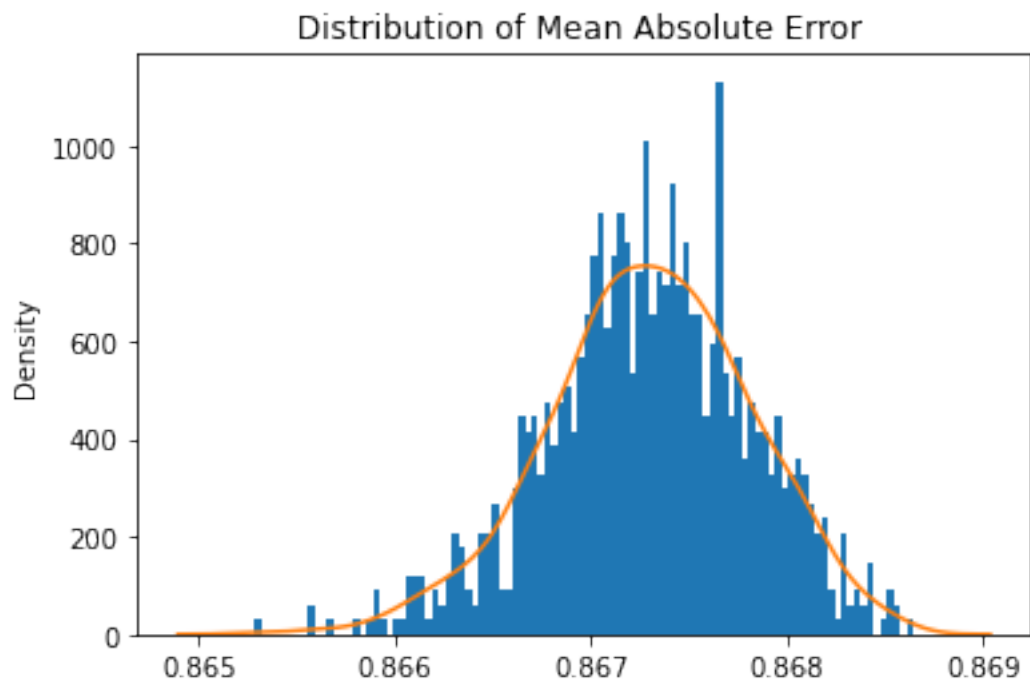
```

[14]: train_test.test_generator(generator,real_dataset,device)

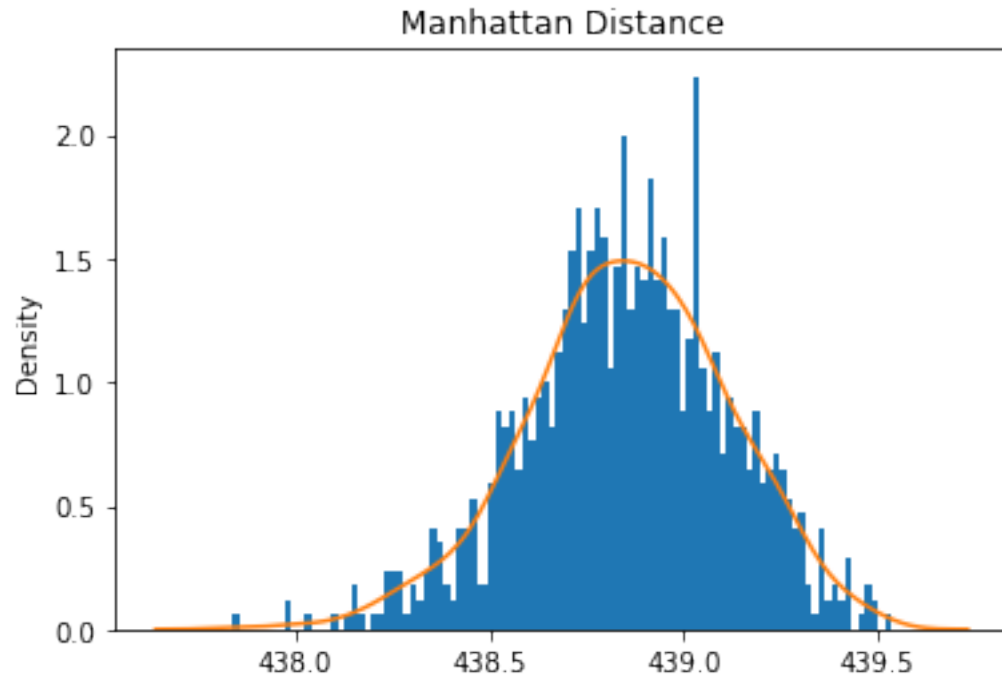
```



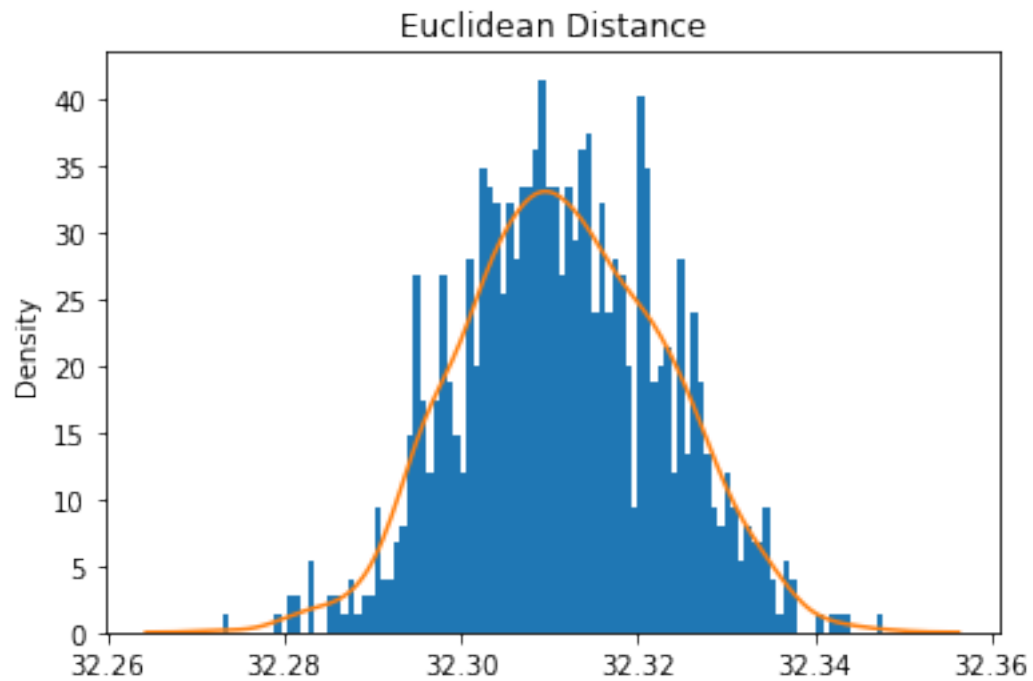
Mean Square Error: 2.063314873633221



Mean Absolute Error: 0.867299038175015



Mean Manhattan Distance: 438.85331331655755





Mean Euclidean Distance: 438.85331331655755

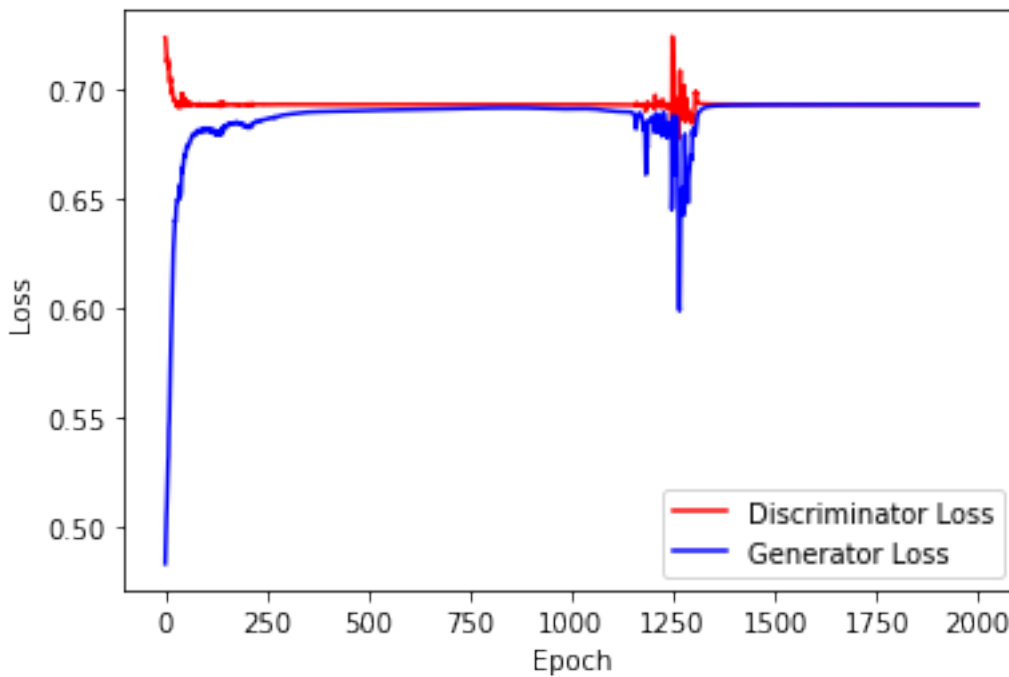
## 2 ABC GAN Model

```
[15]: gen = Generator(n_features+2)
      disc = Discriminator(n_features+2)

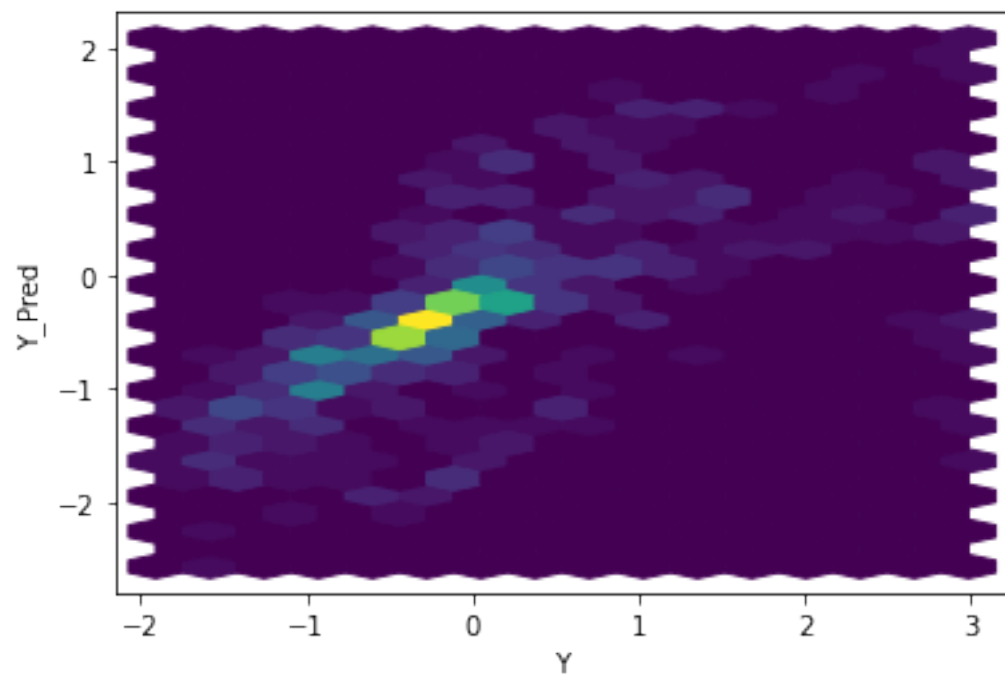
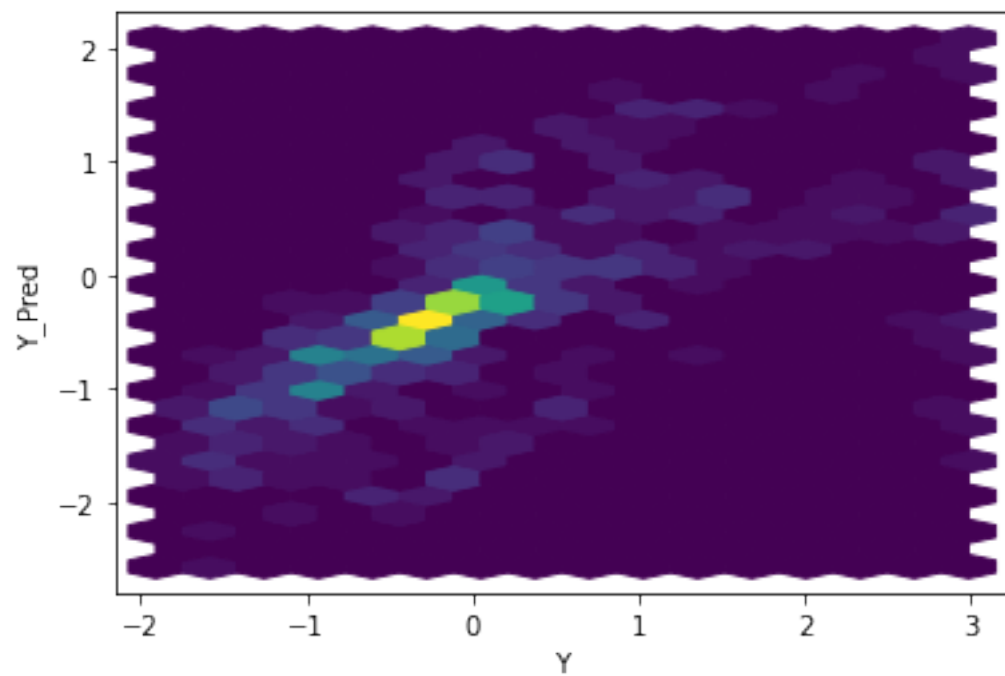
      criterion = torch.nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
      gen_opt = torch.optim.Adam(gen.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
      disc_opt = torch.optim.Adam(disc.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
```

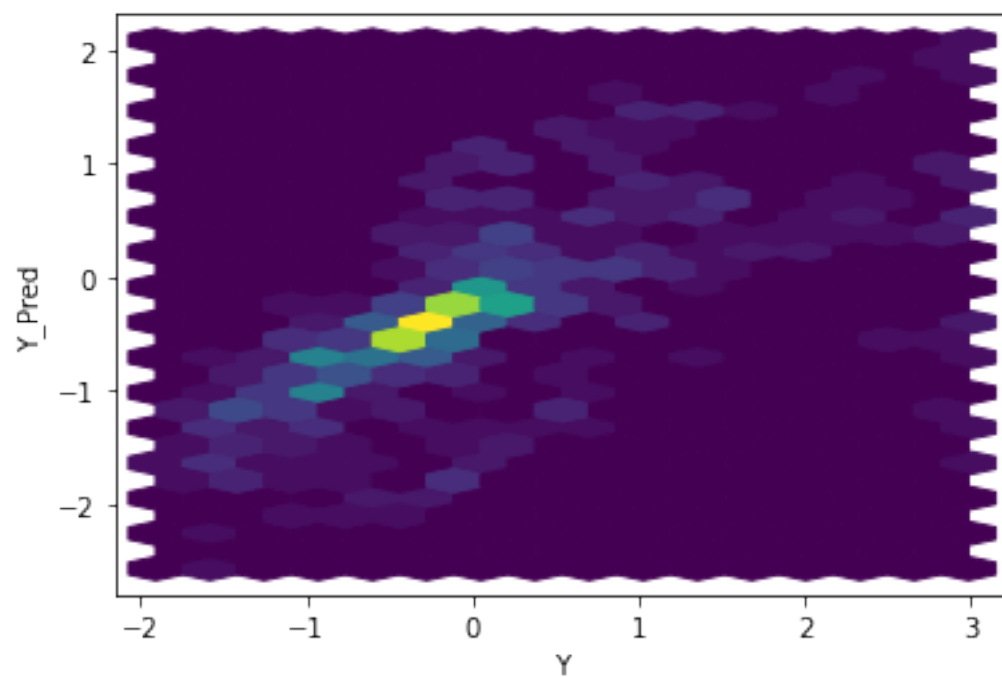
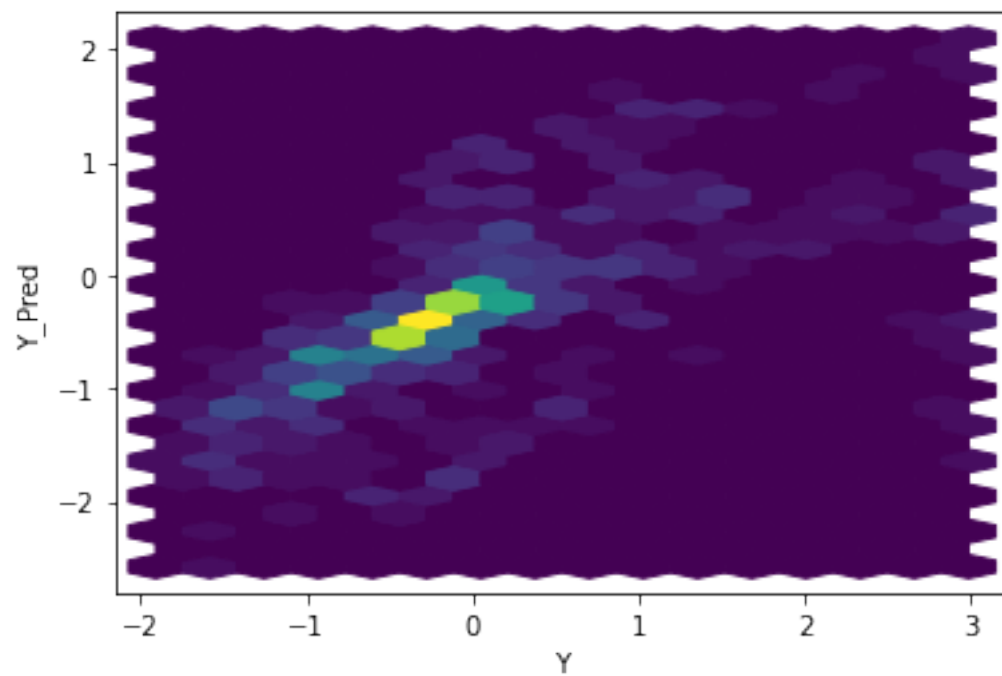
```
[16]: n_epoch_abc = 2000
      batch_size = sample_size
```

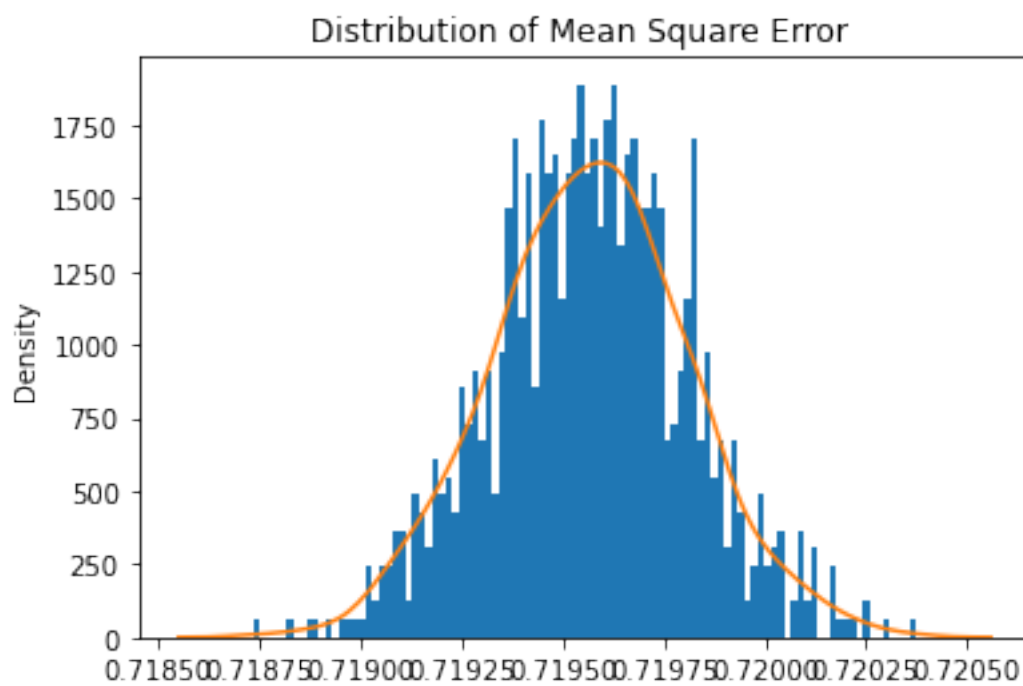
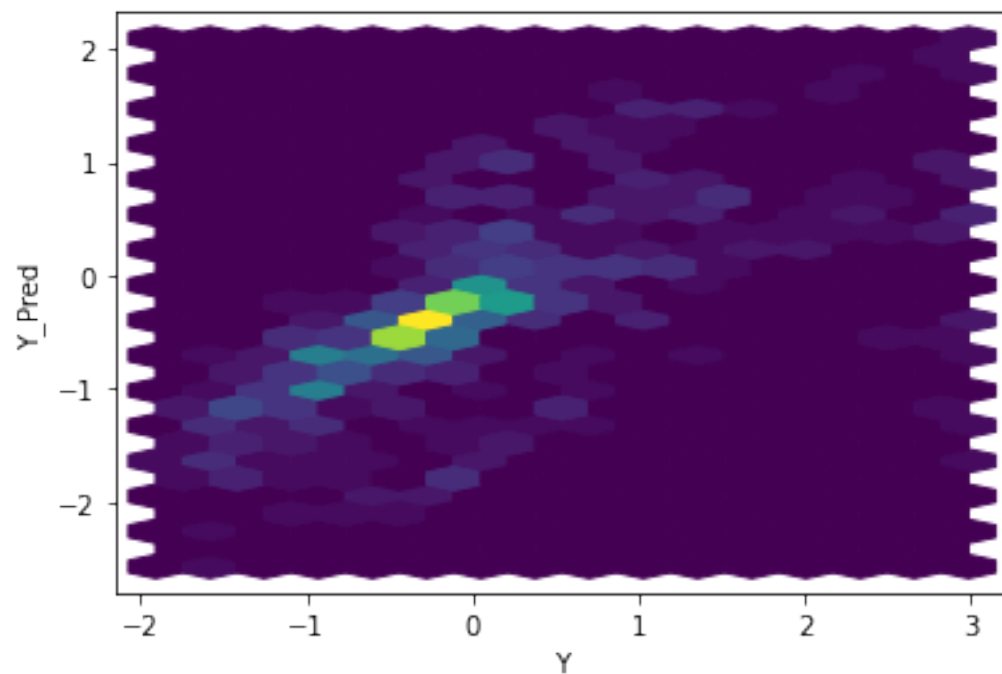
```
[17]: ABC_train_test.training_GAN(disc, gen,disc_opt,gen_opt,real_dataset,
      ↪ batch_size, n_epoch_abc,criterion,coeff,mean,std,device)
```



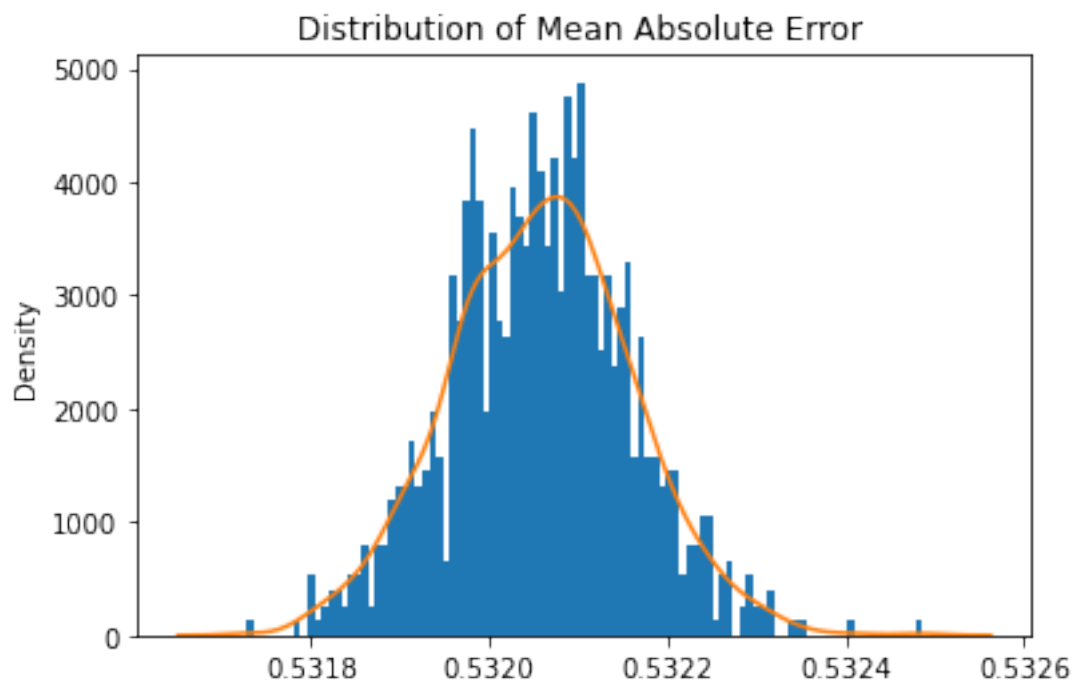
```
[18]: ABC_train_test.test_generator(gen,real_dataset,coeff,mean,std,device)
```





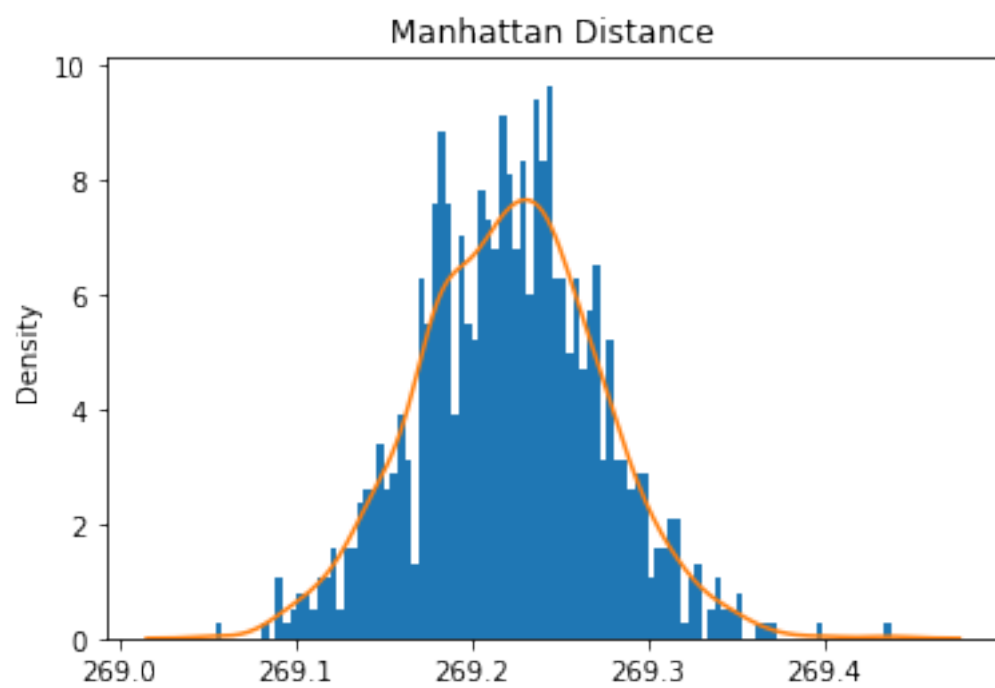


Mean Square Error: 0.7195666207058606

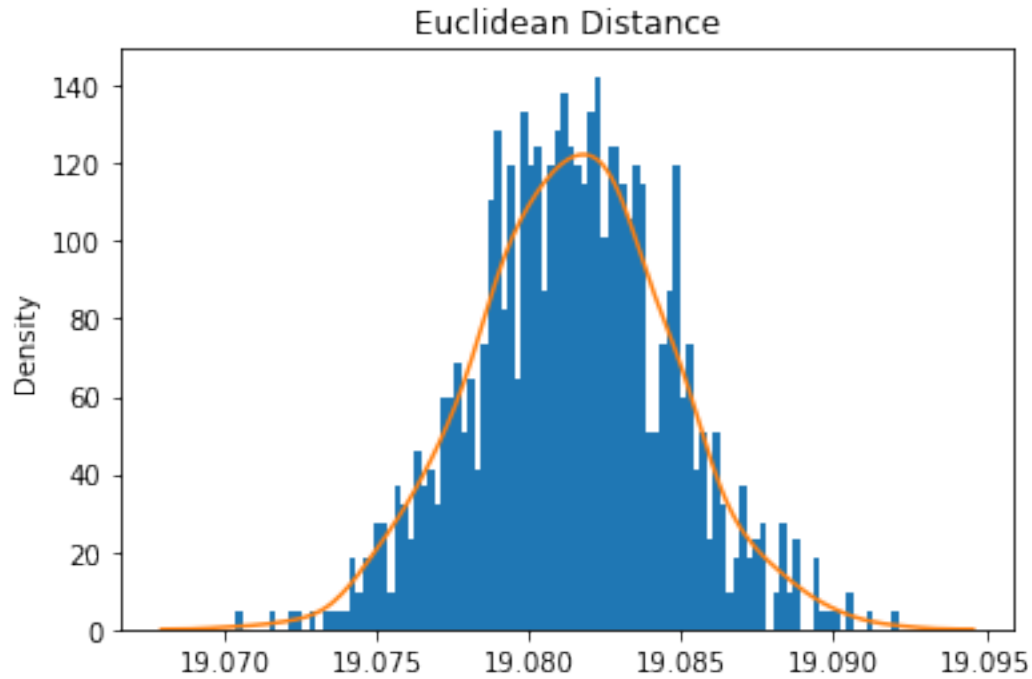


Mean Absolute Error: 0.5320579777624727

Mean Manhattan Distance: 269.22133674781116



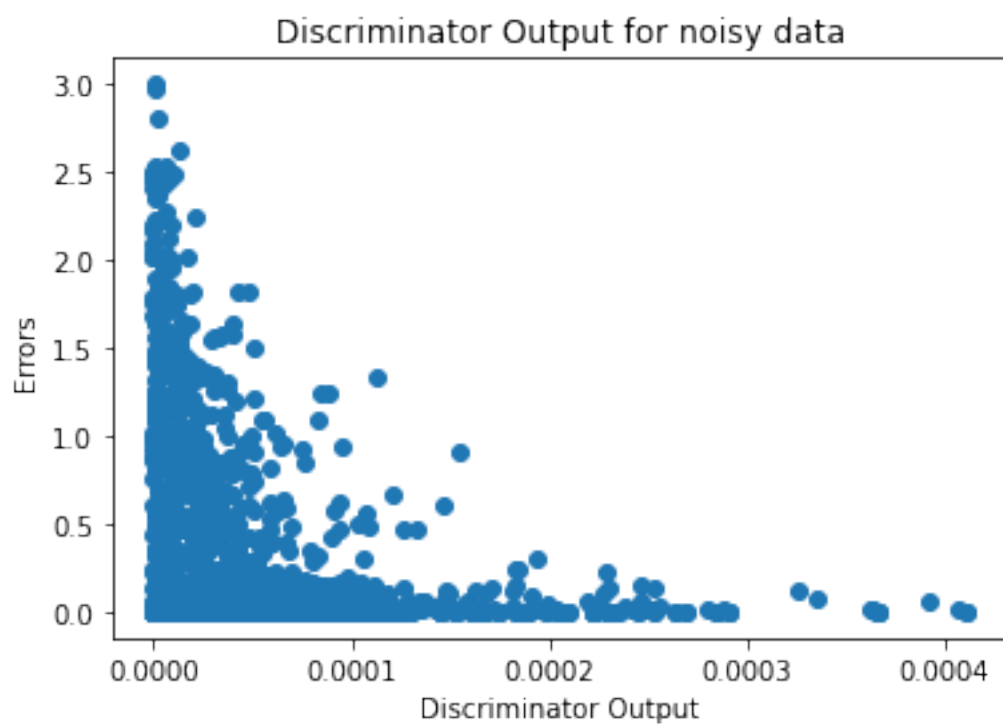
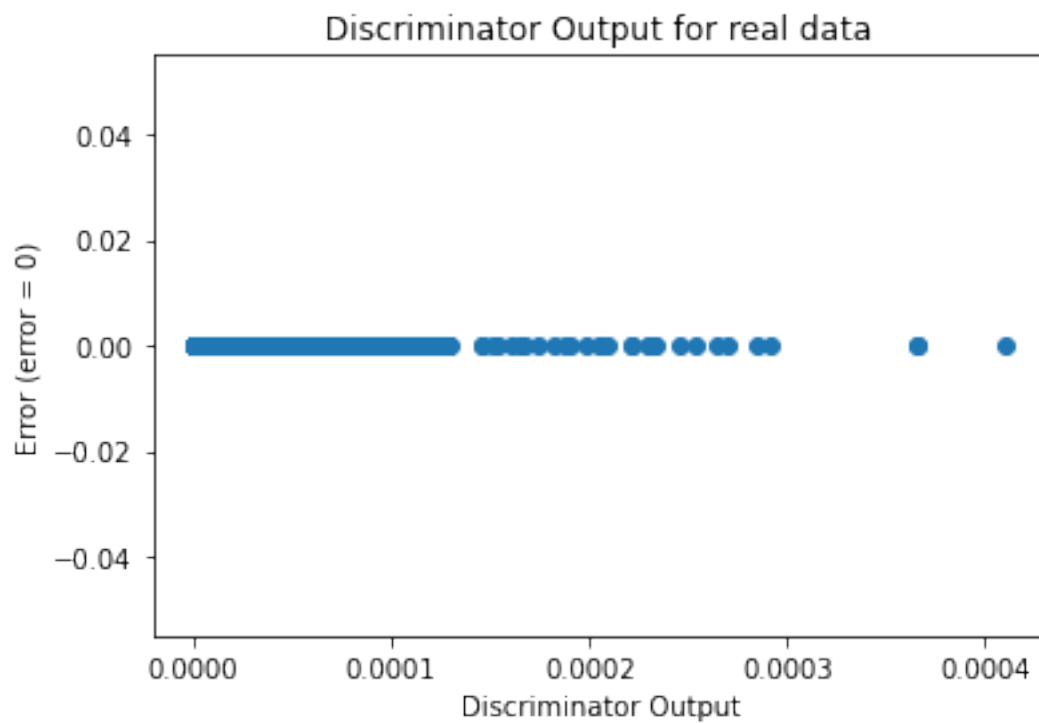
Mean Euclidean Distance: 19.08142289330327



### 2.0.1 Sanity Check

We plot the discriminator output vs the noise in the input to verify that the discriminator functions correctly. We expect that discriminator output and noise are inversely proportional

```
[19]: sanityChecks.discProbVsError(real_dataset,disc,device)
```



## 2.0.2 Visualization of Trained GAN Generator

```
[20]: for name, param in gen.named_parameters():  
       print(name,param)
```

output.weight Parameter containing:

```
tensor([[ -3.3236e-01, -1.2182e-01,  3.7743e-01,  5.5747e-02, -3.0517e-01,  
         -6.3161e-02,  1.6531e-01, -2.1374e-02, -1.1724e-01,  8.7821e-02,  
        -1.1384e-01, -1.0055e-01,  1.3363e-01, -2.0199e-01,  1.7138e-04]],  
        requires_grad=True)
```

output.bias Parameter containing:

```
tensor([-0.0092], requires_grad=True)
```

```
[ ]:
```