Dataset2-Diabetes output 2

November 3, 2021

1 Dataset 2 - Regression : Diabetes Dataset

1.1 Experiment Details

The aim of the experiment is to verify if the: 1. ABC_GAN model corrects model misspecification 2. ABC_GAN model performs better and converges faster than a simple C-GAN model

In the experiment we predict the distribution that represents the real data and simulate realistic fake data points using statistical mode, C-GAN and ABC-GAN model with 3 priors. We analyze and compare their performance using metrics like mean squared error, mean absolute error, manhattan distance and euclidean distance between y_{real} and y_{pred}

The models are as follows:

- 1. The statistical model assumes the distribution $Y = \beta X + \mu$ where $\mu \sim N(0,1)$
- 2. The Conditional GAN consists of
 - 1. Generator with 2 hidden layers with 100 nodes each and ReLu activation.
 - 2. Discriminator with 2 hidden layers with 25 and 50 nodes and ReLu activation. We use Adam's optimser and BCE Logit Loss to train the model. The input to the Generator of the GAN is (x,e) where x are the features and $e \sim N(0,1)$. The discriminator output is linear.
- 3. The ABC GAN Model consists of
 - 1. ABC generator is defined as follows:
 - 1. $Y = 1 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \beta_2 x_3 + ... + \beta_n x_n + N(0, \sigma)$ where $\sigma = 0.1$
 - 2. $\beta_i \sim N(0, \sigma^*)$ when $\mu = 0$ else $\beta_i \sim N(\beta_i^*, \sigma^*)$ where $\beta_i^* s$ are coefficients obtained from statistical model
 - 3. σ^* takes the values 0.01.0.1 and 1
 - 2. C-GAN network is as defined above. However the input to the Generator of the GAN is (x, y_{abc}) where y_{abc} is the output of the ABC Generator.

1.2 Import Libraries

```
[1]: import warnings
import sys
sys.path.insert(0, '../src')
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[2]: import train_test
  import ABC_train_test
  import diabetesDataset
  import network
  import statsModel
  import performanceMetrics
  import dataset
  import sanityChecks
  import torch
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import seaborn as sns
  from scipy.stats import norm
  from torch.utils.data import Dataset,DataLoader
  from torch import nn
```

1.3 Parameters

ABC-Generator parameters are as mentioned below: 1. mean : 1 ($\beta \sim N(\beta^*, \sigma)$ where β^* are coefficients of statistical model) or 1 ($\beta \sim N(0, \sigma)$ 2. std : $\sigma = 1, 0.1, 0.01$ (standard deviation)

```
[3]: #ABC Generator Parameters
mean = 1
variance = 0.001
```

```
[4]: # Parameters
mean = 1
variance = 0.01
```

1.4 Dataset

The dataset used is sklearn's toy regression dataset : diabetes Properties: 1. 10 features 2. 442 datapoints

```
[5]: X,Y = diabetesDataset.diabetes_data()
n_samples = 442
n_features = 10
```

```
X1 X2 X3 X4 X5 X6 X7 \
0 0.038076 0.050680 0.061696 0.021872 -0.044223 -0.034821 -0.043401
1 -0.001882 -0.044642 -0.051474 -0.026328 -0.008449 -0.019163 0.074412
2 0.085299 0.050680 0.044451 -0.005671 -0.045599 -0.034194 -0.032356
3 -0.089063 -0.044642 -0.011595 -0.036656 0.012191 0.024991 -0.036038
4 0.005383 -0.044642 -0.036385 0.021872 0.003935 0.015596 0.008142
```

```
X8 X9 X10 Y
0 -0.002592 0.019908 -0.017646 151.0
1 -0.039493 -0.068330 -0.092204 75.0
2 -0.002592 0.002864 -0.025930 141.0
```

```
3 0.034309 0.022692 -0.009362 206.0
```

1.5 Stats Model

[6]: [coeff,y_pred] = statsModel.statsModel(X,Y)

No handles with labels found to put in legend.

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Y	R-squared:	0.518						
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.507						
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	46.27						
Date:	Wed, 03 Nov 2021	Prob (F-statistic):	3.83e-62						
Time:	19:51:52	Log-Likelihood:	-466.00						
No. Observations:	442	AIC:	954.0						
Df Residuals:	431	BIC:	999.0						

Df Model: 10 Covariance Type: nonrobust

=======	 ===========		========		========	=======
	coef	std err	t 	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-1.804e-16	0.033	-5.39e-15	1.000	-0.066	0.066
x1	-0.0062	0.037	-0.168	0.867	-0.079	0.066
x2	-0.1481	0.038	-3.917	0.000	-0.222	-0.074
x3	0.3211	0.041	7.813	0.000	0.240	0.402
x4	0.2004	0.040	4.958	0.000	0.121	0.280
x5	-0.4893	0.257	-1.901	0.058	-0.995	0.017
x6	0.2945	0.209	1.406	0.160	-0.117	0.706
x7	0.0624	0.131	0.475	0.635	-0.196	0.320
x8	0.1094	0.100	1.097	0.273	-0.087	0.305
x9	0.4641	0.106	4.370	0.000	0.255	0.673
x10	0.0418	0.041	1.025	0.306	-0.038	0.122
Omnibus:		1	.506 Durbi	in-Watson:		2.029
Prob(Omni	bus):	0	.471 Jarqu	ie-Bera (JB):		1.404
Skew:		0	.017 Prob	(JB):		0.496
Kurtosis:		2	.726 Cond.	No.		21.7

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

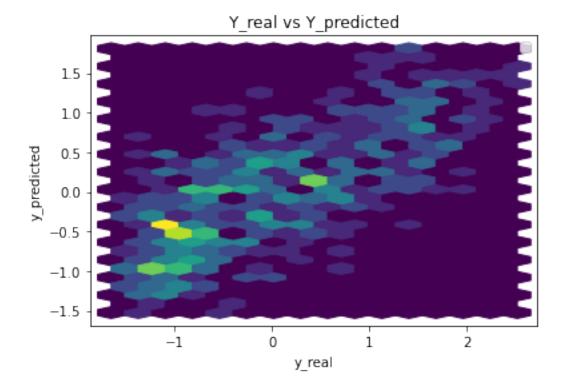
Parameters: const -1.804112e-16

x1 -6.184366e-03 x2 -1.481322e-01 x3 3.210963e-01 x4 2.003705e-01

^{4 -0.002592 -0.031991 -0.046641 135.0}

x5 -4.893188e-01 x6 2.944779e-01 x7 6.241353e-02 x8 1.093696e-01 x9 4.640526e-01 x10 4.177106e-02

dtype: float64



Performance Metrics

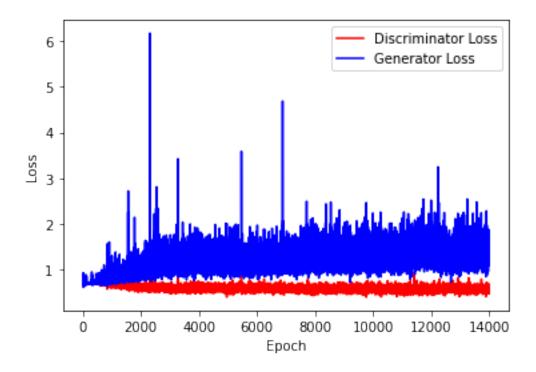
Mean Squared Error: 0.4822505745867066 Mean Absolute Error: 0.5620021544511629 Manhattan distance: 248.40495226741407 Euclidean distance: 14.599820340241319

1.6 Common Training Parameters (GAN & ABC_GAN)

```
[7]: n_epochs = 1000
error = 0.1
batch_size = 32
```

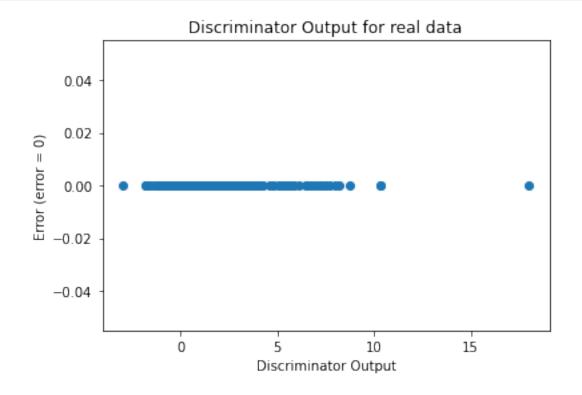
1.7 GAN Model

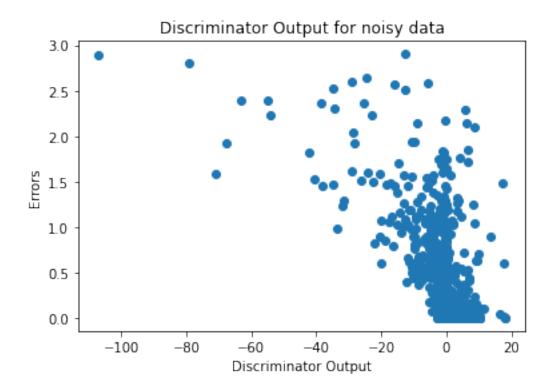
```
[8]: real dataset = dataset.CustomDataset(X,Y)
      device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
     Training GAN for n epochs number of epochs
 [9]: generator = network.Generator(n_features+2)
      discriminator = network.Discriminator(n_features+2)
      criterion = torch.nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
      gen_opt = torch.optim.Adam(generator.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
      disc_opt = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.
       →999))
[10]: print(generator)
      print(discriminator)
     Generator(
       (hidden1): Linear(in_features=12, out_features=100, bias=True)
       (hidden2): Linear(in_features=100, out_features=100, bias=True)
       (output): Linear(in_features=100, out_features=1, bias=True)
       (relu): ReLU()
     Discriminator(
       (hidden1): Linear(in_features=12, out_features=25, bias=True)
       (hidden2): Linear(in features=25, out features=50, bias=True)
       (output): Linear(in_features=50, out_features=1, bias=True)
       (relu): ReLU()
[11]: train_test.
       →training_GAN(discriminator,generator,disc_opt,gen_opt,real_dataset,batch_size,
       →n_epochs,criterion,device)
```



[12]: GAN1_metrics = train_test.test_generator(generator,real_dataset,device)

[13]: sanityChecks.discProbVsError(real_dataset,discriminator,device)





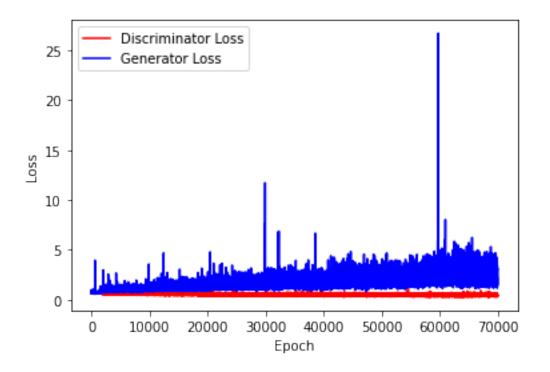
Training GAN until mse of y_pred is > 0.1 or n_epochs < 5000

```
generator2 = network.Generator(n_features+2)
discriminator2 = network.Discriminator(n_features+2)
criterion = torch.nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
gen_opt = torch.optim.Adam(generator2.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
disc_opt = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator2.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.

3999))
```

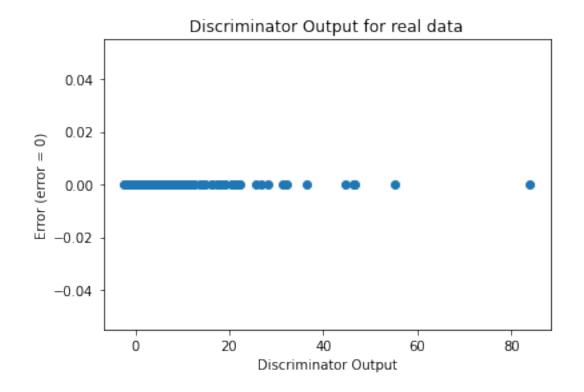
[15]: train_test.
__training_GAN_2(discriminator2,generator2,disc_opt,gen_opt,real_dataset,batch_size,error,cri

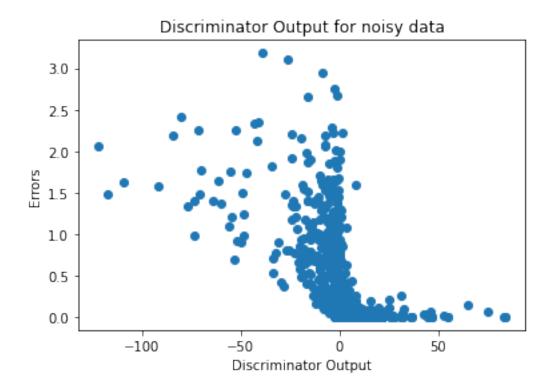
Number of epochs needed 5000



[16]: GAN2_metrics=train_test.test_generator_2(generator2,real_dataset,device)

[17]: sanityChecks.discProbVsError(real_dataset,discriminator2,device)

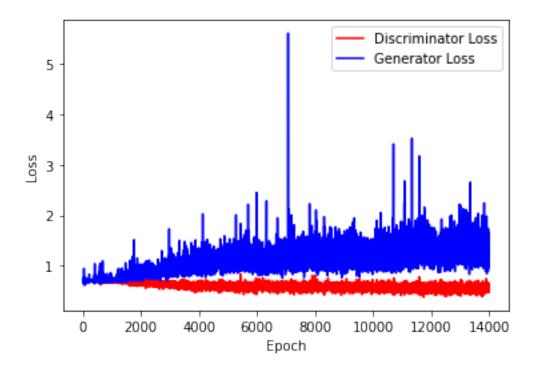




2 ABC GAN Model

2.0.1 Training the network

Training ABC-GAN for n_epochs number of epochs

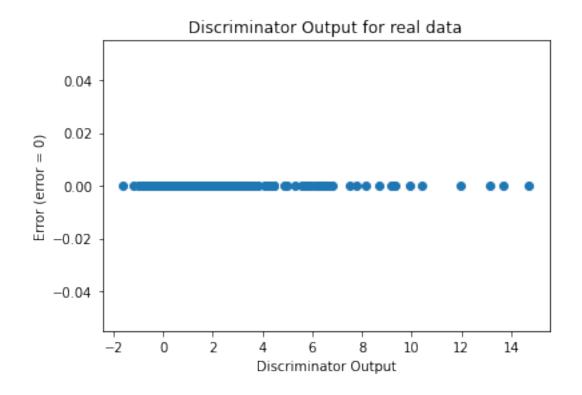


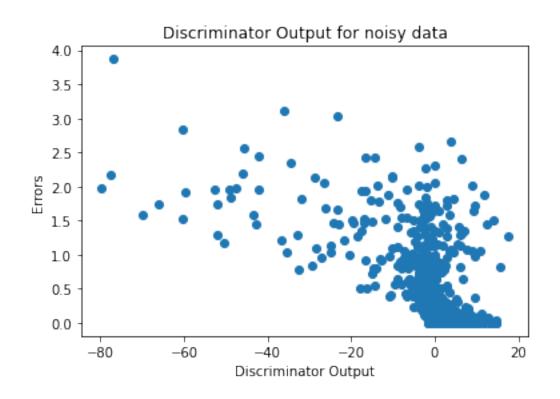
```
[20]: ABC_GAN1_metrics=ABC_train_test.

--test_generator(gen,real_dataset,coeff,mean,variance,device)
```

Sanity Checks

[21]: sanityChecks.discProbVsError(real_dataset,disc,device)



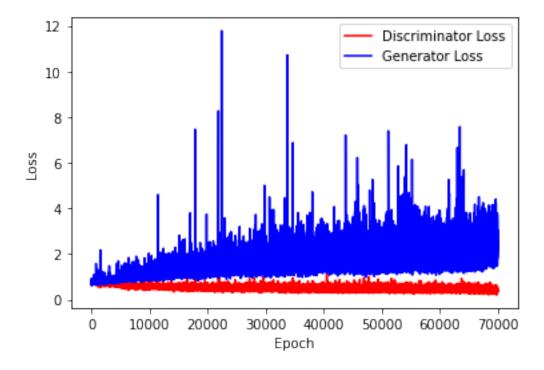


Training GAN until mse of y_pred is > 0.1 or n_epochs < 5000

```
[22]: gen2 = network.Generator(n_features+2)
    disc2 = network.Discriminator(n_features+2)

    criterion = torch.nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
    gen_opt = torch.optim.Adam(gen2.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
    disc_opt = torch.optim.Adam(disc2.parameters(), lr=0.01, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
```

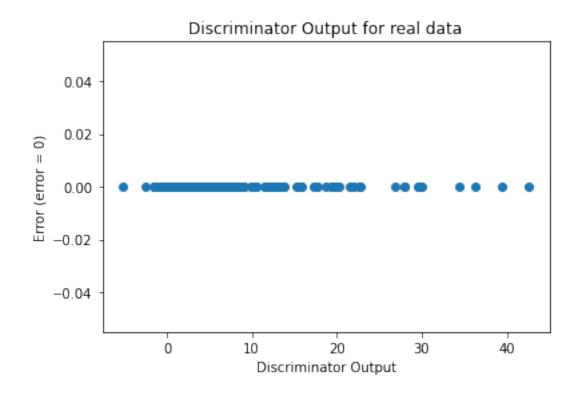
Number of epochs 5000

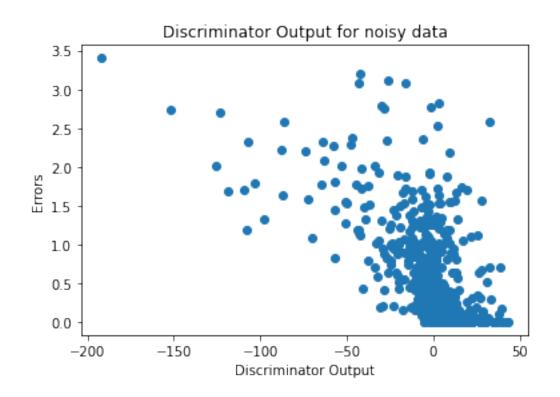


```
[24]: ABC_GAN2_metrics=ABC_train_test.

--test_generator_2(gen2,real_dataset,coeff,mean,variance,device)
```

[25]: sanityChecks.discProbVsError(real_dataset,disc2,device)





3 Model Analysis

[26]: performanceMetrics.

→modelAnalysis(GAN1_metrics,ABC_GAN1_metrics,GAN2_metrics,ABC_GAN2_metrics)

