
pyrad library reference for users

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Contents:

PROCESSING FLOW CONTROL (PYRAD.FLOW)

Functions to control the Pyrad data processing flow

<code>main(cfgfile, starttime, endtime[, infostr, ...])</code>	main flow control. Processes data over a given period of time
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`pyrad.flow.main(cfgfile, starttime, endtime, infostr='', trajfile='')`
main flow control. Processes data over a given period of time

Parameters `cfgfile` : str

path of the main config file

starttime, endtime : datetime object

start and end time of the data to be processed

trajfile : str

path to file describing the trajectory

infostr : Information string about the actual data processing

(e.g. 'RUN57'). This sting is added to product files.

DATASET PROCESSING (PYRAD . PROC)

Initiate the dataset processing.

2.1 Auxiliary functions

<i>get_process_func</i> (dataset_type, dsname)	maps the dataset type into its processing function and data set format
<i>process_raw</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])	dummy function that returns the initial input data set
<i>process_save_radar</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	dummy function that allows to save the entire radar object
<i>process_point_measurement</i> (procstatus, dscfg)	Obtains the radar data at a point measurement
<i>process_trajectory</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	Return trajectory
<i>process_traj_atplane</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	Return time series according to trajectory

2.2 Echo classification and filtering

<i>process_echo_id</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])	identifies echoes as 0: No data, 1: Noise, 2: Clutter,
<i>process_echo_filter</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	Masks all echo types that are not of the class specified in
<i>process_filter_snr</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	filters out low SNR echoes
<i>process_filter_visibility</i> (procstatus, dscfg)	filters out rays gates with low visibility and corrects the reflectivity
<i>process_hydroclass</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	Classifies precipitation echoes

2.3 Phase processing and attenuation correction

<i>process_estimate_phidp0</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	estimates the system differential phase offset at each ray
<i>process_correct_phidp0</i> (procstatus, dscfg[, ...])	corrects phidp of the system phase
<i>process_smooth_phidp_single_window</i> (...[, ...])	corrects phidp of the system phase and smoothes it using one window
<i>process_smooth_phidp_double_window</i> (...[, ...])	corrects phidp of the system phase and smoothes it using one window
<i>process_kdp_leastsquare_single_window</i> (...[, ...])	Computes specific differential phase using a piecewise least square method
<i>process_kdp_leastsquare_double_window</i> (...[, ...])	Computes specific differential phase using a piecewise least square method

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Table 2.3 – continued from previous page

<code>process_phidp_kdp_Maesaka(procstatus, dscfg)</code>	Estimates PhiDP and KDP using the method by Maesaka
<code>process_phidp_kdp_lp(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Estimates PhiDP and KDP using a linear programming algorithm
<code>process_attenuation(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Computes specific attenuation and specific differential attenuation using

2.4 Monitoring, calibration and noise correction

<code>process_correct_bias(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Corrects a bias on the data
<code>process_correct_noise_rhohv(procstatus, dscfg)</code>	identifies echoes as 0: No data, 1: Noise, 2: Clutter,
<code>process_rhohv_rain(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Keeps only suitable data to evaluate the 80 percentile of RhoHV in rain
<code>process_zdr_rain(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	Keeps only suitable data to evaluate the differential reflectivity in
<code>process_sun_hits(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	monitoring of the radar using sun hits
<code>process_selfconsistency_kdp_phidp(...[, ...])</code>	Computes specific differential phase and differential phase in rain using
<code>process_selfconsistency_bias(procstatus, dscfg)</code>	Estimates the reflectivity bias by means of the selfconsistency
<code>process_monitoring(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	computes monitoring statistics
<code>process_estimate_phidp0(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	estimates the system differential phase offset at each ray
<code>process_time_avg(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	computes the temporal mean of a field
<code>process_weighted_time_avg(procstatus, dscfg)</code>	computes the temporal mean of a field weighted by the reflectivity
<code>process_time_avg_flag(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	computes a flag field describing the conditions of the data used while
<code>process_colocated_gates(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Find colocated gates within two radars
<code>process_intercomp(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	intercomparison between two radars

2.5 Retrievals

<code>process_signal_power(procstatus, dscfg[, ...])</code>	Computes the signal power in dBm
<code>process_snr(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	Computes SNR
<code>process_l(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	Computes L parameter
<code>process_cdr(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	Computes Circular Depolarization Ratio
<code>process_rainrate(procstatus, dscfg[, radar_list])</code>	Estimates rainfall rate from polarimetric moments

`pyrad.proc.get_process_func(dataset_type, dsname)`
 maps the dataset type into its processing function and data set format

Parameters `dataset_type` : str

data set type, i.e. ‘RAW’, ‘SAN’, etc.

`dsname` : str

Name of dataset

Returns `func_name` : str or function

pyrad function used to process the data set type

dsformat : str

data set format, i.e.: 'VOL', etc.

`pyrad.proc.process_attenuation` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Computes specific attenuation and specific differential attenuation using the Z-Phi method and corrects reflectivity and differential reflectivity

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

ATT_METHOD [float. Dataset keyword] The attenuation estimation method used.
One of the following: ZPhi, Philin

fzl [float. Dataset keyword] The default freezing level height. It will be used if no temperature field name is specified or the temperature field is not in the radar object.
Default 2000.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_cdr` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Computes Circular Depolarization Ratio

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The input data type

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_collocated_gates` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Find collocated gates within two radars

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

h_tol [float. Dataset keyword] Tolerance in altitude difference between radar gates [m]. Default 100.

latlon_tol [float. Dataset keyword] Tolerance in latitude and longitude position between radar gates [deg]. Default 0.0005

vol_d_tol [float. Dataset keyword] Tolerance in pulse volume diameter [m]. Default 100.

vismin [float. Dataset keyword] Minimum visibility [percent]. Default None.

hmin [float. Dataset keyword] Minimum altitude [m MSL]. Default None.

hmax [float. Dataset keyword] Maximum altitude [m MSL]. Default None.

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] Minimum range [m]. Default None.

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] Maximum range [m]. Default None.

elmin [float. Dataset keyword] Minimum elevation angle [deg]. Default None.

elmax [float. Dataset keyword] Maximum elevation angle [deg]. Default None.

azmin [float. Dataset keyword] Minimum azimuth angle [deg]. Default None.

azmax [float. Dataset keyword] Maximum azimuth angle [deg]. Default None.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : radar object

radar object containing the flag field

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_correct_bias` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Corrects a bias on the data

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The data type to correct for bias

bias [float. Dataset keyword] The bias to be corrected [dB]. Default 0

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_correct_noise_rhohv (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
identifies echoes as 0: No data, 1: Noise, 2: Clutter, 3: Precipitation

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The data types used in the correction

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_correct_phidp0 (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
corrects phidp of the system phase

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum range where to look for valid data [m]

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum range where to look for valid data [m]

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] The length of a continuous cell to consider it valid precip
[m]

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum reflectivity [dBZ]

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_echo_filter (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
Masks all echo types that are not of the class specified in keyword echo_type

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

echo_type [int] The type of echo to keep: 1 noise, 2 clutter, 3 precipitation. Default 3

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_echo_id(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

identifies echoes as 0: No data, 1: Noise, 2: Clutter, 3: Precipitation

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_estimate_phidp0(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

estimates the system differential phase offset at each ray

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum range where to look for valid data [m]

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum range where to look for valid data [m]

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] The length of a continuous cell to consider it valid precip
[m]

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum reflectivity [dBZ]

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_filter_snr (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
filters out low SNR echoes

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

SNRmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum SNR to keep the data.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_filter_visibility (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
filters out rays gates with low visibility and corrects the reflectivity

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

VISmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum visibility to keep the data.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_hydroclass (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`
Classifies precipitation echoes

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

HYDRO_METHOD [string. Dataset keyword] The hydrometeor classification method. One of the following: SEMISUPERVISED

RADARCENTROIDS [string. Dataset keyword] Used with HYDRO_METHOD SEMISUPERVISED. The name of the radar of which the derived centroids will be used. One of the following: A Albis, L Lema, P Plaine Morte, DX50

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_intercomp` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)
intercomparison between two radars

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns sun_hits_dict : dict

dictionary containing a radar object, a sun_hits dict and a sun_retrieval dictionary

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_kdp_leastsquare_double_window` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)
Computes specific differential phase using a piecewise least square method

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rwinds [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the short segment for the least square method [m]

rwindl [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the long segment for the least square method [m]

Zthr [float. Dataset keyword] The threshold defining which estimated data to use [dBZ]

radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar
radar object

ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_kdp_leastsquare_single_window` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
Computes specific differential phase using a piecewise least square method

Parameters procstatus : int
Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries
data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rwind [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the segment for the least square method [m]

radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar
radar object

ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_1` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
Computes L parameter

Parameters procstatus : int
Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries
data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The input data type

radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar
radar object

ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_monitoring` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
computes monitoring statistics

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

`dscfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

step [float. Dataset keyword] The width of the histogram bin. Default is None. In that case the default step in function `get_histogram_bins` is used

`radar_list` : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns `new_dataset` : Radar

radar object containing histogram data

`ind_rad` : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_phidp_kdp_Maesaka` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
Estimates PhiDP and KDP using the method by Maesaka

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

`dscfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum range where to look for valid data [m]

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum range where to look for valid data [m]

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] The length of a continuous cell to consider it valid precip [m]

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum reflectivity [dBZ]

`radar_list` : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns `new_dataset` : Radar

radar object

`ind_rad` : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_phidp_kdp_lp` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
Estimates PhiDP and KDP using a linear programming algorithm

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_point_measurement (procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

Obtains the radar data at a point measurement

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The data type where we want to extract the point measurement

latlon [boolean. Dataset keyword] if True position is obtained from latitude, longitude information, otherwise position is obtained from antenna coordinates (range, azimuth, elevation).

truealt [boolean. Dataset keyword] if True the user input altitude is used to determine the point of interest. if False use the altitude at a given radar elevation ele over the point of interest.

lon [float. Dataset keyword] the longitude [deg]. Use when latlon is True.

lat [float. Dataset keyword] the latitude [deg]. Use when latlon is True.

alt [float. Dataset keyword] altitude [m MSL]. Use when latlon is True.

ele [float. Dataset keyword] radar elevation [deg]. Use when latlon is False or when latlon is True and truealt is False

azi [float. Dataset keyword] radar azimuth [deg]. Use when latlon is False

rng [float. Dataset keyword] range from radar [m]. Use when latlon is False

AziTol [float. Dataset keyword] azimuthal tolerance to determine which radar azimuth to use [deg]

EleTol [float. Dataset keyword] elevation tolerance to determine which radar elevation to use [deg]

RngTol [float. Dataset keyword] range tolerance to determine which radar bin to use [m]

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : dict

dictionary containing the data and metadata of the point of interest

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_rainrate` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)

Estimates rainfall rate from polarimetric moments

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The input data type

RR_METHOD [string. Dataset keyword] The rainfall rate estimation method. One of the following: Z, ZPoly, KDP, A, ZKDP, ZA, hydro

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_raw` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)

dummy function that returns the initial input data set

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_rho_hv_rain` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)

Keeps only suitable data to evaluate the 80 percentile of RhoHV in rain

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum range where to look for rain [m]. Default 1000.

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum range where to look for rain [m]. Default 50000.

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum reflectivity to consider the bin as precipitation [dBZ]. Default 20.

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum reflectivity to consider the bin as precipitation [dBZ] Default 40.

ml_thickness [float. Dataset keyword] assumed thickness of the melting layer. Default 700.

fzl [float. Dataset keyword] The default freezing level height. It will be used if no temperature field name is specified or the temperature field is not in the radar object. Default 2000.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_save_radar` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

dummy function that allows to save the entire radar object

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_selfconsistency_bias` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Estimates the reflectivity bias by means of the selfconsistency algorithm by Gourley

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rsmooth [float. Dataset keyword] length of the smoothing window [m]. Default 1000.

min_rhohv [float. Dataset keyword] minimum valid RhoHV. Default 0.92

max_phidp [float. Dataset keyword] maximum valid PhiDP [deg]. Default 20.

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] length of continuous precipitation to consider the precipitation cell a valid phidp segment [m]. Default 1000.

dphidp_min [float. Dataset keyword] minimum phase shift [deg]. Default 2.

dphidp_max [float. Dataset keyword] maximum phase shift [deg]. Default 16.

radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_selfconsistency_kdp_phidp(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

Computes specific differential phase and differential phase in rain using the selfconsistency between Zdr, Zh and KDP

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of strings. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rsmooth [float. Dataset keyword] length of the smoothing window [m]. Default 1000.

min_rhohv [float. Dataset keyword] minimum valid RhoHV. Default 0.92

max_phidp [float. Dataset keyword] maximum valid PhiDP [deg]. Default 20.

ml_thickness [float. Dataset keyword] assumed melting layer thickness [m]. Default 700.

fz1 [float. Dataset keyword] The default freezing level height. It will be used if no temperature field name is specified or the temperature field is not in the radar object. Default 2000.

radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_signal_power(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

Computes the signal power in dBm

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

mflossv [float. Global keyword] The matching filter losses of the vertical channel.
Used if input is vertical reflectivity

radconstv [float. Global keyword] The vertical channel radar constant. Used if input
is vertical reflectivity

mflossh [float. Global keyword] The matching filter losses of the vertical channel.
Used if input is horizontal reflectivity

radconsth [float. Global keyword] The horizontal channel radar constant. Used if
input is horizontal reflectivity

attg [float. Dataset keyword] The gas attenuation

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_smooth_phidp_double_window` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)
corrects phidp of the system phase and smoothes it using one window

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum range where to look for valid data [m]

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum range where to look for valid data [m]

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] The length of a continuous cell to consider it valid precip
[m]

rwinds [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the short smoothing window [m]

rwindl [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the long smoothing window [m]

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zthr [float. Dataset keyword] The threshold defining wich smoothed data to used
[dBZ]

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_smooth_phidp_single_window` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)
corrects phidp of the system phase and smoothes it using one window

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum range where to look for valid data [m]

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum range where to look for valid data [m]

rcell [float. Dataset keyword] The length of a continuous cell to consider it valid precip
[m]

rwind [float. Dataset keyword] The length of the smoothing window [m]

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] The minimum reflectivity [dBZ]

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] The maximum reflectivity [dBZ]

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_snr` (*procstatus*, *dscfg*, *radar_list=None*)
Computes SNR

Parameters **procstatus** : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [string. Dataset keyword] The input data type

output_type [string. Dataset keyword] The output data type. Either SNRh or SNRv

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns **new_dataset** : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_sun_hits` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
monitoring of the radar using sun hits

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

`dscfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum range where to look for a sun hit signal [m].
Default 20

delev_max [float. Dataset keyword] maximum elevation distance from nominal radar
elevation where to look for a sun hit signal [deg]. Default 1.5

dazim_max [float. Dataset keyword] maximum azimuth distance from nominal radar
elevation where to look for a sun hit signal [deg]. Default 1.5

elmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum radar elevation where to look for sun hits
[deg]. Default 1.

percent_bins [float. Dataset keyword.] minimum percentage of range bins that have
to contain signal to consider the ray a potential sun hit. Default 10.

attg [float. Dataset keyword] gaseous attenuation. Default None

max_std [float. Dataset keyword] maximum standard deviation to consider the data
noise. Default 1.

az_width_co [float. Dataset keyword] co-polar antenna azimuth width (convoluted
with sun width) [deg]. Default None

el_width_co [float. Dataset keyword] co-polar antenna elevation width (convoluted
with sun width) [deg]. Default None

az_width_cross [float. Dataset keyword] cross-polar antenna azimuth width (convo-
luted with sun width) [deg]. Default None

el_width_cross [float. Dataset keyword] cross-polar antenna elevation width (convo-
luted with sun width) [deg]. Default None

ndays [int. Dataset keyword] number of days used in sun retrieval. Default 1

`radar_list` : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns `sun_hits_dict` : dict

dictionary containing a radar object, a sun_hits dict and a sun_retrieval dictionary

`ind_rad` : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_time_avg` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
computes the temporal mean of a field

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

`dscfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

period [float. Dataset keyword] the period to average [s]. Default 3600.

start_average [float. Dataset keyword] when to start the average [s from midnight UTC]. Default 0.

lin_trans: int. Dataset keyword If 1 apply linear transformation before averaging

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_time_avg_flag(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None)`

computes a flag field describing the conditions of the data used while averaging

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

period [float. Dataset keyword] the period to average [s]. Default 3600.

start_average [float. Dataset keyword] when to start the average [s from midnight UTC]. Default 0.

phidpmax: float. Dataset keyword maximum PhiDP

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_traj_atplane(procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None, trajectory=None)`

Return time series according to trajectory

Parameters procstatus : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

trajectory : Trajectory object
containing trajectory samples

Returns new_dataset : Trajectory object
radar object

ind_rad : int
None

`pyrad.proc.process_trajectory` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None, trajectory=None*)
Return trajectory

Parameters procstatus : int
Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing
dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries
data set configuration
radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects
trajectory : Trajectory object
containing trajectory samples

Returns new_dataset : Trajectory object
radar object
ind_rad : int
None

`pyrad.proc.process_weighted_time_avg` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)
computes the temporal mean of a field weighted by the reflectivity

Parameters procstatus : int
Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing
dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries
data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:
datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types
period [float. Dataset keyword] the period to average [s]. Default 3600.
start_average [float. Dataset keyword] when to start the average [s from midnight UTC]. Default 0.
radar_list : list of Radar objects
Optional. list of radar objects

Returns new_dataset : Radar
radar object
ind_rad : int
radar index

`pyrad.proc.process_zdr_rain` (*procstatus, dscfg, radar_list=None*)

Keeps only suitable data to evaluate the differential reflectivity in moderate rain

Parameters `procstatus` : int

Processing status: 0 initializing, 1 processing volume, 2 post-processing

dscfg : dictionary of dictionaries

data set configuration. Accepted Configuration Keywords:

datatype [list of string. Dataset keyword] The input data types

rmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum range where to look for rain [m]. Default 1000.

rmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum range where to look for rain [m]. Default 50000.

Zmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum reflectivity to consider the bin as precipitation [dBZ]. Default 20.

Zmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum reflectivity to consider the bin as precipitation [dBZ] Default 40.

rhohvmin [float. Dataset keyword] minimum RhoHV to consider the bin as precipitation Default 0.97

phidpmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum PhiDP to consider the bin as precipitation [deg] Default 10.

elmax [float. Dataset keyword] maximum elevation angle where to look for precipitation [deg] Default 20.

ml_thickness [float. Dataset keyword] assumed thickness of the melting layer. Default 700.

fzl [float. Dataset keyword] The default freezing level height. It will be used if no temperature field name is specified or the temperature field is not in the radar object. Default 2000.

radar_list : list of Radar objects

Optional. list of radar objects

Returns `new_dataset` : Radar

radar object

ind_rad : int

radar index

PRODUCTS GENERATION (PYRAD . PROD)

Initiate the products generation.

3.1 Auxiliary functions

<code>get_dsformat_func</code>

3.2 Product generation

<code>generate_vol_products(dataset, prdcfg)</code>	generates radar volume products
<code>generate_timeseries_products(dataset, prdcfg)</code>	generates time series products
<code>generate_sun_hits_products(dataset, prdcfg)</code>	generates sun hits products
<code>generate_monitoring_products(dataset, prdcfg)</code>	
<code>generate_traj_products</code>	

`pyrad.prod.generate_monitoring_products (dataset, prdcfg)`

`pyrad.prod.generate_sun_hits_products (dataset, prdcfg)`
generates sun hits products

Parameters dataset : tuple

radar object and sun hits dictionary

prdcfg : dictionary of dictionaries

product configuration dictionary of dictionaries

Returns filename : str

the name of the file created. None otherwise

`pyrad.prod.generate_timeseries_products (dataset, prdcfg)`
generates time series products

Parameters dataset : dictionary

radar object

prdcfg : dictionary of dictionaries

product configuration dictionary of dictionaries

Returns no return

`pyrad.prod.generate_traj_product(traj, prdcfg)`

Generates trajectory products

Parameters `traj` : Trajectory object

`prdcfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

product configuration dictionary of dictionaries

Returns None

`pyrad.prod.generate_vol_products(dataset, prdcfg)`

generates radar volume products

Parameters `dataset` : Radar

radar object

`prdcfg` : dictionary of dictionaries

product configuration dictionary of dictionaries

Returns no return

`pyrad.prod.get_prodgen_func(dsformat, dsname, dstype)`

maps the dataset format into its processing function

Parameters `dsformat` : str

dataset group, i.e. 'VOL', etc.

Returns `func` : function

pyrad function used to generate the products

INPUT AND OUTPUT (PYRAD . IO)

Functions to read and write data and configuration files.

4.1 Reading configuration files

<code>read_config(fname[, cfg])</code>	Read a pyrad config file.
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4.2 Reading radar data

<code>get_data(voltime, datatype, descr, cfg)</code>	Reads pyrad input data.
--	-------------------------

4.3 Reading other data

<code>read_status(voltime, cfg[, ind_rad])</code>	Reads rad4alp xml status file.
<code>read_rad4alp_cosmo(fname, datatype)</code>	Reads rad4alp COSMO data binary file.
<code>read_rad4alp_vis(fname, datatype)</code>	Reads rad4alp visibility data binary file.
<code>read_colocated_gates(fname)</code>	Reads a csv files containing the position of colocated gates
<code>read_colocated_data(fname)</code>	Reads a csv files containing colocated data
<code>read_timeseries(fname)</code>	Reads a time series contained in a csv file
<code>read_monitoring_ts(fname)</code>	Reads a monitoring time series contained in a csv file
<code>get_sensor_data(date, datatype, cfg)</code>	Gets data from a point measurement sensor (rain gauge or disdrometer)
<code>read_smn(fname)</code>	Reads SwissMetNet data contained in a csv file
<code>read_disdro_scattering(fname)</code>	Reads scattering parameters computed from disdrometer data contained in a
<code>read_sun_hits(fname)</code>	Reads sun hits data contained in a csv file
<code>read_sun_hits_multiple_days(cfg, time_ref[, ...])</code>	Reads sun hits data from multiple file sources
<code>read_sun_retrieval(fname)</code>	Reads sun retrieval data contained in a csv file
<code>read_solar_flux(fname)</code>	Reads solar flux data from the DRAO observatory in Canada
<code>read_selfconsistency(fname)</code>	Reads a self-consistency table with Zdr, Kdp/Zh columns

4.4 Writing data

<code>write_colocated_gates(coloc_gates, fname)</code>	Writes the position of gates colocated with two radars
<code>write_colocated_data(coloc_data, fname)</code>	Writes the position of gates colocated with two radars
<code>write_timeseries</code>	
<code>write_ts_polar_data(dataset, fname)</code>	writes time series of data
<code>write_monitoring_ts(start_time, np_t, ...)</code>	writes time series of data
<code>write_sun_hits(sun_hits, fname)</code>	Writes sun hits data.
<code>write_sun_retrieval(sun_retrieval, fname)</code>	Writes sun retrieval data.

4.5 Auxiliary functions

<code>get_save_dir(basepath, procname, dsname, prdname)</code>	obtains the path to a product directory and eventually creates it
<code>make_filename(prdtype, dstype, dsname, ext)</code>	creates a product file name
<code>get_datetime(fname, datadescriptor)</code>	gets date and time from file name
<code>get_datasetfields</code>	
<code>get_file_list(datadescriptor, starttime, ...)</code>	gets the list of files with a time period
<code>get_datatypefields</code>	
<code>get_fieldname_rainbow</code>	
<code>generate_field_name_str(datatype)</code>	Generates a field name in a nice to read format.

4.6 Trajectory

<code>Trajectory(filename[, starttime, endtime])</code>	A class for reading and handling trajectory data from a file.
---	---

4.7 TimeSeries

<code>TimeSeries(desc, timevec[, timeformat])</code>	Holding timeseries data and metadata.
--	---------------------------------------

class `pyrad.io.TimeSeries` (*desc, timevec, timeformat=None*)

Bases: `object`

Holding timeseries data and metadata.

Attributes

<code>description</code>	(array of str) Description of the data of the time series.
<code>time_vector</code>	(array of datetime objects)
<code>timeformat</code>	(how to print the time)
<code>dataseries</code>	(List of <code>_dataSeries</code> object holding the) data

Methods

<code>add_datseries</code> (label, unit, datseries)	Add a new data series to the timeseries object.
<code>plot</code> (fname, label)	Make a figure of a time series
<code>write</code> (fname)	

`__class__`

alias of type

`__delattr__`

Implement delattr(self, name).

`__dict__` = `mappingproxy`(({`__weakref__`': <attribute '`__weakref__`' of '`TimeSeries`' objects>, '`__doc__`': '\n Holding t

`__dir__`() → list

default dir() implementation

`__eq__`

Return self==value.

`__format__`()

default object formatter

`__ge__`

Return self>=value.

`__getattr__`

Return getattr(self, name).

`__gt__`

Return self>value.

`__hash__`

Return hash(self).

`__init__`(*desc*, *timevec*, *timeformat=None*)

Initialize the object.

Parameters *desc* : array of str

tvec : array of datetime

`__le__`

Return self<=value.

`__lt__`

Return self<value.

`__module__` = 'pyrad.io.timeseries'

`__ne__`

Return self!=value.

`__new__`()

Create and return a new object. See help(type) for accurate signature.

`__reduce__`()

helper for pickle

`__reduce_ex__`()

helper for pickle

__repr__

Return repr(self).

__setattr__

Implement setattr(self, name, value).

__sizeof__ () → int

size of object in memory, in bytes

__str__

Return str(self).

__subclasshook__ ()

Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().

This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotImplemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).

__weakref__

list of weak references to the object (if defined)

add_dataserries (*label, unit, dataserries*)

Add a new data series to the timeseries object. The length of the data vector must be the same as the length of the time vector.

plot (*fname, label*)

Make a figure of a time series

write (*fname*)

class pyrad.io.**Trajectory** (*filename, starttime=None, endtime=None*)

Bases: object

A class for reading and handling trajectory data from a file.

Attributes

filename	(str) Path and name of the trajectory definition file
starttime	(datetime) Start time of trajectory processing.
endtime	(datetime) End time of trajectory processing.
time_vector	(Array of datetime objects) Array containing the trajectory time samples
wgs84_lat_deg	(Array of floats) WGS84 latitude samples in radian
wgs84_lon_deg	(Array of floats) WGS84 longitude samples in radian
wgs84_alt_m	(Array of floats) WGS84 altitude samples in m

Methods

<i>add_radar</i> (radar)	Add the coordinates (WGS84 longitude, latitude and non WGS84 altitude) of a radar to the radar_list.
<i>calculate_velocities</i> (radar)	Calculate velocities.
<i>get_end_time</i> ()	Get time of last trajectory sample.
<i>get_samples_in_period</i> ([start, end])	“
<i>get_start_time</i> ()	Get time of first trajectory sample.

```

__class__
    alias of type

__delattr__
    Implement delattr(self, name).

__dict__ = mappingproxy({'add_radar': <function Trajectory.add_radar>, '_get_total_seconds': <function Trajectory.
__dir__ () → list
    default dir() implementation

__eq__
    Return self==value.

__format__ ()
    default object formatter

__ge__
    Return self>=value.

__getattr__
    Return getattr(self, name).

__gt__
    Return self>value.

__hash__
    Return hash(self).

__init__ (filename, starttime=None, endtime=None)
    Initialize the object.

    Parameters filename : str
        Filename containing the trajectory samples.

        starttime : datetime
            Start time of trajectory processing. If not given, use the time of the first trajectory
            sample.

        endtime : datetime
            End time of trajectory processing. If not given, use the time of the last trajectory sample.

__le__
    Return self<=value.

__lt__
    Return self<value.

__module__ = 'pyrad.io.trajectory'

__ne__
    Return self!=value.

__new__ ()
    Create and return a new object. See help(type) for accurate signature.

__reduce__ ()
    helper for pickle

__reduce_ex__ ()
    helper for pickle

```

__repr__

Return repr(self).

__setattr__

Implement setattr(self, name, value).

__sizeof__ () → int

size of object in memory, in bytes

__str__

Return str(self).

__subclasshook__ ()

Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().

This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotImplemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).

__weakref__

list of weak references to the object (if defined)

_convert_traj_to_swissgrid ()

Convert trajectory samples from WGS84 to Swiss CH1903 coordinates

_get_total_seconds (x)

Return total seconds of timedelta object

_read_traj ()

Read trajectory from file

add_radar (radar)

Add the coordinates (WGS84 longitude, latitude and non WGS84 altitude) of a radar to the radar_list.

Parameters radar : pyart radar object

containing the radar coordinates

calculate_velocities (radar)

Calculate velocities.

get_end_time ()

Get time of last trajectory sample.

get_samples_in_period (start=None, end=None)

” Get indices of samples of the trajectory within given time period.

get_start_time ()

Get time of first trajectory sample.

pyrad.io.generate_field_name_str (datatype)

Generates a field name in a nice to read format.

Parameters datatype : str

The data type

Returns field_str : str

The field name

pyrad.io.get_data (voltime, datatypesdescr, cfg)

Reads pyrad input data.

Parameters voltime : datetime object

volume scan time

datatypesdescr : list

list of radar field types to read. Format : [radar file type]:[datatype]

cfg: dictionary of dictionaries

configuration info to figure out where the data is

Returns radar : Radar

radar object

`pyrad.io.get_dataset_fields(datasetdescr)`

splits the dataset type descriptor and provides each individual member

Parameters datasetdescr : str

dataset type. Format : [processing level]:[dataset type]

Returns proclevel : str

dataset processing level

dataset : str

dataset type, i.e. dBZ, ZDR, ISO0, ...

`pyrad.io.get_datatype_fields(datadescriptor)`

splits the data type descriptor and provides each individual member

Parameters datadescriptor : str

radar field type. Format : [radar file type]:[datatype]

Returns radarnr : str

radar number, i.e. RADAR1, RADAR2, ...

datagroup : str

data type group, i.e. RAINBOW, RAD4ALP, CFRADIAL, COSMO, ...

datatype : str

data type, i.e. dBZ, ZDR, ISO0, ...

dataset : str

dataset type (for saved data only)

product : str

product type (for saved data only)

`pyrad.io.get_datetime(fname, datadescriptor)`

gets date and time from file name

Parameters fname : file name

datadescriptor : str

radar field type. Format : [radar file type]:[datatype]

Returns fdatetime : datetime object

date and time in file name

`pyrad.io.get_fieldname_pyart` (*datatype*)

maps de config file radar data type name into the corresponding rainbow Py-ART field name

Parameters `datatype` : str

config file radar data type name

Returns `field_name` : str

Py-ART field name

`pyrad.io.get_file_list` (*datadescriptor, starttime, endtime, cfg, scan=None*)

gets the list of files with a time period

Parameters `datadescriptor` : str

radar field type. Format : [radar file type]:[datatype]

starttime : datetime object

start of time period

endtime : datetime object

end of time period

cfg: dictionary of dictionaries

configuration info to figure out where the data is

scan : str

scan name

Returns `radar` : Radar

radar object

`pyrad.io.get_save_dir` (*basepath, procname, dsname, prdname, timeinfo=None, timeformat='%Y-%m-%d', create_dir=True*)

obtains the path to a product directory and eventually creates it

Parameters `basepath` : str

product base path

procname : str

name of processing space

dsname : str

data set name

prdname : str

product name

timeinfo : datetime

time info to generate the date directory. If None there is no time format in the path

timeformat : str

Optional. The time format.

create_dir : boolean

If True creates the directory

Returns `savedir` : str

path to product

`pyrad.io.get_sensor_data` (*date, datatype, cfg*)

Gets data from a point measurement sensor (rain gauge or disdrometer)

Parameters `date` : datetime object

measurement date

datatype : str

name of the data type to read

cfg : dictionary

dictionary containing sensor information

Returns `sensordate, sensorvalue, label, period` : tuple

date, value, type of sensor and measurement period

`pyrad.io.make_filename` (*prdtype, dstype, dsname, ext, prdcfginfo=None, timeinfo=None, timeformat='%Y%m%d%H%M%S', runinfo=None*)

creates a product file name

Parameters `timeinfo` : datetime

time info to generate the date directory

prdtype : str

product type, i.e. 'ppi', etc.

dstype : str

data set type, i.e. 'raw', etc.

dsname : str

data set name

ext : array of str

file name extensions, i.e. 'png'

prdcfginfo : str

Optional. string to add product configuration information, i.e. 'el0.4'

timeformat : str

Optional. The time format

runinfo : str

Optional. Additional information about the test (e.g. 'RUN01', 'TS011')

Returns `fname_list` : list of str

list of file names (as many as extensions)

`pyrad.io.read_colocated_data` (*fname*)

Reads a csv files containing colocated data

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `rad1_ele, rad1_azl, rad1_rng, rad1_val, rad2_ele, rad2_azl, rad2_rng,`

`rad2_val` : tuple

A tuple with the data read. None otherwise

`pyrad.io.read_colocated_gates(fname)`

Reads a csv files containing the position of colocated gates

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `rad1_ele, rad1_azi, rad1_rng, rad2_ele, rad2_azi, rad2_rng` : tuple

A tuple with the data read. None otherwise

`pyrad.io.read_config(fname, cfg=None)`

Read a pyrad config file.

Parameters `fname` : str

Name of the configuration file to read.

cfg : dict of dicts, optional

dictionary of dictionaries containing configuration parameters where the new parameters will be placed

Returns `cfg` : dict of dicts

dictionary of dictionaries containing the configuration parameters

`pyrad.io.read_disdro_scattering(fname)`

Reads scattering parameters computed from disdrometer data contained in a text file

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `id, date, pressure, temp, rh, precip, wspeed, wdir` : arrays

The read values

`pyrad.io.read_monitoring_ts(fname)`

Reads a monitoring time series contained in a csv file

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `date, np_t, central_quantile, low_quantile, high_quantile` : tuple

The read data. None otherwise

`pyrad.io.read_rad4alp_cosmo(fname, datatype)`

Reads rad4alp COSMO data binary file.

Parameters `fname` : str

name of the file to read

datatype : str

name of the data type

Returns `field` : dictionary

The data field

`pyrad.io.read_rad4alp_vis(fname, datatype)`

Reads rad4alp visibility data binary file.

Parameters **fname** : str

name of the file to read

datatype : str

name of the data type

Returns **field_list** : list of dictionaries

A data field. Each element of the list corresponds to one elevation

`pyrad.io.read_selfconsistency(fname)`

Reads a self-consistency table with Zdr, Kdp/Zh columns

Parameters **fname** : str

path of time series file

Returns **zdr, kdpzh** : arrays

The read values

`pyrad.io.read_smn(fname)`

Reads SwissMetNet data contained in a csv file

Parameters **fname** : str

path of time series file

Returns **id, date, pressure, temp, rh, precip, wspeed, wdir** : tuple

The read values

`pyrad.io.read_solar_flux(fname)`

Reads solar flux data from the DRAO observatory in Canada

Parameters **fname** : str

path of time series file

Returns **flux_datetime** : datetime array

the date and time of the solar flux retrievals

flux_value : array

the observed solar flux

`pyrad.io.read_status(voltime, cfg, ind_rad=0)`

Reads rad4alp xml status file.

Parameters **voltime** : datetime object

volume scan time

cfg: dictionary of dictionaries

configuration info to figure out where the data is

ind_rad: int

radar index

Returns **root** : root element object

The information contained in the status file

`pyrad.io.read_sun_hits(fname)`

Reads sun hits data contained in a csv file

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `date, ray, nrng, rad_el, rad_az, sun_el, sun_az, ph, ph_std, nph, nvalh,`

`pv, pv_std, npv, nvalv, zdr, zdr_std, nzdr, nvalzdr` : tuple

Each parameter is an array containing a time series of information on a variable

`pyrad.io.read_sun_hits_multiple_days` (*cfg, time_ref, nfiles=1*)

Reads sun hits data from multiple file sources

Parameters `cfg` : dict

dictionary with configuration data to find out the right file

time_ref : datetime object

reference time

nfiles : int

number of files to read

Returns `date, ray, nrng, rad_el, rad_az, sun_el, sun_az, ph, ph_std, nph, nvalh,`

`pv, pv_std, npv, nvalv, zdr, zdr_std, nzdr, nvalzdr` : tuple

Each parameter is an array containing a time series of information on a variable

`pyrad.io.read_sun_retrieval` (*fname*)

Reads sun retrieval data contained in a csv file

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `first_hit_time, last_hit_time, nhits_h, el_width_h, az_width_h, el_bias_h,`

`az_bias_h, dBm_sun_est, std_dBm_sun_est, nhits_v, el_width_v, az_width_v,`

`el_bias_v, az_bias_v, dBmv_sun_est, std_dBmv_sun_est, nhits_zdr,`

`zdr_sun_est, std_zdr_sun_est, dBm_sun_ref, ref_time` : tuple

Each parameter is an array containing a time series of information on a variable

`pyrad.io.read_timeseries` (*fname*)

Reads a time series contained in a csv file

Parameters `fname` : str

path of time series file

Returns `date, value` : tuple

A datetime object array containing the time and a numpy masked array containing the value. None otherwise

`pyrad.io.write_colocated_data` (*coloc_data, fname*)

Writes the position of gates colocated with two radars

Parameters `coloc_data` : dict

dictionary containing the colocated data parameters

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

`pyrad.io.write_colocated_gates (coloc_gates, fname)`

Writes the position of gates colocated with two radars

Parameters coloc_gates : dict

dictionary containing the colocated gates parameters

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

`pyrad.io.write_monitoring_ts (start_time, np_t, values, quantiles, datatype, fname)`

writes time series of data

Parameters start_time : datetime object

the time of the monitoring

np_t : int

the total number of points

values: float array

the values at certain quantiles

quantiles: float array

the quantiles computed

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

`pyrad.io.write_sun_hits (sun_hits, fname)`

Writes sun hits data.

Parameters sun_hits : dict

dictionary containing the sun hits parameters

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

`pyrad.io.write_sun_retrieval (sun_retrieval, fname)`

Writes sun retrieval data.

Parameters sun_retrieval : dict

dictionary containing the sun retrieval parameters

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

`pyrad.io.write_ts_polar_data(dataset, fname)`

writes time series of data

Parameters dataset : dict

dictionary containing the time series parameters

fname : str

file name where to store the data

Returns fname : str

the name of the file where data has written

PLOTTING (PYRAD . GRAPH)

Functions to plot graphics.

5.1 Plots

<code>plot_ppi(radar, field_name, ind_el, prdcfg, ...)</code>	plots a PPI
<code>plot_rhi(radar, field_name, ind_az, prdcfg, ...)</code>	plots an RHI
<code>plot_bscope(radar, field_name, ind_sweep, ...)</code>	plots a B-Scope (angle-range representation)
<code>plot_density(hist_obj, hist_type, ..., ...)</code>	density plot (angle-values representation)
<code>plot_cappi(radar, field_name, altitude, ...)</code>	plots a Constant Altitude Plan Position Indicator CAPPI
<code>plot_quantiles(quant, value, fname_list[, ...])</code>	plots quantiles
<code>plot_histogram(bins, values, fname_list[, ...])</code>	computes and plots histogram
<code>plot_histogram2(bins, hist, fname_list[, ...])</code>	plots histogram
<code>plot_timeseries(date, value, fname_list[, ...])</code>	plots a time series
<code>plot_timeseries_comp(date1, value1, date2, ...)</code>	plots 2 time series in the same graph
<code>plot_monitoring_ts(date, np_t, cquant, ...)</code>	plots a time series of monitoring data
<code>plot_sun_hits(field, field_name, fname_list, ...)</code>	plots the sun hits
<code>plot_sun_retrieval_ts(sun_retrieval, ...)</code>	plots a time series
<code>get_colobar_label(field_dict, field_name)</code>	creates the colorbar label using field metadata

`pyrad.graph.get_colobar_label (field_dict, field_name)`
creates the colorbar label using field metadata

Parameters `field_dict` : dict

dictionary containing field metadata

field_name : str

name of the field

Returns `label` : str

colorbar label

`pyrad.graph.plot_bscope (radar, field_name, ind_sweep, prdcfg, fname_list)`
plots a B-Scope (angle-range representation)

Parameters `radar` : Radar object

object containing the radar data to plot

field_name : str

name of the radar field to plot

ind_sweep : int

sweep index to plot

prdcfg : dict

dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_cappi (radar, field_name, altitude, prdcfg, fname_list)`
plots a Constant Altitude Plan Position Indicator CAPPI

Parameters **radar** : Radar object

object containing the radar data to plot

field_name : str

name of the radar field to plot

altitude : float

the altitude [m MSL] to be plotted

prdcfg : dict

dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_density (hist_obj, hist_type, field_name, ind_sweep, prdcfg, fname_list, quantiles=[25.0, 50.0, 75.0], ref_value=0.0)`
density plot (angle-values representation)

Parameters **hist_obj** : histogram object

object containing the histogram data to plot

hist_type : str

type of histogram (instantaneous data or cumulative)

field_name : str

name of the radar field to plot

ind_sweep : int

sweep index to plot

prdcfg : dict

dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

quantiles : array

the quantile lines to plot

ref_value : float

the reference value

Returns fname_list : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_histogram(bins, values, fname_list, labelx='bins', labely='Number of Samples',
titl='histogram')`

computes and plots histogram

Parameters bins : array

histogram bins

values : array

data values

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labely : str

The label of the Y axis

titl : str

The figure title

Returns fname_list : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_histogram2(bins, hist, fname_list, labelx='bins', labely='Number of Samples',
titl='histogram')`

plots histogram

Parameters quant : array

histogram bins

hist : array

values for each bin

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labely : str

The label of the Y axis

titl : str

The figure title

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

```
pyrad.graph.plot_monitoring_ts(date, np_t, cquant, lquant, hquant, field_name, fname_list,
                               ref_value=None, labelx='Time [UTC]', labely='Value',
                               titl='Time Series')
```

plots a time series of monitoring data

Parameters **date** : datetime object

time of the time series

cquant, lquant, hquant : float array

values of the central, low and high quantiles

field_name : str

name of the field

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

ref_value : float

the reference value

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labely : str

The label of the Y axis

titl : str

The figure title

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

```
pyrad.graph.plot_ppi(radar, field_name, ind_el, prdcfg, fname_list, plot_type='PPI', step=None,
                     quantiles=None)
```

plots a PPI

Parameters **radar** : Radar object

object containing the radar data to plot

field_name : str

name of the radar field to plot

ind_el : int

sweep index to plot

prdcfg : dict

dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

plot_type : str
type of plot (PPI, QUANTILES or HISTOGRAM)

step : float
step for histogram plotting

quantiles : float array
quantiles to plot

Returns fname_list : list of str
list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_quantiles(quant, value, fname_list, labelx='quantile', labely='value',
titl='quantile')`
plots quantiles

Parameters quant : array
quantiles to be plotted

value : array
values of each quantile

fname_list : list of str
list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str
The label of the X axis

labely : str
The label of the Y axis

titl : str
The figure title

Returns fname_list : list of str
list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_rhi(radar, field_name, ind_az, prdcfg, fname_list, plot_type='PPI', step=None,
quantiles=None)`
plots an RHI

Parameters radar : Radar object
object containing the radar data to plot

field_name : str
name of the radar field to plot

ind_az : int
sweep index to plot

prdcfg : dict
dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str
list of names of the files where to store the plot

plot_type : str
type of plot (PPI, QUANTILES or HISTOGRAM)

step : float
step for histogram plotting

quantiles : float array
quantiles to plot

Returns fname_list : list of str
list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_scatter` (*bins1, bins2, hist_2d, field_name1, field_name2, fname_list, prdcfg, meta-*
data=None)
2D histogram

Parameters bins1, bins2 : float array2
the bins of each field

hist_2d : ndarray 2D
the 2D histogram

field_name1, field_name2 : str
the names of each field

fname_list : list of str
list of names of the files where to store the plot

prdcfg : dict
product configuration dictionary

metadata : str
a string with metadata to write in the plot

Returns fname_list : list of str
list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_sun_hits` (*field, field_name, fname_list, prdcfg*)
plots the sun hits

Parameters radar : Radar object
object containing the radar data to plot

field_name : str
name of the radar field to plot

altitude : float
the altitude [m MSL] to be plotted

prdcfg : dict
dictionary containing the product configuration

fname_list : list of str
list of names of the files where to store the plot

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_sun_retrieval_ts` (*sun_retrieval, data_type, fname_list*)
plots a time series

Parameters **date** : datetime object

time of the time series

value : float array

values of the time series

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labeledy : str

The label of the Y axis

label1 : str

The label of the legend

titl : str

The figure title

period : float

measurement period in seconds used to compute accumulation. If 0 no accumulation is computed

Returns **fname_list** : list of str

list of names of the created plots

`pyrad.graph.plot_timeseries` (*date, value, fname_list, labelx='Time [UTC]', labeledy='Value', label1='Sensor', titl='Time Series', period=0, timeformat=None*)
plots a time series

Parameters **date** : datetime object

time of the time series

value : float array

values of the time series

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labeledy : str

The label of the Y axis

label1 : str

The label of the legend

titl : str

The figure title

period : float

measurement period in seconds used to compute accumulation. If 0 no accumulation is computed

timeformat : str

Specifies the date and time format on the x axis

Returns fname_list : list of str

list of names of the created plots

```
pyrad.graph.plot_timeseries_comp(date1, value1, date2, value2, fname_list, labelx='Time  
[UTC]', labely='Value', label1='Sensor 1', label2='Sensor  
2', titl='Time Series Comparison', period1=0, period2=0)
```

plots 2 time series in the same graph

Parameters date1 : datetime object

time of the first time series

value1 : float array

values of the first time series

date2 : datetime object

time of the second time series

value2 : float array

values of the second time series

fname_list : list of str

list of names of the files where to store the plot

labelx : str

The label of the X axis

labely : str

The label of the Y axis

label1, label2 : str

legend label for each time series

titl : str

The figure title

period1, period2 [float] measurement period in seconds used to compute accumulation. If 0 no accumulation is computed

Returns fname_list : list of str

list of names of the created plots

UTILITIES (PYRAD . UTIL)

Functions to read and write data and configuration files.

6.1 Radar Utilities

<i>get_range_bins_to_avg</i> (rad1_rng, rad2_rng)	Compares the resolution of two radars and determines if and which radar
<i>find_ray_index</i> (ele_vec, azi_vec, ele, azi[, ...])	Find the ray index corresponding to a particular elevation and azimuth
<i>find_rng_index</i> (rng_vec, rng[, rng_tol])	Find the range index corresponding to a particular range
<i>time_avg_range</i> (timeinfo, avg_starttime, ...)	finds the new start and end time of an averaging
<i>get_closest_solar_flux</i> (hit_datetime_list, ...)	finds the solar flux measurement closest to the sun hit
<i>create_sun_hits_field</i> (rad_el, rad_az, ...)	creates a sun hits field from the position and power of the sun hits
<i>create_sun_retrieval_field</i> (par, imgcfg)	creates a sun retrieval field from the retrieval parameters
<i>compute_quantiles</i> (field[, quantiles])	computes quantiles
<i>compute_quantiles_from_hist</i> (bins, hist[, ...])	computes quantiles from histograms
<i>compute_quantiles_sweep</i> (field, ray_start, ...)	computes quantiles of a particular sweep
<i>compute_2d_hist</i> (field1, field2, field_name1, ...)	computes histogram of the data
<i>compute_2d_stats</i> (field1, field2, ...[, ...])	computes histogram of the data
<i>compute_histogram</i> (field, field_name[, step])	computes histogram of the data
<i>compute_histogram_sweep</i> (field, ray_start, ...)	computes histogram of the data in a particular sweep

`pyrad.util.compute_2d_hist` (*field1, field2, field_name1, field_name2, step1=None, step2=None*)
computes histogram of the data

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

field_name: str

name of the field

step : float

size of bin

Returns **bins** : float array

interval of each bin

values : float array

values at each bin

`pyrad.util.compute_2d_stats` (*field1, field2, field_name1, field_name2, step1=None, step2=None*)
computes histogram of the data

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

field_name: str

name of the field

step : float

size of bin

Returns **bins** : float array

interval of each bin

values : float array

values at each bin

`pyrad.util.compute_histogram` (*field, field_name, step=None*)
computes histogram of the data

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

field_name: str

name of the field

step : float

size of bin

Returns **bins** : float array

interval of each bin

values : float array

values at each bin

`pyrad.util.compute_histogram_sweep` (*field, ray_start, ray_end, field_name, step=None*)
computes histogram of the data in a particular sweep

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

ray_start, ray_end : int

starting and ending ray indexes

field_name: str

name of the field

step : float

size of bin

Returns **bins** : float array

interval of each bin

values : float array

values at each bin

`pyrad.util.compute_quantiles` (*field, quantiles=None*)
computes quantiles

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

ray_start, ray_end : int

starting and ending ray indexes

quantiles: float array

list of quantiles to compute

Returns **quantiles** : float array

list of quantiles

values : float array

values at each quantile

`pyrad.util.compute_quantiles_from_hist` (*bins, hist, quantiles=None*)
computes quantiles from histograms

Parameters **bins** : ndarray 1D

the bins

hist : ndarray 1D

the histogram

quantiles: float array

list of quantiles to compute

Returns **quantiles** : float array

list of quantiles

values : float array

values at each quantile

`pyrad.util.compute_quantiles_sweep` (*field, ray_start, ray_end, quantiles=None*)
computes quantiles of a particular sweep

Parameters **field** : ndarray 2D

the radar field

ray_start, ray_end : int

starting and ending ray indexes

quantiles: float array

list of quantiles to compute

Returns **quantiles** : float array

list of quantiles

values : float array

values at each quantile

`pyrad.util.create_sun_hits_field(rad_el, rad_az, sun_el, sun_az, data, imgcfg)`
creates a sun hits field from the position and power of the sun hits

Parameters `rad_el, rad_az, sun_el, sun_az` : ndarray 1D

azimuth and elevation of the radar and the sun respectively in degree

data : masked ndarray 1D

the sun hit data

imgcfg: dict

a dictionary specifying the ranges and resolution of the field to create

Returns `field` : masked ndarray 2D

the sun hit field

`pyrad.util.create_sun_retrieval_field(par, imgcfg)`
creates a sun retrieval field from the retrieval parameters

Parameters `par` : ndarray 1D

the 5 retrieval parameters

imgcfg: dict

a dictionary specifying the ranges and resolution of the field to create

Returns `field` : masked ndarray 2D

the sun retrieval field

`pyrad.util.find_ray_index(ele_vec, azi_vec, ele, azi, ele_tol=0.0, azi_tol=0.0)`
Find the ray index corresponding to a particular elevation and azimuth

Parameters `ele_vec, azi_vec` : float arrays

The elevation and azimuth data arrays where to look for

ele, azi : floats

The elevation and azimuth to search

ele_tol, azi_tol : floats

Tolerances [deg]

Returns `ind_ray` : int

The ray index

`pyrad.util.find_rng_index(rng_vec, rng, rng_tol=0.0)`
Find the range index corresponding to a particular range

Parameters `rng_vec` : float array

The range data array where to look for

rng : float

The range to search

rng_tol : float

Tolerance [m]

Returns `ind_rng` : int

The range index

`pyrad.util.get_closest_solar_flux` (*hit_datetime_list, flux_datetime_list, flux_value_list*)

finds the solar flux measurement closest to the sun hit

Parameters `hit_datetime_list` : datetime array

the date and time of the sun hit

`flux_datetime_list` : datetime array

the date and time of the solar flux measurement

`flux_value_list`: ndarray 1D

the solar flux values

Returns `flux_datetime_closest_list` : datetime array

the date and time of the solar flux measurement closest to sun hit

`flux_value_closest_list` : ndarray 1D

the solar flux values closest to the sun hit time

`pyrad.util.get_range_bins_to_avg` (*rad1_rng, rad2_rng*)

Compares the resolution of two radars and determines if and which radar has to be averaged and the length of the averaging window

Parameters `rad1_rng` : array

the range of radar 1

`rad2_rng` : datetime

the range of radar 2

Returns `avg_rad1, avg_rad2` : Boolean

Booleans specifying if the radar data has to be average in range

`avg_rad_lim` : array with two elements

the limits to the average (centered on each range gate)

`pyrad.util.time_avg_range` (*timeinfo, avg_starttime, avg_endtime, period*)

finds the new start and end time of an averaging

Parameters `timeinfo` : datetime

the current volume time

`avg_starttime` : datetime

the current average start time

`avg_endtime`: datetime

the current average end time

`period`: float

the averaging period

Returns `new_starttime` : datetime

the new average start time

new_endtime : datetime

the new average end time

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