

Catch up: Israel moves further into Lebanon; Russia's drone attack on Ukraine



Israel killed around 15 members of Hizbullah, an [Iran-backed militia](#), in Bint Jbeil, a town in southern Lebanon, according to the Israel Defence Forces. Earlier, the IDF bombed central [Beirut](#), hitting a medical centre belonging to the Islamic Health Organisation and killing *nine* people, according to **Lebanon's** health ministry. Heavy air raids were heard in Bekaa valley, a region in eastern Lebanon. Over the past ten days, Israel has hit over 3,600 Hizbullah-linked targets, according to the IDF.

Russia launched a major drone attack on 15 [Ukrainian regions](#), causing widespread damage to power lines. Thousands of people are without electricity. Ukraine's air force said it shot down 78 of 105 Russian drones during the assault. On Wednesday Russian troops seized control of Vuhledar, a strategically-located town in eastern Ukraine.

The **European Commission** sued **Hungary** over a “national sovereignty” law, arguing that it [violates the bloc’s](#) democratic values and fundamental rights. The rules will send groups that accept foreign funds for political causes to prison. The government also wants to establish a new “Sovereignty Protection Office” to investigate people who are undermining the country’s “national identity”.

Libya resumed oil production more than a month after halting operations. Production had ground to a halt due to a clash between the country’s administrations over who should become governor of the [central bank](#). The move will help stabilise global oil markets, which are bracing for a supply shock amid growing conflict in the Middle East. Oil prices have risen by around 6% since Monday.

David Lammy, Britain’s foreign secretary, landed in Dublin. The first foreign secretary to visit **Ireland** since 2017, his visit is part of the government’s plan to [reset ties](#) between Britain and Europe. Mr Lammy also wants to cooperate with Ireland in areas like tackling climate change. He will meet Ireland’s deputy prime minister, Micheál Martin, and other senior officials.

Britain is handing over sovereignty of the **Chagos Islands** to **Mauritius**. The remote archipelago is strategically important. It houses a British-American military base on one of its islands, Diego Garcia, which Britain will retain control of. The deal, which promises to “address wrongs of the past”, will enable islanders who were [forcibly displaced](#) decades ago to return home.

The speaker of **Georgia’s** parliament signed a bill into law that severely curtails LGBT+ rights in the country. The bill includes bans on same-sex marriages and adoptions, gender-affirming care, and depictions of LGBT+ relationships in the media. The announcement comes ahead of [high-stakes parliamentary elections](#) later this month.

Figure of the day: 200,000, the number of bikes that were reported stolen in England and Wales last year. Though the real number is probably much higher. [Read the full story.](#)

Fight and flight of the climate ministers



Having just wrapped up the United Nations General Assembly in New York, the climate and environment ministers of the G20 will fly to Brazil to prepare for another major meeting. They will seek to lay the groundwork for their next summit in Rio de Janeiro on November 18th-19th—an event that coincides with COP29, the United Nations climate conference, in Azerbaijan.

That gives ministers several long-distance flights to mull the environmental priorities laid down by Brazil, which has the G20 presidency, such as strengthening responses to extreme weather events and creating mechanisms to pay for “ecosystem services” (such as the carbon sequestered by the [Amazon rainforest](#)). Brazil’s environmentally-minded president, [Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva](#), is determined not to let other concerns get in the way. That includes war. In New York he argued that the money needed to fight climate change should be taken from the more than \$2trn that the world’s militaries spend each year.

A turn in the global housing cycle



As central bankers cut interest rates, mortgages are becoming cheaper. Data due on Thursday are expected to show that the rate on a fixed, 30-year mortgage in America is down by more than 1.5 percentage points from its ten-year peak of 7.8% in October 2023. But that doesn't mean housing is getting cheaper. House prices are rising by roughly 5% a year.

There is reason to believe that house prices will [continue to drift upwards](#), and not just in America. Housebuilding remains extremely weak by historical standards, limiting new supply. Despite the hype over working from home, cities are back, with a large share of new jobs being created in urban centres. And high levels of immigration to the rich world are stoking demand. There are ups and downs, of course. But nothing seems able to stop the global housing juggernaut.

A “pro-peace” rally in Germany



October 3rd, the Day of German Unity, is a celebratory moment for a country cleaved in two until 1990. But a controversial “peace demonstration” in Berlin on Thursday may spoil the day for some. The event will attract Germans sceptical about their government’s military support for Ukraine, as well as its recent agreement to host [long-range American missiles](#). The participation of MPs from Germany’s ruling Social Democrats has upset Ukraine-backers; some worry that the country’s most important European ally could waver.

The march will be modest by historical standards: an expected turnout of 25,000 is a far cry from the million-plus who filled West German streets in the peace marches of the 1980s. But it will be a reminder that not all Germans are pro-Ukraine. One of the event’s stars will be [Sahra Wagenknecht](#), leader of a new “left-conservative” party that in recent state elections in Germany’s east campaigned hard against aid for Ukraine—and is now heading for government there.

The politics of pollution in India



Delhi's annual battle with pollution is becoming a real fight. Earlier this year officials deployed “anti-smog” guns to clear the air, which gets especially filthy in winter. But India's Supreme Court thinks that the Commission for Air Quality Management, a [pollution-control agency](#) launched in 2021, is not doing enough—last week judges said it had turned a blind eye to farmers burning stubble, contributing to poor air quality. On Thursday the CAQM will file its response to the court.

Since the rebuke, the agency has deployed “flying squads” to curb fires at farms in Haryana, a neighbouring state, and Punjab, next door but one. But the CAQM's mandate to co-ordinate the work of various agencies has become hostage to local politics. The Aam Aadmi Party, which runs Delhi and Punjab, has long clashed with the Bharatiya Janata Party, which governs Haryana. State elections in Haryana later this week will only make the rivalry more acute.

Australia's fearsome female cricketers



Can anyone stop Australia? In women's Twenty20 cricket, Australia have been utterly dominant, winning six of the eight World Cups since the tournament began in 2009. The 2024 event begins on Thursday in the UAE, to which it moved because of political unrest in Bangladesh.

Australia are again a strong side, featuring Alyssa Healy as captain and Ellyse Perry, an all-rounder. Grace Harris adds the power to the middle order and Darcie Brown bowls at express pace. Spin-bowlers Sophie Molineux and Georgia Wareham should also prosper on pitches that will turn.

England and India will try to knock down Australia. England have Sophie Ecclestone, the world's best spinner, but their aggressive batting is a risky approach in unfamiliar conditions. This could be [India's time](#). They have never won the competition but they have a calm captain in Harmanpreet Kaur, explosive batting from Jemimah Rodrigues and an abundance of spin bowling.

Daily quiz



The Economist

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Wednesday: What do the Olympic rings represent?

Thursday: Which US national monument was originally dedicated on October 28th, 1886?

200,000

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**Any fool can make something complicated.
It takes a genius to make it simple.**

Woody Guthrie