The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter

Donald Trump said he would call **Vladimir Putin** on Monday, in an effort to end the "bloodbath" in Ukraine. Talks between Ukraine and Russia last week in **Turkey** proved mostly fruitless, after Mr Putin decided to swerve them. Within hours of their completion, Russia hit a civilian bus with a drone in Ukraine, reportedly killing nine people.

Ceasefire talks between **Israel** and **Hamas** resumed in Qatar as the Israeli army pounded Gaza with deadly strikes. The bombings killed at least 58 people overnight, bringing the death toll to over 300 since Thursday. Israel began mobilising more troops. Hamas's negotiators said that the new round of indirect talks was "without pre-conditions".

Two people died and at least 22 were injured after a Mexican navy tall ship crashed into **Brooklyn Bridge** in New York. Some of the ship's masts snapped, falling onto deck. Officials said a mechanical problem on the *ARM Cuauhtémoc* was probably to blame. The busy bridge has since reopened.

Taiwan safely shut its last nuclear reactor, which had generated around 3% of the country's electricity. But the island state is debating bringing atomic power back into the mix as it fears China might disrupt its mostly imported power supply. Blackouts have plagued the island. This week lawmakers revised legislation that could pave the way to switch the reactors back on.

Liberal campaigners accused **Romania's** government of censorship ahead of a presidential election re-run on Sunday. The country's constitutional court annulled the initial vote in November on suspicion of Russian meddling in favour of one candidate. But

campaigners argue that measures to prevent online disinformation have gone too far. Since their introduction on April 4th, more than 4,000 orders to remove content have been issued.

"EAT THE TARIFFS" was Mr Trump's advice for **Walmart**, the world's largest grocer, after it announced that it would soon raise prices in response to the global levies served up by his administration. Walmart's boss had called these "too high" and warned that it would need to defend its narrow margins. The president suggested the blame was misplaced as the retailer made "billions of dollars" last year.

Austria won the **Eurovision song contest**, a wildly popular continental pop competition taking place in Switzerland. "Wasted Love", sung by JJ, had been behind Israel's entry until the final vote of the evening. Staff thwarted protestors who tried to disrupt the performance of Israel's song by Yuval Raphael, a survivor of the Hamas attacks of October 7th 2023.

Word of the week: *amphidromia*, an ancient Greek ceremony during which the father decided whether to keep a baby, or abandon it on a hillside. It's better being a dad now. Read the full story.



Photograph: Reuters

Another Arab League gabfest

The Arab League will convene in Baghdad, Iraq's capital, on Saturday for a summit focusing on Gaza. It comes after a week in which hundreds of Palestinians have been killed by Israel's ferocious bombardment of the enclave. Arab leaders will surely demand a ceasefire and the entry of aid: Israel has blockaded Gaza since March 2nd and food is running out. But their repeated denunciations will do little to influence Israel.

Even if the summit itself is repetitious, the guest list has provided some drama. Ahmed al-Sharaa, the Syrian president, had been invited but decided to skip the event because of threats from pro-Iranian militias in Iraq. His foreign minister will attend instead. Iran is still bitter about the fall of Syria's dictator, Bashar al-Assad, a longtime ally, in December. Mr Sharaa had better things to do this week anyway: his meeting with Donald Trump in Riyadh was far more productive than an Arab League gabfest.



Photograph: Getty Images

AI's human side

From toning down harsh accents to shunning cutlery in favour of finger food, humans frequently adapt to match the company they are in. It seems that large language models, which attempt to replicate human conversation using artificial intelligence, do the same, according to a new study.

Researchers from Britain and Europe put 24 popular LLMS into repeated conversations with one another. They found that AI agents quickly formed universally accepted conventions (such as agreeing on specific words) without explicit instructions to do so.

But fitting in can cause problems. Collective biases quickly emerged in some of the groups. At's interactions can also be swiftly thrown off-track: a minority group of intentionally disruptive At agents could alter established conventions, provided they reached a critical proportion, sometimes as low as 2%. The findings show how human-like the technology is, the academics say—and how easily it can be swayed.



Photograph: AP

The new realities of women's basketball

The Women's National Basketball Association returns this weekend for its 2025 season. The wnba is going through a period of rapid transformation. In 2024 total attendance at matches rose by 48%, social-media video views jumped by more than 400% and merchandise sales soared by 600%.

The league's growing profile is changing things on the court. The owners of New York Liberty, the reigning champions, are spending \$80m on a new training facility in Brooklyn; a similar amount is going toward a complex in Indianapolis. But not everyone is on board with the rising investment required to keep a team competitive. Last year fans were outraged to learn that the Connecticut Sun shared their practice court with a two-year-old's birthday party. This week reports emerged that the team's owners, the Mohegan Tribe, are considering selling the franchise. Having bought the Sun for \$10m in 2003, they are in line to make a tidy profit: last year the team was valued at \$80m.



Photograph: Getty Images

The Eurovision song contest returns

In 1956, as Elvis Presley flogged "Heartbreak Hotel" across America, Switzerland held the first ever Eurovision song contest. Its entry—Lys Assia's French-language ballad, "Refrain"—was hardly rock'n'roll. But it won. These days, the winning country gets to host the next year's competition. Unluckily for the Swiss, that rule was introduced in 1958. They had to wait until 1989 to throw the party and announce the winner on live TV. (Céline Dion, with another ballad in French, was the 1988 champion.)

On Saturday they will have the honour again. At the final in Basel Switzerland will cheer on a gentle French tune. That may be a good tactic, going by the country's past winners. But the favourite for 2025, according to Spotify, is Sweden, which shares with Ireland the record for the most Eurovision wins (seven). For the outright lead and musical bragging rights, Sweden will field three male vocalists, an accordion and a song about saunas.



Photograph: eyevine

Weekend profile: Casey Means, the nominee for America's surgeon general embracing the "woo"

"Women are lunar beings who exist on a 28-day moon cycle, inherently reflecting the cycles and patterns of the cosmos." So said Casey Means, Donald Trump's nominee to be America's surgeon general, after she watched the Disney movie "Moana". Yet, she continued in her weekly newsletter, the modern world "rejects, even demonises," these cycles: "it demands constant productivity, endless yang energy, and punishing speed."

In some respects, Dr Means is typical of Donald Trump's appointees. She lacks some conventional credentials. The 37-year-old does not have an active medical licence. She graduated from Stanford Medical School and embarked on a five-year residency to train as a surgeon. But she quit just months before finishing. Mr Trump has even said he does not know much about her.

In interviews and a best-selling book, "Good Energy", Dr Means has recounted a classic Make America Healthy Again (MAHA)

awakening. She describes a dawning realisation "that every institution that impacts health—from medical schools to insurance companies to hospitals to pharma companies—makes money on 'managing' disease, not curing patients".

Her brother, Calley Means, with whom she wrote the book, has said he quit lobbying for the food industry after a similar Damascene conversion. He is now a senior adviser to Robert F. Kennedy junior, the MAHA poobah who is secretary of health and human services. On Mr Kennedy's recommendation, Mr Trump nominated Dr Means on May 7th after credentials claimed by his previous nominee came under challenge. She must be confirmed by the Senate.

After giving up her residency, Dr Means embarked on a search for the underlying reasons for why people get sick. It led her to conclude that "everything is connected". She warns that rising rates of all sorts of maladies, from cancer to Alzheimer's to erectile dysfunction, stem from plastics and chemicals in the food chain, over-medication, needless surgery, bad lifestyle choices and disregard of nature.

Dr Means, who co-founded a company to help people monitor their glucose levels, has built a career as a wellness adviser, recommending dietary supplements, skincare products and other choices. She has called vaccine mandates "criminal" and the childhood vaccine schedule "insane". But some MAHA adherents, suspicious that Mr Kennedy is prioritising food quality over the anti-vaccine policies they long for, find her scepticism too mild.

When it comes to overseeing Americans' health, the post of surgeon general, once significant, is a vestigial organ. What authority it has left is not regulatory but hortatory. Mr Trump could do worse than appoint someone concerned that Americans take too many pills and eat too much lousy food, or even that society puts quarterly profits ahead of "sustainable living". But Democrats

should worry that Mr Trump, having already co-opted some of their economic policies and their working-class constituency, may make off with their yin energy, too.

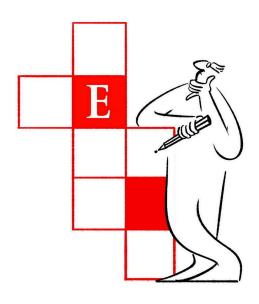


Illustration: The Economist

Mini crossword

We now publish an interactive edition of our crossword twice a week, allowing you to enter and check the answers, and see explanations, instantly. Try it here. Or, if you prefer to do things the old-fashioned way, use the grid below.

Our crossword has two sets of clues, one for seasoned cruciverbalists and the other for less experienced solvers. Both give the same answers, all of which feature in articles in this week's edition of *The Economist*:

Cryptic clues

1 down Fair or incorrect? Crime without limit, only this moves Donald Trump (3,5,3)

1 across In part to outflank a rascal, Zelensky headed here (6)

2 across Far out! Before a beer, Pakistan soldiers claimed they downed this (6)

3 across A dedication to European science, perhaps (6)

Factual clues

1 down Presidential plane at the centre of a corruption storm (3,5,3)

1 across The city in which Volodymyr Zelensky met Recep Tayyip Erdogan this week (6)

2 across French-made warplane that Pakistan claims to have shot down (6)

3 across A tribute to someone who died (6)

Email all four answers, along with your home city and country, by 9am GMT on Monday to . We will pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners in next week's edition.

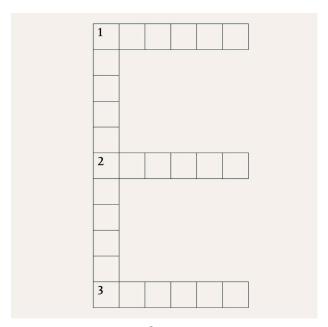


Image: The Economist



Illustration: The Economist

The winners of this week's quiz

Jaci Noel, Phoenix, Arizona, United States

Hélène Tremblay, Gatineau, Canada

Carlos Sangil, Madrid, Spain

They all gave the correct answers of Bonnie Prince Charlie, Giant, Fox News, a peach and Waltzing Matilda. The theme is books by Roald Dahl: Charlie and the Chocolate Factory, the BFG (Big Friendly Giant), Fantastic Mr Fox, James and the Giant Peach and Matilda.

The questions were:

Monday: What popular nickname was attached to the member of the Stuart family who led the Jacobite rebellion in Britain in 1745?

Tuesday: What was the last film made by James Dean before he was killed in a car crash?

Wednesday: Roger Ailes was the long-term head of which cable news network?

Thursday: The state of Georgia has a nickname associated with which fruit?

Friday: Which traditional Australian song begins with the line "Once a jolly swagman camped by a billabong"?

Although this may seem a paradox, all exact science is dominated by the idea of approximation.

Bertrand Russell