Catch up: Breakthrough in Gaza ceasefire talks; DoJ had "sufficient" evidence to convict Trump



President Joe Biden said that a ceasefire deal in **Gaza** was on "the brink" of being finalised. On Monday Qatar, which is hosting talks, presented Hamas and Israel with a final draft, according to Reuters. Mr Biden said that under the agreement Hamas would free hostages and fighting would be paused to allow "significantly" more humanitarian aid to reach Palestinians. Negotiations are set to resume on Tuesday.

America's Department of Justice had "sufficient" evidence to convict **Donald Trump** in a trial for seeking to overturn the 2020 presidential election, according to Jack Smith, the special counsel who led the case. Mr Trump's election victory in 2024 made prosecution impossible. The DoJ delivered Mr Smith's final report on the case to Congress in the early hours of Tuesday.

America's National Weather Service issued its most serious **fire** warning for parts of the counties of **Los Angeles** and Ventura, as

winds were forecast to pick up again, intensifying the blazes. At least 24 people have died in the disaster, which California's governor, Gavin Newsom, said could be the costliest in America's history.

Mute Egede, **Greenland's** prime minister, said his country was willing to work more closely with **America** on issues such as mining and defence. But he insisted that any use of the territory's land was "Greenland's business". Donald Trump wants America to take control of Greenland, which is rich in rare-earth minerals and untapped oil reserves.

Cleveland-Cliffs and Nucor, two American steelmakers, reportedly agreed to launch a joint bid for US Steel. Under the plan Cleveland-Cliffs would acquire all of US Steel before selling the struggling firm's Big River Steel unit to Nucor. The offer would probably be significantly lower than the \$14bn bid by Nippon Steel, which the Biden administration blocked earlier this month, citing national-security concerns.

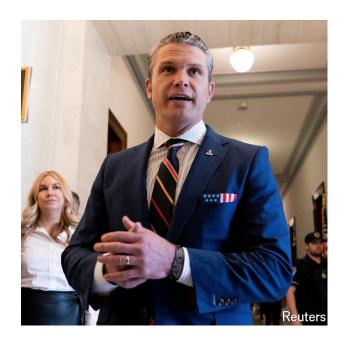
At least 40 farmers were killed over the weekend in **Nigeria's** north-eastern Borno state after venturing beyond designated safe zones, officials said on Monday. Authorities suspect the attackers belong to Boko Haram, a militant group, as well as a Nigerian IS affiliate. The attacks on farmers are aggravating a hunger crisis in Borno, which was also hit by floods last autumn.

Spain's government said it would impose a 100% tax on **property** bought by non-residents from countries outside the European Union. Pedro Sánchez, the prime minister, announced the levy as part of a plan to tackle a "grave" housing crisis. Mr Sánchez gave no details for the proposal. Spaniards, like many people across Europe, are angry about rising costs.

Figure of the day: 60%, the share of Greenlanders who support closer co-operation with America, according to a survey from

December. Read the full story.

Will Pete Hegseth run the Pentagon?



On Tuesday American senators will grill Pete Hegseth, Donald Trump's nominee to be secretary of defence, in a confirmation hearing. The Fox News presenter and former platoon leader is a controversial choice. He has been accused of frequent drunkenness, sexually assaulting a woman and cheating on his wife. Mr Hegseth denies the first two claims.

The FBI has spent weeks probing his life and recently briefed the two ranking members of the Senate Armed Services Committee on its findings. Richard Blumenthal, a Democratic senator, though not privy to that briefing, said that he had seen other "damning" information. Nevertheless, John Thune, the Senate's (Republican) majority leader, is thought to have told Mr Trump that his nominee will probably win enough votes to take up the role. If confirmed, Mr Hegseth would be perhaps the most inexperienced man ever to run the Pentagon, one of the largest and most important departments in the federal government.

South Korea's impeachment drama



The impeachment trial of Yoon Suk Yeol, South Korea's president, began on Tuesday. In December Mr Yoon briefly imposed martial law but retreated because of public pressure and resistance from the country's parliament. Lawmakers swiftly impeached him. But the Constitutional Court must uphold their decision for it to stand. The court has 180 days to rule, but may move quickly given the urgency of the case. The first five hearings have been scheduled over the next three weeks. Mr Yoon is also fighting separate criminal charges of insurrection.

Investigators tried to arrest him at the presidential residence on January 3rd, but the presidential security service, which has remained loyal to Mr Yoon, stopped them. Mr Yoon's lawyers contend that the arrest warrant is illegal, but police are expected to try to enforce it again, perhaps as early as this week. Mr Yoon did not attend Tuesday's hearing, which ended after four minutes, reportedly for fear that he could be arrested.

Bayrou lays out his plans



France's prime minister outlines his government's plans to the National Assembly on Tuesday. The most urgent task facing François Bayrou, a 73-year-old centrist appointed by President Emmanuel Macron on December 13th, is drafting a budget for 2025. He is expected to pursue a less ambitious deficit-cutting programme than did his predecessor, Michel Barnier. The former prime minister hoped to reduce the budget deficit from 6.1% of GDP in 2024 to 5% in 2025; Mr Bayrou is expected to aim for closer to 5.5%.

Yet Mr Bayrou is running a minority government, and needs to broaden parliamentary support to get the budget through and avoid losing a no-confidence vote. If he is to secure the support of Socialists, as he hopes, he may have to raise taxes on the rich and on businesses—as well as renegotiate Mr Macron's pension reform, which raised the minimum retirement age from 62 to 64.

Dangers ahead for Milei



During his first year as Argentina's president Javier Milei slashed public spending and regulation. The results have been encouraging. Monthly inflation was 2.4% in November, its lowest level in more than four years. Figures released on Tuesday are expected to show that the rate rose slightly in December, but remained under 3%. Meanwhile the annual inflation rate is expected to fall to around 118%, from 166% in November. Economic growth is also expected to pick up in the last quarter of 2024.

Mr Milei's second year, however, could be more difficult. The government has signalled it will try to lift currency controls, though the president recently said it must first secure an \$11bn loan from the IMF and private banks to bolster the central bank's reserves. Lifting the restrictions could push up inflation ahead of mid-term elections in October, in which Mr Milei hopes to boost his party's position in Congress—and so make it easier to pass further reforms.

Pope Francis's second chapter



The publisher calls it "the first autobiography in history to be written by a pope". That is debatable. Pope Francis's "Life: My Story through History" appeared last year. It focused on the world events through which he has lived. The new book—"Hope", published on Tuesday—is more intimate. It includes descriptions of the sometimes-violent neighbourhood of Buenos Aires where he grew up. Advance extracts reveal that two of his schoolmates committed killings.

Francis apparently planned for "Hope" to be published after his death. But factors such as this year's jubilee, a period of celebration for the church, persuaded him to become the first pope to publish two autobiographies. It remains to be seen whether the book will shed further light on his leadership of Argentina's Jesuits during the country's military dictatorship. Suggestions that he failed to protect two Jesuits who were kidnapped and tortured have long provoked controversy. Francis has denied the claims.

Daily quiz



The Economist

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 GMT on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Tuesday: Which town in north-east England on the river Wear is home to a prestigious university and has a castle, and cathedral, that are UNESCO world heritage sites?

Monday: Sigmund Freud's book "Die Traumdeutung" is generally known in English by what title?

It is certain, in any case, that ignorance, allied with power, is the most ferocious enemy justice can have.

James Baldwin