

## The world in brief, July 13th 2024



An Israeli strike on Khan Younis, a city in southern **Gaza**, killed at least 71 people and injured 289 more, according to the enclave's Hamas-run health ministry. Israel said that [Muhammad Deif](#), the Islamist group's military commander—and the man responsible for planning the attacks on Israel on October 7th—was the target. It is not yet clear whether he was killed.

At a rally in Detroit, **Joe Biden** told chanting supporters that he was “not going anywhere”. Meanwhile Hakeem Jeffries, the Democratic leader in the House of Representatives, revealed that he had met Mr Biden on Thursday to convey the “full breadth... [of] perspectives” held by his 213-member caucus. He declined to say whether he thought the president should quit. That day Mr Biden delivered a [closely watched press conference](#) during which he combined verbal gaffes with a firm grasp of foreign policy. Nearly two dozen House Democrats have called for him to step aside.

**Meta** said it would remove all [restrictions](#) on **Donald Trump's** Facebook and Instagram accounts. The social-media company first

suspended the former president shortly after the Capitol riot in 2021, and his accounts remained limited after he regained access to them last February. Meta said it believes that the “American people should be able to hear from the nominees for president”.

**Pakistan** reached a deal with the International Monetary Fund for a 37-month loan, worth \$7bn. The agreement will now go to the IMF’s executive board, which will probably approve it. To reach the deal, Shehbaz Sharif, the prime minister, pushed through a series of unpopular reforms, including high taxes. Pakistan has suffered one of Asia’s [worst financial crises](#).

**AT&T**, an American [telecommunications company](#), said that nearly 110m people—virtually all of its cellular clientele—were affected by a **cyber-attack** that exposed customers’ phone records but not the content of calls or texts. The incident, the second the firm has disclosed this year, largely took place over the course of more than a week in April. The Department of Justice is investigating.

An **Ecuadorian** court sentenced five men convicted of murdering Fernando Villavicencio, a presidential candidate in last year’s election—two to 34 years’ imprisonment and three to 12 years. Villavicencio, a journalist who reported on organised crime, was shot while leaving a rally. Prosecutors said at least two of the killers were members of “Los Lobos” (“The Wolves”), a criminal gang.

Colorado’s health department said that three workers culling poultry at a farm in the state were presumed to have **avian influenza**, after preliminary tests. During the current outbreak of bird flu, a handful of other cases in humans had previously been reported. The H5N1 strain now circulating has also infected [hundreds of mammals](#), including dairy cows, raising concern about transmission to humans.

**Word of the week:** RuWiki, the Kremlin's project to rewrite Wikipedia. [Read the full story.](#)

*In the run-up to America's presidential election, we've launched The US in brief—a daily update to help you keep on top of the political stories that matter. Sign up here to receive it as a newsletter, each weekday, in your inbox.*

# India's biggest-ever wedding



[The Ambanis](#), who run Reliance Industries, a giant Indian conglomerate, are Asia's richest family. And they are not afraid to show it. Take the wedding of Anant Ambani, the youngest son, to Radhika Merchant. The ceremonies, which run from Friday and to Sunday, will be opulent. They will reportedly feature performances from Adele and Drake. Guests will include world leaders, sports stars and global corporate bosses—many of whom will be ferried over by privately hired Falcon 2000 jets.

The wedding is an extreme example of a broader trend. As Indians get richer, they are splurging on nuptials. According to Jeffries, a brokerage, Indians shell out \$15,000 on average on weddings, double the amount they spend on education. The government is hoping to harness that expenditure to boost the economy. Last year it announced a “Wed in India” campaign to encourage rich Indians to eschew destination weddings and party at home instead.

# Donald Trump's post-debate strategy

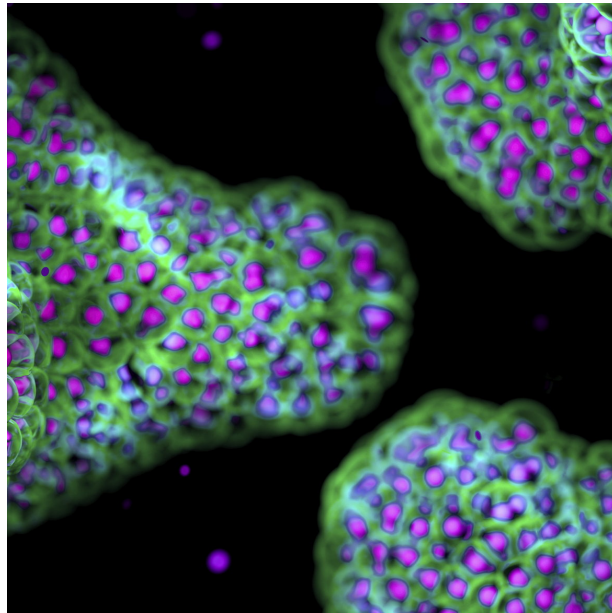


Since his debate with Joe Biden on June 27th, Donald Trump has been uncharacteristically content to cede the spotlight. Democrats have dominated headlines over the past few weeks, fretting about Mr Biden's fitness for office and wondering if a different candidate would [stand a better chance](#) of beating Mr Trump. The former president's fund-raising emails less frequently decry the "SICK" Democrats who want to jail him. Instead they attack Kamala Harris, who as vice-president is probably Mr Biden's most natural replacement.

Republicans would prefer their opponents to keep their candidate. On average, Mr Biden's polling deficit has increased by 1.7 points since the debate. [Mr Trump's lead](#) now equals the largest he has had in any of his three presidential campaigns. He will be sure to hammer that point at a rally in Pennsylvania, a battleground, on Saturday. He may also announce his vice-presidential pick, ahead of the Republican National Convention, which starts on Monday.



# Scientists take stock of stem-cell research



At the turn of the century, breakthroughs in stem-cell research seemed to promise a revolution, one that would transform medicine. That has not quite materialised. But a quarter-century later, stem-cell research is riding a second wave. The International Society for Stem Cell Research's (ISSCR) annual conference, which concludes in Hamburg on Saturday, has showcased the best of this rapidly advancing field.

A big focus has been [miniature model organs](#) made of stem cells, called organoids, which could someday be implanted to heal or even replace sick organs. In clinical trials, organoids already let doctors test drugs on patients outside their bodies. Embryo models, or embryoids, are now taking a turn in the spotlight. On Saturday the conference will convene a panel on the ethics of embryoids, which [increasingly resemble the real thing](#). The panellists will discuss the need for regulations to build trust and give researchers clarity. With a field moving so quickly, scientists must think ahead.

## Faye Dunaway bares a lot, but not all



The actress Faye Dunaway has a reputation for being difficult to work with. But in “Faye”, a documentary streaming on HBO from Saturday, the 83-year-old Oscar-winner is a charmingly frank and good-humoured interviewee.

Ms Dunaway discusses her roles in such classic films as “Bonnie and Clyde”, “[Chinatown](#)” and “Network”, as well as the notorious flop, “Mommie Dearest”. (The melodrama—about another Hollywood icon, Joan Crawford—has become a camp cult favourite.) She talks about how her itinerant army-brat childhood taught her to view all relationships as temporary, including a two-year affair with Marcello Mastroianni, the Italian star she considers the love of her life. She even talks about her alcoholism and her bipolar disorder.

As co-operative as Ms Dunaway is, though, this brisk, reverential profile does not quite manage to pierce her elegant facade. For a career as eventful as hers, a 90-minute documentary just isn’t enough.

## Weekend profile: Gretchen Whitmer, the Midwestern governor with star power



Gretchen Whitmer was the top Democrat in Michigan’s state senate when she first came to America’s attention. It was December 2013, and Republicans were pushing to pass a law that would have required women to buy a separate health-insurance policy to cover abortions. Ms Whitmer was arguing that the move would in effect force women to buy “rape insurance” when she paused. “I am about to tell you something that I have not shared with many people in my life. But over 20 years ago I was a victim of rape”, she said, her voice cracking.

Ms Whitmer, now 52, has been a relentless advocate of [abortion rights](#) since her first state House campaign in 2000. Her speech on the state senate floor failed to change a single Republican vote, but she has clocked major successes since. In 2022, pushing simple, pragmatic messages—abortion access, jobs and infrastructure—Ms Whitmer won re-election as governor and helped Democrats gain control of both houses of the legislature for the first time in four decades.



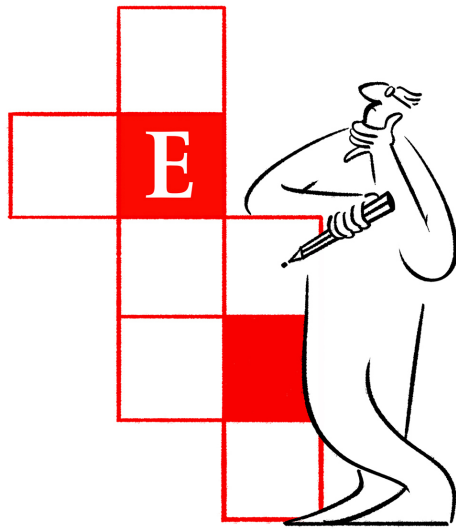
Her motto, as she writes in a memoir published this week, is “get shit done”. The book’s publication was announced several months ago, but the timing could hardly be better. With a growing number of Democrats calling on President Joe Biden to [step aside](#), Ms Whitmer is seen as one of the best [alternative candidates](#) to take on Donald Trump in November.

For now, she is not having it, accusing people who are suggesting alternatives to Mr Biden of “playing fantasy football.” But she also suggested it “wouldn’t hurt” if the 81-year-old president took a cognitive test (which he has refused to do). Her ambitions are clear enough—even if they are not put into action until 2028. She has her own national political action committee, which has almost \$2m on hand.

A big part of Ms Whitmer’s appeal is her willingness to go after Donald Trump. At the start of the coronavirus pandemic in 2020, she accused him of withholding aid to Michigan. He began referring to her as “that woman from Michigan” (a label she embraced). That April hundreds of his fans stormed the state capitol to protest against her lockdown policy. Mr Trump tweeted “LIBERATE MICHIGAN” in support. Nine men were later separately convicted of plotting to kidnap her.

She and the current president share a contempt for the former one. If Mr Biden chooses not to step aside, Ms Whitmer is unlikely to knife him. But if she can be drafted, her relative youth, energy and love of fuschia power suits make for a stark contrast with the doddering Mr Biden.

# Weekly crossword



Our crossword has two sets of clues, one for seasoned cruciverbalists and the other for less experienced solvers. Both give the same answers, all of which feature in articles in this week's edition of *The Economist*:

## Cryptic clues

*1 down* Brains of clientele scrambled with gin (12)

*1 across* An inappropriate relationship among prince's tutors (6)

*2 across* Look! Regularly unseen type of parasite (5)

*3 across* Region has line after endless feud (6)

## Factual clues

*1 down* What is highly dependent on nutrition after conception (12)

*1 across* One of crimes for which Anne Boleyn was beheaded (6)

*2 across* A foe of salmon (5)

*3 across* Where is preparing for a mighty trade war (6)

Email all four answers, along with your home city and country, by 9am BST on Monday to [crossword@economist.com](mailto:crossword@economist.com). We will pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners in next week's edition.

## The winners of this week's quiz



Thank you to everyone who took part in this week's quiz. The winners, chosen at random, were:

**Kate Daly**, Yardley, Pennsylvania, America

**Katie King**, Vancouver, Canada

**Francois de Repentigny**, Singapore

They all gave the correct answers of a yard, slap shot, chop suey, lip sync and drum. The theme is words that end in stick: yardstick, slapstick, chopstick, lipstick and drumstick.

The questions were:

**Monday:** In the imperial system, what measurement equals 0.9144 metres?

**Tuesday:** Which term in ice hockey was used as the title of the 1977 film about the sport, starring Paul Newman?

**Wednesday:** Which Chinese-American dish which consists of meat, eggs and mixed vegetables may owe its name to a term for “miscellaneous leftovers”?

**Thursday:** What two-word term refers to the practice of pretending to sing a song by mouthing the words?

**Friday:** Bass, snare and toms are all types of which musical instrument?



# RuWiki

*the Kremlin's project to rewrite Wikipedia.  
Read the full story*

**All that separates, whether of race, class,  
creed, or sex, is inhuman, and must be  
overcome**

*Kate Sheppard*