The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter

Volodymyr Zelensky said **Russia** was still attacking **Ukraine** despite Vladimir Putin's declaration of a unilateral Easter ceasefire. Ukraine's president said that Russian drones were detected in Ukrainian skies shortly after Mr Putin's order. Mr Zelensky added that Ukrainian troops were continuing to fight in the Russian regions of Kursk and Belgogrod, but they would stop should the Kremlin "truly engage" in a truce.

America's Supreme Court temporarily blocked the Trump administration from deporting a group of Venezuelan detainees in Texas, citing a lack of due process. The pause followed an appeal by lawyers from the American Civil Liberties Union, a legal advocacy group, which said some of them were already en route to deportation. Mr Trump has used a 1798 law to expel suspected gang members.

Iran and **America** ended a second round of nuclear talks in Rome and agreed to meet again next week. Oman mediated the talks. America wants Iran to halt uranium enrichment. Iran, which insists its programme is peaceful, demands sanctions relief and guarantees from America that it will not walk away from any new deal, as it did when Mr Trump withdrew from an agreement in 2018.

Thousands of people took to the streets in cities across **America** to **protest** against **Donald Trump's** policies. The group behind the demonstrations, 50501, said more than 400 rallies had been planned. Similar anti-Trump protests took place on April 5th. 50501 describes itself as a "pro-democracy, pro-constitution, anti-executive overreach, non-violent grassroots movement".

Mr Trump and Sir Keir Starmer, **Britain's** prime minister, discussed "productive" **trade talks** between America and Britain. It was their first conversation since Mr Trump announced "reciprocal" tariffs, which included a 10% levy on British goods. Earlier this week J.D. Vance, America's vice-president, said there was a "good chance" that his country could reach a trade deal with Britain.

Harvard said it took seriously a government letter demanding oversight of the university's affairs, despite reports from the *New York Times* it may have been sent in error. The letter, signed by federal officials, sparked a clash: the government has frozen \$2.2bn in grants, questioned Harvard's tax-exempt status and threatened to withdraw its eligibility to receive foreign students. The university vowed not to "surrender" its independence.

A **Tunisian court** sentenced opposition leaders, lawyers and businessmen to between 13 and 66 years in jail for conspiring to overthrow the government. The opposition calls the charges groundless and says the case shows the authoritarian character of the president, Kais Saied. Mr Saied dissolved parliament in 2021 and governs by decree. According to state media, more than half of the 40 people charged have fled abroad.

Word of the week: *Niuma*, meaning "beasts of burden", the term Chinese tech workers use to refer to themselves. Read the full story.



Photograph: Getty Images

The Catholic church's centre of gravity

It is the most sacred week in the Christian calendar. Tens of thousands of Catholics will descend on Vatican City for Easter Sunday. This year's celebrations carry added significance as part of the Jubilee Year, during which the Vatican expects more than 32m pilgrims to visit Rome—reaffirming the city's central role in Catholicism.

Yet the centre of Catholicism is shifting. According to research from Gordon-Conwell Theological Seminary, an American evangelical institute, the Catholics' demographic centre—the point at which equal numbers of Catholics live to the north, south, east, and west—is now somewhere around Senegal's southern border. By 2050, it is projected to move further to the south-east. Catholic populations are growing faster in Africa and Asia than in any other part of the world. Church leadership increasingly reflects this demographic shift. Although Rome remains the centre of power in the Church, the heart of the faith is moving elsewhere.

Mass migration

Catholic centre of gravity*



*Location of where equal numbers of Catholics live to the north, south, east and west. On modern borders Source: World Christian Database



Photograph: Getty Images

Easter bells and air-raid sirens

This Sunday is the fourth Orthodox Easter since Russia invaded Ukraine. As the bells ring out over Kyiv and other Ukrainian cities, the residents will be watching anxiously to see if the 30-hour ceasefire announced on Saturday by Vladimir Putin turns out to be real. Even if there is a short pause in Russian attacks, there will be deep scepticism about Mr Putin's interest in peace.

On Palm Sunday last weekend, a "double-tap" strike by ballistic missiles carrying cluster munitions killed 35 people and badly injured over 100 more in the town of Sumy. Many of the victims were on their way to church. Soon after, in an interview, President Volodymyr Zelensky said that he would like to buy ten Patriot batteries from America for \$15bn. "We will find the money," he said. The following day Donald Trump, who had earlier dismissed the Sumy atrocity as "a mistake", derided the request. Mr Trump appears to think that arming Ukraine undermines his attempt to impose a ceasefire. Mr Putin may hope to get in his good books.



Photograph: Getty Images

Can AI test policy?

Economists and social scientists try to understand how policy interventions can change our behaviour and, with it, the world. To do so they carry out surveys among small groups of people, before deciding whether to enact them on larger ones. But this is expensive. Participants need to be recruited, prepared and often paid.

The generative-AI revolution, powered by large language models, could provide a solution, say researchers at the University of Illinois at Chicago. LLMs synthesise vast volumes of human knowledge and behaviour in their human-like outputs. That human mimicry could act as a useful proxy in field studies. Given the conclusions from 319 famous economic experiments, alongside incorrect answers designed to throw it off, Chatgpt is able to correctly guess the outcome of experiments 78% of the time, the researchers found. That might open up future opportunities to test policy plans through AI. It may not be long before in silico simulations take off.



Photograph: Amazon Prime

A laugh-out-loud success

Producers of reality television are always on the hunt for new "formats": catchy ideas they can license to other countries. Cooking competitions such as "MasterChef" and "Bake Off" are produced around the world. "The Masked Singer"—in which celebrities perform in elaborate disguises—originated in South Korea but is now produced in some 30 countries.

The latest hit is "LOL: Last One Laughing". Ten comedians are locked in a room for several hours and the one who keeps a straight face the longest wins. There have been more than 25 versions and 70 seasons of the show; this week it returned with new material in Colombia, France and Germany.

What makes "LOL" unusual is its genre: comedy rarely goes global; what people find funny varies from place to place. Yet "LOL" has made a virtue of that by bringing together the best-known jokesters in each country and pitting them against each other. Amazon, the streamer behind the franchise, is laughing all the way to the bank.



Illustration: The Economist

This week's crossword

Cryptic clues

- 1 down What's up? Erm, a riotous mid game franchise (5,5)
- *1 across* Soup starter with French bread is popular with tourists (5)
- *2 across* More troubled capital (4)
- *3 across* Small business gets an instrument (5)

Factual clues

- 1 down Game franchise whose success at the box office is being emulated by "A Minecraft Movie" (5,5)
- 1 *across* European country where business is thriving while bigger economies stall (5)
- *2 across* Home of the majority of popes (4)
- *3 across* Part of the body where microplastics have been found (5)

We now publish our mini crossword, with a choice of straight or cryptic clues based on the headlines, twice a week. Try the latest puzzle. And check back on Saturday for another challenge.

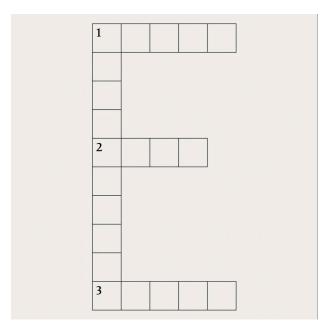


Image: The Economist



Illustration: The Economist

The winners of this week's quiz

Thank you to everyone who took part in this week's quiz. The winners, chosen at random, were:

Nedko Kyuchukov, London, Britain

Astrid Ahlgren, Ottawa, Canada

Ulf Brüggemann, Berlin, Germany

They all gave the correct answers of Laurie Lee, The Meg, Jo Nesbo, Amy Winehouse and Beth Mead. The theme is characters from Little Women: Laurie (who marries Amy) and the sisters Meg, Jo, Amy and Beth.

The questions were:

Monday: Which English poet wrote the memoirs "Cider with Rosie" and "As I Walked Out One Midsummer Morning"?

Tuesday: Which 2018 movie saw Jason Statham fighting a giant prehistoric shark?

Wednesday: Which Norwegian author writes thrillers featuring the detective Harry Hole?

Thursday: The 2024 film "Back To Black" was a biopic of which singer?

Friday: Which footballer won the "golden boot" in the women's 2022 Euro tournament?

Always laugh when you can, it is cheap medicine.

Lord Byron