

# The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter



Photograph: AFP

**America's coastguard** said it was in “active pursuit” of an oil tanker en route to Venezuela, in the second such operation conducted over the weekend. It claimed the vessel was “part of Venezuela’s illegal sanctions evasion”. On Saturday officials boarded a similar ship that was allegedly carrying “stolen oil”. Donald Trump has ordered a “complete blockade” of [oil tankers under sanctions](#) that enter or leave Venezuela.

America’s blockade of Venezuela helped push the **price of gold** to an all-time high. Greater geopolitical tensions around the world are drawing investors to safe-haven assets. The [metal’s price](#) has risen by around 66% this year, putting it on track for its biggest annual increase since 1979. Prices of other metals, including silver, have also risen.

The gunmen behind the [attack](#) on **Bondi Beach** also had plans to detonate explosives, including a “tennis ball” bomb, according to Australian police. In a fact sheet submitted in court, officials said that the pair had “meticulously planned” the assault, which killed 15 people. Earlier Australia’s prime minister announced a review of the police and intelligence agencies.

Local politicians in the **Japanese** region of Niigata began a vote to restart operations at Kashiwazaki-Kariwa, the world's biggest **nuclear-power** plant. The vote is the final hurdle to reopening the reactor that has been shut since the Fukushima disaster in 2011. In October around 60% of residents said they did not think the plant should be reopened yet.

**El Salvador**'s attorney-general announced "exemplary sentences" for 248 members of MS-13, a criminal gang. The verdict came in a trial for several crimes, including 43 homicides. One man was sentenced to 1,335 years in prison, while ten others received sentences of hundreds of years. The charges are part of an ongoing effort by [Nayib Bukele](#), the president, to crack down on gangs in the Central American country.

**Israel** recognised 19 new settlements in the occupied **West Bank**, continuing a [recent expansion](#) there. A far-right minister in the government said earlier that the expansion is designed to block the establishment of a Palestinian state. The new batch includes the re-establishment of two settlements that were closed nearly two decades ago. The [UN](#) has condemned such settlements; they are regarded as illegal under international law.

Gunmen killed nine people and injured ten others at a bar in **South Africa**. The murders took place in Bekkersdal, near Johannesburg. Police are hunting for about 12 gunmen who arrived in two vehicles and appeared to fire at random in the tavern and in the streets outside. Their motive is unknown.

**Figure of the day:** 800,000, the current strength of Ukraine's armed forces. [Read the full story](#).



Photograph: Getty Images

## Donald Trump, the would-be king

*We are looking back on 2025. Today, American politics*

When Donald Trump re-entered the Oval Office on January 20th, he said he hoped his election would be remembered as “the most consequential” in American history. In the months since he has done his best to fulfill that wish. He has [wielded the powers of the presidency](#), and arguably those of other branches of government, to do what he likes: [impose](#) some of the highest tariff increases ever seen; [shred](#) the federal bureaucracy; and [cudgel](#) his adversaries.

Mr Trump is governing by decree. He is asserting that the president can withhold money allocated by Congress, [fire independent regulators](#) and deploy the National Guard over governors’ objections. Because some of Mr Trump’s 200 or so executive orders seem brazenly unconstitutional ([ending birthright citizenship](#), for example, contradicts the plain wording of 14th Amendment), he also appears to be seeking a [trial of strength with the judiciary](#). “He who saves his Country”, he wrote on his social-media platform in February, quoting Napoleon, “does not violate any Law”.



Photograph: Getty Images

## An “America First” foreign policy

In 2025 the Trump administration hurried along the end of the post-1945 world order. Donald Trump believes that under the old rules Americans were suckered into paying for unfair trade and foreign wars. [Dealmaking](#), not diplomacy, is the new organising principle. Everything is up for grabs: territory, technology and more.

This transactional approach has occasionally yielded successes. In October Mr Trump—along with [Steve Witkoff](#), his everything envoy—[brokered a ceasefire](#) in Gaza. But peace in Ukraine remains elusive despite the administration’s high-profile efforts and promises; allies still worry that Team Trump will [sell out Ukrainian sovereignty](#) for commercial deals. Mr Trump’s national-security strategy, published in December, [only heightens those fears](#). It has nothing to say about Russia’s repeated aggression, but endorses the “patriotic European parties” of the populist right. The strategy also [makes clear his designs](#) on the western hemisphere. A push to oust Venezuela’s strongman, Nicolás Maduro, and the bombing of [alleged drug-smuggling boats](#) are the most dramatic results of the new doctrine.



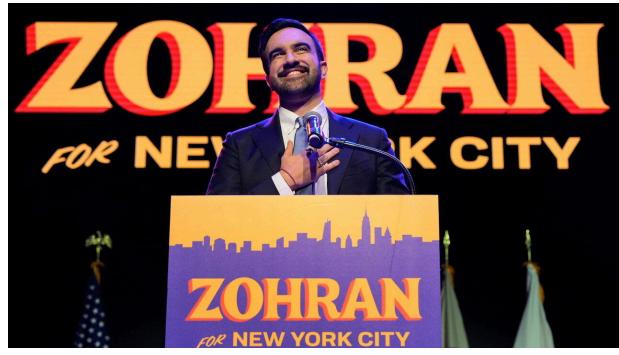
Photograph: Alamy

## Cracks in the MAGA-sphere

Until this year, few elected Republicans dared cross Donald Trump. But in 2025 the president's grip on the party seemed to weaken a little, as disagreements emerged among his supporters.

[Consider foreign policy](#). Mr Trump's own team is torn over how to end the war in Ukraine. Some seem bent on a settlement that favours Russia, while others are pushing for a more equitable peace. On Israel, disquiet is growing among Republicans. Most, not least Mr Trump, still forcefully back the Jewish state. But an [increasing number](#) think that such support contradicts the party's “America First” mantra.

At home, too, there have been disputes—none bigger than the one over the Epstein files. The administration [infuriated MAGA conspiracy theorists](#) by refusing to release all of the government's records related to Jeffrey Epstein, a dead sex offender with ties to many elites, including Mr Trump. Democrats and Republicans in Congress [eventually forced](#) the administration to reverse course.



Photograph: AP

## The Democrats' new slogan

In most ways it has been a difficult year for the Democrats. They languished in the political wilderness, out of power in the White House, the Senate and the House of Representatives. They [gained little](#) from shutting down the government for 43 days in protest at Donald Trump's agenda. Amid all the debates about how to confront Mr Trump, no clear party leader emerged. But perhaps a new message did.

“Affordability” has become the Democrats’ keyword. It [featured in the campaigns](#) that gave them some hope in 2025. [Zohran Mamdani](#), a democratic socialist, won New York’s mayoral race by promising to make the city less expensive. Abigail Spanberger and Mikie Sherrill, two centrists, [won their races](#) for governor in Virginia and New Jersey in part by pledging to bring down costs.

How to do that is still up for debate. Two books published this year counselled Democrats to embrace “[abundance liberalism](#)”, a view that holds excessive regulation harms America by blocking housebuilding, infrastructure and innovation. [Not everyone](#) on the left agrees.



Illustration: The Economist

## Daily quiz

We will serve you a new question each weekday. All five have a common theme. We won't pick any winners this week, normal service will resume next week.

**Monday:** Robert Peary claimed to reach which point in 1909, although the first group to manage the feat, and show verifiable evidence, was a Soviet expedition of 1948?

*Try again. Fail again. Fail better.*

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***Samuel Beckett***