

The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter



Photograph: AFP

Mike Johnson, the Republican House Speaker, insisted that Donald Trump’s **“One, Big, Beautiful Bill”** would be passed by the House, despite opposition from a handful of Republicans. The rebels—who voted against a measure to bring the legislation to the floor for a debate and a final vote—are concerned that [the package](#) would increase the government’s deficit. Mr Trump wants it passed by Friday.

Mr Trump announced a trade deal with **Vietnam**, lowering tariffs on imports from the country to 20%. A [reciprocal levy](#) of 46% was due to take effect within days. A 40% tariff will be applied to products shipped via Vietnam by other countries, such as China. Mr Trump added that American exports to Vietnam would not be subject to tariffs.

Sir Keir Starmer said that **Rachel Reeves** would remain **Britain’s** chancellor “into the next election and for many years after”. On Wednesday Ms Reeves was seen crying in Parliament as the prime minister refused to say whether she would remain her job. It has been a tough week for the government. On Tuesday it was forced to abandon planned welfare cuts after its [MPS rebelled](#).

OpenAI signed a deal worth \$30bn a year to rent around 4.5Gw of computing power from Oracle, a business-software giant. The agreement is part of the artificial-intelligence startup's Stargate initiative to invest around \$500bn in building AI infrastructure in the coming years. Oracle plans to build several data centres across America to meet OpenAI's demand for power.

America's **House of Representatives** began debating Donald Trump's "**One, Big, Beautiful Bill**" after the Senate [narrowly passed](#) its version of the [tax-and-spending measure](#) on Tuesday. The president wants [the bill](#) passed by Friday—but the road to a final vote could be bumpy. Some House Republicans are unhappy with the Senate's changes, which increase America's budget deficit and cut healthcare spending.

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Tesla delivered 13.5% fewer cars in the second quarter than it did in the same period in 2024—its largest ever decline. Nonetheless, at 384,122 deliveries, Tesla did slightly better than some had expected. The carmaker is facing a [consumer backlash](#) against its divisive CEO, Elon Musk, who has publicly fallen out with Mr Trump. Tesla is now seeking a pivot to autonomous taxis.

Mr Trump claimed that **Israel** has agreed to the "necessary conditions" for a 60-day **ceasefire** in **Gaza**. America's president credited Egyptian and Qatari officials for the proposal, which they will now deliver to Hamas. Mr Trump urged the militant group to accept the deal, warning that "IT WILL ONLY GET WORSE". He said the truce would be used to "work with all parties to end [the War](#)".

Iran said it would suspend co-operation with the UN's **nuclear** watchdog. The country's president, Masoud Pezeshkian, said the ban would last until the "security of nuclear facilities and scientists" was guaranteed following the recent Israeli and [American attacks](#). Iran has limited access by the UN to its nuclear sites before, and it is uncertain how strictly this latest ban will be enforced.

In a landmark ruling, an Aboriginal-led inquiry concluded that British colonists committed "**genocide**" from the 1830s in what is now the state of Victoria, **Australia**. The Yoorrook Justice Commission found that violence and diseases reduced the local population by three quarters in just 20 years. The commission took four years, and outlined 100 recommendations for "redress".

Figure of the day: 14,000. Ferrari's car sales last year. For comparison, Stellantis sold 5.7m. [Read the full story](#).



Photograph: Getty Images

Trump's attempt at a ceasefire in Gaza

A week after announcing a [ceasefire between Israel and Iran](#) on social media, Donald Trump is trying to do the same with the war in Gaza. On Tuesday Mr Trump posted that Israel had agreed the “necessary conditions” for a 60-day truce, during which more talks would be held to reach the end to a war which has been [dragging on for 21 months](#).

The Israeli government hasn't made an official statement, and the question remains whether Hamas, the Islamic movement which began the war with a surprise attack on Israel back in October 2023, will accept the deal. Hamas has so far insisted that any agreement include guarantees that Israel would not return to fighting after a truce, during which it would release Israeli hostages. In its response to Mr Trump Hamas emphasised that it was still insisting on a deal “that clearly leads to the complete end to the war.” Mr Trump may have to try harder.

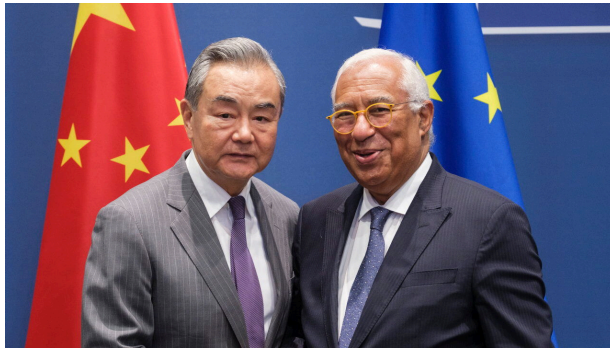


Illustration: David Simonds

America's resilient jobs market

Since President Donald Trump came to power in January, chaos has been aplenty in the world's largest economy. Deportations! Attempts to slash the federal bureaucracy! A trade war with the rest of the world! But, as figures out on Thursday will probably show, someone forgot to tell the labour market.

Economists expect that the American economy added about 100,000 jobs in June: not a blow-out performance, to be sure, but in line with its average monthly rate so far this year. The unemployment rate will remain around 4%. Why do employers seem so insouciant? Perhaps it is because it will take more time for the chaos engendered by Mr Trump's administration to [sway hiring decisions](#). A more optimistic interpretation is that the private sector does not take much notice of what happens in Washington, DC. The finances of firms and households remain healthy. For now, stand back and admire the robustness of America's capitalist machine.



Photograph: Getty Images

China sweet-talks the EU

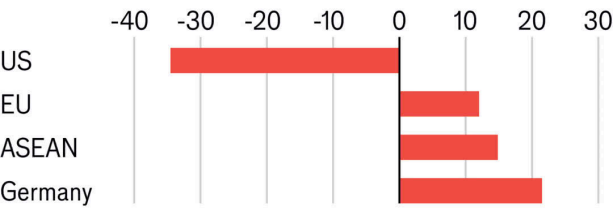
As the European Union struggles with its biggest trading partner, the United States, the second-largest, China, spies an opportunity. Days before Donald Trump's deadline of July 9th for the EU and other countries to reach trade deals with America or face the possibility of swingeing new levies, China's foreign minister, Wang Yi, is in Europe talking up free trade.

Having met EU officials in Brussels, he is on his way to Berlin and Paris for talks with the bloc's biggest members. Mr Wang is laying the groundwork for an EU-China summit in Beijing on July 24th-25th. His main message is that, in a world thrown into turmoil by Mr Trump, the [EU and China should draw closer together](#). But the EU has many worries, including China's trade-distorting subsidies, its restrictions on rare-earth exports and its support for Russia in the war in Ukraine. Looking east, the bloc sees trouble, too.

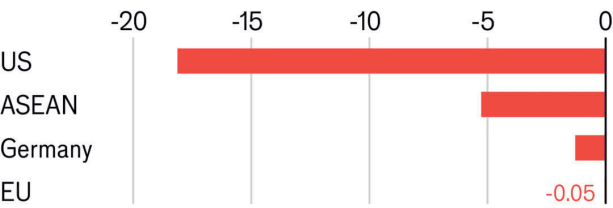
Redirection

China, goods trade, May 2024-May 2025,
% change

Exports to



Imports from



Source: Haver Analytics



Photograph: Alamy

America's teachers v MAGA education

On Thursday, roughly 7,000 teachers will begin to convene in Portland, Oregon for a meeting of the National Education Association, a union representing 3m public-school teachers. This year's confab "won't be business as usual", the union declares. The Trump administration has presented schools with a variety of problems: it has authorised immigration raids that may be keeping students from class; it supports schemes that let states use public money to fund private-school tuition.; and, more broadly, it is trying to [trim](#) the federal government's role in public schools. In March it announced a plan to abolish the Education Department (which would require Congressional approval).

Secondary and primary education are largely funded through state and local taxes, and so depend relatively little on federal financing. But certain schemes rely on it, including after-school activities, summer programmes and support for students learning English. On Monday the Trump administration said it would withhold almost \$7bn that Congress has already allocated for those.



Photograph: Universal Pictures/Amblin Entertainment

Déjà vu at the pictures

Visit a [cinema these days](#) and you will see familiar posters. At this time of year, remakes of existing stories pop up like corn. Recent ones include “Lilo & Stitch” and “How to Train Your Dragon”, two children’s films. In July and August look out for reboots of Smurfs, Superman, the Fantastic Four and even Detective Frank Drebin in “The Naked Gun”.

Revamps are easy money for film studios: they have ready-made fans who will pay for familiar characters and storylines. “Jurassic World: Rebirth”, which came out on Wednesday, is the seventh film in a 35-year-old dinosaur franchise which refuses to go extinct. “Freakier Friday” and “Happy Gilmore 2”, both coming out soon, rely on older originals. Critics might boo lazy revamps, but there are still original films to be found in the cinema in coming months, for example an all-star murder mystery (“The Thursday Murder Club”) or a crime thriller set in New York (“Caught Stealing”). Their stories may still feel familiar though; they’re both based on books.



Illustration: The Economist

Daily quiz

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to [\[email protected\]](#). We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Thursday: Rupert Murdoch founded which British satellite TV company?

Wednesday: What word can mean both an awkward predicament and a narcotic dose for an addict?

*If the book we are reading does
not wake us, as with a fist
hammering on our skulls, then
why do we read it?*

Franz Kafka