# Catch up: walkie-talkies explode in Lebanon; Google wins antitrust appeal



A day after thousands of pagers used by Hizbullah militants blew up their walkie-talkies began to explode. At least three people were killed and dozens injured in the latest round of blasts in Lebanon, according to local media. Earlier explosions killed at least nine people and wounded nearly 3,000 on Tuesday. American officials told the *New York Times* that Israel had planted explosives in the pagers before they were imported into Lebanon. Israel has yet to comment, but on Monday it expanded its official war aims to include the safe return of its citizens to the country's north, where more than 60,000 people have been evacuated because of Hizbullah rocket strikes.

**Google** avoided paying a €1.5bn (\$1.7bn) fine after it won an appeal against the **European Commission**. The Commission began antitrust action against the American tech titan in 2018, arguing that it had used its dominance in the search-engine market to restrict how publishers' advertisements were displayed. The European Union's General Court said that the Commission made "errors" in its assessment of Google's advertising contracts.

**India** overtook **China** for the first time in an important global index that tracks the value of stocks in 47 developed and emerging markets. India's share of the MSCI All-Country World index climbed to 2.3% this month, while China's was 2.1%. (America's stockmarket dominates the index, with a 63% share.) **Indian equities** have been on a tear this year, while **Chinese** stocks have lagged.

The **European Commission** said it would subtract €200m (\$222m) from a pot of funds allocated for Hungary after it refused to pay a fine. In 2020 the European Court of Justice accused Hungary's hard-right government of breaking the EU's asylum rules as 400,000 migrants tried to pass through the country. Its prime minister, Viktor Orban called the court's decision "outrageous and unacceptable".

**BlackRock**, the world's largest asset manager, will launch a new fund to invest in artificial-intelligence infrastructure, such as data centres and energy projects. Microsoft, an American tech giant, and MGX, an Emirati-backed investment firm, will be partners in the fund. Nvidia, America's AI chip champion, will offer expertise. Larry Fink, BlackRock's boss, has said that the global economy is on the cusp of an "infrastructure revolution".

Inflation in **Britain** was 2.2% in August, the same level as July. The annual increase in consumer prices was in line with economists' expectations, though services inflation rose to an annual rate of 5.6%, up from 5.2% the previous month. The reading comes ahead of a meeting of the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee on Thursday, when it is likely to hold interest rates at 5%.

**Tupperware**, an American company famous for its colourful plastic food-storage containers, filed for bankruptcy. The business has struggled to keep up with rising costs and failed to make its products attractive to younger buyers. Founded by Earl Tupper in

1946, the firm pioneered the practice of "home-selling", where consumers were paid a commission for hosting "Tupperware parties" and selling its products to their friends.

**Figure of the day:** 291, the number of pages in a self-published tract by Ryan Wesley Routh, Donald Trump's would-be assassin. Read the full story.

### The Fed kicks off an easing cycle



One thing is certain: on Wednesday the Federal Reserve will cut interest rates. The central bank has signalled for months that it is ready to lower borrowing costs in order to support the slowing American economy. Investors are desperate for the reversal of the Fed's series of interest-rate hikes beginning in 2022—the fastest such climb since the 1980s. The question is whether it will cut by a quarter-point or a half. Market pricing indicates that nearly two-thirds of investors think the Fed will opt for the larger cut.

The risk in cutting by a half-point is that it could fuel a stockmarket rally and make the Fed's job in quelling inflation harder. But the central bank may be willing to bet that inflation is yesterday's problem and focus on the deterioration in the job market. Given that it takes a while for rate changes to work their way through the economy, there is a strong case for starting boldly.

### **Elections in Kashmir, finally**



On Wednesday, for the first time in a decade, the people of Jammu & Kashmir in India's far north began voting in regional elections. The Muslim-majority region has been in political limbo since India's Bharatiya Janata Party-led government stripped it of its statehood and took over its administration in 2019. The BJP insisted that decision, which was accompanied by a security clampdown, would herald peace and development after years of separatist violence.

In recent weeks, though, militant attacks have spiked. Nevertheless, many in J&K see these elections as a chance to restore normalcy. Contesting parties include the BJP and the Congress, the national opposition. Several regional outfits, and even separatist leaders, are in the fray. But more than the winner, it is the turnout that could reveal the most about J&K's future. In the general election earlier this year, 58% of voters cast their ballot. A similarly healthy showing this time would suggest that the region still holds faith in democracy.

# Big Food repackages its offering



On Wednesday General Mills reports earnings for the first quarter of its financial year, which began in late May. The Minnesotabased packaged-food giant—which owns brands such as Betty Crocker cake mixes and Old El Paso taco kits—has had a tepid year so far. Sales were crimped by inflation as consumers tightened their belts. The company's boss, Jeff Harmening, said "value-seeking" shoppers had ditched its products for cheaper alternatives.

Its latest results showed a drop in sales, though a smaller one than expected. The firm's stock fell by around 2% on the news, a small dip compared to its recent healthy performance (the company's stock is still up by nearly 12% since the start of 2024). Under Mr Harmening the firm has entered the booming market for pet food and offered high-protein meals to users of weight-loss drugs. It has winnowed out lagging segments: last week it said it would sell its yogurt brands. Shareholders are betting that after lean times may come a feast.

# **Argentina's lacklustre economy**



President Javier Milei recently assured Argentines that the worst of the economic pain they have been suffering was over. Secondquarter growth figures to be published on Wednesday will give some evidence of whether that is true. Earlier estimates suggested that the economy contracted by 1.3% year on year.

If official data shows that there has been a smaller decline, that would be a sign that wages, employment and tax revenues might soon pick up. That would make it easier for the libertarian leader to keep his promise of a "zero deficit" in the government's budget. When he presented the plan to Congress on Sunday, he railed against "miserable rats" in the opposition who want to spend more money. Markets cheered the speech.

Argentina's recession has lessened one sort of pain: soaring inflation. In the month before Mr Milei took office, monthly inflation was 13%, it has now fallen to a still high 4% in August. Welcome as stronger growth would be, it could push inflation up again.

### The map that redrew London



Many people navigate Britain's capital using the clean lines of the London Underground map. Indispensable below ground, if misleading above, it shows London through a convex lens. Central sections are enlarged to make interchanges clear; distant stations are equally spaced out. When the design was proposed in 1931 to show commuters how to conveniently swap lines, it felt at once intuitive and revolutionary. Every major subway system has followed this geometric approach.

But its inventor, Harry Beck, who died 50 years ago on Wednesday, has never received the credit he deserves, argues a new play at the London Transport Museum. It shows how the electrical draughtsman re-imagined geography as a circuit drawing. Beck devoted decades to adapting his diagram as London's network expanded (to 272 stations today). He is portrayed as having sacrificed his family life for his obsession, and having felt robbed when other designers were commissioned to update his template. Mind that historical gap.

#### **Daily quiz**



The Economist

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

**Wednesday:** Saxony, twist and woven are types of which

household product?

**Tuesday:** Vexillology is the study of what?

# **291**

The number of pages in a self-published tract by Ryan Wesley Routh, Donald Trump's would-be assassin.

Read the full story.

# My office hours are any and all hours of the day and night.

Susan La Flesche Picotte