The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter



Photograph: AFP via Getty Images

Donald Trump delayed the imposition of reciprocal **tariffs** from this week until August 1st. He also threatened to impose levies on Japan, South Africa, South Korea and others of at least 25%. Mr Trump originally unveiled the tariffs in April, on "Liberation Day", but granted a 90-day reprieve so that countries could strike trade agreements.

Truce talks between **Israel** and **Hamas**, a militant group, in Qatar were inconclusive, according to AFP, a news agency. The negotiations are expected to continue later Monday. Around the same time, Binyamin Netanyahu, Israel's prime minister, is scheduled to meet Mr Trump in Washington. America's president had previously said that a Gaza ceasefire deal could come this week.

Meanwhile, Masoud Pezeshkian, Iran's president, accused Israel of previously attempting to assassinate him. In an interview that aired on Monday with Tucker Carlson, a former Fox News host, Mr Pezeshkian also said he was open to restarting negotiations with America over Iran's nuclear programme. However he questioned whether Iran can trust America again. Iran and Israel agreed to a ceasefire last month.

At least 100 people have been killed by the flash floods that swept through **Texas** on Friday. Dozens more remain missing. Camp Mystic, a summer retreat for girls, confirmed that at least 27 children and staff died. The White House called accusations that the Trump administration's cuts to the National Weather Service exacerbated the disaster "disgusting".

Police in **Kenya's** capital, Nairobi, reportedly opened fire on demonstrators marking 35 years since a pro-democracy uprising. The protests are part of an ongoing wave of anti-government demonstrations. Authorities have responded with growing brutality. They have cracked down on the media and protesters. On June 25th 19 people were killed and hundreds injured after police fired on protests.

Apple appealed against a €500m (\$585m) penalty for breaking the European Union's competition rules. The European Commission accused the American tech giant of preventing developers from directing users to cheaper deals outside its App Store. The iPhonemaker said the fine, issued in April, went "far beyond" the law; it has since introduced changes that remain under review by the EU.

Roman Starovoit, **Russia's** former transport minister, died from a gunshot wound. Russian authorities said they believed it was a suicide; Mr Starovoit had been dismissed from his ministerial position earlier on Monday. No reason was given by the government for the sacking; it followed a weekend of disruption at the country's airports caused by Ukrainian drone attacks.

Figure of the day: 8,000, the number of people hospitalised by tick bites in Istanbul so far this year. Turkey's largest city is dealing with an infestation of the pests. Read the full story.



Photograph: Getty Images

Will Netanyahu bring Trump the gift of a Gaza truce?

Binyamin Netanyahu, Israel's prime minister, is visiting Washington for the third time since Donald Trump returned to office. Ahead of their meeting on Monday evening, all eyes are on negotiations some 11,000km away in Doha. The indirect talks between Israel and Hamas in Qatar's capital aim to finalise a ceasefire agreement in Gaza. Mr Trump is hoping to announce the deal alongside Mr Netanyahu at the White House.

Both sides have agreed in principle to the deal: the first stage will include a 60-day truce and the release of half the Israeli hostages who have been held in Gaza for 21 months. Still, disagreements remain. Hamas is insisting on freedom of movement throughout the enclave during the first stage and firmer guarantees it will lead to a more permanent ceasefire. Israel is yet to provide those assurances. It may come down to how much pressure Mr Trump is prepared to exert.



Photograph: Getty Images

Trump's campus crackdown hits the courts

On Monday a trial begins at a district court concerning the American government's targeting of pro-Palestinian protesters for arrest and deportation. *American Association of University Professors v Rubio* was filed on March 25th in response to several controversial detentions. The most prominent was that of Mahmoud Khalil, a Columbia University graduate and legal permanent resident who organised protests against the Gaza war. In March federal immigration agents detained him for alleged "proterrorist" and antisemitic activity. Mr Khalil, who is challenging attempts to deport him, is now at home on bail.

The AAUP lawsuit claims the government's "ideological" policy is "terrorising" students and university staff for exercising their constitutional right to free speech. The government responds that no specific policy of detaining activists exists and argues that courts lack jurisdiction to review immigration-enforcement actions. The case turns on whether the court views this as a routine immigration matter—or as an attack on campus speech.



Photograph: picture alliance/dpa

Signs of recovery in the German economy

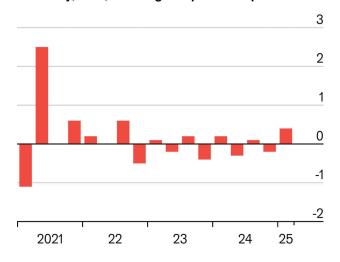
Germany's economy seems to have turned a corner. Annual GDP grew 0.4% in the first quarter of 2025, a welcome sign after two years of recession. And new data released on Monday showed industrial production unexpectedly rising by 1.2% in May compared with the previous month.

Still, trade data due on Tuesday is expected to show that imports and exports are likely to be affected by Donald Trump's tariff threats. The 90-day reprieve that America's president granted on his heftiest tariffs expires on Wednesday. The European Union is negotiating with America ahead of the deadline. The uncertainty is especially painful for Germany, Europe's largest exporter.

Perennial problems persist for German manufacturers: high energy prices, labyrinthine bureaucracy and high labour costs. The newish German government is considering subsidies for energy-intensive industries and, like its predecessors, promises to cut red tape. Germany's economy is not out of the woods yet.

Flicker of light

Germany, GDP, % change on previous quarter



Source: Destatis



Photograph: Getty Images

Hong Kong tightens the screws on prisoners

On Monday the Hong Kong government's security panel began debating a proposal that would restrict visiting rights for inmates convicted of national-security crimes. It suggests guards should be able to limit or even ban visitors, including religious figures and lawyers, suspected of using "humanitarian relief" as a pretext for encouraging resistance. It also proposes that people in custody awaiting trial should no longer be allowed to wear their own clothes or eat non-prison food.

Authorities have cracked down on dissent since 2020, when they introduced a sweeping national-security law following widespread pro-democracy protests. Since then almost every prominent democracy activist has been put behind bars or gone into exile. But the government wants to show the central authorities in Beijing that it remains vigilant. In a statement for the national-security law's anniversary on June 30th, it promised an "ongoing and endless commitment" to the legislation. Even those already incarcerated will feel the screws twisting tighter.



Photograph: Getty Images

The global fight over deep-sea mining

The council of the International Seabed Authority begins a session in Kingston, Jamaica, on Monday ahead of a full assembly of 169 member states plus the European Union later this month. Top of the ISA's agenda is an elusive code for mining minerals on the deepocean floor. At least 37 countries favour a moratorium, concerned about mining's impact on poorly understood ecosystems. Yet in April Donald Trump said America would go it alone, issuing licences not only for American waters, but also for those beyond its jurisdiction.

That would be a breach of international law—the seabed beyond national jurisdictions is the "common heritage of mankind". The move has given urgency to deliberations in Kingston, though big sticking points remain. One is agreeing on a set of rules and regulations for deep-sea mining. Another is how the benefits from mining might be shared equitably. One proposal is for a "common heritage fund", yet much of its detail is still to be thrashed out.



Illustration: The Economist

Daily Quiz

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to . We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Monday: Who abruptly resigned as governor of Alaska in July 2009?

I should dearly love that the world should be ever so little better for my presence.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle