Catch up: Trump imposes sanctions on ICC; Musk banned from Treasury's payment system



Donald Trump signed an executive order imposing sanctions on the **International Criminal Court**. He accused the body—which issued an arrest warrant for Israel's prime minister, Binyamin Netanyahu, in November—of "illegitimate and baseless actions" targeting America's "close ally". The order bars visas and blocks financial transactions of those probing Israel. The move came days after the American president pledged to "take over Gaza".

A judge in **America** temporarily halted the Trump administration's "**buy-out**" programme, which the president hopes will lead to the resignations of 200,000 federal workers. The stay is intended to give trade unions time to mount a legal challenge. Another judge blocked **Elon Musk**—Mr Trump's shredder-in-chief—from accessing the Treasury's payment system. The system doles out Medicare and Social Security payments, among other things.

Amazon said it would invest around \$100bn this year, primarily on its **artificial-intelligence projects,** mirroring a similar announcement by Alphabet earlier this week. The spending comes despite concerns among some investors that American AI firms might be outflanked by DeepSeek, a recently unveiled Chinese competitor. Amazon reported net income of \$20bn for the last quarter, close to double last year's figure.

Iran's supreme leader, **Ayatollah Ali Khamenei**, said he would not negotiate with the Trump administration, calling talks "neither wise, nor prudent, nor dignified". This week Mr Trump signed an executive order reinstating sanctions against Iran and called for a "verified nuclear peace agreement". Iran has sought to reassure America it is not pursuing a bomb, although it is ramping up uranium enrichment and installing advanced centrifuges.

The **Reserve Bank of India** cut interest rates for the first time in nearly five years. The key repo rate is now 6.25%, down by a quarter of a percentage point. The decision, which was widely expected by analysts, is intended to boost the country's economy as it grapples with inflation and stagnant wages. India's GDP grew by an annualised 5.4% in the third quarter, the slowest pace in nearly two years.

Taiwan's defence ministry said it had detected six Chinese balloons near the island in the past 24 hours, with one flying directly overhead—one of the highest daily tallies ever recorded. Nine Chinese aircraft and six warships were also detected in the surrounding waters. Taiwan has called these incursions "grey zone" tactics designed to exhaust its military resources.

Mizuhara Ippei, the former interpreter for Ohtani Shohei, a baseball sensation, was sentenced to nearly five years in prison for crimes related to gambling. Last year, Mr Mizuhara was caught stealing around \$17m from the Los Angeles Dodgers player's bank

account to appease his "voracious appetite" for sports betting. He must also pay around \$18m in restitution.

Figure of the day: \$180bn, the amount Meta, Alphabet, Amazon and Microsoft spent on data-centre infrastructure last year. Read the full story.

Ishiba goes to Washington



Japan's prime minister, Ishiba Shigeru, will visit Donald Trump at the White House on Friday. The two leaders' first meeting will be closely watched for signs of personal chemistry. One of Mr Ishiba's predecessors, Abe Shinzo, employed flattery and a shared love of golf to charm Mr Trump during the American president's first term. The more bookish Mr Ishiba may struggle to replicate the bromance. But he will try to keep Mr Trump's ire—and his tariffs—trained away from Japan.

Mr Ishiba will stress Japan's plan to raise defence spending to 2% of GDP by 2027 (from around 1.6% now). He will remind Mr Trump that Japan has the biggest stock of foreign direct investment in America and that Japanese companies directly provide around 1m American jobs. He may suggest that Japan buy more American liquefied natural gas. Even if the pair do not hit it off, Japanese officials are counting on a shared wariness of China to keep their countries close.

A slower jobs market in America



The American labour market may have cooled a little at the start of 2025. Data due on Friday are expected to show that employers added 170,000 jobs in January, down from 200,000-plus in each of the previous two months. Normally, a jobs slowdown would raise questions about whether the broader economy is weakening. Not this time: there were unusual conditions last month, notably the Los Angeles wildfires that kept many people out of work.

Investors would be glad to see some softening in the economy. The Federal Reserve started cutting interest rates last year but had to pause its easing cycle last month because of stubborn inflation. All eyes will be on wage figures, also due on Friday, to see whether slower hiring is translating into more tepid pay growth. The Fed will want more evidence that inflation is waning before resuming rate cuts. A quieter labour market would be a good start.

The threat of a regional war in Congo



Leaders from the East African Community and the Southern Africa Development Community, two regional blocs, are due to meet in Tanzania from Friday to try to resolve the crisis in the Democratic Republic of Congo. Last week M23 rebels backed by Rwandan troops captured Goma, the largest city in Congo's mineral-rich east. Some 3,000 people were killed, according to initial estimates.

Besides the brutal violence, the conflict's regional implications are profound. The four African states that sent troops to help Congo in Goma took heavy losses. South Africa alone lost 14 soldiers, leading the country's president, Cyril Ramaphosa, to trade barbs with Rwanda's Paul Kagame. Mr Kagame declared himself ready for confrontation—just one reason why the summit is unlikely to make meaningful progress. Peace talks over the years have led nowhere, and negotiations between Congo and Rwanda collapsed in December. It is not even clear whether Congo's president, Felix Tshisekedi, will turn up.

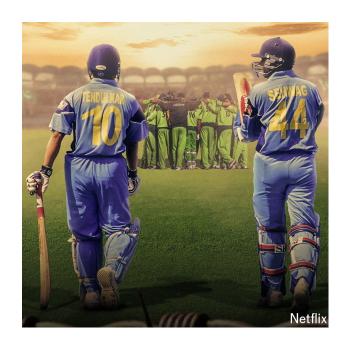
Trump's officials cool on the Gazan riviera



In the days after Donald Trump's astonishing proposal on Tuesday to remove over 2m people from Gaza and transform the strip into "the riviera of the Middle East," his own officials were walking back the plan. Mr Trump spoke of "long-term ownership" and, in another version, claimed: "No soldiers by the U.S. would be needed!". But his spokesperson said Gazans' eviction would be only "temporary". His national security adviser explained it was just the "concepts of a plan" aimed at getting regional players "to come with their own solution."

Israelis, however, were only too keen. The prime minister, Binyamin Netanyahu, said it "should be really pursued, examined, pursued and done". His defence minister directed the army to prepare plans to allow Gazans "to exit and emigrate". But unlike Mr Trump, who had suggested they go to Arab countries, Mr Katz has other destinations in mind, including Spain and Ireland, whose governments have criticised Israel's conduct of the Gazan war.

India vs Pakistan on Netflix



By sheer numbers, the cricketing rivalry between India and Pakistan—together home to 1.6bn people—may well be the biggest in sport. It is also arguably the most feverish. "The Greatest Rivalry", a new Netflix series that debuts on Friday, tells the story of fierce cricketing duels between the neighbours. It also delves into the rivalry's geopolitical and historical roots.

For both sets of fans, it will be welcome nostalgia—because India-Pakistan showdowns have become rarer. Under the Bharatiya Janata Party, India has taken a harder stance against its neighbours. The Indian team has not travelled to Pakistan since 2008. Last year Indian officials infuriated their Pakistani counterparts by refusing to send a team to the Champions Trophy, an upcoming international tournament hosted by Pakistan. As a result, all of India's matches, including one against Pakistan on February 23rd, will take place in Dubai. That will give an already fiery contest an extra edge.

Daily quiz



The Economist

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Friday: Which famous writer has also used the pen name Richard Bachman?

Thursday: Which comedian was the fifth member of the rat pack, alongside Frank Sinatra, Sammy Davis junior, Dean Martin and Peter Lawford?

The winners of last week's crossword



The Economist

Thank you to everyone who took part in our weekly crossword, published in the weekend edition of Espresso. The winners, chosen at random, were:

Valentina Diakova, Moscow, Russia Anne Pappenheim, Wantage, Britain Carlos Sangil, Madrid, Spain

They all gave the correct answers of Taylor Swift, Taipei, Roman and tarmac. Check back tomorrow for this week's crossword.

An absolutely new idea is one of the rarest things known to man

Thomas More