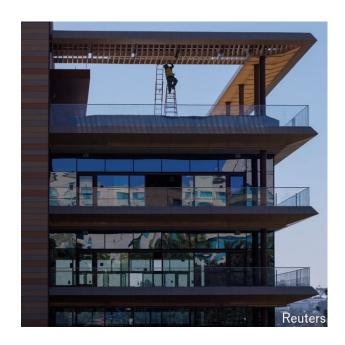
# Catch up: America's dreadful jobs report; more flood warnings in Spain



America added 12,000 jobs in October, according to official figures. The number is far below the 223,000 reported in September and lags estimates that the economy would add 100,000 jobs. The reading reflects disruption caused by hurricanes and strikes, but will nevertheless worry Vice-President Kamala Harris, who is neck-and-neck with Donald Trump, the Republican nominee, ahead of the presidential election, according to our forecast model.

**Spain's** meteorological agency predicted a high probability that **heavy rainfall** will continue on Friday. It issued warnings for extreme weather in the south and east of the country. The death toll from flash floods, which were worst in the eastern region of Valencia, has passed 200. The heavy rainfall began on Monday. It is the country's worst flood-related disaster in modern history.

The **Botswana Democratic Party**, which has ruled the diamond-rich African country since independence in 1966, was swept from power after an election on Wednesday. It won just a single seat in

Botswana's parliament. Mokgweetsi Masisi, the country's president, said that he would "respectfully step aside". The Umbrella for Democratic Change, led by Duma Boko, a former human-rights lawyer, was set to win the most seats.

**ExxonMobil** and **Chevron** reported a fall in profits during the third quarter. Exxon's earnings fell by 5.5% compared to the same period in 2023, while Chevron's dropped by 30%. The American oil titans posted huge profits after Russia's invasion of Ukraine, when commodity prices soared. But since prices returned to earth, they have struggled to repeat that performance.

Antony Blinken, America's secretary of state, said that around 8,000 **North Korean** soldiers have been sent to **Russia's** Kursk region, close to the border with **Ukraine**. The troops have been trained by Russia and are expected to be deployed "in the coming days", he added. In total North Korea has dispatched an estimated 11,000 soldiers to help Vladimir Putin fight his war.

**Kamala Harris** chastised **Donald Trump** for saying he would protect women whether they "like it or not". She said her rival's remarks disregarded female autonomy. Mr Trump has faced numerous accusations of sexual misconduct. In 2023 a jury in a civil trial found him liable for sexually assaulting and defaming E. Jean Carroll, a journalist.

Mathematicians at the University of Technology, Sydney, cast doubt on the **"infinite monkey theorem"**, which holds that a chimpanzee would produce Shakespeare's works by typing randomly for an eternity. They suggest the theory is misleading: a monkey would take longer than the lifetime of the universe to write anything "non-trivial", and have just a 5% chance of typing the word "bananas" in its own lifetime.

**Figure of the day:** 2m, the number of people in England thought to have attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder. Read the full story.

American politics matters intensely to the rest of the world. The US in brief's team of editors will be giving The Economist's fastest analysis of the election results as they come in. Find that on our app and home page on Tuesday November 5th, and sign up here to receive daily election updates delivered as a newsletter.

### Indonesia's economy under Prabowo



Prabowo Subianto, Indonesia's new president, has big spending plans. Among his priorities are promoting high-end tourism and setting up a free school-lunch programme that would cost \$28bn a year. He hopes investment will boost economic growth from around 5% to 8%.

Inflation data for October, released on Friday, offered clues on the economy he is working with. Consumer prices rose by 1.7% year on year, down from a 1.8% rise in September. The figures could give Indonesia's central bank room to reduce interest rates again. Bank Indonesia did so for the first time in three years in September.

But Mr Prabowo's plans are raising concerns about macroeconomic governance. He wants Indonesia to borrow more to fund his free-meals scheme, which is expected to add debt equivalent to 2.3% of GDP annually. And the state-owned firms that build the country's roads and other infrastructure are saddled with plenty of debt of their own.

### Big Oil reaches the bottom of the barrel



Strong growth in gas-guzzling America and the threat of a spiralling conflict in the Middle East ought to have boosted oil prices. But Israel has not attacked Iran's oil infrastructure, despite fears that it would. And weak demand in China, the world's biggest importer of oil, plus a surge of production in the Americas have held prices down. The average oil price in the third quarter, roughly \$75 a barrel, was 8% below the level of a year before.

There was little surprise then when ExxonMobil and Chevron reported falls in profitability for the third quarter. Exxon's earnings fell by 5.5% compared to the same period in 2023, while Chevron's dropped by 30%. In general, Big Oil's earnings are expected to decline by more than 25% year on year, the biggest drop of any sector in the S&P 500, an index of big American firms. A near-term revival in oil prices—and Big Oil's fortunes—looks unlikely.

# The odds of a Senate upset in Trump country



In the final weeks of America's campaign, the electoral map for winning the Senate has become more daunting for Democrats. To their dismay, holding the upper chamber may now depend on flipping seats in America's two biggest Republican-controlled states, Texas and Florida, where Donald Trump is expected to win comfortably.

But new polls have Democrats feeling optimistic. Last week one in Texas showed Colin Allred, a football-linebacker-turned-congressman, in a dead heat with Ted Cruz, the Republican incumbent. In Florida Debbie Mucarsel-Powell, an Ecuadorian immigrant and one-term Democratic congresswoman, is behind Rick Scott, the incumbent Republican, by just two or three points in her best polls. The Democratic Party is hanging its hopes on these two races in part because the hard-right Republican incumbents are both deeply disliked. *The Economist*'s forecast, however, shows a less rosy picture. By our reckoning, in each race, Democrats have only a one-in-five chance of victory.

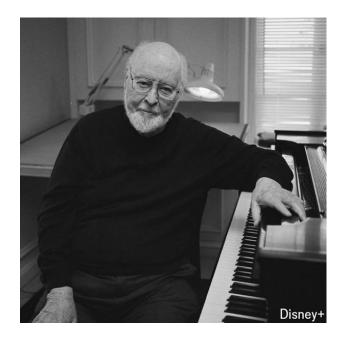
#### **Blessed are the bean-counters**



The cardinals of the Catholic church—at least those who work in the Vatican—are in for a Black Friday. A ruling by Pope Francis abolishing their office and secretarial allowances comes into effect. This will lop around €500 (\$540) a month off their overall remuneration. (Just how much cardinals earn is one of the Vatican's many secrets; their annual salaries are thought to be about €66,000.)

This is the third time Francis has ordered cutbacks. In 2021 he reduced cardinals' salaries by 10%. Last year a spokesperson for the Vatican said that he planned to end free accommodation for cardinals. But this papal penny-pinching will not do much to help the Vatican's parlous finances. In 2023 it said that it ran a structural deficit of €50m-60m a year. The closure of its museums during the pandemic harmed revenue. But the Vatican was already being squeezed by falling donations from the rich world, where secularisation has been accelerated by scandals related to sexual abuse by priests and (ironically) by financial mismanagement.

### **How John Williams struck the right notes**



"Jaws". "Star Wars". "Superman". "Indiana Jones". "ET". "Jurassic Park". "Harry Potter". Does a tune come to mind? Or perhaps an ominous, two-note theme? Or an eerie melody, evocative of magic? What these films have in common—apart from gargantuan ticket sales—is John Williams, who composed their memorable soundtracks.

A documentary released on Disney+ on Friday, "Music by John Williams", looks back over the musician's life. Like his father, Mr Williams played for Hollywood studios; turns on the piano turned into bits of composition and then into fully fledged scores. The "Star Wars" franchise would have been much diminished had Mr Williams instead worked on a war film, as he had wanted to, the documentary relates. Mr Williams initially turned down "Schindler's List", too. (He won Oscars for both scores.) The documentary is a testimony to the importance of music in film-making—and to Mr Williams's singular genius.

#### **Daily quiz**

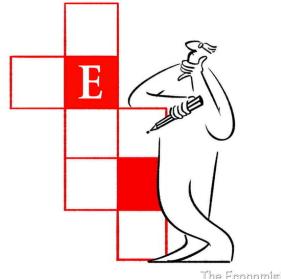


We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 GMT on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

**Friday:** The baseball team of which city changed its name from the Indians to the Guardians?

**Thursday:** Which cartoon cat was created by Jim Davis?

#### The winners of last week's crossword



The Economist

Thank you to everyone who took part in our weekly crossword, published in the weekend edition of Espresso. The winners, chosen at random, were:

Xavier Llobet, Lausanne, Switzerland Nitish Mukhi, Toronto, Canada **Nuria Vehils**, The Hague, The Netherlands

They all gave the correct answers of Panama City, phone, memo and yeast. Check back tomorrow for this week's crossword.

## **2**m

The number of people in England thought to have attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder.
Read the full story.

# Often the fear of one evil leads us into a worse.

Nicolas Boileau-Despreaux