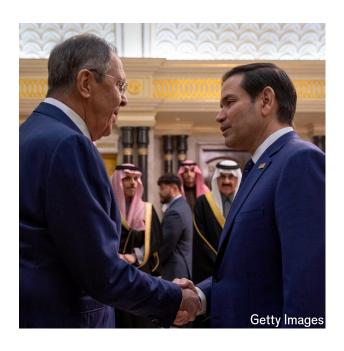
Catch up: Ukraine talks end in Saudi; Trump targets DEI in schools



America and Russia concluded four hours of talks in Saudi Arabia, during which they discussed the war in Ukraine; Volodymyr Zelensky, Ukraine's president, was not invited. Later, when asked why Mr Zelensky had been excluded, Donald Trump called him "grossly incompetent", blamed him for prolonging the war and retorted: "Where is all the money that's been given?" Then he suggested that Ukraine hold elections.

Mr Trump's administration said that America's schools and universities have less than two weeks to end all diversity initiatives, or risk losing federal funding. The Department of Education said that institutions should "cease illegal use of race" in areas such as admissions, promotions, and scholarships. On Monday America's government cut \$600m in funding to groups that train teachers on concepts like DEI.

Israel withdrew its troops from southern **Lebanon** but stayed in five strategic positions, only partially fulfilling the terms of a ceasefire agreement. The UN said it was disappointed by the

"delay" in the deal's implementation; Lebanon also criticised the decision. Israeli politicians said that the move would protect residents in northern Israel, but did not specify how long troops would stay there.

Brazil joined **OPEC+**, an extension of the core oil cartel. Participation in this group makes adherence to the cartel's mandates voluntary, not binding. In recent years Brazil has ramped up production, becoming the world's seventh-largest supplier. Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva, the president, wants regulators to allow drilling at the mouth of the Amazon river.

Israel confirmed that **Hamas** would return the bodies of four hostages on Thursday. On Saturday six captives will be released, including Israelis who have been held for more than a decade. Earlier Israel's foreign minister, Gideon Saar, said that it would begin negotiations on a second phase of the Gaza ceasefire this week.

Iran charged two **British** citizens with espionage, local media reported. The married couple had been travelling the world by motorcycle when they were detained in the country in January; an Iranian official accused them of posing as tourists to collect information for "hostile and Western countries". Britain's foreign office advises against visiting Iran, warning of "significant risk of arrest, questioning or detention".

The **ill health of Pope Francis**, who has spent a fourth night in hospital in Rome, is worrying his flock. On Tuesday the Vatican said the 88-year-old pontiff's condition is "complex" following a diagnosis of pneumonia in both lungs, but that he "remains in good spirits". His fragile state has already set off rumours about who might succeed him.

Figure of the day: \$18bn. Alibaba's market value gain on rumours that China's leaders are rehabilitating the company's founder, Jack

Ma. Read the full story.

Ukraine makes its case to America



The arrival in Kyiv of Keith Kellogg, Donald Trump's special envoy for Ukraine, on Wednesday will be an opportunity for his host, President Volodymyr Zelensky, to calm the waters. In the past few days it appeared at times that American officials were preparing to bully Ukraine into a disadvantageous ceasefire deal.

Mr Zelensky is hoping to take the retired general to the frontlines, to show him things are not as dire as many appear to believe, and that his country is not interested in peace at any price. In line with that narrative, over the weekend Ukrainian forces carried out a series of successful counter-attacks near Pokrovsk, a logistics hub sought by Russia.

Mr Kellogg says that there is no intention of imposing a peace deal on Ukraine. But given that he was excluded from recent talks between the Americans and the Russians in Riyadh, it is not clear whether he has much influence with Mr Trump.

South Africa's pivotal budget



For more than a decade South Africa's budgets have followed a familiar pattern. The ruling African National Congress pledges to rein in public debt and accelerate economic growth. It then fails to do so.

Debt as a share of GDP has doubled since 2012, from 37.4% to an estimated 75% in 2024. The latest budget, due to be delivered by Enoch Godongwana, the finance minister, on Wednesday, ought to augur a change of direction. The International Monetary Fund is one of several bodies warning that South Africa's current path is economically unsustainable.

That is also true politically. The ANC's main coalition partner, the Democratic Alliance, is requesting a serious effort to reduce the debt ratio as a condition of its staying in the "government of national unity". But bond markets are sceptical about whether South Africa can reverse course: in the past month ten-year bond yields have spiked to more than 10%, the highest since the government took office last year.

CPAC is back



Right-leaning Americans will gather in Washington from Wednesday to Saturday for the Conservative Political Action Conference. The long-running event once served Republican politicians (and particularly presidential aspirants) to showcase their vision of conservatism, while activists from around the country networked with each other. Its role has changed in the Trump era.

Like the Republican Party at large, the conference has shifted its focus over the past decade to celebrating the current president. Donald Trump has spoken at the venue in the past but this time has not yet confirmed attendance. This year's event will be overshadowed by accusations that Matt Schlapp, chairman of the American Conservative Union, which runs CPAC, sexually assaulted a man earlier this month—the fourth reported incident of this nature in the past eight years. Mr Schlapp, who is married and has five children, denies the allegations. But the scandal hasn't kept leading Republicans away: J.D. Vance, the vice-president, will address the crowd on Thursday.

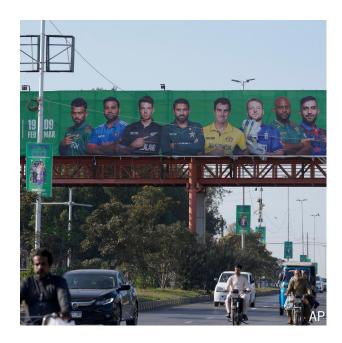
Violence and impunity in Mexico



Mexico's murder problem continues unabated, as a report by Human Rights Watch, to be published on Wednesday, sets out. Murder remains alarmingly common: the homicide rate is 26 per 100,000 people, over four times that in the United States. But more shocking is the extent of impunity: 90% of murders in Mexico go unpunished. Many of the killings are concentrated in certain towns, which rank among the world's most violent.

Claudia Sheinbaum, who became Mexico's president in October, has pledged to quell the violence. Her strategy focuses on better investigation and intelligence. But so far she has been unable to make a mark. That matters not just to Mexicans. Among the many things America's president has grumbled about regarding his southern neighbour are its gangs. Donald Trump's administration seems determined to get tough. It will soon name several Mexican groups as foreign terrorist organisations, potentially paving the way for unilateral military action—something Mexico can ill tolerate.

A sticky wicket in Pakistan



Pakistan is the second-most populous cricketing country in the world. Despite the legendary fervour of its fans, it has been 29 years since Pakistan last hosted an international tournament. That run ends on Wednesday when the Champions Trophy begins in Karachi, the country's largest city.

Pakistan's long-standing political rivalry with India has necessitated some big compromises. All matches in the tournament between the two are to be played at neutral venues until at least 2028. This time, that means the United Arab Emirates. If both teams reach the final, it will be held in Dubai.

India's financial and bureaucratic dominance of cricket has disadvantaged Pakistan for years. Its players are still unofficially banned from the Indian Premier League, the sport's most lucrative competition, and have few opportunities in other leagues where IPL owners have a presence—a political divide that even a shared love of cricket cannot begin to bridge.

Daily quiz



The Economist

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 GMT on Friday to QuizEspresso@economist.com. We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Wednesday: Tony Stark is the real name of which Marvel super hero?

Tuesday: Which 1980s soft rock hit features the line "Sure as Kilimanjaro rises like Olympus above the Serengeti"?

The man who cannot visualise a horse galloping on a tomato is an idiot.

André Breton