

# The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter

Four people directly involved in [an attack](#) on a concert hall near **Moscow** on Friday evening were among 11 who have since been arrested, Russian news agencies reported. Russian intelligence said on Saturday that at least 115 people were killed and more than 140 others wounded when five gunmen opened fire with automatic weapons. Islamic State said it was responsible; American officials backed the claim, based on intelligence of an imminent attack by the jihadist group. Vladimir Putin, Russia's president, is yet to comment directly. The deputy prime minister relayed that Mr Putin wished the injured a quick recovery.

**America's Congress** [passed](#) a **\$1.2trn bipartisan spending package** that will fund the government until October, sending it to President Joe Biden to sign into law and averting a government shutdown. The House passed the vote earlier in the day, but the Senate was delayed for hours by haggling over controversial amendments.

**Catherine, Princess of Wales**, said that she was undergoing early stages of [treatment for cancer](#). The princess underwent abdominal surgery in January. At the time, it was thought that her condition was non-cancerous, but tests after the operation found cancer to be present. She said that she and her husband, William, the Prince of Wales, have maintained privacy "for the sake of our young family".

**Maersk**, a container-shipping giant, said it would not resume sending vessels through the Red Sea due to continuing risks of attack by [the Houthis](#), an Iran-backed group of Yemeni militants. The announcement will disappoint the European Union, whose members began a naval mission last month in an attempt to secure

the route. [Air strikes](#) by American and British forces have not deterred the rebels, either.

**China** and **Russia** vetoed a draft resolution for an immediate ceasefire in [Gaza](#) at the UN Security Council. There were 11 votes in favour of the resolution, which was put forward by America; only Algeria, of the non-permanent members, joined China and Russia to vote against the text. The resolution tied a ceasefire deal to the release of Israeli hostages held by Hamas.

Investors gave **Javier Milei**, [Argentina's firebrand president](#), a vote of confidence as the country's dollar-denominated bonds rose to a record high. Bonds due to mature in 2030 rose to slightly above 51 cents on the dollar, their highest-ever price, up from 18 cents in mid-2022. Argentina's "country risk" for bond traders is now the lowest since 2021, according to JPMorgan Chase, a bank.

**Germany's** economy minister, Robert Habeck, lambasted the German Football Association for inking a deal with [Nike](#), an American brand, and dropping its partnership with Adidas, a homegrown champion. He said the brand's three stripes are a "piece of German identity". Meanwhile, Nike's kit designers dropped the ball in **Britain**: [Sir Keir Starmer](#), the leader of the opposition, took a shot at the company's new England jersey, featuring an unfamiliar, multicoloured St George's cross.

**Figure of the day:** 30%. The fee collected by Apple, a tech giant, on most purchases made using the App Store. [Read the full story.](#)



Photo: Getty Images

## Slovakia's high-stakes election

Slovaks choose their new president on Saturday. Ivan Korčok, a pro-Western former diplomat, and Peter Pellegrini, a close ally of the populist prime minister, Robert Fico, are expected to progress to the second round on April 6th. Since his [return to power](#) in October, Mr Fico has attacked independent institutions. The liberal outgoing president, Zuzana Caputova, managed to hold off his attempts to soften anti-corruption laws. But Mr Pellegrini, a former member of Mr Fico's Smer party, would be more amenable.

The election will also test Slovakia's support for Ukraine. Mr Fico ended military aid in October and has drawn closer to Russia. Earlier this month, the Czech Republic, historically Slovakia's ally, suspended intergovernmental consultations after the Slovak foreign minister met his Russian counterpart, Sergei Lavrov. Only 40% of Slovaks believe that Russia is primarily responsible for the war; 34% blame the West. Unlike Hungary, though, Slovakia has not blocked EU or NATO decisions related to Ukraine—yet.



Photo: EPA

## Pakistan's gloomy Day

On Saturday the country celebrates Pakistan Day. It commemorates the Lahore Resolution of 1940, which called for a separate homeland for India's Muslims and laid the foundation for the country's creation. But this year there is little reason to cheer.

The country faces all sorts of problems. Inflation is running high. Public finances are precarious as the government awaits \$1.1bn in emergency funding from the IMF. Terrorism continues to plague the country. On Wednesday [Baloch-separatist militants](#) attacked the port of Gwadar, the centrepiece of the China-Pakistan Economic [Corridor](#).

Stability is badly needed. But the army-backed coalition government, which came to power last month in rigged elections, [looks wobbly](#). Despite the army's myriad ploys to discredit him, Imran Khan, a former prime minister who is in jail for multiple convictions, remains hugely popular. That has resulted in extreme measures to control dissent. Police have cracked down on protests and X (formerly Twitter) has been blocked in the country.



Photo: Getty Images

## **The green light at the end of the tunnel**

On Saturday, between 8.30pm and 9.30pm local time around the world, lights will go out. That, at least, is the hope of the World Wildlife Fund, a charity which organises an annual “Earth Hour”. The action is more symbolic than practical: using figures for 2021, a crude calculation suggests that knocking out all of the world’s electricity for one hour would reduce consumption by about three terawatt-hours, cutting carbon emissions by at most 1.7 megatons (about 0.004% of the annual total). And emissions from global electricity use have grown steadily since the first Earth Hour in 2007, reaching their highest level in 2023.

But some things are heading in the right direction. The amount of new electricity demand met using renewable sources was almost 50% higher in 2023 than in 2022. The trend looks set to continue: in November governments at [COP28](#) pledged to triple renewable energy capacity by 2030 (from 2022 levels).





Photo: LMK

## **Ghostbusters returns from the grave**

Ivan Reitman's supernatural comedy, "Ghostbusters", was among the highest-grossing films of 1984. Five years later, "Ghostbusters II" proved less successful and a reboot, also called "Ghostbusters", suffered a painful death at the box office in 2016. Jason Reitman, the son of the director of the first two films, had a little more luck in 2021. In "Ghostbusters: Afterlife" the surviving original team members—played by Bill Murray, Dan Aykroyd and Ernie Hudson—passed the proton packs to a younger group of paranormal investigators played by Paul Rudd, Carrie Coon and others.

Now Mr Reitman has co-written and produced another sequel, "Ghostbusters: Frozen Empire". It captures the rowdy spirit of the 1984 classic but tries to squeeze in Ghostbusters both old and new, along with a crowd of supporting characters. That does not leave much room for laughs or scares—or ghosts. After 40 years, it might finally be time to let the franchise rest in peace.



Photo: Alamy

## Weekend profile: María Corina Machado, Venezuela's opposition leader

Long dismissed as too radical, too outspoken and way too posh to get anywhere in Venezuelan politics, María Corina Machado has spent the past year proving her critics wrong. She won an opposition primary last October by a landslide and [would roundly defeat](#) Nicolás Maduro, the country's authoritarian president, in a fair election. So would almost anyone, of course—but for Ms Machado the revenge would be especially sweet.

For decades she has been one of the fiercest critics of *chavismo*, the leftist populist movement set up by the late Hugo Chávez. His corruption and cronyism spawned the disastrous collapse of the Venezuelan economy under Mr Maduro, his chosen successor. In 2012 Ms Machado achieved iconic status among conservatives by calling out *chavismo*'s failings on live television, to Chávez's face. In the national assembly, Ms Machado, then a congresswoman, interrupted an interminable speech by Chávez to suggest that his policy of expropriating private businesses would be better described as "theft". The president's boorish response was that debating her was entirely beneath him. The interaction aged

appallingly for *chavismo*, while Ms Machado has been proved right.

A qualified industrial engineer, mother of three and daughter of a wealthy industrialist—whose steel factories were expropriated (and then mismanaged to destruction) by the Chávez government—Ms Machado is a firm believer in free markets. Most of the 56-year-old's economic policies could be described as centre-right.

The Maduro regime portrays her as a merciless extremist, citing her support for American sanctions and falsely claiming that she backed American military intervention against Venezuela. In June 2023 it banned her from politics for 15 years, and upheld that decision after she won the primary in October. Since then, it has also begun persecuting those who work with her. So far nine of her party workers have been arrested for allegedly planning to organise street violence. Ms Machado, whose political slogan is “hasta el final”—until the end—has promised that none of the regime's intimidation tactics will ever faze her.



## **The winners of this week's quiz**

Thank you to everyone who took part in this week's quiz. The winners, chosen at random, were:



**Sylvester Tan**, Dallas, Texas, America

**Jennifer Stapleton**, Cheltenham, Britain

**Willy Zimmer**, Casper, Wyoming, America

They all gave the correct answers of Babylon, Olympia Dukakis, Rhodes, Lighthouse Family and a pyramid scheme. The theme is the seven wonders of the ancient world: the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, the statue of Zeus at Olympia, the Colossus of Rhodes, the lighthouse of Alexandria and the Great Pyramid of Giza.

The questions were:

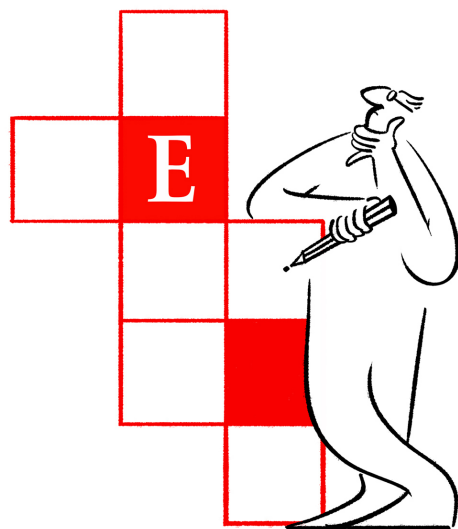
**Monday:** Rastafarians use the name of which ancient Mesopotamian city to refer to the white western world?

**Tuesday:** Which actress, who won an Oscar for Moonstruck, was a cousin of a Democratic Presidential candidate?

**Wednesday:** Which Greek island, the largest in the Dodecanese, was ruled by the knights of the Hospital of St John of Jerusalem from 1310 to 1522?

**Thursday:** Which pop act, which rose to fame in the mid-1990s, had hits such as “Ocean Drive” and “Lifted”?

**Friday:** Which fraudulent marketing scheme requires participant



**Weekly crossword**

Our crossword has two sets of clues, one for seasoned cruciverbalists and the other for less experienced solvers. Both give the same answers, all of which feature in articles in this week's edition of *The Economist*:

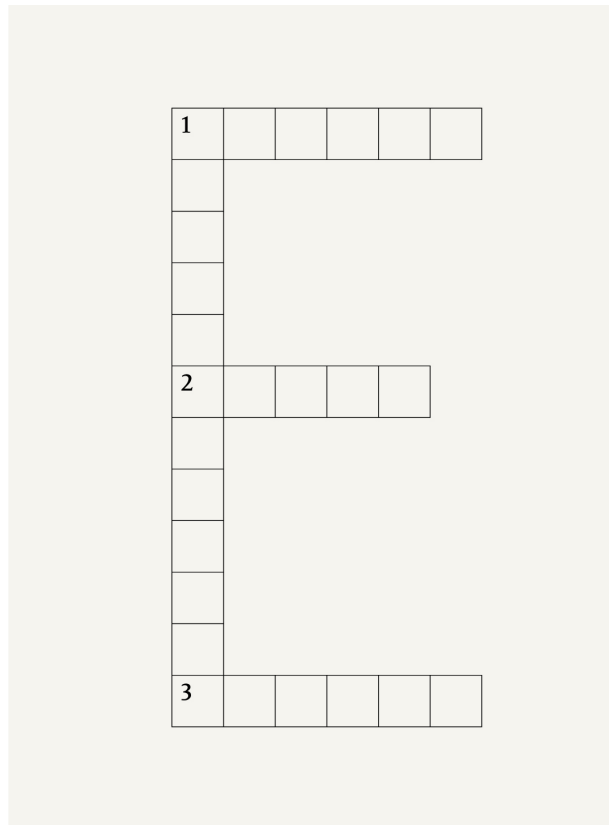
### **Cryptic clues**

- 1 *down* Form of fighting animated far cry: "beware" (12)
- 1 *across* Office of National Statistics not needed in consensus count (6)
- 2 *across* Earnings years after last cashflow (5)
- 3 *across* Great flight book (6)

### **Factual clues**

- 1 *down* One type of aggression that Russia is inflicting on Ukraine (12)
- 1 *across* What reveals levels of migration (6)
- 2 *across* What Japan's biggest firms recently agreed to raise (5)
- 3 *across* What pandemic-era lockdowns triggered in Indian cities (6)

Email all four answers, along with your home city and country, by 9am GMT on Monday to [\[email protected\]](#). We will pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners in next week's edition.



*Only great minds can afford a simple style.*

*Stendhal*