The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter



Photograph: Reuters

Senators began voting on Donald Trump's "One Big Beautiful Bill," his sprawling tax-cutting package. In a special session known as **vote-a-rama**, they are debating numerous amendments to the nearly 1,000-page bill and voting in quick succession. Republicans hope to pass the legislation before July 4th, but can only afford to lose three votes in the Senate. They appear to have already lost two.

Mr Trump signed an executive order lifting most sanctions on **Syria.** He first announced that he would roll them back in May, and issued a 180-day waiver temporarily allowing business with Syria's government. Sanctions on Bashar al-Assad, the ousted former president, will remain in place, along with measures targeting anyone backing Syria's military, which cannot be lifted without action by Congress.

Mr Trump blasted **Japan**, calling it "spoiled" for refusing to buy American rice. Japan is currently pushing America to avoid imposing higher tariffs on Japanese goods from July 9th. Mr Trump hinted that Japan's reluctance to accept rice from America, despite a rice shortage, would incur higher tariffs. Meanwhile, a White House official said that America would announce several trade agreements after July 4th.

Mark Zuckerberg said **Meta** would create a new division focused on "superintelligence", Bloomberg reported. Alexandr Wang, an AI wunderkind in whose startup Meta invested \$14bn this month, will lead it. Mr Zuckerberg also announced new recruits poached from rivals including OpenAI and Google. In an internal memo he reportedly told employees, with trademark diffidence, "this will be the beginning of a new era for humanity."

Russia's foreign ministry summoned Rakhman Mustafayev, the **Azerbaijani** ambassador, over the "unfriendly actions" of his government. Tensions between the countries, which have been poor since the end of last year, have escalated in recent days. **Azerbaijan's** government cancelled several Russian cultural events in the country, after accusing Russia of the extrajudicial killing of two Azerbaijani men in Yekaterinburg, a city in Russia.

The Trump administration's **foreign aid** cuts could cause 14m additional deaths by 2030, according to a new study published in the *Lancet*. Using mortality data from 133 countries, it assesses the impact of America's retreat from global health programmes. The study finds that USAID, America's aid agency, helped prevent about 92m deaths between 2001 and 2021.

Luckin Coffee, China's biggest coffee chain, opened its first American stores in New York. Known for its cheap brew, the firm runs more than 24,000 outlets in China. But it said its launch in America would be "disciplined". The expansion comes five years after it was delisted from America's Nasdaq stock exchange for fabricating sales figures.

Figure of the day: 14%, the proportion of young Americans who say they would consider selling content, usually adult, on OnlyFans. Read the full story.



Photograph: Getty Images

The Quad squad meets

On Tuesday Marco Rubio, America's secretary of state, hosts counterparts from India, Japan and Australia. It will be an opportunity for America to turn its attention to Asia and the contest with China, which is supposed to be a higher priority than wars in Europe and the Middle East. The "Quad" partnership seeks to draw India closer to America's allies in Asia, though India pursues "multi-alignment" (for example, it is friendly with Russia and Iran). The ministers will prepare for a summit of their respective leaders in Delhi this year.

They will have much to discuss besides. India is irritated by America's boast that it brokered a halt to its fighting with Pakistan in June. Australia is nervous about the Pentagon's review of the AUKUS deal on nuclear-powered submarines and other weapons. Japan is irked by pressure from America to raise defence spending. All worry about America's threats of swingeing tariffs. The guests also want to know about Mr Rubio's status: how long can he act as both secretary of state and national security adviser?



Photograph: Getty Images

Is Russia's offensive in Ukraine faltering?

While the world's gaze was turned to the Middle East, Russia pushed on with its summer offensive against Ukraine, albeit with mixed results. Last week Ukraine's most senior commander, Oleksandr Syrsky, claimed that after two months the offensive was "faltering" and that attempts to create a buffer zone around the north-eastern territory of Sumy were "collapsing". He said Russia had failed to take the logistical hub of Pokrovsk, where it has concentrated about 110,000 troops.

Increasingly, Russian attacks are carried out by soldiers on motorbikes attempting to cause havoc behind Ukrainian lines. Few get through, most being picked off by nimble drones. But Ukraine estimates that Russia is producing 66% more ballistic missiles than a year ago and that it is aiming to increase one-way attack drone production from 2,000 to 5,000 a month. On Sunday, Russia launched more than 500 aerial weapons at Ukrainian cities in its largest attack of the war. Such barrages are becoming more frequent—and deadly.



Photograph: Getty Images

The euro zone's inflation summit

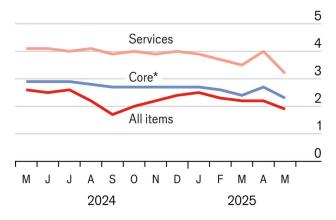
The European Central Bank's top brass, accompanied by a handful of journalists, academics and financial-market analysts, gather in Portugal's high-perched town of Sintra this week for their annual conference. Panels will discuss labour markets, trade and monetary policy. But the participants will also debate whether inflation will make a comeback in Europe, prompted by new euro-zone figures due on Tuesday.

Last week France reported a surprise uptick in its annual inflation rate in June to 0.8%. That alone is not worrying: the ECB's target is 2%. But service prices rose by 2.4% from last year, up from 2.1% previously in May. In Spain annualised core inflation accelerated to 2.2% in June. Meanwhile, it fell slightly to 2.7% in Germany, from 2.8% the previous month. Higher euro-zone figures would cast doubt on the ECB's next, and possibly final, rate cut in this cycle, much anticipated by the markets. That's plenty to chew over at lunch.

Spikes and hikes

Euro area, consumer prices

% increase on a year earlier



*Excludes energy, food, alcohol and tobacco Source: LSEG Workspace



Photograph: Getty Images

Toppling the Shinawatras

Two court cases on Tuesday could bring down the family that has governed Thailand on and off for the last quarter of a century. The constitutional court will consider a petition to remove Paetongtarn Shinawatra, the 38-year-old prime minister, after less than a year in office. She stands accused of misconduct for criticising her generals in a leaked phone call with Hun Sen, the former prime minister of Cambodia, and for calling him "uncle". The two countries are having one of their occasional border disputes.

Ms Paetongtarn's father will be in court, too, to answer charges of insulting the monarchy in an interview in 2015. If convicted, Thaksin Shinawatra could face up to 15 years in jail. Politics, not the law, will drive both verdicts. If conservative forces in the army and palace decide that they have had enough of the Shinawatra family's populist grandstanding, they are sure to be convicted.



Photograph: Getty Images

Britain's government hands out concessions

Sir Keir Starmer will face the biggest rebellion of his career on Tuesday. The House of Commons will vote on the second reading of the Universal Credit and Personal Independence Payment Bill, a piece of legislation intended to curb the surging cost of Britain's benefits by cutting payments to sick and disabled people. Sir Keir has already gutted the bill after more than 120 of his MPS turned against him last week, reducing the planned cuts from £5.5bn to £2.5bn by 2029–30.

The bill is now expected to pass the Commons, though with many MPS still voting against the cuts to future claimants. That makes for a miserable first anniversary for the government, which since its election victory on July 4th 2024 has disappointed its supporters, with public satisfaction nearing a record low for any modern Labour administration, according to a survey published by Ipsos last week. No wonder it has fallen behind Nigel Farage's Reform UK party in the polls.



Illustration: The Economist

Daily Quiz

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to . We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Tuesday: Plymouth, Puget and Roanoke are all examples of which geographical feature?

Monday: Horology is the study of what?

Music is a hidden arithmetic exercise of the soul, which does not know that it is counting.

Gottfried Leibniz