The world in brief

Catch up quickly on the global stories that matter



Photograph: Reuters

Donald Trump began the first full day of an unprecedented second state visit to Britain. Its main purpose, said America's president, is to meet his "friend" King Charles III. Ahead of the visit, Britain and America agreed to a \$42bn deal through which Microsoft, Nvidia and other companies will invest in artificial intelligence, quantum and nuclear technology in Britain.

The **Israel Defence Forces** said it controlled "widespread" areas of Gaza city after launching a ground offensive. Scores of Palestinians were reportedly killed and thousands more fled; the IDF said that roughly half a million people remained. It estimates that 3,000 Hamas fighters are hunkered down in the city. However, perhaps 20,000 have withdrawn—undermining the premise of the operation.

European stocks edged up ahead of the **Federal Reserve**'s monetary-policy decision. America's central bank is widely expected to cut interest rates for the first time this year. Fed policymakers have faced pressure from Mr Trump to lower rates. America's president has installed Stephen Miran, an economic adviser, on the Fed's board.

Britain's annual inflation rate was 3.8% in August, the same as in July. The figure is well above the Bank of England's target of 2%. The core rate, which excludes food and energy prices, was 3.6%, down from 3.8% the previous month. The bank is expected to keep interest rates at 4% at its monetary-policy meeting on Thursday.

Yulia Navalnaya said biological tests indicated that her late husband, Alexei Navalny, was poisoned. The Russian opposition leader died in a Siberian penal colony in 2024. Ms Navalnaya said laboratories in two unspecified countries reached the conclusion he was poisoned, but suggested Western governments were reluctant to release the results because of "political considerations".

China's internet regulator banned the country's largest technology firms from buying Nvidia's AI chips, according to the *Financial Times*. The decision places restrictions on companies such ByteDance, the owner of TikTok, as China attempts to foster its own semiconductor industry. This week China's market watchdog said Nvidia had violated anti-monopoly laws. Nvidia said it had complied with the law.

Ben & Jerry's co-founder, Jerry Greenfield, left the ice-cream maker after 47 years following a dispute with its parent company. Mr Greenfield said Unilever, which bought Ben & Jerry's for \$326m in 2000, had "silenced" the company's "social mission" and its ability to speak about issues concerning "peace, justice and human rights". Ben & Jerry's has been a vocal critic of Israel's war on Gaza.

Figure of the day: 19%, the average fall in the price of a car in China over the past two years. Read the full story.



Photograph: Aaron Schwartz/Sipa USA

The Fed eyes interest-rate cuts

Financial markets expect the Federal Reserve to lower interest rates by a quarter of a percentage point on Wednesday. Since the central bank's previous gathering in late July, two rounds of employment data have come in weak. That is leading to predictions of further cuts in October and in December. But inflation is also creeping up, putting the Fed—with a legal mandate both to sustain maximum employment and keep inflation at 2%—in a quandary.

Analysts will also be paying attention to Stephen Miran (pictured), the first nominee to the Fed of Donald Trump's second term. After a just-in-time Senate confirmation he will attend his first rate-setting meeting. Mr Miran has previously supported tightening political control of the central bank, for example by giving the president the ability to fire Fed governors and regional-bank presidents at will. One test of Mr Miran's intentions will be whether he deviates from the majority, for instance by supporting a bigger cut.



Photograph: Reuters

Israel's new offensive in Gaza

The Israel Defence Forces have launched another campaign in Gaza city. They have surrounded the strip's largest urban centre on three sides, leaving open the western exits for civilians. Yet at least 600,000 people are still sheltering close to the old centre. Many doubt that things will be better elsewhere in Gaza.

The offensive is a re-run of Israel's first main operation after Hamas's surprise attack in 2023. Since then, at least 64,000 Palestinians have been killed, along with nearly all of Hamas's senior leaders. On Tuesday the UN Human Rights Council published a report accusing Israel of committing genocide. Its government denies the accusations.

IDF commanders doubt that the new offensive will eliminate the militant group; recent polling suggests that more than 70% of Israelis now want a ceasefire. But Israel's prime minister, Binyamin Netanyahu, is beholden to his far-right coalition partners. And for now, the operation seems to have America's backing.



Photograph: Getty Images

Meta returns to the metaverse

Meta will boast that its smart glasses are now even smarter at its Connect developers conference on Wednesday. It plans to introduce AI-powered display features. The glasses, co-branded with Ray-Ban and Oakley, will allow users to query Meta's AI assistant and see responses in one of the lenses. They will come with a wristband to increase processing power and a price tag of about \$800. Meta may allow third-party developers to make apps for the glasses, helping expand the capabilities of its gadget beyond filming, music and messaging.

The mixed-reality glasses, dubbed Hypernova, represent a revival of Meta's quest to develop the metaverse. Meta is hoping that customers will use them as an alternative to rival hardware, such as Apple's iPhone. Improved AI features would also help justify some of the expensive bets Mark Zuckerberg, Meta's boss, placed by hiring top AI researchers this summer. Meta's value has increased to close to \$2trn this year. If its glasses generate enough excitement this week, it could surpass that.



Photograph: Reuters

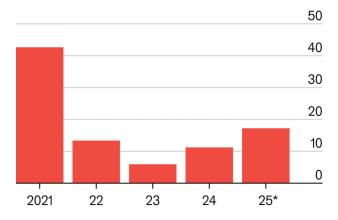
Peaks and perils for Hong Kong

John Lee, Hong Kong's leader, delivered his annual policy address on Wednesday. Mr Lee had to respond to a mixed economic picture. The territory's economy is expected to grow between 2% and 3% this year. The property sector is stabilising. And in the first half of 2025 Hong Kong was the world's top venue for listings, with its 42 IPOS raising HK\$107bn (\$13.8bn)—22% more than in the whole of 2024. That is in part down to deteriorating Sino-American relations, which is encouraging mainland firms to list in Hong Kong rather than America.

But on the city's streets, things feel rather different. Many stores and restaurants have closed as Hong Kongers increasingly head to the mainland, where it is cheaper to shop and dine. Total retail sales are down; the unemployment rate is rising. Residents increasingly report dissatisfaction over government policies and the economy. In his address, Mr Lee offered little to assuage them.

A package deal

Hong Kong, initial public offerings, deal value, \$bn



*To August 31st Source: Hong Kong Stock Exchange



Photograph: Shutterstock

TikTok watches the clock

"What's up TikTok," asked the White House as it launched its account on the social-media platform in August. What made the greeting odd is that last year Joe Biden signed a law giving ByteDance, TikTok's Chinese owner, an ultimatum: sell its American operations or go dark. The Trump administration has delayed several deadlines for that to happen. Days before the latest, on Wednesday, it said a "framework" for a deal had been reached. The new deadline is December 16th.

Little about the deal itself is known. On Tuesday Donald Trump said that "very big companies" want to buy TikTok. More could become clear on Friday, when Mr Trump speaks to Xi Jinping, China's leader. A big question concerns the future of TikTok's powerful recommendation algorithm, which America regards as a potential threat to its security. China suggests ByteDance will retain ownership of the technology; America insists that the deal prioritises national security. TikTok's 150m American users no doubt hope to keep scrolling uninterrupted.



Illustration: The Economist

Daily quiz

We will serve you a new question each day this week. On Friday your challenge is to give us all five answers and, as important, tell us the connecting theme. Email your responses (and include mention of your home city and country) by 1700 BST on Friday to . We'll pick randomly from those with the right answers and crown three winners on Saturday.

Wednesaday: Which singer, formerly with the group Clannad, had her biggest hit with "Orinoco Flow (Sail Away)"?

Tuesday: Which author is best known for his book "Dracula", published in 1897?

An intellectual is a man who doesn't know how to park a bike.

Spiro Agnew