



Biopython Project Update

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Website: <http://biopython.org>

Repository: <https://github.com/biopython/biopython>

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We present the latest updates from the Biopython project, a long-running, distributed collaboration producing a freely available Python library for biological computation [1]. Biopython is supported by the Open Bioinformatics Foundation (OBF).

There have been two releases since BOSC 2013: version 1.62 and 1.63, both involving contributions made by new and returning developers. New features in version 1.62 include parsing support for NeXML and CDAO in the Bio.Phylo module, parsing support for GAF, GPA, and GPI formats from UniProt-GOA in the Bio.UniPort module, and BioSQL support for Jython, among others. In version 1.63, we added support for the population genetic tool fastsimcoal, a wrapper for samtools, and other significant enhancements to existing modules. Version 1.64 is under development and is expected to have been released by BOSC 2014 [*NB: to be revised during abstract review*]. Since BOSC 2013, we have successfully supported Python 2, Python 3, PyPy, and Jython 2.7 with a single codebase. This change is also reflected in our Tutorial & Cookbook, which uses code compatible with all Python versions.

In addition to local installation on various operating systems, Biopython is now available in the Galaxy Tool Shed [2] as a package dependency. Galaxy tools requiring Biopython can now specify this dependency explicitly and choose from three different Biopython versions: 1.61, 1.62, or 1.63. We plan to continue releasing for Galaxy for upcoming versions.

We participated in Google Summer of Code (2013) under the umbrella of the National Evolutionary Synthesis Center (NESCent). Two students were selected: Yanbo Ye, working on enhancements for Bio.Phylo, and Zheng Ruan, working to add codon alignment and analysis support. Both students have finished their project successfully, with Yanbo's code integrated into the existing Bio.Phylo module and Zheng's code submitted as a pull request under review. We hope to mentor another student in GSoC 2014 who will be working on adding lazy-parsing support to Bio.SeqIO [*NB: to be revised during abstract review*].

References

- [1] Cock, P.J.A., Antao, T., Chang, J.T., Chapman, B.A., Cox, C.J., Dalke, A., Friedberg, I., Hamelryck, T., Kauff, F., Wilczynski, B., de Hoon, M.J. (2009) Biopython: freely available Python tools for computational molecular biology and bioinformatics. *Bioinformatics* **25**(11) 1422-3. doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/btp163
- [2] Blankenberg, D., Von Kuster, G., Bouvier, E., Baker, D., Afgan, E., Stoler N., The Galaxy Team, Taylor, J., Nekrutenko, A. (2014) Dissemination of scientific software with Galaxy ToolShed. *Genome Biology* **15** 403. doi:10.1186/gb4161

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