

# WebRTC



Real Time Collaboration with [JS](#) & [HTML5](#)

[Om Shankar](#)

Amazon, @WalmartLabs, Adobe Systems

Loves the [Web](#); believes moving it [forward](#)

[JavaScript](#) freak, [HTML5](#) Aficionado

Usually, press right key. When bottom arrow glows, press down arrow key



I just want Internet, What the hell is HTML5

## Web as an Application



Don't you want to Communicate?

Export, Share, Store, Edit?

Record & Play videos and songs?

Drag Drop, 3D, Flexible layouts, Create and Draw?



What are these?

You tell me! You tell me right now!!

## HTML5 Features



Semantics, Offline & Storage, Multimedia, 3D & Graphics (WebGL, SVG), CSS3 (yes that's part of HTML5 Spec), Performance & Integration (CORS, AJAX2, WebWorkers), Connectivity (Real-time, WebSockets & Push), , Device Acces (Geolocation, Tilt, etc.)

# What is WebRTC



## Web Real Time Communication:

An HTML5 Featureset enabling [Real Time P2P communication](#) ...

natively in Browsers - without any plugins.  
with support for data Sharing, Audio and Video Chat, etc.  
API Standards and Specs being maintained by **W3C**.

# Where is JavaScript?

- 3 main actions required for WebRTC on Client Side (Browser) are performed by JavaScript:

- Acquiring the Video and Audio Streams

`getUserMedia` returning `MediaStream` *(JS Object pointing a live stream being fed to it)*

- Sharing Streams with peers - AKA Communicating !

`RTCPeerConnection` `RTCIceCandidate`

- Sharing data with peers

`RTCDataChannel`

# Acquiring Video and Audio

## getUserMedia

```
var constraints = {video: true, audio: true };

navigator.getUserMedia(constraints, successCallback, errorCallback);

function successCallback(stream) {
    var video = document.querySelector("video");
    video.src = window.URL.createObjectURL(stream);
}

function errorCallback(error) {
    alert("Error: ", error);
}
```

- **constraints** - Must for getUserMedia, specifies Media type, resolution, etc.
- **video** - An HTML5 DOM element capable of playing live feed



# Communicating Streams

## RTCPeerconnection

```
var peerCon = new window.RTCPeerConnection(configuration);

peerCon.addStream(localStream); // got from getUserMedia
peerCon.onaddstream = function(e) {
  ...

  peerCon.addIceCandidate(candidate);
  peerCon.onicecandidate = function(e) {
    ...

    peerCon.setLocalDescription(description);
    peerCon.setRemoteDescription(new RTCSessionDescription(msg.data));

    peerCon.createOffer(IceCandidate)
    peerCon.createAnswer(...)
```

- **IceCandidate** - ICE-f/w to allow peers to communicate behind Firewalls, explained later.
- **RTCSessionDescription** - Description of multimedia content, following SDP, explained later.

# Communicating Data

## RTCDataChannel

```
var peerCon = new window.RTCPeerConnection({
  servers, {
    optional: [{ RtpDataChannels: true }]
  }
});

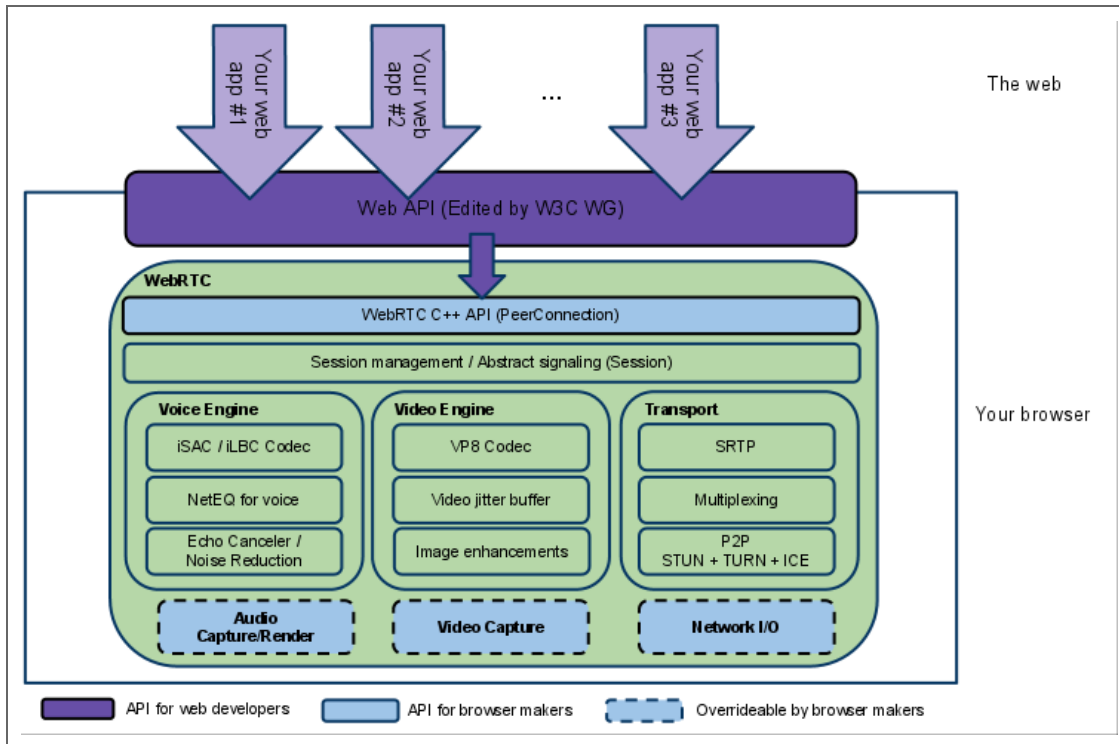
peerCon.ondatachannel = function(event) {
  receiverChannel = event.channel;
  receiverChannel.onmessage = function(event){
    receiveDOMElement.innerHTML = event.data;
  };
};

XmitterChannel = pc.createDataChannel("sendDataChannel", {reliable: false});
XmitterChannel.send('Hello WebRTC');
```

- `RtpDataChannels: true` - To enable arbitrary data via the same RTCPeerConnection.
- `onmessage`, etc. - Same API as WebSockets.

# WebRTC & the Web

## Architecture

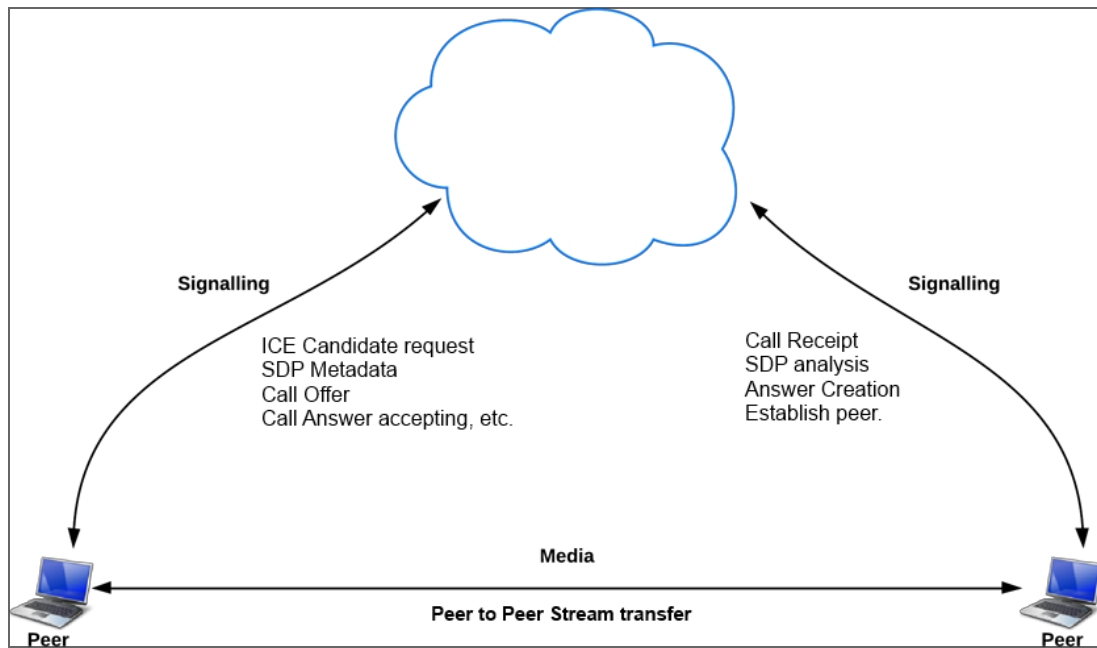




I don't want to see that image again!

# WebRTC: No Firewalls

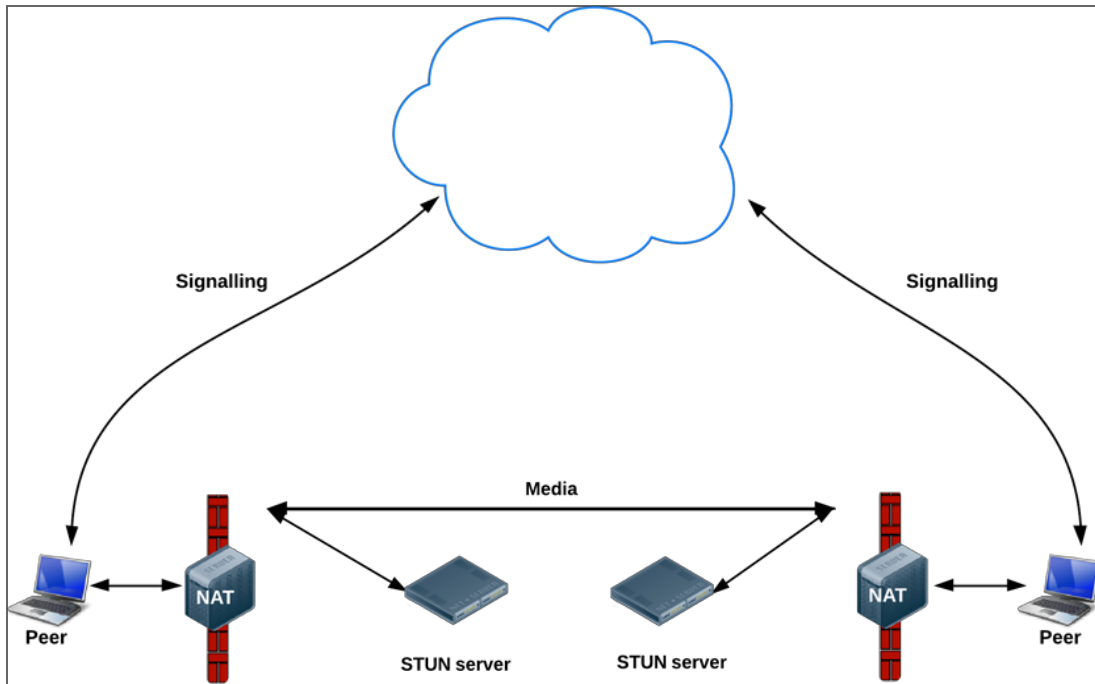
## STUN and TURN not needed



Courtesy : WebRTC - Google IO; and Self Modified

# WebRTC: Behind NAT Firewall

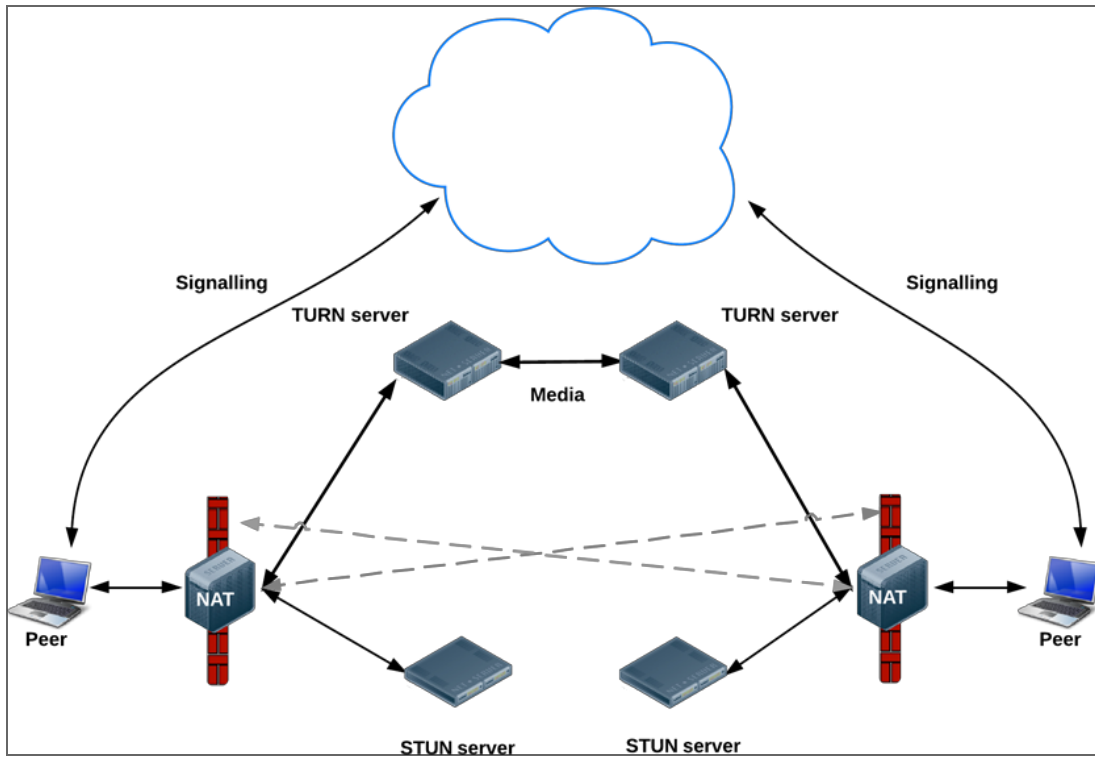
## Solution 1: Use STUN



Courtesy: WebRTC - Google IO

# WebRTC: STUN Fails

## Solution 2: Use TURN



Courtesy: WebRTC - Google IO



What is **STUN**, **TURN**, **SDP** and **ICE**?  
You tell me! You tell me right now!!



# WebRTC: Stuff

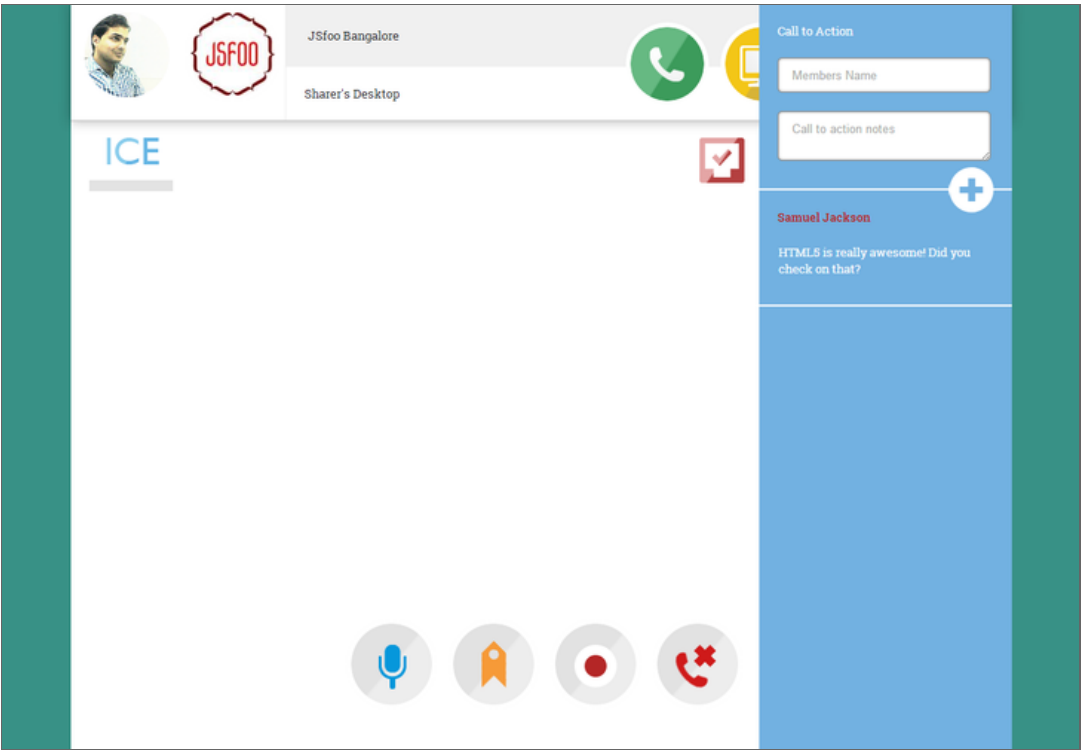
## Terminologies

- **NAT** - Network Address Translation  
Is used to give the client a public address behind firewall.
- **ICE** - Interactive Connectivity Establishment  
Is a framework to allow your web browser to connect with peers behind NAT. How? Speaking...
- **STUN** - Session Traversal Utilities for NAT  
Protocol for Client Discovery.
- **TURN** - Traversal Using Relays around NAT  
ICE opens a connection with a TURN server and relays all information through that.
- **Signal Channel/Signaling** - Usually a PUSH enabled communication channel  
Required for exchanging Network info., Call Offer, Call Answer and SDP.
- **SDP** - Session Description Protocol  
Standard for describing the multimedia content of the connection such as resolution, formats, codecs, encryption, etc. and the connection itself.

# WebRTC: Stuff Over the Internet

- **ICE Breaker** - JSFoo Demo Application
- **WebRTC landing page**
- **WebRTC roadmap** in Chrome
- **Mozilla** - the HTML5 pillar
- **NVIDIA Tegra High def conferencing** using WebRTC
- **World's first WebRTC enabled mobile browser** -by Ericsson R&D labs
- **3D communication in browser** -by Ericsson R&D labs

# ICE Breaker



# Cool Extras

- **ASCII Camera**
- **Audio Recorder**
- **ShareFest** - Send files Directly, P2P
- **Who's Talking** - Detecting who is speaking in a Conference
- **GIF image from Video** - Pure JavaScript and HTML5

JavaScript + HTML5 = Awesomeness

Thank You

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