Solution to FMS Homework 3, SS 2017

Checklist before you start this homework. (The boxes are clickable.)

- ☑ I have read the atomic structure related portion (p.18-26) of the chapter.
- ☑ I have worked on the Example Problems and Concept Check questions.

Homework Problems:

1. Chemical analysis in materials science laboratories is frequently done by means of the scanning electron microscope. In this instrument, an electron beam generates characteristic x-rays that can be used to identify chemical elements. This instrument samples a roughly cylindrical volume at the surface of a solid material. Calculate the number of atoms sampled in a 1 μm-diameter by 1 μm-deep cylinder in the surface of solid copper.

Solution:

density of Cu: 8.93 g/cm³
atomic mass of Cu: 63.55 amn

W means

$$\frac{63.559 \text{ Cu}}{\text{Avogadro's # of Cu atoms}}$$
The volume Sampled is
$$\sqrt{\text{Sample}} = \pi \left(\frac{1 \mu \text{m}}{2}\right)^2 \times 1 \mu \text{m}$$

$$= 0.785 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3$$
Thus, the number of atoms sampled is
$$\sqrt{\text{Sample}} = \frac{8.93 \text{ g}}{\text{Cm}^3} \times 0.785 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23}}{63.55 \text{ g}}$$

$$= 6.64 \times 10^{10} \text{ atoms}$$

2. One mole of solid MgO occupies a cube 22.37 mm on a side. Calculate the density of MgO (in g/cm³).

3. Calculate the dimensions of a cube containing 1 mole of solid magnesium.

Volume of $|mo| = \frac{24.319/mol}{1.148/cm^3}$ $= |3.97 cm^3/mol$ edge of cube = $(13.97)^{1/3}$ cm $= 2.408 cm \times 10 mm/cm$ = 24.08 mm