



# Beijing-Dublin International College



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## SEMESTER II FINAL EXAMINATION – 2018/2019

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**School of Mathematics and Statistics**  
**BDIC1030J & BDIC1026J Maths 2 (Advanced Mathematics)**

HEAD OF SCHOOL: Wenying WU  
MODULE COORDINATOR: Yanru PING  
OTHER EXAMINER: Yuehong FENG

**Time Allowed: 90 minutes**

### Instructions for Candidates

Answer ALL questions. The marks that each question carry is written as shown.

**BJUT Student ID:** \_\_\_\_\_

**UCD Student ID:** \_\_\_\_\_

I have read and clearly understand the Examination Rules of both Beijing University of Technology and University College Dublin. I am aware of the Punishment for Violating the Rules of Beijing University of Technology and/or University College Dublin. I hereby promise to abide by the relevant rules and regulations by not giving or receiving any help during the exam. If caught violating the rules, I accept the punishment thereof.

**Honesty Pledge:** \_\_\_\_\_ **(Signature)**

### Instructions for Invigilators

Non-programmable calculators are permitted. NO dictionaries are permitted.  
No rough-work paper is to be provided for candidates.

**NOTE:** Answer **ALL** questions.

Time allowed is **90** minutes.

The exam paper has **2** sections on **6** pages, with a full score of 100 marks.

You are required to use only the provided **Examination Book** for answers.

## SECTION A — Brief Answer Questions

This section is worth a total of **70** marks, with each question worth **5** marks.

1. Compute

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^4 + 1} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

2. Compute

$$\int \tan^3 x dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

3. Compute

$$\int \arcsin x dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

4. Compute

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

**BDIC1026J, BDIC1030J Advanced Mathematics (Module 2) — Final Exam**

5. Compute

$$\int_{-1}^1 \left\{ \frac{\sin^3 x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} - 5\sqrt{1-x^2} \right\} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

6. Evaluate the definite integral

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

7. Evaluate the definite integral

$$\int_0^1 x \cdot {}^{2018}\sqrt{1-x} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

8. Determine if the following improper integral is convergent or not:

$$\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{x}{(1+x^2)^2} dx.$$

If this integral is convergent, find its value:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

9. Consider a function  $f(x)$  satisfying

$$f(x) = x^2 + x \int_0^1 f(x) dx.$$

Try to solve out this function  $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ .

**BDIC1026J, BDIC1030J Advanced Mathematics (Module 2) — Final Exam**

10. Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\int_0^x \arctan t dt}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - 1} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

11. Try to estimate the following limit by making use of the definition of definite integral:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\pi}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \cos^2 \frac{k\pi}{n}.$$

12. Given the conditions

$$x^2 y' + xy = 1, \quad y(1) = 1,$$

try to determine the function  $y(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

13. Given an ODE  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$ , the general solution of this ODE can be expressed as  
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$

14. Judge the type of the following ODE:

$$(x^2 + y^2)dx - (y^2 - x^2)dy = 0$$

It is a  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  (first-order/second-order),  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  (linear/non-linear)  
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  (homogeneous/non-homogeneous) ordinary differential equation.

**BDIC1026J, BDIC1030J Advanced Mathematics (Module 2) — Final Exam**

**SECTION B — Extended Answer Questions**

Write your answers on the **Examination Book** provided.

This section is worth a total of **30** marks. The marks of each question are as shown.

- 15. (8 marks)** Find the general solution of the following ODE:

$$y'' - 2y' + y = xe^x.$$

**BDIC1026J, BDIC1030J Advanced Mathematics (Module 2) — Final Exam**

**16. (16 marks)** In the two-dimensional  $xy$ -plane, consider a region bounded by two curves

$$y = \sqrt{x}, \quad y = x^2.$$

- (a) Find the area of this region. (4 marks)
- (b) Find the volume of the solid body obtained by rotating this region about the  $x$ -axis. (4 marks)
- (c) Use definite integrals to give a mathematical expression for the length of the circumference of the region. (4 marks)
- (d) Compute the above circumference of the region. (4 marks)

**17. (6 marks)** Given the conditions that  $f(x)$  is a derivable function over  $[0, 1]$ , and

$$3 \int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 f(x) dx = f(1).$$

show that there exists at least one  $\xi \in (0, 1)$  such that

$$\xi f'(\xi) + 2f(\xi) = 0.$$

**BDIC1026J, BDIC1030J Advanced Mathematics (Module 2) — Final Exam**

USEFUL FORMULAE

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \tan x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} dx = -\cot x + c$$

$$\int \tan x dx = -\ln |\cos x| + c$$

$$\int \cot x dx = \ln |\sin x| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + x^2} dx = \arctan x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \arcsin x + c$$

## Glossary

Antiderivative	原函数
Boundary	边界
Circumference	周长
Coefficient	系数
Convergent	收敛的
Curve	曲线
Definite integral	定积分
Even function	偶函数
General solution	通解
Homogeneous	齐次的
Improper integral	广义积分
Odd function	奇函数
ODE (Ordinary differential equation)	常微分方程
Region	区域
Shadowed	阴影
Volume	体积