

Module 2 – Part I

Setting up Deep Forecasting Environment (Python)





Road map!

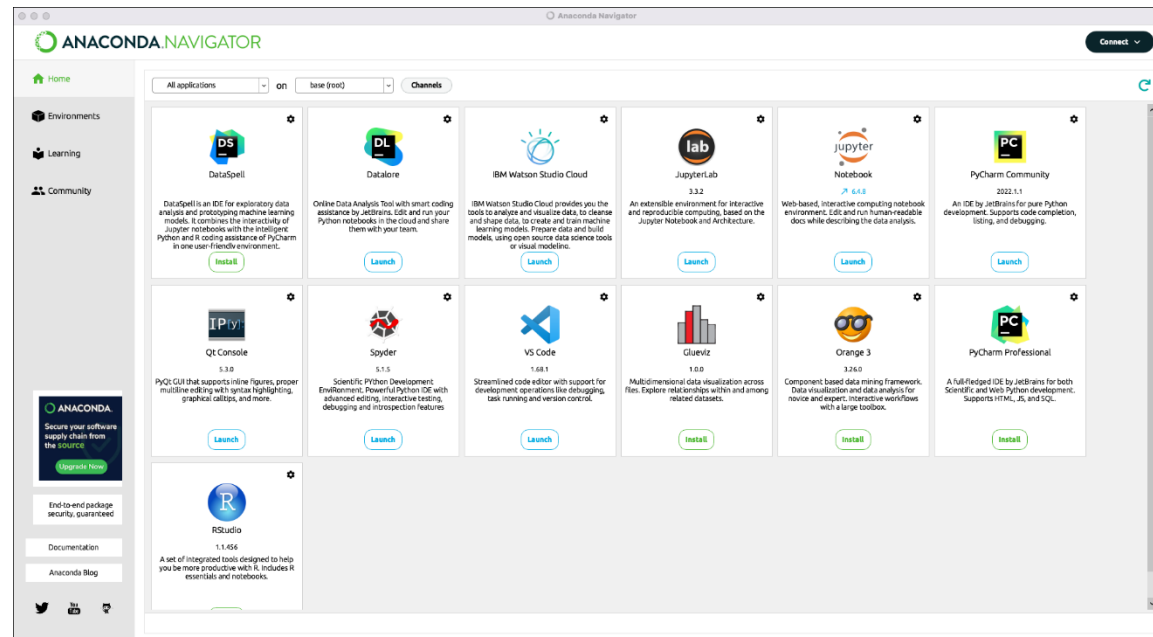
- Module 1- Demystifying Timeseries Data and Modeling
- **Module 2- Setting up Deep Forecasting Environment (Python)**
- Module 3- Exponential Smoothing
- Module 4- ARIMA models
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- Module 6- Deep Neural Networks
- Module 7- Deep Sequence Modeling (RNN, LSTM)
- Module 8- Prophet and Neural Prophet

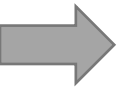


Install through



- Anaconda is a **distribution** of the Python and R programming languages for scientific computing, that aims to simplify package management with conda **environments**.
- Anaconda offers the easiest way to perform data science and machine learning on a single machine.
- Install Anaconda @ <https://www.anaconda.com/>

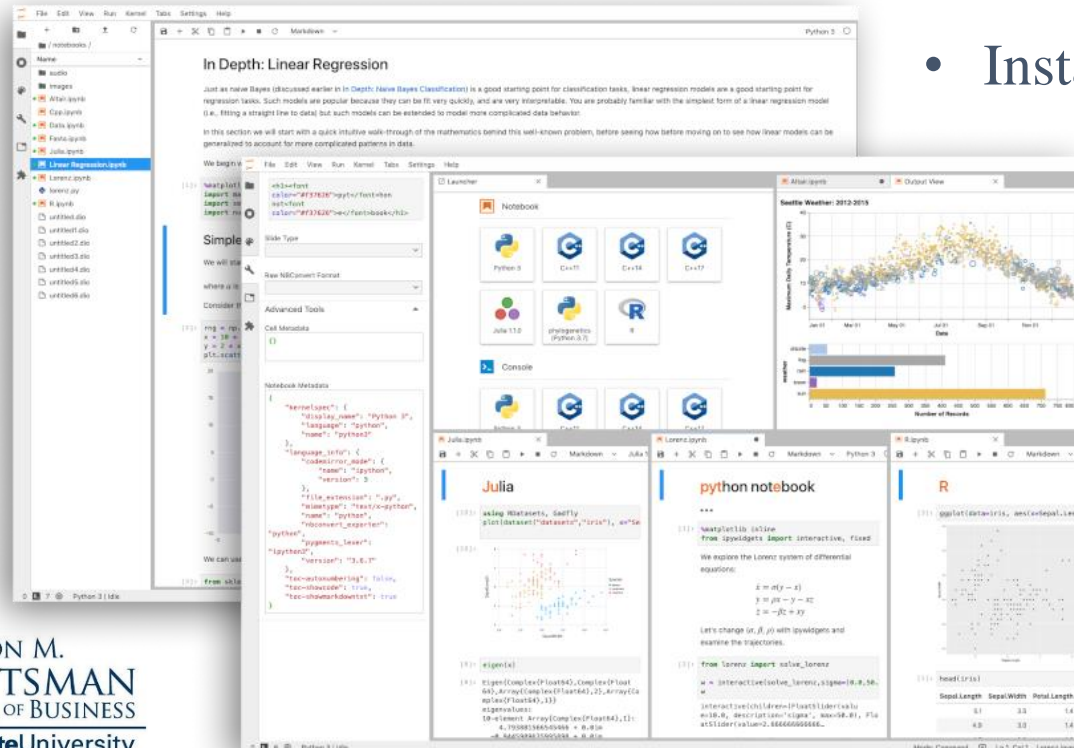




JupyterLab



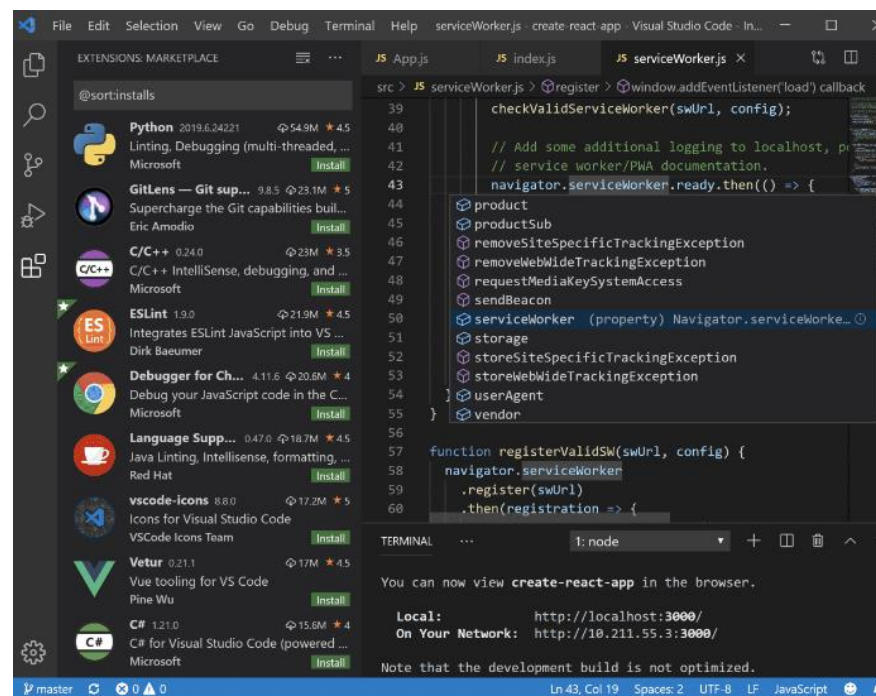
- JupyterLab is the latest **web-based interactive development environment** for notebooks, code, and data
- Jupyter's name is a reference to the three core programming languages supported by Jupyter, which are **Julia**, **Python** and **R**



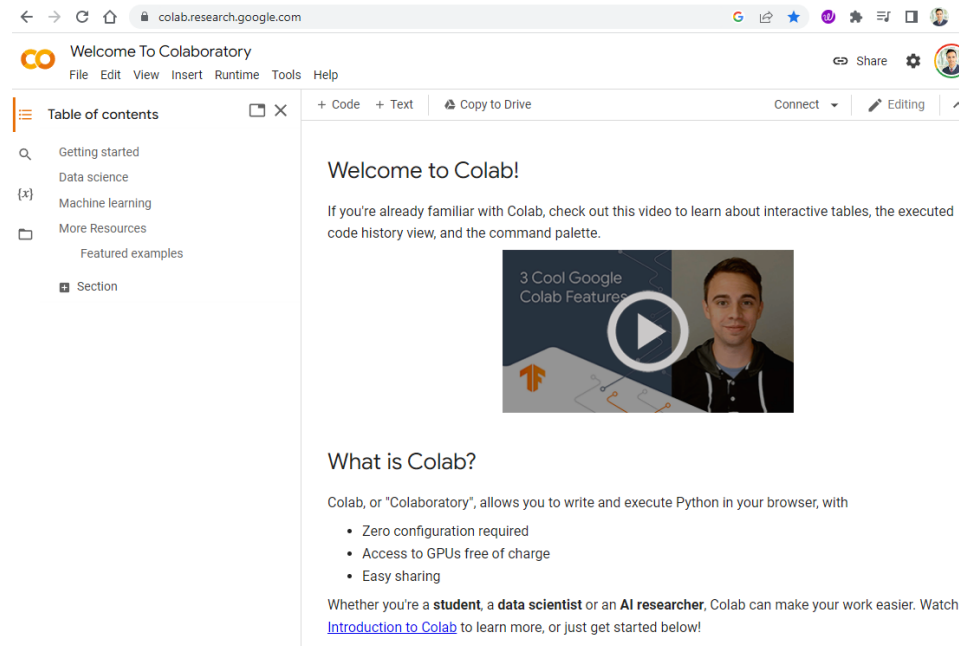
- Install JupyterLab @ <http://jupyter.org/install>

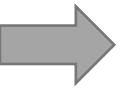
VS Code

- VS Code is one of the most popular source code editors
- Features include support for **debugging**, syntax highlighting, intelligent **code completion**, code refactoring, and **embedded Git**.
- Install VS code @ <https://code.visualstudio.com/>



- Colab is a free hosted **Jupyter notebook-style environment** that runs entirely in the **cloud** and requires no setup to use. It also provides access to **machine learning libraries** and computing resources including **GPU**.
- Colab allows anybody to write and execute arbitrary **python code** through the **browser**, and is especially well suited to machine learning, data analysis and education. <https://colab.research.google.com/>



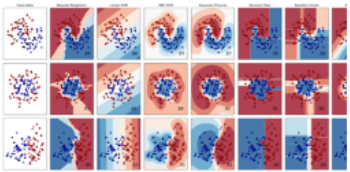


Classification

Identifying which category an object belongs to.

Applications: Spam detection, image recognition.

Algorithms: SVM, nearest neighbors, random forest, and more...



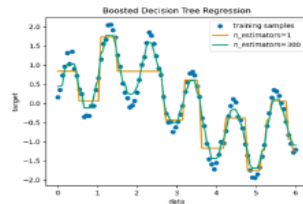
Examples

Regression

Predicting a continuous-valued attribute associated with an object.

Applications: Drug response, Stock prices.

Algorithms: SVR, nearest neighbors, random forest, and more...



Examples

Clustering

Automatic grouping of similar objects into sets.

Applications: Customer segmentation, Grouping experiment outcomes

Algorithms: k-Means, spectral clustering, mean-shift, and more...



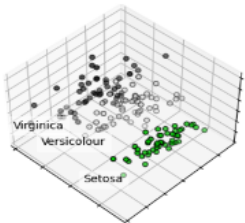
Examples

Dimensionality reduction

Reducing the number of random variables to consider.

Applications: Visualization, Increased efficiency

Algorithms: PCA, feature selection, non-negative matrix factorization, and more...



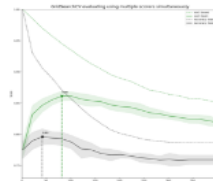
Examples

Model selection

Comparing, validating and choosing parameters and models.

Applications: Improved accuracy via parameter tuning

Algorithms: grid search, cross validation, metrics, and more...



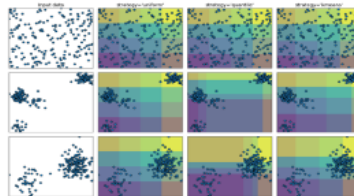
Examples

Preprocessing

Feature extraction and normalization.

Applications: Transforming input data such as text for use with machine learning algorithms.

Algorithms: preprocessing, feature extraction, and more...



Examples

- Scikit-learn is an **open-sourced Python** library and includes a variety of unsupervised and supervised learning techniques.
- It is based on technologies and libraries like Matplotlib, Pandas and NumPy and helps simplify the coding task.
- Install Scikit-learn @ <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/install.html>



- PyCaret is an **open-source**, **low-code** machine learning library in Python that automates machine learning workflows.
- PyCaret is essentially a **Python wrapper** around several machine learning libraries and frameworks
- Install PyCaret @ <https://pycaret.gitbook.io/docs/get-started/installation>

```
# load dataset
import pandas as pd
train = pd.read_csv('train.csv')
test = pd.read_csv('test.csv')

# init setup
from pycaret.classification import *
s = setup(train, target= 'target')

# model training and selection
best = compare_models()

# analyze best model
evaluate_model(best)

# predict on new data
predictions = predict_model(best, data =test )

# save best pipeline
save_model(best, 'my_best_pipeline')
```

ID	Name
'lr'	Logistic Regression
'knn'	K Nearest Neighbour
'nb'	Naives Bayes
'dt'	Decision Tree Classifier
'svm'	SVM - Linear Kernel
'rbfsvm'	SVM - Radial Kernel
'gpc'	Gaussian Process Classifier
'mlp'	Multi Level Perceptron
'ridge'	Ridge Classifier
'rf'	Random Forest Classifier
'qda'	Quadratic Discriminant Analysis
'ada'	Ada Boost Classifier
'gbc'	Gradient Boosting Classifier
'lda'	Linear Discriminant Analysis
'et'	Extra Trees Classifier
'xgboost'	Extreme Gradient Boosting
'lightgbm'	Light Gradient Boosting
'catboost'	CatBoost Classifier



K Keras

- Keras is a **high-level**, open-source **neural network** library written in Python. It was developed to make it easier for researchers and developers to build and experiment with deep learning models.
- The Keras API became the official high-level API for TensorFlow 2.0 in **2019**.
<https://keras.io/>

```
model = keras.Sequential(  
    [  
        keras.Input(shape=input_shape),  
        layers.Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation="relu"),  
        layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),  
        layers.Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation="relu"),  
        layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),  
        layers.Flatten(),  
        layers.Dropout(0.5),  
        layers.Dense(num_classes, activation="softmax"),  
    ]  
)  
  
model.summary()
```

Available YouTube playlists



Python Crash Course


Pedram Jahangiry

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Codes are available on my GitHub account:
<https://github.com/PJalgotrader/platforms-and-tools>



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Google Colab


Pedram Jahangiry

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PyCaret (Automated machine learning Python package)

Pedram Jahangiry

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All you need from PyCaret Python library to automate your ML workflow.
Codes are available on my GitHub account:
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→ Platforms and Packages

Listed below are some Python packages and platforms that will be used in the deep learning and deep forecasting courses.



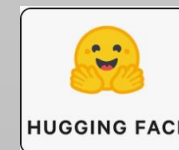
General Python libraries



Machine Learning libraries



Deep Learning libraries





Setting up Deep Learning Environment



Personal Workstation



Cloud Platforms



Google Colaboratory

Pros

- Full control over hardware and software
- Work offline
- Fixed cost

Cons

- Scalability
- Maintenance (both hardware and software)

- Powerful computing resources
- Scalability
- Ease of use
- Cost-effective: Pay-as-you-go
- Collaboration

- Expensive for large-scale experiments
- Dependency on the provider
- Limited control
- Internet connection
- Security

- Powerful computing resources (GPU, TPU)
- Ease of use
- Collaboration
- No need to set up a local environment

- Time limit
- Hardware limitation
- Data storage
- Limited control
- Internet connection
- Security

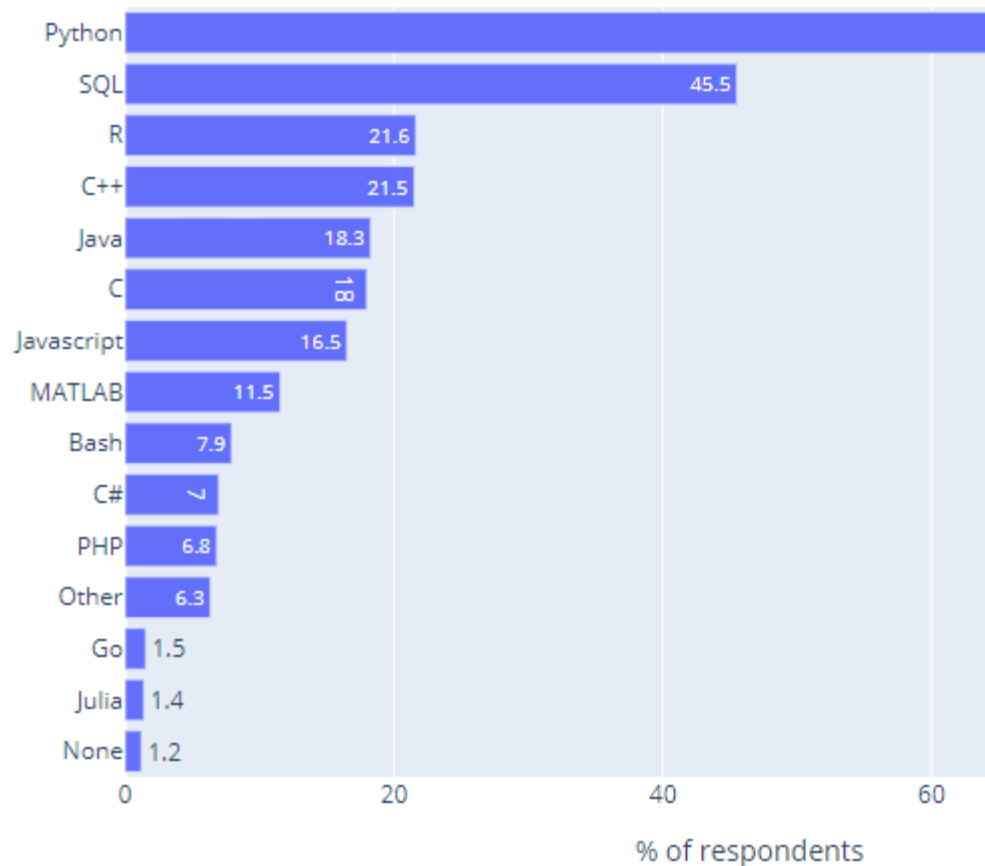
➔ Kaggle Survey 2022



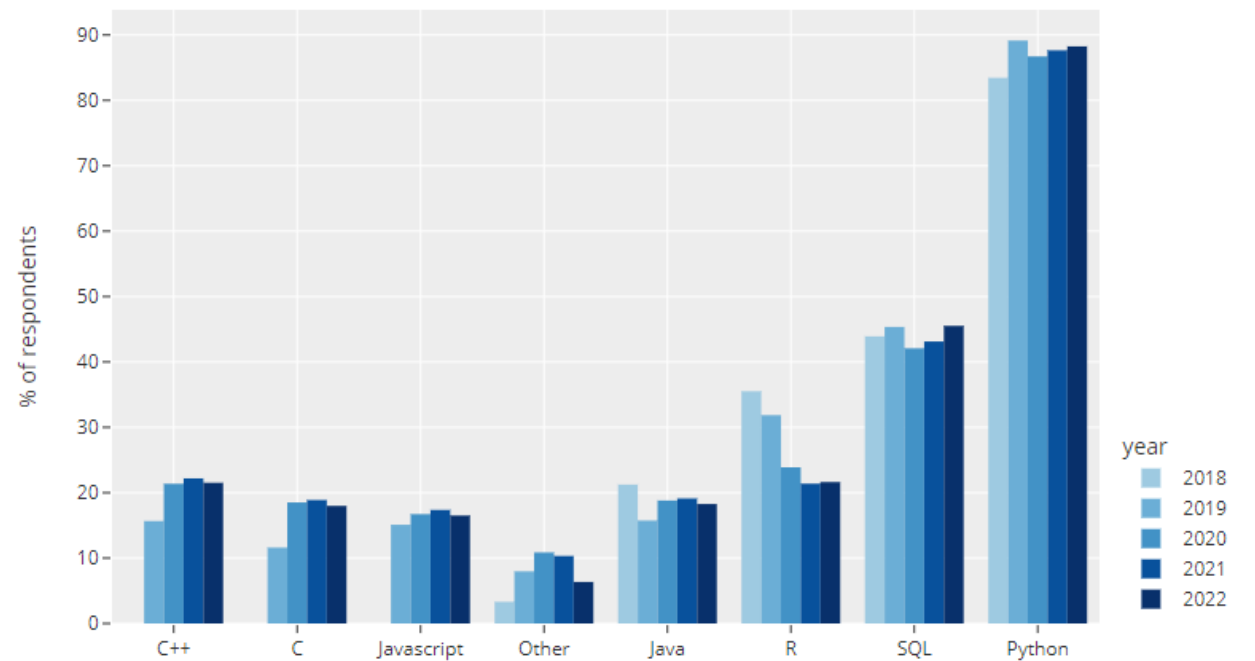
- Kaggle runs a yearly survey among machine learning and data science professionals worldwide.
- This survey is one of our **most reliable** sources about the **state of the industry!!!**

Programming Languages

Most Popular Programming Languages in 2022



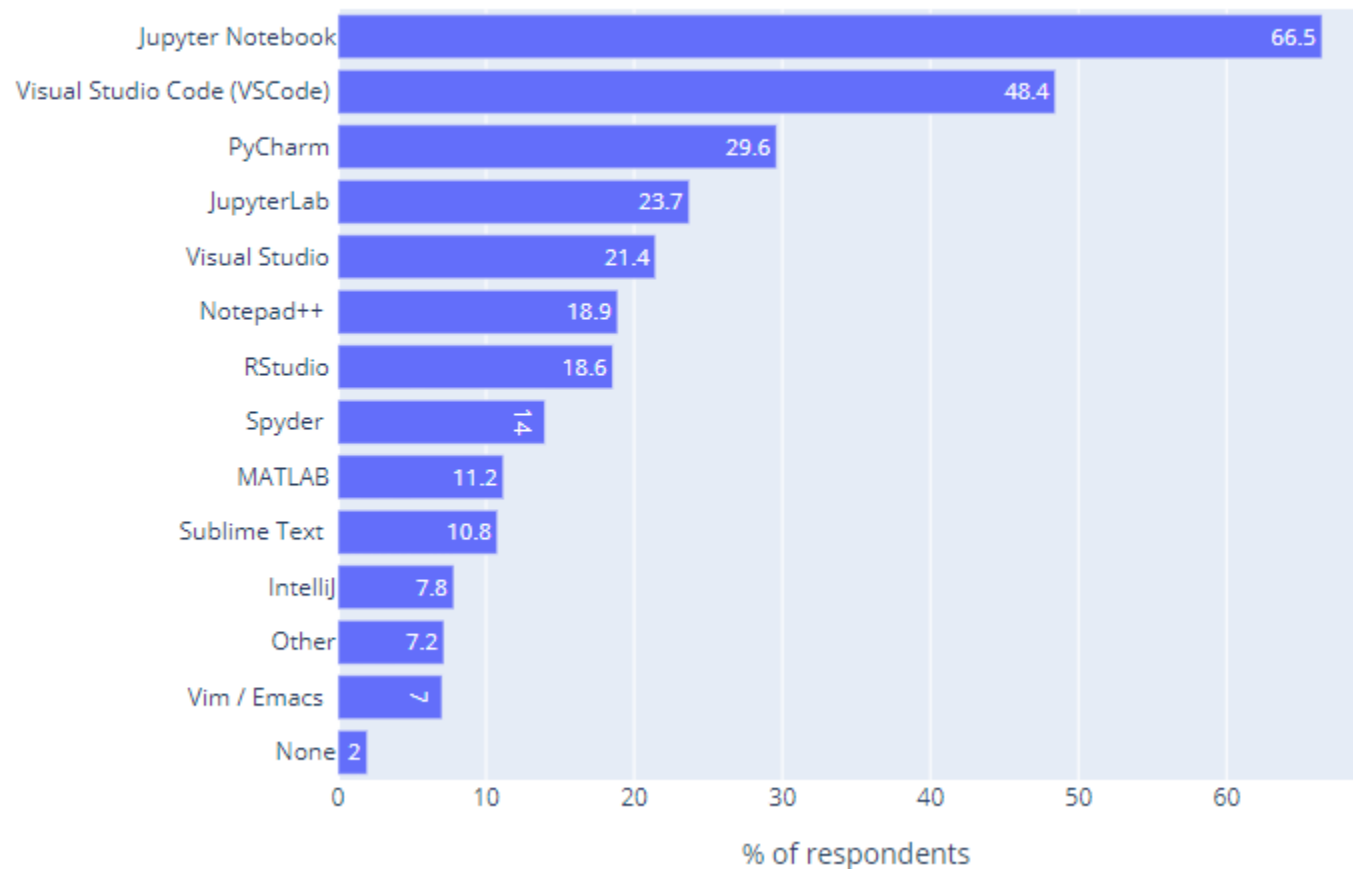
Most Popular Programming Languages 2018-2022





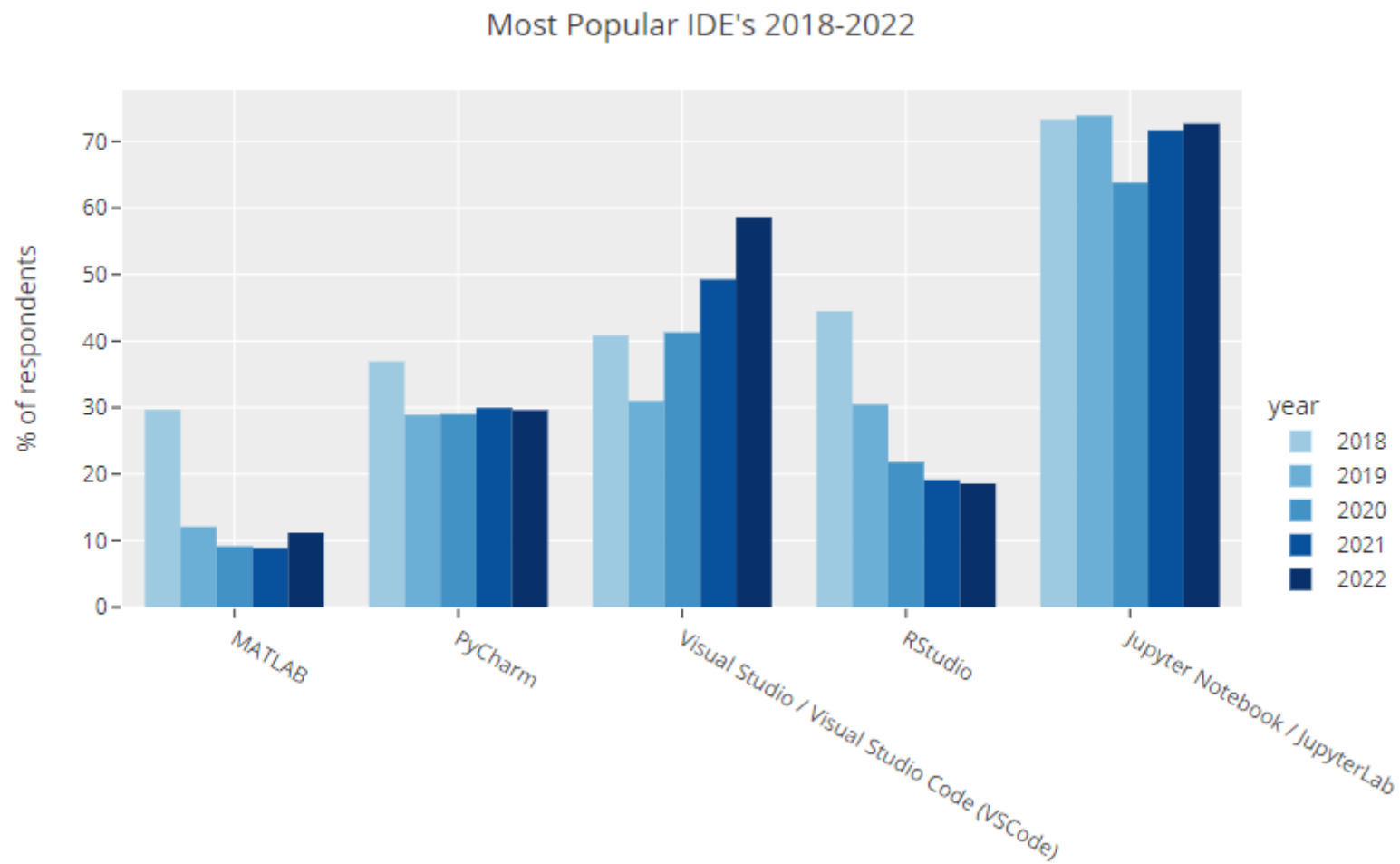
Popular IDE's

Most Popular IDE's in 2022












Popular IDE's





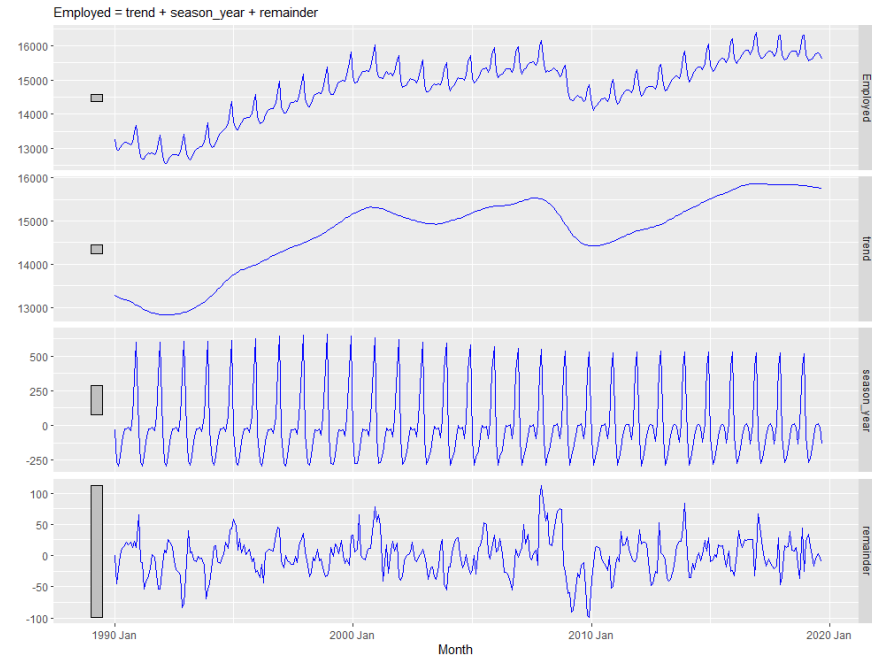
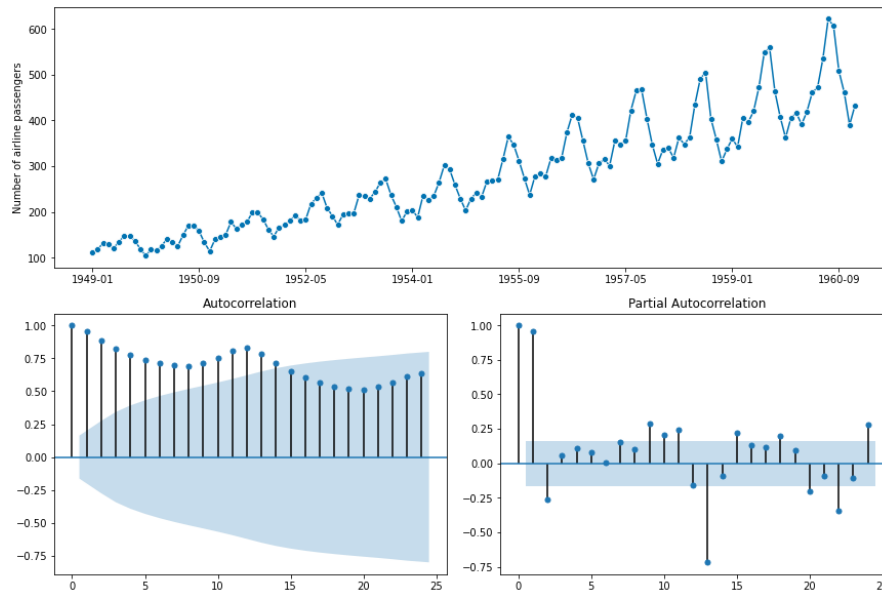
Python packages

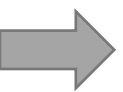
Package	Metrics	ML	DL	Focus
 statsmodels	✓✓✓			Statistics, Econometrics
 scikit-learn	✓	✓✓✓		General Machine Learning
 Keras			✓✓✓	General Deep Learning
 PYCARET	✓✓✓	✓✓✓		Auto ML, Rapid prototyping, Comparison
 Darts	✓✓✓	✓	✓✓	Advanced timeseries and forecasting
 GLUONS	✓	✓	✓✓	Large Scale probabilistic Models
 NIXTLA	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	Workflows, SOTA methods



Module 2 – Part II

Setting up Deep Forecasting Environment (Time Series Basics in Python)





Road map!

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