

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
PHYSICS Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation		Oct	9702/52 tober/November 2018
			1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 A student is investigating how the rate at which water evaporates varies with temperature.

It is suggested that the relationship between the volume of water evaporated per unit time Y and the Celsius temperature θ of the water is

$$Y = k\theta^s$$

where *k* and *s* are constants.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between Y and θ . Explain how your results could be used to determine values for k and s.

You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to

- the procedure to be followed,
- the measurements to be taken,
- the control of variables,
- the analysis of the data,
- any safety precautions to be taken.

© UCLES 2018 9702/52/O/N/18

[15]

2 A student is investigating the current in a circuit. The circuit is set up as shown in Fig. 2.1.

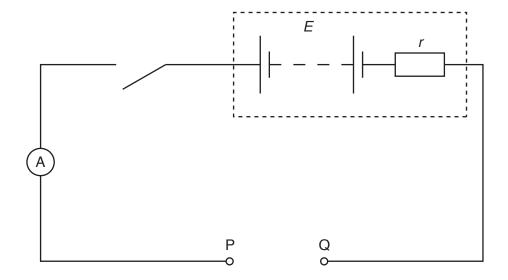


Fig. 2.1

Resistors, each of resistance R, are connected in parallel between P and Q. The current I is measured. The experiment is repeated for different numbers n of resistors between P and Q.

It is suggested that I and n are related by the equation

$$E = I\left(\frac{R}{n} + r\right)$$

where E is the electromotive force (e.m.f.) and r is the internal resistance of the power supply.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\frac{1}{I}$ on the *y*-axis against $\frac{1}{n}$ on the *x*-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and the *y*-intercept.

gradient =	
y-intercept =	
	[1]

(b) Values of n, I and $\frac{1}{n}$ are given in Fig. 2.2.

п	I/mA	<u>1</u> n	$\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$
2	34 ± 2	0.50	
3	46 ± 2	0.33	
4	56 ± 2	0.25	
5	66 ± 2	0.20	
6	76 ± 2	0.17	
7	84 ± 2	0.14	

Fig. 2.2

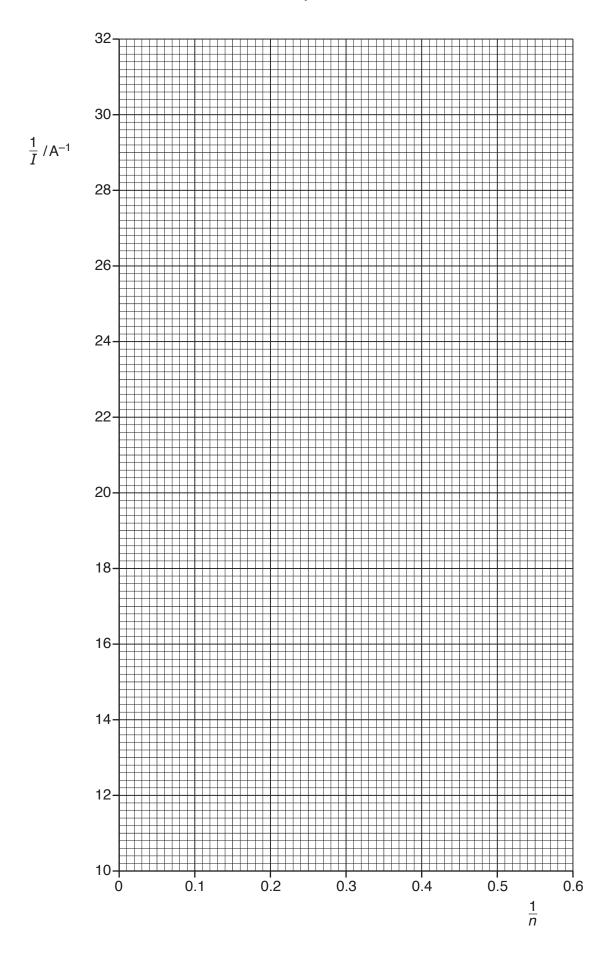
Calculate and record values of $\frac{1}{I}/\mathrm{A}^{-1}$ in Fig. 2.2.

Include the absolute uncertainties in $\frac{1}{I}$. [2]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of $\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$ against $\frac{1}{n}$. Include error bars for $\frac{1}{I}$. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

gradient =[2]

© UCLES 2018 9702/52/O/N/18



(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
	<i>y</i> -intercept =[2]
(d) (i)	Using your answers to (a), (c)(iii) and (c)(iv), determine the values of E and r . Include appropriate units.
	Data: $R = 470 \pm 5 \Omega$.
	<i>E</i> =
	r =[3]
(ii)	Determine the percentage uncertainty in <i>r</i> .
	percentage uncertainty in $r = \dots %$ [1]
	[Total: 15]

© UCLES 2018 9702/52/O/N/18

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.