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Discrete Maths

2

Barber Example

Set S containing all those
who do NOT shave by themselves.

Does barber b belong to set S ?

If barber b shaves himself,

$b \notin S$, and hence

Action \Rightarrow b must not shave him.

Because b only shaves from set S .

~~He~~
does not shave himself
 $b \in S$.

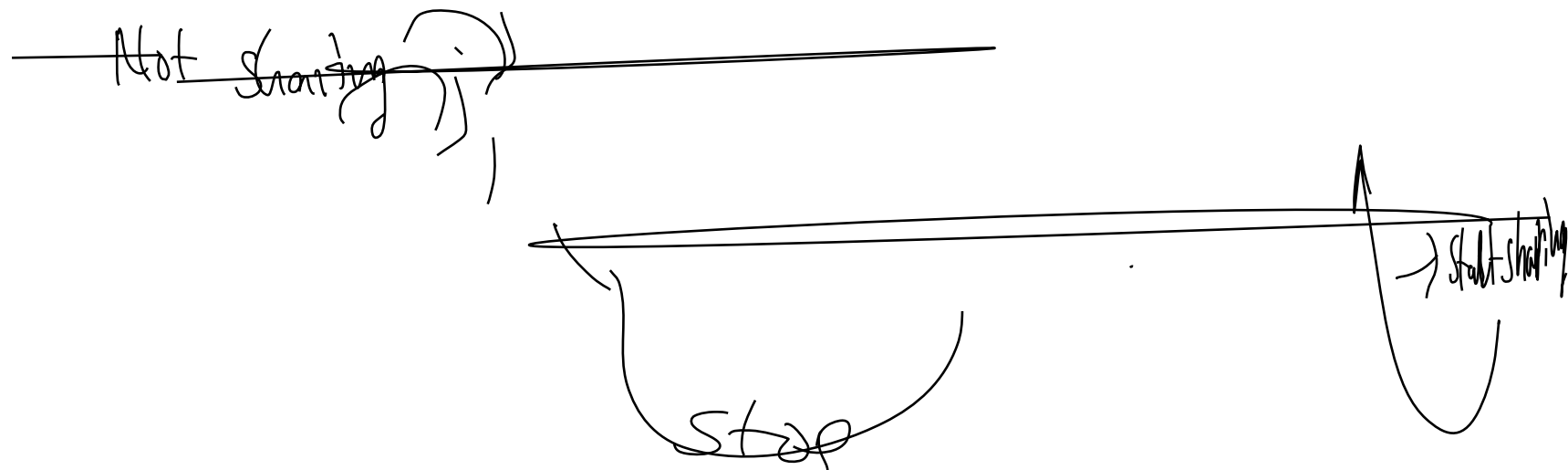
Barber b has to shave him.

Because, b shaves all belonging to S .

Does such barber b can exist?

~~He~~ he is shaving himself

Stop him.
↳ If he is ~~not~~ shaving ^{himself} then
start shaving.



Such barber does not exist.

Russell's paradox will arise
is present if we use as our

~~universe~~ (universal set)

~~contains~~
all the sets in the world.

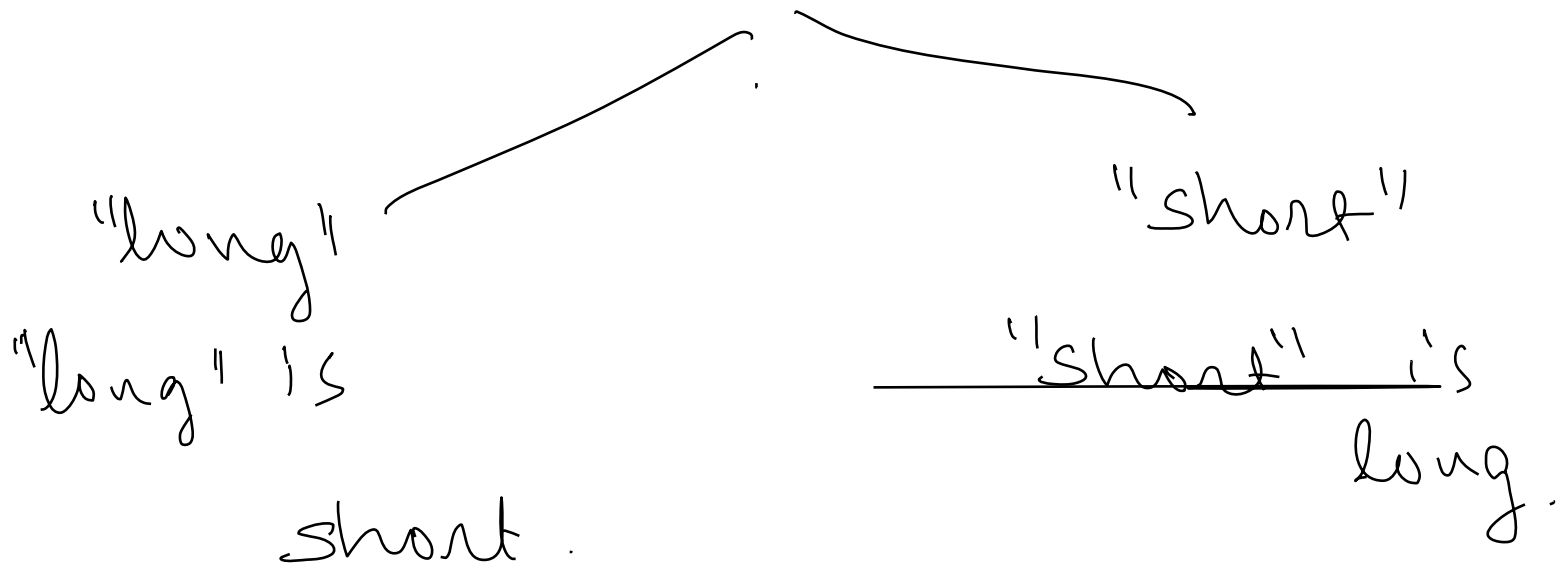
This is because such set
does NOT exist.

there will be No ~~Confusion~~ in
specifying a set by using
characterizing properties of the
elements of the set

"As long ~~as we~~ are
confined to a certain
universe of elements"

i.e. heterological

~~If we agree that~~ a word
with 5 or more letters is a
long word.



I.C

Two craftman

TBollini (^{Says}
~~part~~ Truth)

FCollini
(^{Says}
lie)

~~was made by~~ This sign
FCollini

who made this sign?

Ordered set

The importance of place in a set.

Regular set

$\{a_1, a_2\}$

\sim
 \sim

$\{a_2, a_1\}$

Ordered set

$\{a_1, a_2\}$ place 2
place 1 different than

$\{a_2, a_1\}$

$\{a, a\}$

place 1 place 2

$\{a \text{ on place 1}, a \text{ on place 2}\}$

Ordered

Set showing ranks in a single sport.

$\{a, a, a\}$
X

Set showing ^{1st} rank in sports,

~~Sport 1, Sport 2~~.

✓ $\{a, b, a\}$ or $\{a, b, c\}$ ✓

S_1 →
 S_2 →
 $Sport 3$ →
 $\{a, a, a\}$ same person a
might have stood first in
all sports.

ordered triple

~~(~~ $(a, b), c)$

ordered ~~quadruple~~

$((a, b), c), d)$

:

,

.

Language

let $A = \{a, b, c, \dots, z\}$

let $B = \{a, b, c, \dots, z, A, B, C, \dots, _, _, _, \dots\}$

i.e. Character set of C language

a word "bike"

$((\underline{b}, i), k), e$

Why

order is

important?

That actually give
meaning

bell

$$\left((c, b, e), 1 \right), 1$$

$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow$

$Pos_3 \qquad Pos_4$

Word
is an n -letter ^{lengthy} ~~word~~ is an
ordered n -tuple of the letters
in alphabet.

Statement :

Statement in any prog. language
is a sequence in Σ^*
where Σ is a character set of
that language.

phrase

structure

grammar

|| The way of specifying

~~elements~~ in a set

NOT quite suitable for
defining languages

~~and hence~~

we now have

⇒ phrase structure
grammar

f.s.

LLM

chatGPT

OpenAI

Co-pilot

vs

~~scanner &~~
search

✓ ~~Given~~ a specification of
~~language~~,

automatically generate one
or more strings.

✓ Validate string

✓