

# LAB-3

**Aim:** Basic Programs for File I/O: Open, Close, Read, Write System calls

**Explanation:**

## Standard Values of Descriptors:

fd: Descriptor obtained from a file

0 : Standard Input (for example : Keyboard)

1 : Standard Output (for example : Terminal)

2 : Standard Error

## Read System Call:

**#include** <[unistd.h](#)>

**ssize\_t read(int fd, void \*buf, size\_t count);**

**read()** attempts to read up to *count* bytes from file descriptor *fd* into the buffer starting at *buf*.

On success, the number of bytes read is returned (zero indicates end of file), and the file position is advanced by this number.

On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

Example:      n=read(0,buff,sizeof(buff))

## Write System Call:

**#include** <[unistd.h](#)>

**ssize\_t write(int fd, const void \*buf, size\_t count);**

**write()** writes up to *count* bytes from the buffer pointed *buf* to the file referred to by the file descriptor *fd*.

On success, the number of bytes written is returned (zero indicates nothing was written). On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

Example:      write(1,buff,n)

Task 1: Write a program to achieve following:

1. Read input from terminal
2. Display the information read on the terminal.

Task 2: Extend the above code to implement “cat” without options.

### Open System Call:

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
```

```
int open(const char *pathname, int flags);
```

```
int open(const char *pathname, int flags, mode_t mode);
```

Given a *pathname* for a file, **open()** returns a file descriptor, a small, nonnegative integer for use in subsequent system calls.

The argument *flags* must include one of the following *access modes*:

**O\_RDONLY**, **O\_WRONLY**, or **O\_RDWR**. These request opening the file read-only, write-only, or read/write, respectively.

In addition, zero or more file creation flags and file status flags can be bitwise-*or*'d in *flags*. The *file* creation flags are **O\_CLOEXEC**, **O\_CREAT**, **O\_DIRECTORY**, **O\_EXCL**, **O\_NOCTTY**, **O\_NOFOLLOW**, **O\_TRUNC**, and **O\_TTY\_INIT**.

*mode* specifies the permissions to use in case a new file is created. This argument must be supplied when **O\_CREAT** is specified in *flags*; if **O\_CREAT** is not specified, then *mode* is ignored.

Example:      `fd=open("test.txt",O_RDONLY)`

### Close System Call:

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
int close(int fd);
```

**close()** closes a file descriptor, so that it no longer refers to any file and may be reused.

**close()** returns zero on success. On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

Example:      `close(fd)`

Task 3:

Write a program to achieve following:

1. Read a file name from terminal.
2. Open the file and read the contents from the file.
3. Write the file contents on the terminal.