

TOP JAVASCRIPT ARRAY METHODS WITH EXAMPLES



@javascript.js

What is an **Array** in **JavaScript**?



A pair of square brackets `[]` represents an array in JavaScript. All the elements in the array are comma(,) separated.

In JavaScript, arrays can be a collection of elements of any type. This means that you can create an array with elements of type String, Boolean, Number, Objects, and even other Arrays.



```
const mixedTypedArray = [100, true, 'javascript', {}];
```

2

JS

Add Element in Array.

The **unshift()** the method adds a new element to an array (**at the beginning**), and "unshifts" older elements:



```
const fruits = ["Orange", "Apple", "Mango",  
"Banana",];  
fruits.unshift("Lemon");  
console.log(fruits)
```

The **push()** the method adds a new element to an array (**at the end**):



```
const fruits = ["Orange", "Apple", "Mango", "Banana",];  
fruits.push("lemon");  
console.log(fruits);
```

3



Delete Element

The **shift()** the method removes the first array element and "shifts" all other elements to a lower index.



```
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];  
fruits.shift();  
console.log(fruits)
```

The **pop()** the method removes the last element from an array:



```
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];  
fruits.pop();  
console.log(fruits)
```


4

A yellow circle containing the letters "JS" in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

Filter Elements

The **filter()** method creates a new array filled with elements that pass a test provided by a function.

The **filter()** method does not execute the function for empty elements.

```
const users = [  
  {firstName: "Joe", lastName: "Doe"},  
  {firstName: "Alex", lastName: "Clay"},  
  {firstName: "Opie", lastName: "Winston"},  
  {firstName: "Wasten", lastName: "Doe"},  
]  
const newUser = users.filter(user ⇒ user.firstName ===  
  "Opie")  
console.log(newUser)
```

5

A yellow circle containing the text "JS" in black, representing JavaScript.

Reverse in JavaScript

The **reverse()** method reverses the order of the elements in an array.

The **reverse()** method overwrites the original array.



```
const array1 = ['one', 'two', 'three'];  
console.log('array1:', array1); //["one", "two", "three"]  
  
const reversed = array1.reverse();  
console.log('reversed:', reversed); //["three", "two", "one"]
```

6



SORT in JavaScript

The **sort()** method sorts an array alphabetically:



```
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];  
fruits.sort();  
console.log(fruits)
```