Introduction

# Quo vadis, Prometheus? Monitoring at scale

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#### 'whoami'

Introduction

- Richard "RichiH" Hartmann
- Swiss army chainsaw at SpaceNet
  - Currently responsible for building one of the most modern datacenters in Europe
  - ...and always looking for nice co-workers in the Munich area
- FOSDEM, DebConf, DENOGx, PromCon staff
- Author of https://github.com/RichiH/vcsh
- Debian Developer
- Prometheus team member

### Show of hands

- Who has heard of Prometheus?
- Who is considering to use Prometheus?
- Who is POCing Prometheus?
- Who uses Prometheus in production?

#### Prometheus 101

- Inspired by Google's Borgmon
- Time series database
- int64 timestamp, float64 value
- Instrumentation & exporters
- Not for events
  - Logging
  - Tracing
  - etc.
- Dashboarding via Grafana

# Main selling points

- Highly dynamic, built-in service discovery
- No hierarchical model, n-dimensional label set
- PromQL: for processing, graphing, alerting, and export
- Simple operation
- Highly efficient

## Cloudy with a chance of buzzwords

- So it's built with highly dynamic environments in mind
- Containers, sidecars, microservices, ALL the cloud
- But it's a monolithic application

...why?

Outro

Do we even need this section?

## Resilience, resilience, and also resilience

- What do you need for operations?
  - Power and cooling
  - Network connectivity
  - Monitoring
- The rest you can fix

## All new and shiny 2.0

- Released on 2017-11-08
  - (Yes, I did suggest we release today along with this talk)

New features in 2.0

- Various cleanups and improvements
- See

https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/releases

#### Three main features

- Storage backend
  - Caveat: Prometheus 2.0 comes with storage v3
- Staleness handling
- Remote read & write API is now stable-ish.
- Links to in-depth talks about these features are at the end

### Prometheus 1.x

- We used to have one file per time series
- Relatively easy to implement
- Pretty efficient
- Why change?

#### Churn

- Churn was becoming more and more of a problem
- There's a company with a 15 minute maximum lifetime for their containers
- If you have a lot of files which might contain data for any given time frame, you need to look at all of them

# Storage v3

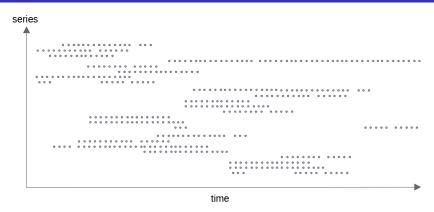
- Fabian Reinartz had an idea about new storage
- This POC turned out to be so good, we decided to cut a major release for it

New features in 2.0

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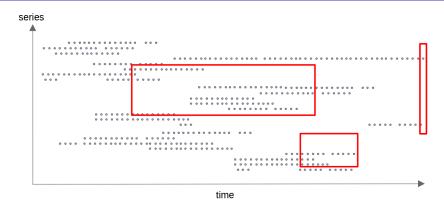
• How does it work?

# One file per series



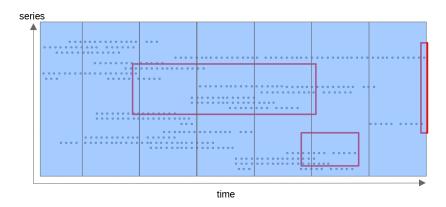


### Selection





#### **Blocks**



# Storage v3

- Deletions set tombstones
- Actual deletion done via compaction runs, or triggered by large tombstone ratio

New features in 2.0

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 Oh, and we now simply mmap storage blocks into RAM and let the OS handle the rest

## Test setup

- Kubernetes cluster with dedicated Prometheus nodes
- 800 microservice instances and Kubernetes components
- 120k samples/sec
- 300k active time series
- Swap out 50% of all pods every 10 minutes

#### Results

- 15x reduction in memory usage
- 6x reduction in CPU usage
- 80-100x reduction in disk writes
- 5x reduction in on-disk size
- 4x reduction in query latency on expensive queries
- Want to reproduce? https://github.com/prometheus/prombench

## One more thing...

Also, you can now properly snapshot and backup Prometheus.

Staleness

Introduction

## Downside of handling churn

- So now we can handle extreme churn
- ...and suddenly, five minutes staleness timeouts seem awfully long

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- Down alerts continue to fire
- Double counting
- Other icky corner cases
- ...and what if you need more than five minutes scrape interval?

Staleness

### Results

 When a target goes away, its time series are considered stale

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- When a target no longer returns a time series, it is considered stale
- Longer eval/scrape intervals are now easier to handle

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Staleness

# The way there

- The actual technical background is too complex for this talk
- Find recording and slides by Brian Brazil at the end of this talk

Remote read API

Introduction

## Playing nicely with others

- We now have a stable-ish remote read/write API
- Which we're already using ourselves; it's the recommended upgrade path from 1.x
  - You need to upgrade to 1.8.2 or later for this to work

Downsides

Introduction

# So, about backfill and explicit timestamps...

- If explicit timestamps were icky before, this has now become worse
- You can not ingest data older than the age of the current storage block, nor data much newer

New features in 2.0

Staleness vs timestamps is non-trivial

Prometheus 2 1

#### ACID databases...

- Atomicity we have that
- Consistency we have that
- Isolation here, there be 2.1 features
- Durability we have that since 2.0

Onwards

Prometheus 2 1

#### Isolation

- Each append action gets a write ID (64 bit monotonic counter)
- Every sample's write ID is noted along with value and timestamp
- Any append action which has not yet committed or rolled back is ignored at query time
- We keep write IDs in memory; if we restart or crash, the atomicity of the write ahead log will protect us

And beyond

Introduction

## Object storage & true HA

- So now all our storage is in self-contained blocks
  - ...this sounds a lot like objects
  - ...so you store them in a S3 interface
  - And suddenly, your local disk is merely a hot cache
- Two implementations
  - https://github.com/gouthamve/agni
  - https://github.com/improbable-eng/thanos
- Yes, this is a nice way to do long term storage
- Yes, you will be able to splice data from different Prometheus instances together

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And beyond

Introduction

# Humble aspirations

- When we say that we want to change how the world does monitoring, we mean it
- One of our most powerful features are labels
- Labels are encoded in our exposition format
- Some third-party projects and vendors have an issue with supporting a "competing" project
- Big shout-out to Paul Dix and InfluxData for adopting Prometheus concepts!

**OpenMetrics** 

## **OpenMetrics**

- We are spinning out Prometheus' exposition format
- It will join CNCF as a full project
- We will submit an ID and try to get an IETF RFC published
- ...so you can sneak this random RFC into the requirements of your next tender;)
- https://github.com/RichiH/OpenMetrics

Onwards!

Outro

OpenMetrics

# Already on board

- Cloudflare
- GitLab
- Google
- Grafana
- InfluxData
- Kausal.co
- Oath.com / Yahoo / Verizon
- RobustPerception
- SpaceNet
- Uber

Face-to-face

Introduction

### PromCon 2018

- Current plan is to do it in Munich or Dublin
- We will continue to run the conference ourselves, but CNCF is handling money for us
- If you want to sponsor a venue, do let us know
- We can only accept a venue if a team member is living nearby and is willing to invest the time

Long term promises

# Generally speaking...

- Yes, we want to change the world
- Simple and resilient operation of Prometheus remains a core goal
- More project and software integrations... and we're talking to hardware vendors as well
- Supporting tomorrow's 10x scale today

# Suggested talk

- For a more in-depth intro to Prometheus, visit this talk
  - Max Inden
  - End-to-end Monitoring with the Prometheus Operator
  - today @ 16:00

#### Recorded talks

- Storing 16 Bytes at Scale: https://promcon.io/ 2017-munich/talks/staleness-in-prometheus-2-0/
- Staleness and Isolation in Prometheus 2.0: https://promcon.io/2017-munich/talks/ staleness-in-prometheus-2-0/
- Social aspects of change: https://promcon.io/ 2017-munich/talks/social-aspects-of-change/

## Further reading

- Prometheus 2017 Dev Summit: https://docs.google.com/document/d/ 1DaHFaoOsaZ3MDt9yuuxLaCQg8WGadO8s44i3cxSARcM/edit
- My other talks: https://github.com/RichiH/talks/
- OpenMetrics: https://github.com/RichiH/OpenMetrics

### Thanks!

Thanks for listening!

Questions?

Email me if you want a job in Munich.

See slide footer for contact info.