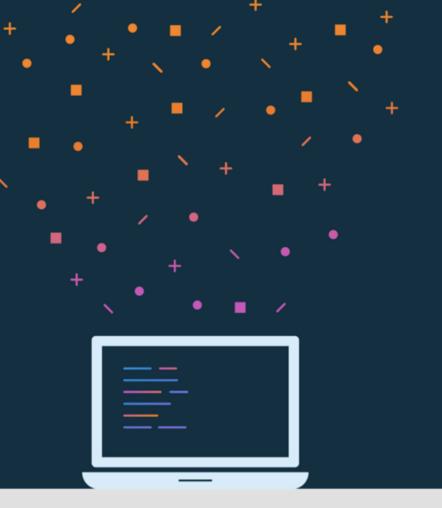


Lesson 12:
Repository pattern and WorkManager



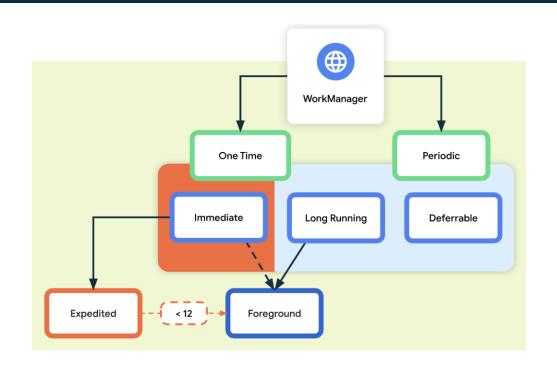
WorkManager

WorkManager

- Android Jetpack architecture component
- Recommended solution to execute background work (immediate or deferred)
- Opportunistic and guaranteed execution
- Execution can be based on certain conditions

WorkManager

- It's for persistent work
- For non-persistent work use coroutines



Declare WorkManager dependencies

implementation "androidx.work:work-runtime-ktx:\$work_version"

Important classes to know

- Worker does the work on a background thread, override doWork() method
- WorkRequest request to do some work
- Constraint conditions on when the work can run
- WorkManager schedules the WorkRequest to be run

Define the work

```
class UploadWorker(appContext: Context, workerParams: WorkerParameters) :
       Worker(appContext, workerParams) {
   override fun doWork(): Result {
       // Do the work here. In this case, upload the images.
       uploadImages()
       // Indicate whether work finished successfully with the Result
       return Result.success()
```

Extend CoroutineWorker instead of Worker

```
class UploadWorker(appContext: Context, workerParams: WorkerParameters) :
       CoroutineWorker(appContext, workerParams) {
   override suspend fun doWork(): Result {
       // Do the work here (in this case, upload the images)
       uploadImages()
       // Indicate whether work finished successfully with the Result
       return Result.success()
```

WorkRequests

- Can be scheduled to run once or repeatedly
 - o OneTimeWorkRequest
 - PeriodicWorkRequest
- Persisted across device reboots
- Can be chained to run sequentially or in parallel
- Can have constraints under which they will run

Schedule a OneTimeWorkRequest

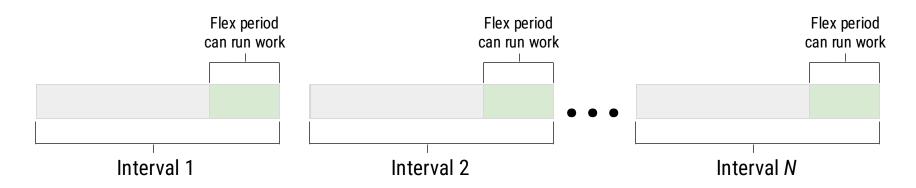
```
Create WorkRequest:
val uploadWorkRequest: WorkRequest =
   OneTimeWorkRequestBuilder<UploadWorker>()
   .build()
```

Add the work to the WorkManager queue:

```
WorkManager.getInstance(myContext)
          .enqueue(uploadWorkRequest)
```

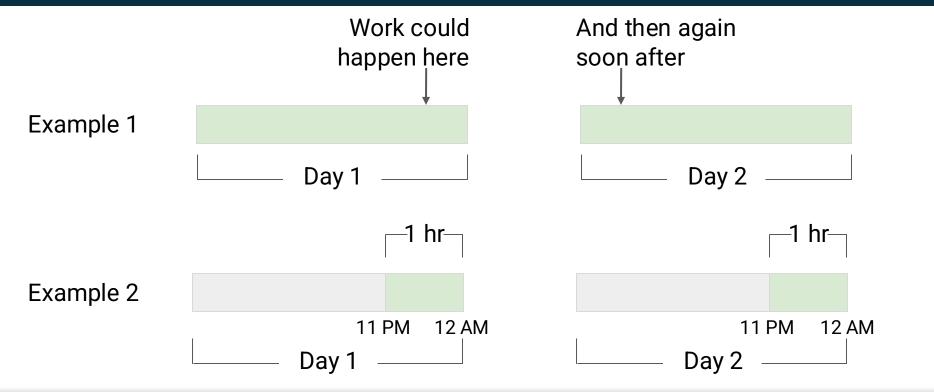
Schedule a PeriodicWorkRequest

- Set a repeat interval
- Set a flex interval (optional)



Specify an interval using TimeUnit (e.g., TimeUnit.HOURS, TimeUnit.DAYS)

Flex interval



PeriodicWorkRequest example

Enqueue periodic work

```
WorkManager.getInstance().enqueueUniquePeriodicWork(
     "Unique Name",
     ExistingPeriodicWorkPolicy.KEEP, // or REPLACE
     repeatingRequest
)
```

Work input and output

Define Worker with input and output

```
class MathWorker(context: Context, params: WorkerParameters):
      CoroutineWorker(context, params) {
    override suspend fun doWork(): Result {
        val x = inputData.getInt(KEY X ARG, ∅)
        val y = inputData.getInt(KEY Y ARG, ∅)
        val result = computeMathFunction(x, y)
        val output: Data = workDataOf(KEY RESULT to result)
        return Result.success(output)
```

Result output from doWork()

Result status	Result status with output
Result.success()	Result.success(output)
Result.failure()	Result.failure(output)
Result.retry()	

Send input data to Worker

WorkRequest constraints

Constraints

- setRequiredNetworkType
- setRequiresBatteryNotLow
- setRequiresCharging
- setRequiresDeviceIdle

Constraints example

```
val constraints = Constraints.Builder()
    .setRequiredNetworkType(NetworkType.UNMETERED)
    .setRequiresCharging(true)
    .setRequiresBatteryNotLow(true)
    .setRequiresDeviceIdle(true)
    .build()
val myWorkRequest: WorkRequest = OneTimeWorkRequestBuilder<MyWork>()
    .setConstraints(constraints)
    .build()
```