#### 1: Intro to Reproducible Research

bit.ly/SISBID3

Karl -- this is very interesting, however you used an old version of the data (n=143 rather than n=226).

I'm really sorry you did all that work on the incomplete dataset.

Bruce

The results in Table 1 don't seem to correspond to those in Figure 2.

In what order do I run these scripts?

Where did we get this data file?

Why did I omit those samples?

### How did I make that figure?

"Your script is now giving an error."

"The attached is similar to the code we used."

# Reproducible

# Reproducible

VS.

Replicable

# Reproducible

VS.

Correct

#### Levels of quality

- Are the tables and figures reproducible from the code and data?
- Does the code actually do what you think it does?
- In addition to what was done, is it clear why it was done?

```
(e.g., how were parameter settings chosen?)
```

- Can the code be used for other data?
- Can you extend the code to do other things?

#### Basic principles

- Project encapsulated in one directory
- Organize and document
- Keep track of the provenance of all data files
- Everything via code
- Use a version control system
- Keep track of versions of dependencies
- Everything automated

#### Why do we care?

- Avoid embarrassment
- More likely correct
- Save time, in the long run
- Greater potential for extensions; higher impact

#### Try to avoid

- Open a file to extract as CSV
- Open a data file to do even a slight edit
- Paste results into the text of a manuscript
- Copy-paste-edit tables
- Copy-paste-adjust figures

#### Problem: Variations across data files

- Different files (or parts of files!) may have different formats.
- Variables (or factor levels) may have different names in different files.
- ► The names of files may inconsistent.
- It's tempting to hand-edit the files. Don't!
- Create another meta-data file that explains what's what.

#### Basic tools

- File organization and naming
- ► RMarkdown
- R packages
- Version control with git/GitHub
- Automation with Make

# File organization and naming are powerful weapons against chaos.

- Jenny Bryan

# Your closest collaborator is you six months ago, but you don't reply to emails.

(paraphrasing Mark Holder)

#### Organizing your stuff

```
Code/d3examples/
    /Others/
    /PyBroman/
    /Rbroman/
    /Rqt1/
    /Rqtlcharts/
Docs/Talks/
    /Meetings/
    /Others/
    /Papers/
    /Resume/
    /Reviews/
    /Travel/
Play/
Projects/AlanAttie/
        /BruceTempel/
        /Hassold QTL/
        /Hassold_Age/
        /Payseur_Gough/
        /PhyloQTL/
        /Tar/
```

#### Organizing your projects

```
Projects/Hassold_QTL/
    Data/
    Notes/
    R/
    R/Figs/
    R/Cache/
    Rawdata/
    Refs/
    Makefile
    Readme.txt
    Python/convertGeno.py
    Python/convertPheno.py
    Python/combineData.py
    R/prepData.R
    R/analysis.R
    R/diagnostics.Rmd
    R/qtl_analysis.Rmd
```

### Organizing a paper

```
Docs/Papers/PhyloQTL/
    Analysis/
    Data/
    Figs/
    Notes/
    R/
    SuppFigs/
    ReadMe.txt
    Makefile
    phyloqtl.tex
    phyloqtl.bib
    Submitted/
    Reviews/
    Revised/
    Final/
    Proofs/
```

## Organizing a talk

```
Docs/Talks/SampleMixups/

Figs/
R/

ReadMe.txt
Makefile
bmi2013.tex

Old/
```

#### Basic principles

- Develop your own system
- Put everything in a common directory
- Be consistent
  - directory structure; names
- Separate raw from processed data
- Separate code from data
- It should be obvious what code created what files, and what the dependencies are.
- No hand-editing of data files
- Don't use spaces in file names
- Use relative paths, not absolute paths

```
../blah not ~/blah or /users/blah
```

#### PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT:

OUR DIFFERENT WAYS OF WRITING DATES AS NUMBERS CAN LEAD TO ONLINE CONFUSION. THAT'S WHY IN 1988 ISO SET A GLOBAL STANDARD NUMERIC DATE FORMAT.

THIS IS THE CORRECT WAY TO WRITE NUMERIC DATES:

2013-02-27

THE FOLLOWING FORMATS ARE THEREFORE DISCOURAGED:

02/27/2013 02/27/13 27/02/2013 27/02/13 20130227 2013.02.27 27.02.13 27-02-13 27.2.13 2013.  $\Pi$ . 27.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -13 2013. 15904109 MMXIII- $\Pi$ -XXVII MMXIII  $\frac{1}{2}$  1330300800  $((3+3)\times(111+1)-1)\times3/3-1/3^3$  2013  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{$ 

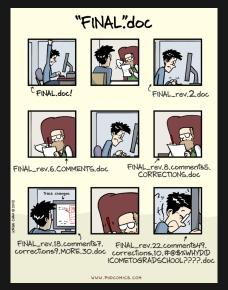
#### Painful bits

- Coming up with good names for things
  - Concise but informative
  - Code as verbs; data as nouns
  - Avoid spaces; avoid symbols except and \_
- Stages of data cleaning
- Going back and redoing stuff
- Clutter of old stuff that you no longer need
- Keeping track of the order of things
  - dependencies; what gave rise to what

### Problem: 80 million side projects

\$ ls ~/Projects/Attie		
\$ ls ~/Projects/Attie AimeeNullSims/ AimeeResults/ AnnotationFiles/ Brian/ Chr10adipose/ Chr6_extrageno/ Chr6hotspot/ ChrisPlaisier/ Code4Aimee/ CompAnnot/ CondScans/ D20_2012-02-14/ D20_Nrm_2012-02-29/	Deuterium/ ExtractData4Gary/ ForFirstPaper/ FromAimee/ GoldStandard/ HumanGWAS/ Insulin/ Islet_2011-05/ Lusis/ MappingProbes/ Microarrays/ NultiProbes/ NewMap/	Ping/ Ping2/ Ping3/ Ping4/ Play/ Proteomics/ R/ RBM_PlasmaUrine/ R_adipose/ R_islet/ Rawdata/ Scans/ SimsRePower/
D2O_cellcycle/ D2Ocorr/ Data4Aimee/ Data4Tram/	Notes/ NullSims/ NullSims_2009-09-10/ PepIns_2012-02-09/	Slco1a6/ StudyLineupMethods/ eQTLPaper/ transeQTL4Lude/

#### Keep track of versions of things



bit.ly/PhDComics\_notFinal

#### No "final" in file names

Deprecated/ hypo\_prcomp.RData ReadMe txt islet int1 final.RData adipose int1 final.RData islet int2 final.RData adipose int2 final.RData islet mlratio final.RData adipose mlratio final.RData islet mlratio norank final.RData adipose mlratio ngrank final.RData islet\_prcomp.RData adipose prcomp.RData kidney\_int1\_final.RData aligned\_geno\_with\_pmap.RData kidney\_int2\_final.RData batches\_final.RData kidney mlratio final.RData kidney mlratio ngrank final.RData batches raw final.RData cpl final.RData kidney prcomp.RData d2o final.RData lipomics final rev2.RData liverTG\_final.RData gastroc int1 final.RData gastroc int2 final.RData liver int1 final.RData gastroc mlratio final.RData liver int2 final.RData liver mlratio final.RData gastroc mlratio ngrank final.RData liver\_mlratio\_nqrank\_final.RData gastroc\_prcomp.RData hypo int1 final.RData liver prcomp.RData hypo int2 final.RData mirna final.RData hypo mlratio final.RData necropsy\_final\_rev2.RData hypo mlratio\_final\_old.RData plasmaurine final rev.RData hypo\_mlratio\_nqrank\_final.RData pmark.RData hypo\_mlratio\_nqrank\_final\_old.RData rbm\_final.RData hypo omit.RData

#### No "final" in file names

Deprecated/ hypo\_prcomp.RData ReadMe txt islet int1 final.RData islet int2 final.RData adipose int1 final.RData adipose int2 final.RData islet mlratio final.RData adipose mlratio final.RData islet mlratio norank final.RData adipose mlratio ngrank final.RData islet\_prcomp.RData adipose prcomp.RData kidney\_int1\_final.RData aligned\_geno\_with\_pmap.RData kidney\_int2\_final.RData batches\_final.RData kidney mlratio final.RData kidney mlratio ngrank final.RData batches raw final.RData cpl final.RData kidney prcomp.RData d2o final.RData lipomics final rev2.RData liverTG\_final.RData gastroc int1 final.RData gastroc int2 final.RData liver int1 final.RData gastroc mlratio final.RData liver int2 final.RData gastroc mlratio ngrank final.RData liver mlratio final.RData liver\_mlratio\_nqrank\_final.RData gastroc\_prcomp.RData hypo int1 final.RData liver prcomp.RData hypo int2 final.RData mirna final.RData hypo mlratio final.RData hypo\_mlratio\_nqrank\_final.RData pmark.RData rbm\_final.RData hypo omit.RData

And don't forget...

Backups

The most important tool is the mindset, when starting, that the end product will be reproducible.

Keith Baggerly