

$$(21) \quad y' + 4y = e^{-4t}$$

$$y(0) = 2$$

The Laplace transform of the differential equation is,

$$sL(y) - y(0) + 4L(y) = \frac{1}{s+4}$$

Now,

$$L(y) = \frac{1}{(s+4)^2} + \frac{2}{s+4}$$

$$\therefore y = te^{-4t} + 2e^{-4t}$$

(23) Given,

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

$$y(0) = 1$$

$$y'(0) = 1$$

$$\therefore s^2L(y) - sy(0) - y'(0) + 2[sL(y) - y(0)] + L(y) = 0$$

Now,

$$L(y) = \frac{s+3}{(s+1)^2} = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{2}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$\therefore y = e^{-t} + 2te^{-t}$$

$$(26) \quad y'' - 4y' + 4y = t^3$$

$$y(0) = 1$$

$$y'(0) = 0$$

$$\mathcal{L}(y) = \frac{s^5 - 4s^4 + 6}{s^4 (s-2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{s} + \frac{9}{3} \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{13}{8} \frac{1}{(s-2)^2}$$

Thus,

$$y = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{9}{8}t + \frac{3}{4}t^2 + \frac{1}{4}t^3 + \frac{1}{4}e^t - \frac{13}{8}e^{2t}$$

(27) Given,

$$y'' - y' = e^t \cos t$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 0$$

$$\therefore s^2 \mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0) = s \mathcal{L}\{y\} \cdot y(0) = \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 1}$$

Now,

$$\mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{1}{s(s^2 - 2s + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(s-1)^2 + 1}$$

Thus,

$$y = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^t \cos t + \frac{1}{2} e^t \sin t$$

$$(30) \quad y'' - 2y' + 5y = 1 + t$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 4$$

$$\therefore s^2 \mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0) - 2[s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - y(0)] + 5\mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2}$$

Now,

$$\mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{4s^2 + s + 1}{s^2(s^2 - 2s + 5)}$$

$$= \frac{7}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{-75/25 - 109/25}{s^2 - 2s + 5}$$

$$= \frac{7}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{7}{25} \cdot \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 2^2} + \frac{51}{25} \cdot \frac{2}{(s-1)^2 + 2^2}$$

Thus,

$$y = \frac{7}{25} + \frac{1}{5}t - \frac{7}{25} e^t \cos 2t + \frac{51}{25} e^t \sin 2t.$$