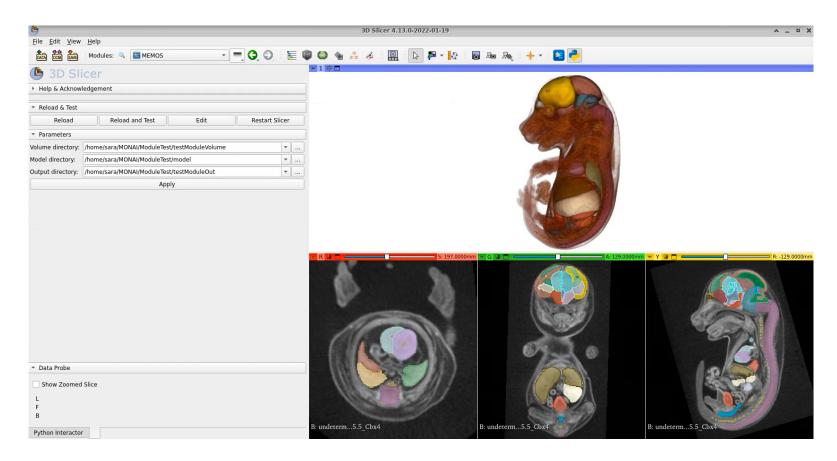
MEMOS: Mouse Multi-Organ Segmentation

Deep-learning enabled segmentation interface

Sara Rolfe

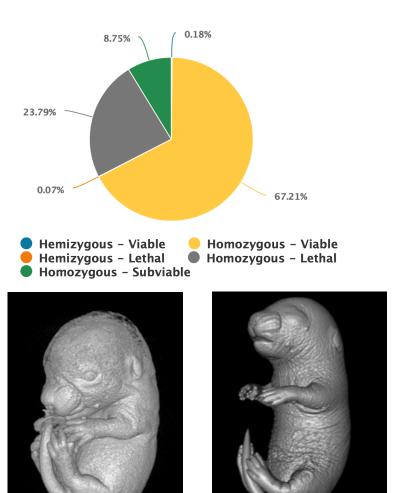


Knockout mouse phenotyping project (KOMP2)

International Mouse Phenotyping Consortium

- Generate a mouse null mutant for every protein-coding gene in the mouse genome
- Comprehensively phenotype each mouse mutant to determine developmental, physiological, and biochemical parameters
- Provide an important baseline for exploring gene function

Lloyd, KC Kent. "A knockout mouse resource for the biomedical research community." Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 1245.1 (2011): 24-26.

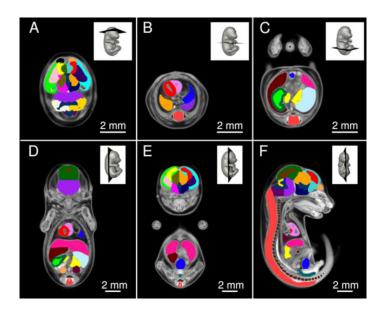


E14.5/15.5

E18

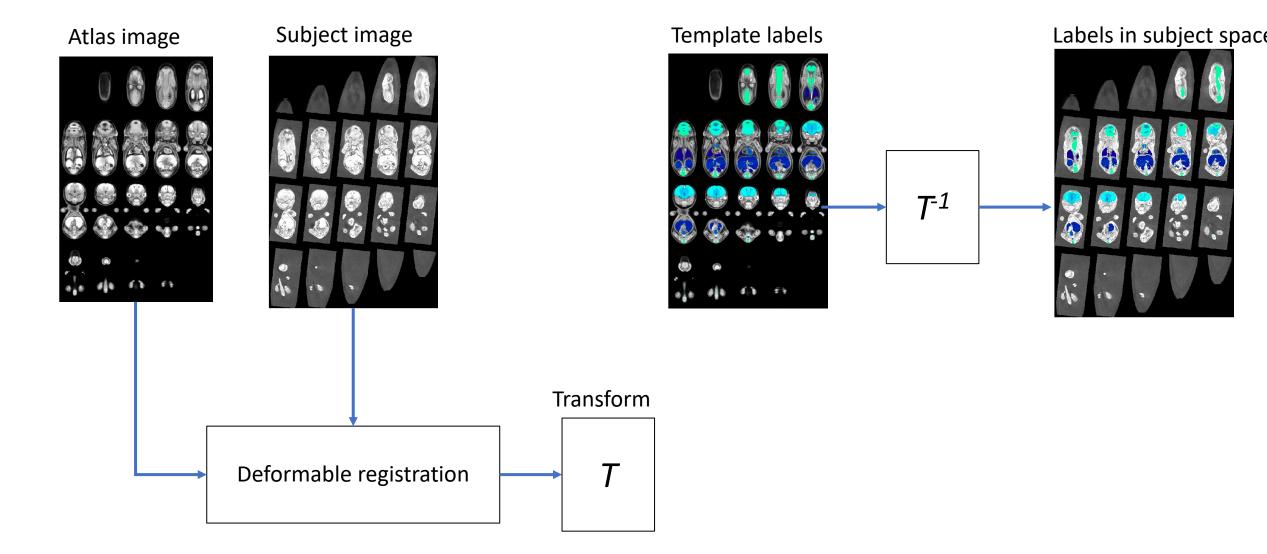
KOMP E15.5 Mouse embryo atlas

- Representative mouse embryo average 3D atlas
- 35 Micro-CT images of C57Bl/6J mouse embryos at E15.5 registered into a consensus average image
- 50 anatomical structures were segmented manually

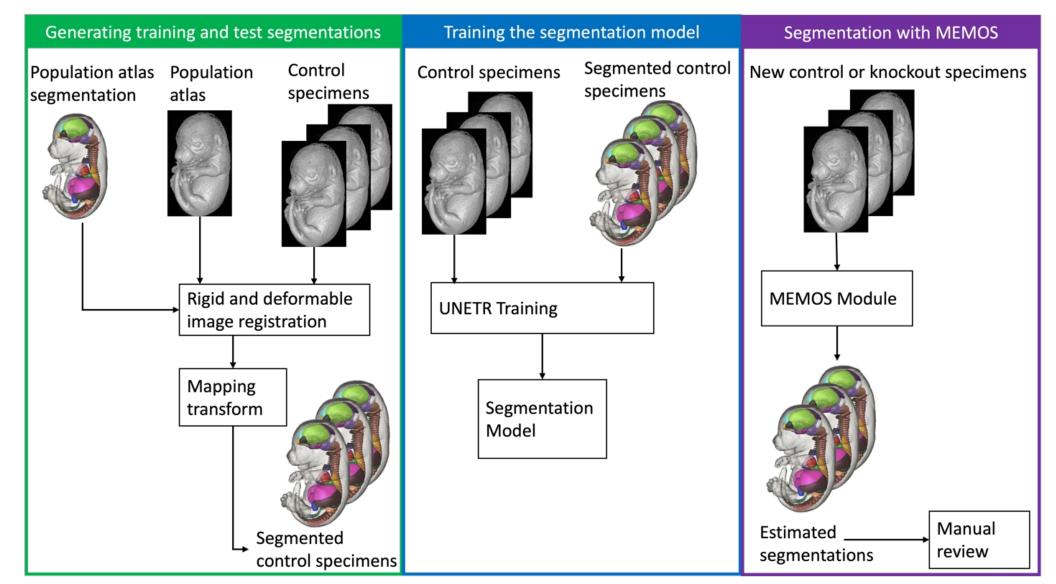


Sections through the mouse embryo atlas

Atlas-based segmentation



Building a deep learning model for segmentation

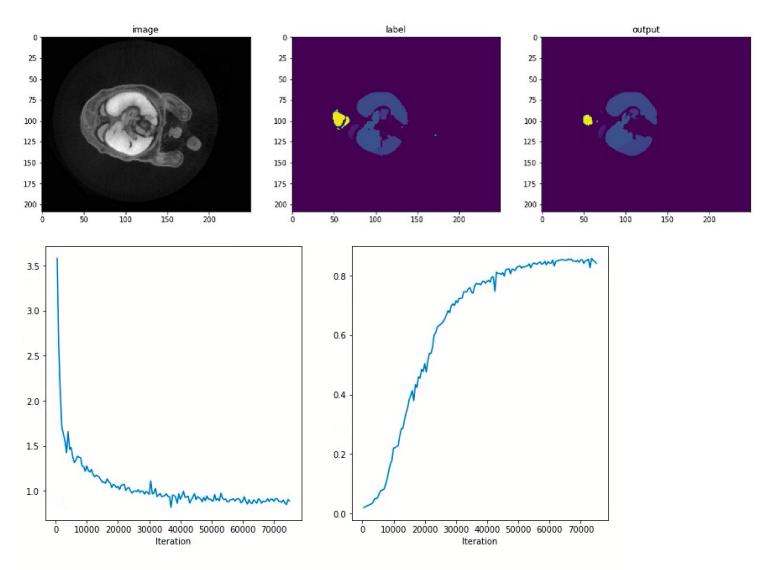


Training the UNETR model

Training: 73

Validation: 18

- 50 labeled segments
- Best average Dice coefficient score: 0.8585685



Average DICE score for 5 control specimen: 0.8

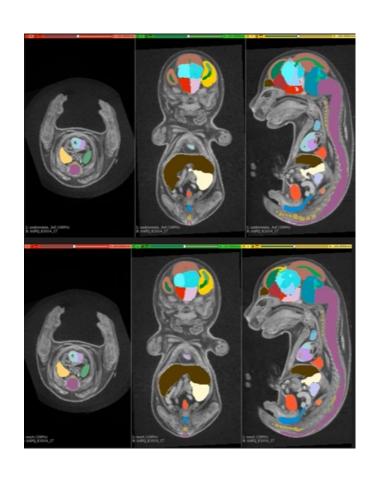
Segments with Dice coefficient >.85

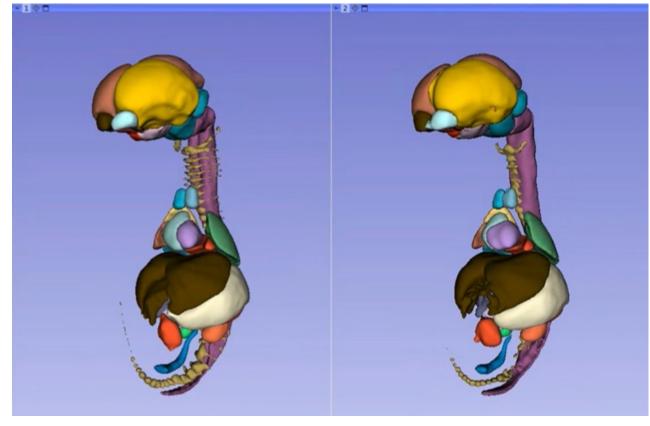
Segment	StDev	Average
left lung	0.01	0.93
left lobe of liver	0.01	0.91
medial lobe of liver	0.01	0.90
pons	0.01	0.90
medulla oblongata	0.02	0.90
caudal lobe	0.01	0.89
right hypothamalus	0.02	0.88
right thalamus	0.02	0.88
left thalamus	0.02	0.88
midbrain	0.02	0.87
stomach lumen	0.02	0.87
left hypothalmus	0.01	0.87
right lobe of liver	0.02	0.86
bladder	0.03	0.86
mesencephalic vesicle	0.02	0.86
cranial lobe	0.02	0.86
right striatum	0.02	0.86
left septal area	0.02	0.85
left striatum	0.03	0.85

Segments with Dice coefficient >.70

Segment	StDev	Average
rectum	0.04	0.69
right adrenal	0.05	0.69
left ventricle chamber	0.06	0.69
left lateral ventricle	0.03	0.66
right lateral ventricle	0.03	0.64
cerebral aqueduct	0.04	0.62
right ventricle chamber	0.23	0.54
vertebrae	0.04	0.50

Comparing to Dense Registration Results



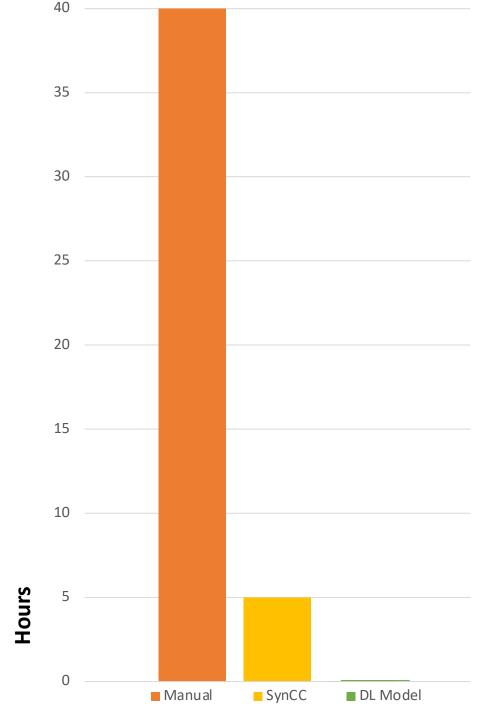


Registration transferred labels

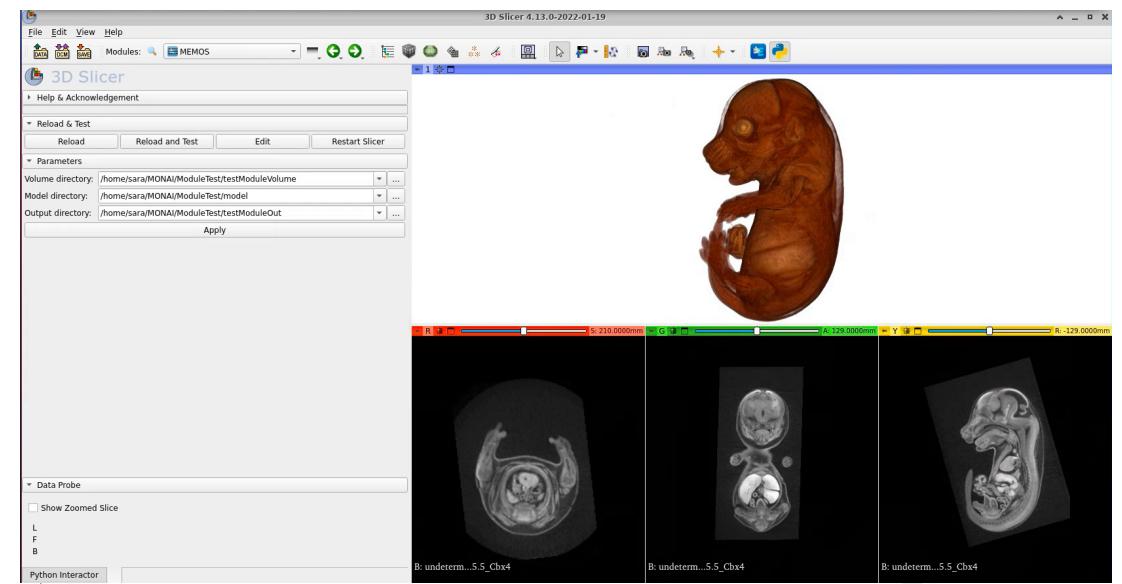
Deep learning estimated labels

Comparison of segmentation methods

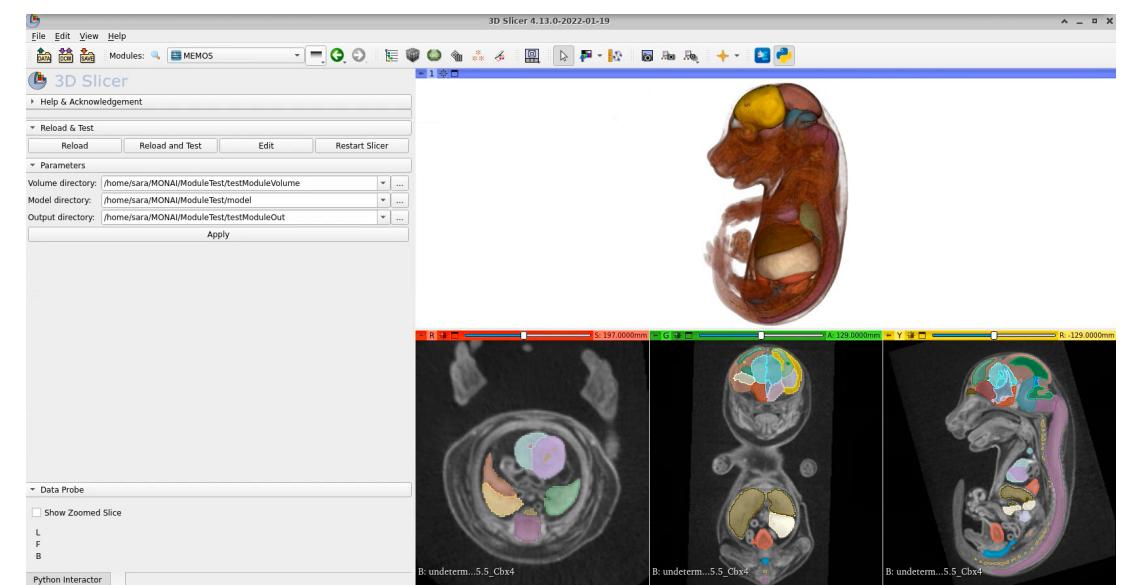
- Training step of deep learning approaches is computationally expensive and usually requires labeled data
- After training, labeling of new images is fast
- For 3D labeling of fetal mouse organs
 - Manual: ~40 hours
 - Dense Registration (SynCC): ~6 hours
 - Deep Learning model: ~1-2 minutes



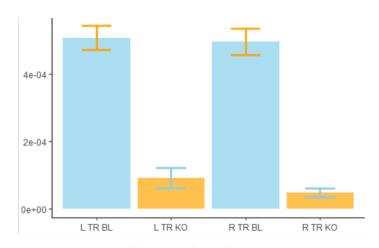
Automated Mouse Segmentation Demo



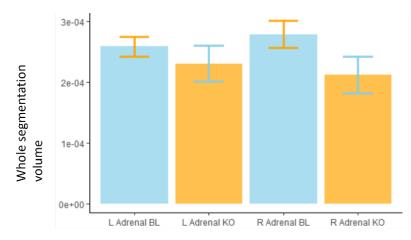
Automated Mouse Segmentation Demo



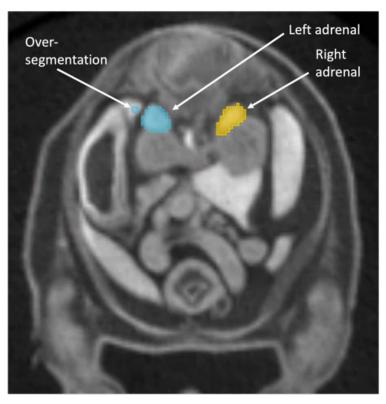
Application to KOMP2 Knockout lines



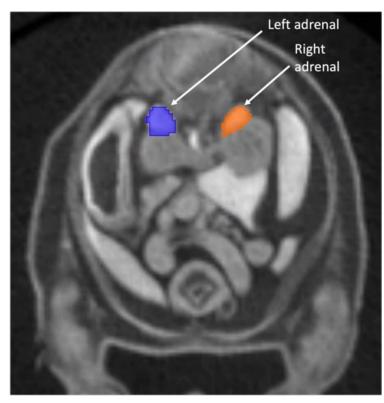
Volume differential for left and right thymic rudiment



Volume differential for left and right adrenals



MEMOS segmentation



Atlas-based segmentation