

MAT 220—Homework 2

Part A:

Chapter 3 #1, 4, 10, 11, 16, 19

Chapter 4 #3

Part B:

1. Compute the following for $u = (2, 4)$, $v = (-3, 1)$, and $w = (-3, -5)$. Show your work.

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}u$ (b) $-w$ (c) $-3v$ (d) $u + v$ (e) $v - w$ (f) $2u + 3w$
- (g) $5u - 4v$ (h) $-2u + 2v - 3w$ (i) $u \cdot v$ (j) $\|w\|$
- (k) $\text{avg}(u)$ (l) $\text{rms}(u)$ (m) $\text{std}(u)$
- (n) $\text{avg}(v)$ (o) $\text{rms}(v)$ (p) $\text{std}(v)$
- (q) $\text{avg}(w)$ (r) $\text{rms}(w)$ (s) $\text{std}(w)$
- (t) $\text{avg}(u, v, w)$ (u) $\text{rms}(u, v, w)$ (v) $\text{std}(u, v, w)$
- (w) Express v as a linear combination of the standard basis vectors e_1 and e_2 .
- (x) Which pair of u , v , w are closest to each other?
- (y) Find the angle between u and w in radians and in degrees.
- (z) Find the centroid of u , v , and w .

2. Compute the following for $u = (6, 2, 4)$, $v = (2, 0, -3)$, and $w = (-3, 1, 2)$. Show your work.

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}u$ (b) $-w$ (c) $-3v$ (d) $u + v$ (e) $v - w$ (f) $2u + 3w$
- (g) $5u - 4v$ (h) $-2u + 2v - 3w$ (i) $u \cdot v$ (j) $\|w\|$
- (k) $\text{avg}(u)$ (l) $\text{rms}(u)$ (m) $\text{std}(u)$
- (n) $\text{avg}(v)$ (o) $\text{rms}(v)$ (p) $\text{std}(v)$
- (q) $\text{avg}(w)$ (r) $\text{rms}(w)$ (s) $\text{std}(w)$
- (t) $\text{avg}(u, v, w)$ (u) $\text{rms}(u, v, w)$ (v) $\text{std}(u, v, w)$
- (w) Express v as a linear combination of the standard basis vectors e_1 , e_2 , and e_3 .
- (x) Which pair of u , v , w are closest to each other?
- (y) Find the angle between u and w in radians and in degrees.
- (z) Find the centroid of u , v , and w .

3. Find a vector that is orthogonal to both $a = (1, 2, 3, 4)$ and $b = (1, -1, 2, -2)$.