# Package 'swt'

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**Description** This R package provides tools for data analysis and visualization by Swisstransplant--the national organisation for organ donation and

Type Package

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date2num

Convert date to Excel numeric days

# Description

Convert POSIXct data type (date/time) to Excel days since origin.

# Usage

```
date2num(dates)
```

# Arguments

dates

character string in the form of YYYY-mm-dd

# Value

number of days

egfr\_ckd\_epi

CKD-EPI Creatinine Equation (2021)

# Description

Calculates eGFR according to the 2021 formula.

# Usage

```
egfr_ckd_epi(SCr, age, sex, units = "SI")
```

# Arguments

SCr	serum creatinine in	n mg/dL (US	or umol/L (S)
501	ber ann creatinine i	II III CO	) Of difford (D)

age age in years

sex either "F" for female, or "M" for male

units unit for SCr, either "SI" (umol/L; default) or "US" (mg/dL)

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#### **Details**

See equation and references at https://www.kidney.org/ckd-epi-creatinine-equation-2021.

#### Value

eGFR in mL/min/1.73m2

egfr\_schwartz

Revised Schwartz Equation (2009)

# Description

Calculates eGFR for pediatric patients.

### Usage

```
egfr_schwartz(SCr, height, units = "SI")
```

# Arguments

SCr serum creatinine in mg/dL (US) or umol/L (S)

height height in cm

unit for SCr, either "SI" (umol/L; default) or "US" (mg/dL)

#### **Details**

See equation and examples at https://www.mdcalc.com/calc/10008/revised-schwartz-equation-glomerular-fevidence.

#### Value

eGFR in mL/min/1.73m2

exam.device

EXAM device data

# **Description**

Example data form the LifePort kidney transporter.

# Usage

exam.device

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#### **Format**

A data frame with self explaining variable names:

SerialNumber serial number of the device

Type type note

SubType subtype note

**UnitID** name given to the device

FirmwareVersion firmware version

FileID file id

StartTime start date and time of machine

DataState data state, if it is complete

HasGaps whether data has haps

Runtime run time of the machine

StopTime time and date of machine stop

Filename file name#'

#### Source

https://data.swisstransplant.org/

exam.organ

EXAM organ data

# Description

Example data form the LifePort kidney transporter.

# Usage

exam.organ

#### **Format**

A data frame with self explaining variable names:

**OrganID** identifier entered into the machine

KidneySide left or right kidney

**BloodType** self explaining

CrossClampTime.Date self explaining

CrossClampTimezone self explaining

TotalIschemicTime self explaining

PerfusateLot self explaining

PerfusateExpirationDate self explaining

PerfusateUsed self explaining

Cannula self explaining

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CannulaExpirationDate self explaining
CassetteLot. self explaining
CasetteExpirationDate self explaining
ID self explaining
DonorID self explaining

#### **Source**

https://data.swisstransplant.org/

exam.sumstats

EXAM summary statistics

# Description

Example data form the LifePort kidney transporter.

#### Usage

exam.sumstats

#### **Format**

A data frame with self explaining variable names:

perfusion.dur perfusion duration in minutes perfusion.dur.str perfusion duration in HH:MM:SS systolicPressure.md self explaining diastolicPressure.mean self explaining flowRate.mean self explaining organResistance.mean self explaining organResistance.sd self explaining organResistance.x1 self explaining organResistance.y1 self explaining organResistance.x2 self explaining organResistance.y2 self explaining organResistance.delta self explaining organResistance.slope self explaining iceContainerTemperature.mean self explaining iceContainerTemperature.sd self explaining iceContainerTemperature.minAbove self explaining iceContainerTemperature.minAbove.str self explaining infuseTemperature.mean self explaining infuseTemperature.sd self explaining infuseTemperature.start self explaining

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infuseTemperature.minAbove self explaining
infuseTemperature.minAbove.str self explaining
D2temp self explaining
Ptemp self explaining
D2perf self explaining
Pperf self explaining

#### Source

https://data.swisstransplant.org/

exam.timeseries

EXAM time series data

# Description

Example data form the LifePort kidney transporter.

### Usage

exam.timeseries

#### **Format**

A list of data frames with time series data:

SerialNumber serial number of the device

FlowRate flow rate ...

### Source

https://data.swisstransplant.org/

 $fmt_hla$ 

Format HLA

# Description

Helper function to format strings for broads, e.g. A(10) becomes A10 and A becomes NA.

# Usage

fmt\_hla(v\_char)

#### **Arguments**

v\_char

character vector

# Value

formatted character vector

freq\_perc 7

freq\_perc

Returns frequency count and percentage

# Description

Helper function for tidy formatting.

# Usage

```
freq_perc(x, count.na = TRUE, d2 = 1)
```

# Arguments

x logical vector

count.na count NAs in denominator

d2 number of digits

#### Value

character object

get\_days\_in\_year

Get the number of days in a year

# Description

Helper function useful in survival analysis to convert event times.

# Usage

```
get_days_in_year()
```

# Value

number of days

8 hla\_mismatch

hla\_mismatch

Calculates HLA mismatches.

# **Description**

The function calculates HLA mismatches for SOAS data.

### Usage

```
hla_mismatch(

D.A1,

D.A2,

D.B1,

D.B2,

D.DR1,

D.DR2,

R.A1,

R.A2,

R.B1,

R.B2,

R.DR1,

R.DR2
```

#### **Arguments**

D.A1	donor HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus A
D.A2	donor HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus A
D.B1	donor HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus B
D.B2	donor HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus B
D.DR1	donor HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus DR
D.DR2	donor HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus DR
R.A1	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus A
R.A2	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus A
R.B1	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus B
R.B2	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus B
R.DR1	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 1 locus DR
R.DR2	recipient HLA Antigen on allele 2 locus DR

#### **Details**

The serological nomenclature in SOAS as follows: L[p, q] with L is the locus A B or DR, p and q are the two alleles of the locus L, and the convention is  $p \le q$ . The case p != q is known as heterozygote, A[2, 25]. Homozygote, if p = q, such as in DR[11,11].

The HLA-matching process has to handle broad and splits. Two alleles p and r on the same locus L match if they are equal or if one of the allele is the broad of the other allele. Two different splits of same broad do not match. To calculate mismatch, we look up donor antigens and match them in the recipient. In other words, how many unknown antigens are transferred to the donor?

hla\_parse 9

#### Value

data frame with mismatch information

hla\_parse

Parse HLA data

# Description

Parser to convert unstructured SOAS HLA information into structured data.

# Usage

```
hla_parse(D_HLA, R_HLA)
```

# **Arguments**

D\_HLA donor HLA antigens; character string from SOAS variable D HLA Ag.

R\_HLA recipient HLA antigens; character string from SOAS variable R HLA Ag.

#### Value

data frame with structured HLA information

kidmo\_hr2rank

KIDMO rank

# Description

Conversion of hazard ratio into percentile rank.

# Usage

kidmo\_hr2rank(hr)

# **Arguments**

hr

hazard ratio

# Value

percentile

10 lifeport\_d2

kidmo\_model

KIDMO prediction model

# Description

Returns KIDMO prediction model fit.

# Usage

```
kidmo_model()
```

# Value

model fit

lifeport\_d2

D-squared for LifePort data

# Description

Calculate Mahalanobis distance D-squared for LifePort temperature and perfusion data.

# Usage

```
lifeport_d2(data, type)
```

# **Arguments**

data frame or matrix with temperature or perfusion data

type string, type of D-square either "temp" or "perf"

# Value

vector with D-squared

lifeport\_d2toRank 11

lifeport\_d2toRank

Rank of D-squared for LifePort data

# Description

Returns the percentile rank of the temperature or perfusion D-squared.

#### Usage

```
lifeport_d2toRank(d2, type)
```

#### **Arguments**

d2 D-squared

type string, type of D-square either "temp" or "perf"

#### Value

percentile rank

lifeport\_process

Process LifePort data

# Description

Processing of LifPort data adds runtime, clock time, and smoothed time series.

#### Usage

```
lifeport_process(lpdat, window_size = 15)
```

# Arguments

lpdat list with data from lifeport\_read()
window\_size rolling window size for filtering

#### Value

list with LifePort data

12 lifeport\_sumstats

lifeport\_read

Read LifePort raw data

#### **Description**

Function to read LifePort binary as well as ASCII raw data files.

# Usage

```
lifeport_read(file, format = "guess")
```

# **Arguments**

file data file with path

format guess (default), binary or plaintxt

#### Value

list with LifePort data

lifeport\_sumstats

Summary statistics for LifePort data

# Description

Adds summary statistics for pressure, flow, resistance, and temperature time series.

#### Usage

```
lifeport_sumstats(lpdat, ice_threshold = 2.5, infuse_threshold = 10)
```

# Arguments

lpdat list with data from lifeport\_process()

ice\_threshold threshold for ice temperature in degrees Celsius

infuse\_threshold

threshold for infuse temperature in degrees Celsius

#### Value

list with LifePort data

mean\_sd 13

 ${\sf mean\_sd}$ 

Returns mean and SD as string

# Description

Helper function for tidy formatting.

# Usage

```
mean_sd(x, d1 = 1, d2 = 1)
```

# Arguments

x numeric vector
 d1 number of digits
 d2 number of digits

# Value

character object

median\_iqr

Returns median and interquartile range IQR

# Description

Helper function for tidy formatting.

# Usage

```
median_iqr(x, d1 = 1, d2 = 1, d3 = 1, compact = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

X	numeric vector
d1	number of digits
d2	number of digits
d3	number of digits

 $\mbox{compact} \qquad \mbox{use en dash instead of "from $X$ to $Y$"}$ 

#### Value

character object

14 nearest

miss\_perc

Returns frequency count and percentage of missing data.

# Description

Helper function for tidy formatting.

# Usage

```
miss_perc(x, d2 = 1)
```

# Arguments

x vector

d2 number of digits

#### Value

character object

nearest

Nearest element

# Description

Nearest element in vector for a given set of values.

# Usage

```
nearest(y, q)
```

# Arguments

y vector to be searched

q vector of values of interest

# Value

indices of the nearest elements in y for a set of values in q

num2date 15

num2date

Convert Excel numeric days to date

# Description

Convert Excel days since origin to POSIXct data type (date/time).

# Usage

```
num2date(
  days,
  origin = "1899-12-30",
  tz = "CET",
  filter = TRUE,
  pattern = "[0-9]{2}\\.[0-9]{2}\\.[0-9]{4}",
  format = "%d.%m.%Y",
  round = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

days	days since origin as numeric or string
origin	origin, default in excel is 1899-12-30
tz	time zone to be forced upon
filter	apply fix for dates not recognized (default is TRUE)
pattern	the pattern to find dates not recognized
format	format to convert dates not recognized, e.g. %d.%m.%Y %H:%M:%OS
round	recommended when format has no time, only date information

### Value

date of the type POSIXct

# Description

Calculates the OPTN KDRI according to the 2024 version.

swt\_colors

#### Usage

```
optn_kdri(
  D_age,
  D_height,
  D_weight,
  D_hypertension,
  D_diabetes,
  D_CVA,
  D_SCr,
  D_DCD,
  scaling = 1.40436817065005
)
```

# Arguments

D\_age donor age in years
D\_height donor height in cm
D\_weight donor weight in kg
D\_hypertension donor hypertension
D\_diabetes donor diabetes

D\_CVA donor cause of death is cardiovascular accident

D\_SCr serum creatinine in mg/dL
D\_DCD donation after cardiac death

scaling scaling factor that is published every year by the OPTN

### **Details**

See details under "Learn about KDPI" at https://optn.transplant.hrsa.gov/data/allocation-calculators/kdpi-calculator/.

#### Value

KDRI hazard ratio

swt\_colors SWT colors

#### **Description**

Easy access to official SWT color scheme.

# Usage

```
swt_colors()
```

# Value

a SWT color object

swt\_skeleton 17

### **Examples**

```
mycolors = swt_colors()
mycolors$red.liver
```

swt\_skeleton

SWT skeleton

#### **Description**

This internal function enables a Swisstransplant Document in Quarto for RStudio projects.

# Usage

```
swt_skeleton(path)
```

### **Arguments**

path

project path

swt\_style

SWT theme for ggplot

#### **Description**

This function allows you to add the SWT theme to your ggplot graphics.

# Usage

```
swt_style(
  title_size = 14,
  subtitle_size = 14,
  font_size = 10,
  grey_theme = FALSE,
  legend_position = "top"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

title\_size font size of the title subtitle\_size font size of the subtitle

font\_size font font size of the legend, axis text, and axis titles

grey\_theme whether to use the grey theme instead (TRUE or FALSE)

 ${\tt legend\_position}$ 

position of the legend (top, bottom, left or right)

18 tidy\_pvalues

#### **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +
   geom_point() +
   swt_style()
```

tidy\_missing

Tidy missing data summary

# Description

Calculates missing data for each variable in data frame.

# Usage

```
tidy_missing(df)
```

# **Arguments**

df

data frame with raw data

#### Value

data frame with summary data

tidy\_pvalues

Formats p-values.

# Description

Helper function for tidy formatting.

# Usage

```
tidy_pvalues(x, compact = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

x numerical vector with p-valuescompact logical, no asterisks when TRUE

# Value

formatted p-values as character vector

tidy\_rmsfit 19

tidy_rmsfit	Tidy rms model fit results	

# Description

Shows tidy regression table with results as data frame.

# Usage

```
tidy_rmsfit(fit, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

fit model fit from rms

... optional arguments to summary of the rms fit object.

#### Value

formatted data.frame

uk_dcd_score	UK DCD Risk Score
un_ucu_sco. c	CH DCD Rush Score

# Description

Calculates the UK DCD Risk Score that can range between 0 and 27.

#### Usage

```
uk_dcd_score(D_age, D_BMI, fWIT, CIT, R_age, R_MELD, retpx)
```

### **Arguments**

D_age	donor age in years
D_BMI	donor BMI in kg/m^2
fWIT	functional warm ischemia time in minutes
CIT	cold ischemia time in hours
R_age	recipient age in years
R_MELD	recipient lab MELD score
retpx	whether the aim is a retransplant

#### **Details**

Reference: Schlegel A, Kalisvaart M, Scalera I, et al. The UK DCD Risk Score: A new proposal to define futility in donation-after-circulatory-death liver transplantation. J Hepatol. 2018;68(3):456-464. doi:10.1016/j.jhep.2017.10.034

### Value

UK DCD Risk Score

20 uk\_kdri

uk_kdri	UK KDRI 2019	

# Description

Calculates the UK KDRI version from 2019.

### Usage

```
uk_kdri(D_age, D_height, D_hypertension, D_female, D_CMV, D_eGFR, D_days_hosp)
```

#### **Arguments**

D\_age donor age in years
D\_height donor height in cm
D\_hypertension donor hypertension
D\_female donor is female

D\_CMV donor cytomegalovirus positive

D\_eGFR estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) in mL/min/1.73m2

D\_days\_hosp days in hospital

#### **Details**

Reference: Kim JJ, Curtis RMK, Reynolds B, et al. The UK kidney donor risk index poorly predicts long-term transplant survival in paediatric kidney transplant recipients. Front Immunol. 2023;14:1207145. doi:10.3389/fimmu.2023.1207145

Calculator at https://www.glasgowtransplant.com/tools/ukkdri.html.

#### Value

UK KDRI 2019 hazard ratio

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