

ASCOM Master Interfaces

Release 7

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ASCOM Master Interfaces (Alpaca and COM)

Attention!

This is a frozen document. These specifictions are subject to clarification and correction, and occasionally revision. To get the most current information please go to ASCOM Master Interfaces (HTML). The latest version of this PDF version is available at ASCOM Master Interfaces (PDF).

This document contains the official ASCOM Alpaca and COM application programming interface (API) specifications for Camera, CoverCalibrator, Dome, FilterWheel, Focuser. ObservingConditions, Rotator, SafetyMonitor, Switch, and Telescope astronomy devices. By design, these interfaces are functionally identical on classic COM ASCOM and Alpaca. This permits interoperation between apps and devices whether they use COM or Alpaca.

Important

The specifications here are written in a generic form, without dependence on any specific language or operation system. Thus datatypes here are generic in nature. For specifics, see the ASCOM documentation for COM or Alpaca, and for your language and operating system.

- Introduction to Master Interfaces
- Release Notes for Interfaces as of ASCOM Platform 7
- ASCOM Master Interface Definitions
- Frequently Asked Questions
- ASCOM Initiative web site
- About Alpaca and ASCOM
- ASCOM Alpaca Developers Information
- ASCOM COM Developers Information
- ASCOM Driver and Application Development Support Forum



ASCOM Master Interfaces, Release 7

Introduction to Master Interfaces

This is intended to be our master generic document or the ASCOM interfaces. The interface specifications are written using language and OS independent syntax. For more information see the ASCOM Initiative web site specifically the ASCOM Implementation Neutral Interface Definitions.

2.1 Status of This Document (1.0.5 as of 04-Feb-2025)

This is an update to the first production release of this document. Interfaces have added legends showing additions, changes, and deprecations by InterfaceVersion, and a link to a new Interface Revision History document (PDF) have been added **No other changes were made**. The clarifying FAQ articles represent the ASCOM Platform 7 specifications. A new FAQ Section 4.17 has been added. Consider this a living document. Inevitably, corrections and requests for clarifications will be applied during its lifetime. Significant corrections will be logged here in the future.

2.2 Common Misconceptions and Confusions

Throughout the evolution of ASCOM, and particularly recently with Alpaca, our goal has been to provide a strong framework for reliability and integrity. We see newcomers to programming looking for help on the ASCOM Driver and Application Development Support Forum. There are a few subject areas within which misconceptions and confusion are common. Before starting a development project, you may benefit from reviewing the following design principles that are *foundational*:

- The General Principles
- Asynchronous APIs
- Exceptions in ASCOM

Release Notes for Interfaces as of ASCOM Platform 7

This document contains the official ASCOM Alpaca and COM application programming interface (API) specifications as of the release of the ASCOM Platform 7 and the corresponding Alpaca interfaces. Platform 7 represents a significant upgrade to all of the interfaces, hence their InterfaceVersion properties have been increased by 1.

3.1 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) Behavior - Documentation

Since Alpaca is a network protocol, it is important that methods be non-blocking (asynchronous). Most of the Platform 6 interface methods are either explicitly or implicitly asynchronous. In addition, these methods already have existing properties which permit detecting their successful completion.

However the Platform 6 interface documentation did not make this explicitly clear in many cases, and was simply incorrect in a few cases. This document contains formalized and clarified documentation for those methods that are already asynchronous including specifying the relevant completion properties.

3.2 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) Enhancement - Device Connections

A fundamental problem with all of the Platform 6 device interfaces is the use of the synchronous Connected property to effect connection and disconnection. Since a property cannot be made asynchronous, the upgraded interfaces now have new Connect() and Disconnect() methods, which are asynchronous, and a new Connecting property with which clients can detect completion of these operations.

Attention!

These changes are non-breaking. However, writing to Connected to effect connection and disconnection is now explicitly deprecated for clients but must still be implemented by drivers to ensure backward compatibility with earlier software.

3.3 Expanded Application - Camera.ReadoutMode

The description of ReadoutMode now includes a generalization that it is meant to be used for any sort of mode the camera supports such as manufacturer-recommended combina-

tions of gain and offset, changes in sensor size, etc. in addition to pixel data readout modes /speeds.

3.4 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) Enhancement - CoverCalibrator

The CoverCalibrator V1 interface doesn't have separate properties to undertake the state and status roles. Instead, it uses multi-purpose enum state/status properties that combine these functions. Using this approach it is possible to report an error state but it is not possible to return a message indicating the nature of the issue.

To address this, pollable boolean completion properties have been added for cover and calibrator operations that can return text error descriptions through exceptions / errors when necessary. CalibratorChanging was added for CalibratorOn() and CalibratorOff(), and CoverMoving was added for OpenCover() and CloseCover()

3.5 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) Enhancement - Dome

AbortSlew() has been newly declared as asynchronous with Slewing() as the completion property.

3.6 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) Enhancement - Switch

Switch state changes are currently synchronous, which limits their application to short duration activities. Two new asynchronous set methods SetAsync() and SetAsyncValue() have been added to provide greater flexibility and enable switches to control long running activities.

These are optional, and clients may discover if the device has these capabilities by testing the new CanAsync property. Completion detection is provided by a new StateChangeComplete property. Finally an in-progress switch state change may be cancelled via the new CancelAsync() method.

3.7 Non-Blocking (Asynchronous) and Other Enhancements - Telescope

- FindHome(), Park(), MoveAxis(), and PulseGuide() are specifically documented as asynchronous correcting earlier errors and as a clarification.
- If a mount can slew at all, it now must support both synchronous and asynchronous slewing. This means that both CanSlew and CanSlewAsync must have the same value, and separately, both CanSlewAltAz and CanSlewAltAzAsync must have the same value.
- Synchronous slewing has been deprecated for clients but must be implemented by drivers for backward compatibility.
- AbortSlew() has been newly declared as asynchronous with Slewing as the completion property.
- Attempts to set RightAscensionRate and/or DeclinationRate now require

raising InvalidOperationException if TrackingRate is not driveSidereal.

- Several methods have been specified to throw a new ParkedException if they are not appropriate for a parked mount.
- Equatorial slewing methods must throw InvalidOperationException if Tracking is False or if the requested slew would fail due to exceeding a hardware limit of the mount.

3.8 Enhancement - Aggregated Reading of Operational Properties

See Section 4.2

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Frequently Asked Questions

In order not to inflate the documentation of interfaces with details and best practices, these articles provide information and requirements that relate to one or more interfaces.

4.1 Asynchronous Operations in ASCOM

As of this release of the ASCOM Interfaces (both COM and Alpaca), asynchronous methods are provided for all operations. Some older methods are not asynchronous, and they are now deprecated. For details on how the transition to "all asynchronous" was accomplished, and the changes that made this possible see Release Notes for Interfaces as of ASCOM Platform 7.

4.1.1 Background for Developers

An asynchronous operation uses two interface members: an initiator method to start the operation and a completion property that can be polled to monitor the operation's progress.

Fundamentally, an asynchronous method initiates an operation and returns immediately, enabling the caller (an app) to read propereties, including the completion property, and possibly initiate other operations in parallel. If, during initiation, the device knows that it cannot successfully complete the requested operation, it must raise an exception instead of returning from the method call.

There are subtlities and consequences to the mode of operation. To help developers, we have provided developer information on the details of asynchronous operations in ASCOM on our main website in the document Asynchronous Programming and Exceptions. Please consider looking at this.

4.1.2 How can I tell if my asynchronous request fails?

This section is written from an app developer's point of view.

All asynchronous (non-blocking) methods in ASCOM are paired with corresponding completion properties that allow you to determine if the operation (running in the background) has finished. There are *two places* where a requested async operation can fail:

1. When you call the method that starts the operation, for example Move(). If you get an exception here, it means the device couldn't *start* the operation, for whatever reason. Common reasons include an out-of-range request or an unconnected device.

2. Later you read the completion property that tells you whether the async operation has finished, for example IsMoving. If you see the value change to indicate that the operation has finished, you can be 100% certain that it completed successfully. On the other hand, if you get an exception here (often a DriverException), it means the device failed to finish the operation successfully. In this case, the device is compromised and requires special attention.

4.1.3 What do I do if something goes wrong?

This section is written from an device / driver developer's point of view.

If you determine that the operation cannot be started when the initiator method is called, e.g. a supplied parameter is incorrect or the device is not connected, the method must raise an exception rather then returning to the caller.

If something goes wrong after the operation has been initiated, report this to the client by raising an exception when the client tries to read the completion property. The exception should continue to be raised on each attempt to read the completion property until it is reset at the start of the next operation that uses that completion property.

Tip

Have a look at this article Why exceptions in async methods are "dangerous" in C#. While the article uses the C# language and async/await to illustrate the so-called "dangers" (failing to await), the exact same principles apply here. For example, you really must use Focuser.IsMoving to determine completion of a Focuser.Move(). Focuser.IsMoving is the 'await' in this cross-language/cross-platform environment. If you ignore IsMoving and instead "double-check" the results by comparing your request with the results, you run several risks, including

- 1. A lost exception (an integrity bust),
- 2. A false completion indication if the device passes through the requested position on its way to settling to its final place, and
- 3. needing to decide what "close enough" means.

Plus it needlessly complicates your code. We have to design for, and require, trustworthy devices/drivers.

4.2 What is the "read all" feature and what are its rules?

Each device interface has a new DeviceState property which will return, in a single read, a list StateValue objects, each of which is a name-value pair. The list must contain all of the device's **operational** properties. Configuration information is not included because this is either set and known by the application or can be read once at the beginning of an operation.

Each device's specified **operational** properties are defined in the documentation for that device, for example, Telescope.DeviceState. From both the client's and the device's perspective, DeviceState is a "best endeavours" call. This is to ensure that the maximum amount of available data is returned by the device to the client.

Important

Applications must expect that, from time to time, some operational state values may not be present in the device response and must implement a strategy to deal with such "missing" values.

Important

If you wish to report additional values to clients, beyond those defined as operational, implement an Action e.g. via Telescope.Action and Telescope.SupportedActions and return your items in this way rather than adding them to the DeviceState response.

This is to ensure that the DeviceState call is as performant as possible for both client and device and is not burdened with information that unduly increases its size and transmission time.

Conform will report non-standard StateValue items found in the DeviceState response as Issues.

Note

- If a particular operational property is not available for any reason, its StateValue object must simply be omitted from the DeviceState list do not throw a DriverException in this circumstance.
- If no operational states are available for the device, an empty list (with no TimeStamp) must be returned.
- The DeviceState property should only throw exceptions under the most exceptional circumstances such as losing connection to the physical device.

4.3 TimeStamp Value

Each DeviceState list must include a TimeStamp element so that the device can record the time at which the operational states were was measured, if known. The (string) ISO-8601 time format must be used to report:

- An unqualified local time.
- A local time including a time offset.
- A UTC time using the Z time-zone designator

4.4 MaxADU, ElectronsPerADU, and FullWellCapacity in the Camera Interface

The MaxADU, ElectronsPerADU, and FullWellCapacity are characteristic properties which describe the camera sensor and its analog-to-digital converter (ADC). The last two are essential parameters for scientific imaging.

4.4.1 Values Must Reflect Current Camera Modes

The primary application use case for these properties is (1) Establish the operating modes, (2) Acquire the image, and (3) Query the interface to determine these properties. However, these properties must be available before the first image is acquired, in other words, immediately on startup (with default values). Also, after making a change to relevant properties such as Binx, Biny, Gain, Offset, or ReadoutMode, or via the camera's setup dialog, the mode change(s) must be immediately reflected in these properties

4.4.2 Purpose of MaxADU

MaxADU is provided for imaging applications so they may know the *maximum* range of ADU values to expect from a camera in ImageArray and therefore may establish their display scaling, etc.

4.4.3 Meaning of MaxADU

MaxADU is a charactristic of the camera, not of the current image (if any). It must be the maximum ADU value that can ever be output by the camera sensor and its analog-to-digital convereter (ADC) in its current operating modes. Usually this would correspond to the current bit depth as 2^bitdepth - 1. However if, by design, a camera is limited in its current modes to an ADU value that is significantly lower than 2^bitdepth - 1, it must report the maximum possible pixel value (the upper limit).

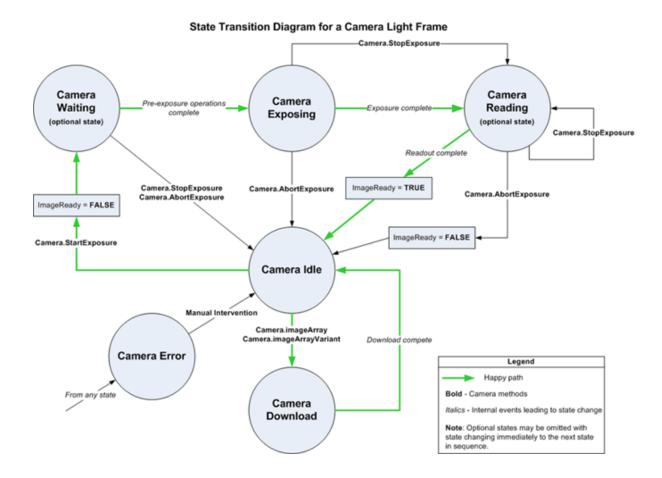
For example if the camera's ADC is 12 bit, but by design, and in the camera's current modes, the sensor can only ever produce a 12-bit digitized pixel value of 3800 (a significantly lower value), then MaxADU must report 3800, and not $2^12 - 1 = 4095$.

4.4.4 Inflation of Data Values - Upscaling to Higher Bit depth

This specification strongly discourages inflating the pixel values coming from the analog to digital converter (ADC) to create the illusion that the camera is capable of a higher bit depth than it actually is. This includes not interpolating between real ADU values to smooth the inflated data between inflated values. ADUs should increase and decrease in steps of 1. Cameras that inflate values are essentially useless for science.

4.5 State Transition Diagram for Camera. Camera State

This specification assumes that a camera transitions between operational states Camera.CameraStates as shown in the following diagram:



4.6 The Dome Interface seems complex and confusing. Help me.

The Dome interface is designed to handle any type of enclosure including classic domes with a slit having a single shutter, split shutter, clamshells, rotatable clamshells, rolloffs, split rolloffs, well really anything. The concept is that the Dome must provide an "aperture to the sky" and a way to open and close the aperture.

The dome controller can optionally receive both azimuth and altitude commands from the application. For example, a clamshell controller that gets both azimuth and altitude could optimize the position of the leaves, minimizing exposure to wind. This could be even better if the clamshell rotates. The Dome Interface allows a driver to advertise this by returning True for both CanSetAzimuth and CanSetAltitude.

[Q] How do I provide for a roll-off roof?

[A] Return CanSetAzimuth = False and CanSetAltitude() = False. This tells the client that there is no way to adjust the opening to the sky at all. The only functions available will be those related to opening and closing the roof or clamshell to provide access to the entire sky (or not).

[Q] How do I provide for a rotating dome with a simple shutter?

[A] Return CanSetAltitude = False if you have a common dome with a rotatable opening (e.g., a slit). The client can use SlewToAzimuth() to position the slit, and of course OpenShutter() and CloseShutter().

[Q] What are the exact meanings of Azimuth and Altitude?

[A] The specified azimuth and altitude (referenced to the dome center/equator) give the position on the sky that the observer wishes to observe. It is up to the device to determine how best to locate the dome aperture in order to expose that part of the sky to the telescope. This means that the mechanical position to which the Dome moves may not correspond exactly to requested observing azimuth and altitude because the device must coordinate multiple shutters, clamshell segments or roof mechanisms to provide the required aperture on the sky.

[Q] How can I adjust the location of the opening (slit, port, clamshell leaves) to account for the geometry and offset of the optics?

[A] The Dome interface does not provide for this, as it requires current pointing information from the mount/telescope, as well as mount configuration and measurements. This is a composite task requiring information about two devices, and is thus out of scope for a Dome device by itself.

Normally this must be done by an application which connects to a Telescope and a Dome, stores relevant geometric info about both, then calculates the dome slit azimuth (and maybe altitude) for slews, as well as periodically adjusting the dome's azimuth ("slaving") as the telescope tracks across the sky.

[Q] OK, where can I find info on the calculations?

[A] The most general and easy to understand paper is Dome Calculation by Nicolas de Hilster. It includes provisions for side-by-side muliple OTAs. Included is a live workbench which you can use to test your calculations for a mount with side-by-side multiple OTAs. There is a discussion of this on the ASCOM Developers Forum.

[Q] I see that the Dome interface has CanSlave and Slaved properties. Why are they present if a dome controller can't slave?

[A] There are a few integrated/combined telescope/mount/dome control systems (COM-SOFT PC/TCS, DFM TCS, for example) which expose both Telescope and Dome interfaces. The slaving properties in the ASCOM Dome interface are provided for these types of control systems.

4.7 What are the Angles that Rotator uses, and How Do They Relate?

An ASCOM instrument rotator is intended to position an imager at a given angle on the sky in the *equatorial coordinate system*. Adding an instrument rotator to a telescope effectively turns it into a 3-axis system, with the imager being positioned in Right Ascension, Declination, and Position Angle.

[Q] What is Equatorial Position Angle?

[A] Looking from behind the imager, Position Angle (PA) is the angle from North (in the equatorial coordinate system) rotating in a *counterclockwise* direction. It is always positive.

[Q] What is the difference between Position and MechanicalPosition?

[A] It is difficult to mount a camera within a rotator so that the camera's position angle is exactly the same as the mechanical angle of the rotator. Therefore an ASCOM rotator keeps an angular offset from its MechanicalPosition to the equatorial Position (PA) that the imager sees at that mechanical position. Thus the device's client app can write the equatorial PA to Position and get the PA it wants, regardless of the mechanical angle at which

the imager is mounted in the rotator. See the next question.

[Q] What is the purpose of Sync()?

[A] This allows the client app to tell the rotator at what PA it is currently positioned. The client app will typically do a plate solution on an image, yielding the true equatorial PA, then immediately call Sync() with this PA. This establishes the angular offset from its MechanicalPosition to its equatorial Position (PA).

4.7.1 Rotator on an Alt-Az Mount

The above assumes that the rotator is mounted to a telescope on an equatorial mount (fork, German, etc.). When a telescope is carried on an alt-az mount ¹, imaging on the sky will result in image field rotation becaused the optics are not aligned with the celestial sphere. Such mounts will often include a *field derotator* which will attempt to compensate for this field rotation.

This derotator will be an integrated part of the mount control system because its angle and angular rate are related to the current RightAscension and Declination by a transform from equatorial to local horizontal coordinates. As the mount "tracks" its azimuth, altitude, and field rotation angle continuously change in order to keep the RA, Dec, and PA constant (still against the celestial sphere).

It's beyond the scope of this specification to go into more detail on this. However, there are two consequences that affect the ASCOM Rotator operation in alt-az mounts:

- 1. The derotation system must operate *below* the ASCOM Rotator. At all times Position must be the target *equatorial* PA, and it must remain constant against the sky while th derotator is turning continuously to provide tracking.
- 2. The MechanicalPosition property is called *field position* and it must be *relative to the optics*. This is what the client needs to do flat fields. With an equatorial mount, the optics stay at a fixed equatorial PA so the mechanical offset is a static value. With an alt-az mount, the offset between MechanicalPosition (field position) and Position (equatorial PA) is the sum of the equatorial PA offset resulting from calling Sync() and the continuously varying angle needed to remove the field rotation.

4.8 Synchronous Slewing in the Telescope Interface

Over the life of ASCOM, devices have provided both synchronous and asynchronous slewing. With the introduction of Alpaca, synchronous operations are badly mismatched to the communication medium, TCP/IP. Therefore in ITelescope V4 use of synchronous slewing by clients has been strongly discouraged, and thus deprecated as noted in the specifications.

It is a client author design decision as to whether, in the absence of driver asynchronous support, they will use synchronous methods or report that the driver is not compatible with their application.

In order to maximize compatibility with older ASCOM COM clients, the ITelescopeV4 and later interface specifications require COM Telescope drivers to support synchronous

1 This refers to a *mount* that is physically horizontal with the ground, whose axes are vertical and horizontal. Don't confuse this with operating the mount in alt-az coordinates as oppposed to equatorial coordinates. All astrnomical mounts, regardless of their mechanical geometry, can be positioned with alt-az or equatorial coordinate inputs, and can displ;ay their current position in either coordinate system.

slewing via SlewToCoordinates(), SlewToTarget(), SlewToAltAz(), and the capability flags CanSlew and CanSlewAltAz.

Important

All ITelescopeV4 and later devices (COM and Alpaca) that can be programmatically slewed must support asynchronous slewing and must therefore report True for CanSlewAsync and CanSlewAltAzAsync.

Important

ASCOM COM drivers for mounts that can be programmatically slewed *must* support synchronous slewing to ensure backward compatibility with older clients. This is in addition to supporting asynchronous slewing as described above.

Important

Alpaca devices cannot provide reliable *synchronous* slewing operations over the network, where a method call could take several minutes to complete before returning to the client. Therefore, for mounts that can slew, Alpaca devices must always return False for CanSlew and CanSlewAltAz, and raise MethodNotImplementedException for the synchronous slewing methods.

4.9 Managing a Telescope Mount's Knowledge of Time and Place

In order for an astronomical mount to operate in equatorial coordinates, it must know its location on Earth (and ideally its ground elevation) and the current time. Location is easy, it doesn't change over the observing session. either the mount's hand-box can set the lat/long, or an ASCOM-based application can use SiteLatitude, SiteLongitude, and SiteElevation to supply this info to the mount. Time is not so easy, yet it is *critical* for pointing accuracy.

4.9.1 Simple Internal Clock

Mount designs vary in their methods of getting the current time. Most commonly, a mount will have an internal clock, which may vary in accuracy and stability, whether it remembers the time through power-down and power-up cycles, and which may be set via the mount's hand-box. In this case the mount can provide for an ASCOM-based application to update its clock to remove long term drift or just setting it after power up.

This is provided for apps by their writing to UTCDate to provide a time update. The usual source for a time update is a PC/Mac/Linux system ("system clock"). While most systems have reasonably stable clocks, for astronomical uses it is desirable for the *system* to have some source of time updating like Network Time Protocol, or an external GPS-based time source with an app that periodically updates the *system* clock. In this case UTCDate should be made both readable (required) and writeable (to provide the time updates to the mount).

Important

For mounts that depend on a host system clock, the mount designer should strongly suggest that the host's clock be synchronized with a precise time source such as NTP or GPS.

4.9.2 Internal Precision Time Source

It's also possible for a mount to have its own internal precision time source, such as a GPS receiver. The mount designer may choose to prohibit external time updates and always use the mount's GPS time source (e.g. the system clock does not have a precise source of time). In this case the mount should refuse to accept writing to UTCDate, and instead raise a PropertyNotImplementedException on writing to it. This tells the application "I don't want you to change my time, I know better." Always include a meaningful error message with the exception.

4.9.3 Internal Source of Position

A mount with a GPS receiver will always provide geodetic position (obviously), and probably ground elevation. Similar to having a precision time source, the mount designer may choose to prohibit external position updates and always use the mount's GPS site location and elevation. In this case the mount should refuse to accept writing to SiteLatitude, SiteLongitude, and SiteElevation, and instead raise a PropertyNotImplementedException on writing to them. This tells the application "I don't want you to change my location or elevation, I know better." Always include a meaningful error message with the exception.

4.9.4 Unavailablilty of Internal Precision Time or Location Source

At Initialization: Mount designers should consider what the mount should do in case a normally available *internal* source of precision time and location is not available or becomes unavailable after a successful initialization. If it was not available at initialization, then the mount should act as though no input of time and/or place has ever taken place, and allow both the hand-box and an application to set these parameters. Reading these unintialized properties must raise InvalidOperationException (never set). Writing to these parameters should be allowed since the precision sources are not available.

After Initialization: If, on the other hand, the *internal* precision time/place becomes unavailable after initialization what to do? If the position was successfully initialized then the mount should refuse updating SiteLatitude, SiteLongitude, and SiteElevation since they would not change during the session. Or if the mount's internal clock would drift "too much", it may decide that, without a "recent" update from the precision time source, its performance would be degraded "too much". In this case it may choose to raise exceptions on not only reading time/position, but also on equatorial coordinate reads and writes and even slew operations. "I lost my time source so I have no idea where I am pointing or where to go". Give this scenario some thought.

4.10 What is the meaning of "pointing state" in the docs for SideOfPier

In the docs for SideOfPier and DestinationSideOfPier(), for historical reasons, the name SideOfPier does not reflect its true meaning. The name will *not* be changed (so as to preserve compatibility), but the meaning has since become clear. *All* conventional mounts (German, fork, etc) have two pointing states for a given equatorial (sky) position. Mechanical limitations often make it impossible for the mount to position the optics at given HA/Dec in one of the two pointing states, but there are places where the same point can be reached sensibly in both pointing states (e.g. near the pole and close to the meridian). In order to understand these pointing states, please see the Context section below. Thanks to TPOINT author Patrick Wallace for this information.

4.10.1 ASCOM Convention

In order to support Dome slaving for German equatorial mounts, where it is important to know on which side of the pier the mount is physically located, ASCOM has adopted the convention that the Normal pointing state pertains when the mount is on the East side of pier, counterweights below the optical assembly, observing a target in the West at hour angle +3.0 on the celestial equator.

4.10.2 Context

All conventional telescope mounts have two axes nominally at right angles. For an equatorial, the longitude axis is mechanical hour angle and the latitude axis is mechanical declination. Sky coordinates and mechanical coordinates are two completely separate arenas. This becomes rather more obvious if your mount is an altaz, but it's still True for an equatorial. Both mount axes can in principle move over a range of 360 deg. This is distinct from sky HA /Dec, where Dec is limited to a 180 deg range (+90 to -90). Apart from practical limitations, any point in the sky can be seen in two mechanical orientations. To get from one to the other the HA axis is moved 180 deg and the Dec axis is moved through the pole a distance twice the sky codeclination (90 - sky declination).

Mechanical zero HA/Dec will be one of the two ways of pointing at the intersection of the celestial equator and the local meridian. In order to support Dome slaving, where it is important to know which side of the pier the mount is actually on, ASCOM has adopted the convention that the Normal pointing state will be the state where a German Equatorial mount is on the East side of the pier, looking West, with the counterweights below the optical assembly and that pierEast will represent this pointing state.

Move your scope to this position and consider the two mechanical encoders zeroed. The two pointing states are, then:

Normal (pierEast)	Where the mechanical Dec is in the range -90 deg to +90 deg
Beyond the pole (pierWest)	Where the mechanical Dec is in the range -180 deg to -90 deg
	or +90 deg to +180 deg

"Side of pier" is a *consequence* of the former definition, not something fundamental. Apart from mechanical interference, the telescope can move from one side of the pier to the other without the mechanical Dec having changed: you could track Polaris forever with the telescope moving from west of pier to east of pier or vice versa every 12h. Thus, "side of pier" is,

in general, not a useful term (except perhaps in a loose, descriptive, explanatory sense). All this applies to a fork mount just as much as to a GEM, and it would be wrong to make the "beyond pole" state illegal for the former. Your mount may not be able to get there if your camera hits the fork, but it's possible on some mounts. Whether this is useful depends on whether you're in Hawaii or Finland.

To first order, the relationship between sky and mechanical HA/Dec is as follows:

Normal state

HA_sky = HA_mechDec_sky = Dec_mech

Beyond the pole

```
    HA_sky = HA_mech + 12h, expressed in range ± 12h
    Dec_sky = 180d - Dec_mech, expressed in range ± 90d
```

Astronomy software often needs to know which which pointing state the mount is in. Examples include setting guiding polarities and calculating dome opening azimuth/altitude. The meaning of the SideOfPier property, then is:

_	Normal pointing state
pierWest	Beyond the pole pointing state

If the mount hardware reports neither the True pointing state (or equivalent) nor the mechanical declination axis position (which varies from -180 to +180), a driver cannot calculate the pointing state, and *must not* implement SideOfPier. If the mount hardware reports only the mechanical declination axis position (-180 to +180) then a driver can calculate SideOfPier as follows:

```
pierEast = abs(mechanical dec) <= 90 deg</li>pierWest = abs(mechanical Dec) > 90 deg
```

It is allowed (though not required) that SideOfPier may be written to force the mount to flip. Doing so, however, may change the right ascension of the telescope. During flipping, Telescope. Slewing must return True.

4.10.3 Pointing State and Side of Pier - Help for Driver Developers

A more detailed document is available on the ASCOM website, Pointing State and Side of Pier (PDF). A copy of this document is also available in the Start / ASCOM Platform for Developers folder when the ASCOM Platform is installed.

The document further explains the pointing state concept and includes diagrams illustrating how it relates to physical side of pier for German equatorial telescopes. It also includes details of the tests performed by Conform to determine whether the driver correctly reports the pointing state as defined above.

4.11 What does MoveAxis() do and how do I use it?

This method supports control of the mount about its mechanical axes. Upon successful

return, the telescope will start moving at the specified rate (degrees/second) about the specified axis and continue *indefinitely*. This method must be called for each axis separately. The axis motions may run concurrently, each at their own rate. Set the rate for an axis to zero to restore the motion about that axis to the rate set by the TrackingRate property. Tracking motion (if enabled) is suspended during this mode of operation.

This API permits the motion of the telescope about its **mechanical** axes (up to three, see TelescopeAxes). In addition, motion about each axis may be at a separate rate (degrees /second) via MoveAxis(). Furthermore, the mount may support multiple independent allowable ranges of rates about each axis via AxisRates(). The meaning of positive vs negative values as applies to rotation directions about the axes is purposely left undefined. App developers need to provide adaptation to various mount geometries and control systems.

Clarification

MoveAxis() is best seen as an *override* to however the mount is configured for Tracking, including its enabled/disabled state and any current RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate offsets.

While MoveAxis() is in effect, TrackingRate, RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate should retain their current values and will become effective again when MoveAxis() is set to zero for the relevant axis.

When MoveAxis() is reset to zero for an axis, its previous state must be restored as shown below:

- RA Axis with Tracking Enabled: the current TrackingRate plus any RightAscensionRate (the latter is valid only if TrackingRate is driveSidereal)
- RA Axis with Tracking Disabled: 0
- Dec Axis with Tracking Enabled: the current DeclinationRate if non-zero, or 0
- Dec Axis with Tracking Disabled: 0

Attention!

If you are looking for movements in the equatorial coordinate system, this is *not* the method for you. Guiding uses either the PulseGuide() method, or old fashioned "guider cables". For tracking solar system objects like comets and asteroids, the RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate properties may be set to cause "creep" in those equatorial axes to follow the object in the sky. Typically you will have an ephemeris with right ascension and declination "creep" rates and these values may be directly used with those other properties, not MoveAxis().

Note

- You must call MoveAxis() once to start motion about the selected axis at the selected Rate and once again to stop the motion.
- The movement rate must be within the value(s) obtained from a Rate object in the AxisRates() list for the desired axis.
- The rate is a signed value with negative rates moving in the oposite direction to positive rates.
- The Rate values specified in AxisRates() are absolute, unsigned values and apply to both directions, determined by the sign used in this command.
- The meaning of positive vs negative values as applies to rotation directions about the axes is purposely left undefined. App developers need to provide adaptation to various mount geometries and control systems and their rotation directions. See Section 4.11.
- The value of Slewing must be True if the mount is moving about any of its axes as a result of this method being called. This can be used to simulate a handbox by initiating motion with the MouseDown event and stopping the motion with the MouseUp event.
- It may be possible to implement satellite tracking by using the MoveAxis() method to move the scope in the required manner to track a satellite.

4.12 What are the equatorial coordinate reference frames?

The EquatorialSystem property refers to the "flavor" of equatorial coordinates that the telescope (mount) uses for slewing input and current coordinate readout.

Not all equatorial coordinates are equal. For aiming a telescope (and neglecting atmospheric refraction), the Right Ascension and Declination refer to the rotational state of the Earth at the current time, and at the location of the observer on the earth. You can think of these as a simple transformation from Alt/Az to RA/Dec using the current local Sidereal Time, the latitude of the observer, and the current tilt of the earth's axis. The proper name for this flavor of celestial coordinates is **topocentric**. In EquatorialCoordinateType it is equTopocentric. This is often referred to as "JNow", but this is a slang term. equTopocentric is the EquatorialSystem that the vast majority of commercial and DIY mounts use.

Catalogs of stars and deep space objects obvioualy cannot refer to topocentric equatorial coordinates since the time and location of the observer are unknown. Therefore, the listed coordinates are instead referred to a specific time and place, which defines the earth rotation state and other things like parallax, light deflection abberration, and space motion of the object. Most common catalogs use a reference system based on the mean pole and equinox for the standard epoch J2000.0 (The Gregorian date January 1, 2000, at 12:00 Terrestrial Time.). In EquatorialCoordinateType J2000 is equJ2000. The other coordinate types are less common.

The most precise system is the International Celestial Reference System (ICRS). For a deep dive into this, see Standards of Fundamental Astrometry (SOFA) Tools (PDF) specifically

Chapter 2, The Supported Coordinate Systems.

Note

The ASCOM Initiative has published .NET / COM implementations of the high level methods in the SOFA library and the full Naval Observatory Vector Astrometry Software (NOVAS) library. These are both available in the ASCOM Platform Developer Components and in the cross platform ASCOM Library.

4.13 What is DestinationSideOfPier and why would I want to use it?

The DestinationSideOfPier property is provided for applications to manage pier flipping during automated image sequences. Basically you provide it with an RA and Dec, and it comes back telling you the pointing state SideOfPier that would result from a slew-to at the present time. Looking at the current SideOfPier and DestinationSideOfPier tells you if the mount would flip on a slew to those coordinates. This info is based on the given RA/Dec at the given time, so is not a static function.

The mount knows where all of its settings are, how they are applied, and what their effects are. All it needs to do is tell the app the outcome of a slew to a point. Obviously if trash RA /Dec are given the mount would raise an exception for invalid coordinates.

As your image sequence progresses, at the beginning of each image you add the exposure interval to the RA (RA is a *time* coordinate, right?) and if you're really picky adjust by the 0.27% difference from sidereal to solar time, then call DestinationSideOfPier(RA + image, Dec). If it tells you the flip point will be reached before the end of the exposure, then you have some choices to make:

- 1. Will the mount track past the flip point far enough to allow the image to proceed "from here" and complete, so you could do the flip at the end while the image downloads?
- 2. If the mount is hard limited at the flip point then you would have to wait until the target drifts past the flip point, flip, then proceed. Not many mounts are hard limited against tracking past their flip points.

The tricky parts are

- 1. For #1 above, knowing whether, and how far, the mount can track past its flip point. Most German mounts can track at least one "typical" exposure interval past their flip points. In the old days this would be 1800 seconds for grungy CCDs with bad read noise and a narrowband filter, but nowadays, especially with CMOS, even narrowband exposures are significantly shorter. Even at the celestial equator, 1800 seconds is only 7.5 degrees, and less as declination increases (by cos(dec)). Tracking 7.5 degrees or less past a flip point seems within the capability of most GEMs. Also, if you can image past the flip point, you can download the image in parallel with flipping the mount, so the penalty for flipping is the flip time minus the image download time.
- 2. For #2 above, how long to wait before flipping? To handle this, stop tracking for safety, then periodically call <code>DestinationSideOfPier()</code> for your target's coordinates while the target itself drifts towards, then past, the flip point (which you don't know but who cares?). Wait until it tells you that the mount will flip Turn on tracking, slew to your

target, the mount will flip, and off you go toward the west with your image sequence.

4.14 What are RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate and how are they used?

These read/write properties are used most commonly to provide a mount with a way to track solar system objects such as asteroids and comets. They both apply a constant rate of change to the mount's RightAscension and Declination, respectively. This FAQ is provided to help clear up misunderstandings that have historically created problems especially for mount developers.

From a user's perspective, solar system objects have an *ephemeris* which shows the coordinates at one or more times, as well as the rate of change of the coordinates at that time. The rates described here are those coordinate rates. DeclinationRate should be easy to understand. The mount's Declination should change by so many (angular) arc seconds per second, depending on sign of the value.

On the other hand, there are several subtle and confusing aspects of RightAscensionRate. Keep in mind that RightAscension is a *time* coordinate, not an angular one. So *seconds* of RA are *not* arc-seconds. They are seconds of *time*. Furthermore, RightAscension is a sidereal time not a UTC (clock, solar) time. We'll get back to this in a bit.

If you are a mount developer, it's easy to get confused by the sidereal tracking rotation of your mount's mechanical drive and the Right Ascension of the point at which your mount is pointing. If the mount is tracking, its Right Ascension is not changing. That's what the mount's job is, to hold the optics at an unchanging RightAscension (and Declination). Suppose the user wants to apply a positive rate of change to Right Ascension. This means the mount's Right Ascension must increase (later time) at the requested positive RightAscensionRate. RightAscension increases to the East, right? What does this mean down in the mount's RA drive? It must slow down so the its pointing drifts toward the east in order to have its RightAscension increase. Perhaps counter-intuitive.

4.14.1 Units of RightAscensionRate

Due to an unfortunate early design choice, the units of RightAscensionRate are in (RA) seconds per *sidereal* second while Ephemerides all specify the rate per unit of UTC (atomic clock) time. Your driver must accept the rate in these (awkward) *RA* seconds per *sidereal* second units since we never make breaking changes. To convert the given rate to (the more common) units of sidereal seconds per *UTC* (atomic clock) second, multiply the incoming value by 1.00273791 (the number of sidereal seconds in a UTC second).

4.14.2 InvalidOperationException When TrackingRate is not driveSidereal

These applied rates of change of equatorial coordinates don't apply when the mount is not tracking to follow the equatorial coordinate system. Both RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate must raise an InvalidOperationException if TrackingRate is not set to driveSidereal.

4.15 What Does PulseGuide() Do? I'm Confused.

PulseGuide() creates small incremental equatorial movements and is usually used to make fine adjustments to the mount in order to keep the target location centered.

The Direction parameter (see GuideDirections) determines in which equatorial coordinate and direction the movement is to be made, and the Duration parameter specifies the length of time that the appropriate guide rate set by the mount's GuideRateRightAscension and GuideRateDeclination properties will be applied. Each call to PulseGuide() moves the mount in a single increment of GuideRate * Duration = Distance.

PulseGuide() always moves the scope on the equatorial coordinate axes (N/S/E/W) regardless of the mount's AlignmentMode (which describes the mechanical construction of the mount).

Finally, PulseGuide() is asynchronus. If the mount supports it, an app may call for simultaneous pulse guiding in both RA and Dec axes.

Attention!

Unfortunately some German Equatorial mounts make North and South movements in opposite directions depending on their Section 4.10 (flip state). Most commonly, the error is when the mount is "on the east" looking west ("flipped"), where the North /South directions are backwards. This is a result of the mount behaving like it's using "guider cables" which just reverse the Declination motor.

Application developers will need to implement a Declination reversal option for German mounts that have the above described behaviour. Implement this by first reading SideOfPier and then depending on its value, reverse the guideNorth versus guideSouth parameter in the call to PulseGuide.

4.15.1 Magnitude of Move

Obviously the magnitude of the movement for a PulseGuide call is dependent not only on the given Duration and Direction but also on the mount's guiding rates of movement as set by GuideRateRightAscension and GuideRateDeclination.

Important

The mount's guide rates are *not* related at all to RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate, which initiate and stop secular (long running) motions in RA and Dec. The RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate methods enable a mount to track objects that move relative to the 'fixed' star background.

4.16 The Switch Interface seems complex and confusing. Help me.

The Switch interface is designed to provide control of a variety of sources of power including ordinary power outlets as well as variable output power sources. There are a few confusing aspects of this interface, and this article will try to shed some light on them.

The interface provides support for one or more "switches".

In the specification, an on/off outlet type, an on/off sensor type, a variable output rheostat type, and a variable value sensor type, are all referred to as a *switch*.

- An on-off outlet is controlled by SetSwitch() and read back by GetSwitch().
- Rheostat switches are controlled by SetSwitchValue() and read back by GetSwitchValue().
- If the CanWrite property of a switch is False then it is not a controllable switch, it is a sensor, and can only be read back via GetSwitch() and GetSwitchValue().

Note

Despite its name, MaxSwitch is not the maximum value of the Id for a switch, it is the total number of switches supported by the device. The maximum legal value for Id for a switch device is MaxSwitch - 1. Think of MaxSwitch as the size of an array with indices ranging from 0 to MaxSwitch - 1.

4.16.1 For Application Developers

[Q] How do I turn an outlet on and off?

Given the switch number (or Id), call SetSwitch() with the Id and True or False for on or off respectively. You can read back the state of an outlet by calling GetSwitch() with the Id. The allowable range of Id values is from 0 through MaxSwitch - 1.

[Q] How do I control the output level of a rheostat?

Given the switch number (or Id), call SetSwitchValue() with the Id and the output level you want. You can read back the output level by calling GetSwitchValue() with the Id. The allowable range of output levels is given by MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue(). The allowable range of Id values is from 0 through MaxSwitch – 1.

[Q] How can I tell if a switch is an outlet type (on/off) or a rheostat?

When the difference between MinValue and MaxValue equals the value of SwitchStep you can assume that the switch is a binary on/off switch.

[Q] How do I tell if a switch is controllable or just a sensor?

Read the switch's CanWrite() value using the switch's Id.

[Q] I can't set the variable value I want. It keeps coming back different

Besides MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue(), the switch's output values may be restricted to successive steps given by SwitchStep() increments. Unfortunately, setting the switch to an unsupported value (not one of the steps) does not result in an exception, instead it will be set by rounding up to next higher legal value. See the related question for developers below.

4.16.2 For Device Developers

The behavior of your switch device can be inferred from the above section.

Note

A confusing aspect of this interface is that the Value methods must be implemented even for on/off switches, and the on/off methods must be implemented even for output value switches.

[Q] What must I do with the Value methods for my simple on/off switches?

Make the Value methods use a value of 0.0 to 1.0. For MinSwitchValue() return 0, and for MaxSwitchValue() return 1.0. Then make SetSwitchValue() take 1.0 or 0.0 for on and off respectively. GetSwitchValue() must return 1.0 for on and 0.0 for off. Implied by this is that SwitchStep() should return 1.0, just one step from 0.0 to 1.0.

[Q] What happens to a variable value switch when SetSwitchValue sets a value between steps as defined by SwitchStep?

The output value should be rounded to the nearest step. For example say MinSwitchValue() = 5.0, MaxSwitchValue() = 8.0, and SwitchStep() = 1.0, then

- Values in the range of 5.0 to 5.499999 => 5.0
- Values in the range of 5.5 to 6.499999 => 6.0
- Values in the range of 6.0 to 7.499999 => 7.0
- Values in the range of 7.5 to 8.0 => 8.0

[Q] What must I do with SetSwitch() for my variable value switches?

A call to SetSwitch() True must set the value to MaxSwitchValue(). A call to SetSwitch() False must set the value to MinSwitchValue().

[Q] What must I do with GetSwitch() for my variable value switches?

A call to GetSwitch() must return False if the value is at MinSwitchValue(), otherwise True.

[Q] Conform is reporting an error for my SwitchStep() value. What could be the problem?

The specs require that (int(MaxSwitchValue) - int(MinSwitchValue)) must be an exact multiple of int(SwitchStep).

[Q] My variable output device has continuous values. What must I return for SwitchStep()?

Since SwitchStep() cannot be 0, return a "small" step that relates to the resolution of the A/D converter or to practical usefulness. As just mentioned, be sure to choose a SwitchStep() value that gives rise to an even number of steps within the range.

[Q] How can I "turn off" a variable value switch with a non-zero MinSwitchValue()?

Use a separate switch for on/off. An example might be a dew heater with 5 - 10 volts output. Make one on/off switch with SwitchName() of "DewOnOff", with SwitchDescription() of "Dew Heater Power On/Off". Then label the variable output switch "DewPower" with SwitchDescription() of "Dew Heater Output Power Level (low to high)".

[Q] How can I create a "momentary switch" effect?

A momentary switch activates for a short period when triggered before self-resetting,

but there is no direct analogue of this behaviour in the ASCOM switch device. Momentary action can be implemented using an ASCOM switch by activating the momentary action on only one of the SetSwitch() operations, either True or False leaving the other to have no effect.

4.17 What do we mean by the terms Mandatory, Optional and Deprecated?

Mandatory

Interface members flagged as mandatory must be functionally implemented i.e. they must perform and return results in accordance with the interface definition.

Important

Mandatory members must always be present in the interface and must never return a not implemented error.

Optional

Implementation of interface members that are not flagged as mandatory is optional i.e. these members can return a not implemented error if the device author chooses not to implement that functionality.

Important

Even when functionality is not implemented, optional members must be present in the interface to avoid clients receiving missing member or similar errors.

Deprecated

ASCOM's definition of deprecated is: There are other ways to implement this functionality, different members or mechanics are **now** preferred over using this member.

Important

Deprecated does **not** mean "will be removed at a later date", it only implies that an alternate approach is recommended. **ASCOM** will never remove a member from an interface definition because it will break clients that use that member.



ASCOM Master Interface Definitions

Each of these documents specifies the properties, methods, exceptions, and enumerated constants of the corresponding ASCOM device interface.

- ICameraV4 Interface
- ICoverCalibratorV2 Interface
- IDomeV3 Interface
- IFilterWheelV3Class
- IFocuserV4 Interface
- IObservingConditionsV2 Interface
- IRate Interface
- IRotatorV4 Class
- ISafetyMonitorV3 Interface
- IStateValue Interface
- ISwitchV3 Interface
- ITelescope V4 Interface
- Exception Classes



5.1 ICameraV4 Interface

class Camera

Bases: ASCOM.DeviceInterface
ASCOM Standard | Camera V4 | Interface

5.1.1 Methods

Camera.AbortExposure()

Abort the current exposure, if any, and returns the camera to Idle state.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If CanAbortExposure is False.
- InvalidOperationException If abort is not currently possible (e.g. during download).
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

May throw a MethodNotImplementedException if CanAbortExposure is false.

Note

- Unlike StopExposure() this method simply discards any partially-acquired image data and returns the camera to idle.
- Must throw an InvalidOperationException if camera is not idle and abort is unsuccessful (or not possible, e.g. during download).
- Must throw a DriverException if hardware or communications error occurs.
- Must not throw an exception if the camera is already idle.

Camera. Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

Camera. CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Camera. CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Camera. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Camera.Connect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This method is а mandatory and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

async Camera.Disconnect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

async Camera. **PulseGuide** (*Direction: GuideDirections, Duration: int*)

Activates the Camera's guiding signals, via physical cable(s) connected to the mount, to instruct the mount to move in a particular direction for a given period of time. This duplicates the function of Telescope.PulseGuide(). See Section 4.15.

Non-blocking: Returns with IsPulseGuiding False. See Notes.

Parameters

- **Direction** (*enum*) The direction of the move. See GuideDirections and Notes on meaning of direction.
- **Duration** (int) duration of the guide move, milliseconds

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the camera does not support pulse guiding (CanPulseGuide property is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

May throw a MethodNotImplemented exception if the camera does not support pulse guiding (CanPulseGuide property is False)

- Asynchronous: The method returns as soon pulse-guiding operation has been *successfully* started with IsPulseGuiding property True. However, you may find that IsPulseGuiding is False when you get around to checking it if the 'pulse' is short. This is still a success if you get False back and not an exception.
- Some older cameras have implemented this as a Synchronous (blocking) operation.
- Directions are nominal and may depend on exact mount wiring. guideNorth must be opposite guideSouth, and guideEast must be opposite guideWest.
- In addition, GuideDirections for North and South have varying interpretations by German Equatorial mounts. Some GEM mounts interpret North to be the same rotation direction of the declination axis regardless of their pointing state ("side of the pier"). Others truly implement North and South by reversing the dec-axis rotation depending on their pointing state. Apps must be prepared for either behavior.
- This duplicates the function of Telescope.PulseGuide() but with physical connections ("guider cables"). See Section 4.15

Camera.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

async Camera.StartExposure (Duration: float, Light: bool)

Start an exposure. **Non-blocking**: Returns with ImageReady = False if exposure has *successfully* been started. Use ImageReady to check when the exposure is

complete and ready for access via ImageArray. See Note.

Parameters

- **Duration** (float) The duration of exposure in seconds.
- **Light** (bool) True for light frame, False for dark frame (ignored if no shutter)

Returns Nothing

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Duration parameter, or any of BinX, BinY, StartX, StartY, NumX, and NumY have invalid or incompatible combinations of values.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

If your device throws an InvalidValueException here, it is vital that the error message explains which of the binning, subframe, or SubExposureDuration values are illegal or combine to produce an illegal combination. **Help your user solve the problem!**

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Note

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use ImageReady to determine if the exposure has been *successfully* completed and the image data is ready for access via via ImageArray. Refer to ImageReady for additional info.
- The combination of values for BinX, BinY, StartX, and StartY must be checked when a call to StartExposure() is received. If any of these values is illegal, or if a limitation is imposed by CanAsymmetricBin being False. If any of these conditions exist, an appropriate exception must be thrown as described above.
- A dark frame or bias exposure may be shorter than the ExposureMin value and for a bias frame can be zero. Check the value of Light and allow exposures down to 0 seconds if Light is false. If the hardware will not support an exposure duration of zero then, for dark and bias frames, set it to the minimum that is possible.
- Some applications will set an exposure time of zero for bias frames so it's important that the driver allows this.

async Camera.StopExposure()

Stop the current exposure, if any, and make available the image data already acquired. **Non-blocking**: Returns with ImageReady = False if and exposure is actually in progress. Use ImageReady to check when the exposure has been stopped and existing image data is ready for access via ImageArray. See Note.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the camera cannot stop an in-progress exposure and save the already-acquired image data (CanStopExposure is False)
- InvalidOperationException If CanAsymmetricBin is False, yet BinX.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Optional, may throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Note

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use ImageReady to determine if the exposure has been *successfully* stopped and the image data is ready for access via via ImageArray. Refer to ImageReady for additional info.
- Unlike AbortExposure() this method must cut an exposure short while preserving the image data acquired so far, making it available to the client.
- If an exposure is in progress, the readout process is initiated. Ignored if readout is already in process.
- · Must not raise an exception if the camera is idle.

5.1.2 Properties

property Camera. BayerOffsetX: Integer

New in version 2: For color imaging

Returns The X offset of the Bayer colour matrix, as defined in property SensorType

Return type Integer

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the camera is monochrome. See first Note.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by

one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented by colour cameras, monochrome cameras must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

- Since monochrome cameras don't have a Bayer colour matrix by definition, such cameras must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException. Colour cameras must always return a value and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- The value returned will be in the range 0 to M-1 where M is the X-width of the Bayer matrix. The offset is relative to the 0,0 pixel in the sensor array, and does not change to reflect subframe settings.

property Camera. BayerOffsetY: Integer

New in version 2: For color imaging

Returns The Y offset of the Bayer colour matrix, as defined in property SensorType

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the camera is monochrome. See first Note.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented by colour cameras, monochrome cameras must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

- Since monochrome cameras don't have a Bayer colour matrix by definition, such cameras must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException. Colour cameras must always return a value and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- The value returned will be in the range 0 to M-1 where M is the Y-width of the Bayer matrix. The offset is relative to the 0,0 pixel in the sensor array, and does not change to reflect subframe settings.

property Camera. BinX: Integer

Read/Write Gets or sets the binning factor for the X axis, also returns the current value.

Returns The binning factor for the X axis.

Return type Integer

Raises

- InvalidValueException An invalid binning value is written to the property See Notes.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Should default to 1 when the camera connection is established.
- If CanAsymmetricBin is False, then the binning values must be the same. Setting this property must result in BinY being the same value.
- Camera does not check for compatible subframe values when this property is set; rather they are checked upon StartExposure().

property Camera. BinY: Integer

Read/Write Gets or sets binning factor for the Y axis, also returns the current value.

Returns The binning factor for the Y axis.

Return type Integer

- InvalidValueException An invalid binning value is written to the property See Notes.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient

detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Should default to 1 when the camera connection is established.
- If CanAsymmetricBin is False, then the binning values must be the same. Setting this property must result in BinX being the same value.
- Camera does not check for compatible subframe values when this property is set; rather they are checked upon StartExposure().

property Camera.CameraState: enum CameraStates

Current operational state of the camera. See Section 4.5.

Returns The camera's operational state

Return type enum CameraStates

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Camera. CameraXSize: Integer

Returns The width of the camera sensor in unbinned pixels

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Camera. Camera YSize: Integer

Returns The height of the camera sensor in unbinned pixels

Return type Boolean

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Camera. CanAbort Exposure: Boolean

Returns True if the camera can abort exposures with AbortExposure(), else False. See Note.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

Some cameras support AbortExposure(), which allows the exposure to be terminated before the exposure timer completes, with the image being discarded. Returns True if AbortExposure() is available, False if not. See also CanStopExposure and "StopExposure()

property Camera. CanAsymmetricBin: Boolean

Returns True if the camera supports asymmetric binning, else False. See Note.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

If True, the camera can have different binning on the X and Y axes, as determined by BinX and BinY. If False, writing to either BinX or BinY results in the other binning value being set to the same value.

property Camera. CanFastReadout: Boolean

New in version 2: For imaging mode support

Returns True if the camera supports a fast readout mode. If this is False then the camera may offer ReadoutModes.

Return type Boolean

Deprecation Notice

FastReadout is an obsolete mechanic for controlling camera mode(s). The ReadoutMode mechanic should be used.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- If the camera offers ReadoutMode and ReadoutModes, then this property must be False.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. CanGetCoolerPower: Boolean

Returns True if the camera's cooler power level is available via CoolerPower, else False.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Camera. CanPulseGuide: Boolean

Returns True if the camera supports pulse guiding with electrical "guider cables" via PulseGuide(), else False.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- Returns true if the camera can directly send auto-guider pulses to the telescope mount via an electrical connection ("guider cables").
- This does not provide any indication of whether the auto-guider cable is actually connected.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.
- The action is analogous to the function of Telescope. CanPulseGuide. See Section 4.15.

property Camera. CanSetCCDTemperature: Boolean

Returns True if the camera's cooler temperature can be controlled via SetCCDTemperature, else False.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

If True, the camera's cooler setpoint can be adjusted. If False, the camera either uses open-loop cooling or does not have the ability to adjust temperature from software, and setting the SetCCDTemperature property has no effect.

property Camera. CanStopExposure: Boolean

Returns True if the camera can stop exposures via StopExposure() else False.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

Some cameras support StopExposure(), which allows the exposure to be terminated before the exposure timer completes, but will still read out the image. Returns True if StopExposure() is available, False if not. See also AbortExposure() and CanAbortExposure

property Camera. CCDTemperature: Float

Returns The current CCD cooler temperature in degrees Celsius.

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidOperationException If data unavailable.
- PropertyNotImplementedException If not supported (can't report cooler temperature)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Camera. Connected: boolean

Changed in version 4: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

Read/Write Gets or sets the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See Notes below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of Camera V4. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property Camera. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

• This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.

property Camera. CoolerOn: Boolean

Read/Write Turns the camera cooler on and off and returns the current cooler on /off state.

Returns The current cooler on/off state.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If not supported (can't report cooler temperature)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Warning

For some cameras, turning the cooler off when the cooler is operating at high delta-T (typically >20C below ambient) may result in thermal shock. Repeated thermal shock may lead to damage to the sensor or cooler stack. Please consult the documentation supplied with the camera for further information.

property Camera. CoolerPower: Float

Returns The current cooler power level in percent.

Return type Float

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If not supported (can't report cooler temperature)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

Must return zero if CoolerOn is False.

property Camera. Description: String

Returns

Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Camera.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 4: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns

List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- CameraState
- CCDTemperature
- CoolerPower
- HeatSinkTemperature
- ImageReady
- IsPulseGuiding
- PercentCompleted
- Section 4.3

For more info see Section 4.2.

property Camera. DriverInfo: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Camera. DriverVersion: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Camera. ElectronsPerADU: Float

Returns The gain of the camera in photoelectrons per A/D unit *in its current modes*. See Notes and Section 4.4.

Return type Float

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If this property is not available for the camera.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- At run-time, a change to Binx, BinY, Gain, Offset, or ReadoutMode which results in this value changing must be reflected immediately in this property's value. Similarly, if a change via the camera's SetupDialog() settings changes the value, this property must be updated immediately.
- · See Section 4.4.

property Camera. ExposureMax: Float

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns The maximum exposure time (seconds) supported by StartExposure().

Return type Float

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

 It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. ExposureMin: Float

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns The minimum exposure time (seconds) supported by StartExposure().

Return type Float

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be a *non-zero* number representing the shortest possible exposure time supported by the camera model.
- For bias frame acquisition an even shorter exposure may be possible; please see StartExposure() for more information.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. ExposureResolution: Float

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns The smallest increment in exposure time (seconds) supported by StartExposure().

Return type Float

Raises • NotConnectedException – If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This can be used, for example, to specify the resolution of a user interface "spin control" used to dial in the exposure time.
- The duration provided to StartExposure() does not have to be an exact multiple of this number; the driver must choose the closest available value.
- In some cases the resolution may not be constant over the full range of exposure times; in this case the smallest increment must be chosen by the driver.
- A value of 0.0 shall indicate that there is no minimum resolution except that imposed by the resolution of the float data type.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. FastReadout: Boolean

New in version 2: For imaging mode support

Read/Write Enables the camera's FastReadout mode if available, and gets the current state of FastReadout mode. See Notes.

Returns True if the camera is in FastReadout mode, else False if it is in normal mode (in which ReadoutModes may be active).

Return type Boolean

Deprecation Notice

FastReadout is an obsolete mechanic for controlling camera mode(s). The ReadoutMode mechanic should be used henceforth.

- PropertyNotImplementedException If FastReadout is not supported (CanFastReadout is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Some older cameras have a single "fast mode" intended for use in focusing. When set to True, the camera will operate in Fast mode; when False, the camera will operate normally. This property, if implemented, must default to False.
- This mode mechanic is deprecated, and is includeed only for older cameras and drivers. The ReadoutMode mechanic should be used henceforth.

property Camera. FullWellCapacity: Float

Returns

The maximum number of photoelectrons that can be held by a single pixel *in the camera's current modes*. See See Notes below and Section 4.4.

Return type Float

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If this property is not available for the camera.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- At run-time, a change to Binx, BinY, Gain, Offset, or ReadoutMode which results in this value changing must be reflected immediately in this property's value. Similarly, if a change via the camera's SetupDialog() settings changes the value, this property must be updated immediately.
- · See Section 4.4.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera.Gain: Integer

New in version 2: Member added.

Read/Write Gets or sets the current gain value or gains index per its current gain-setting operating mode (see description below)

Returns The current gain value or gains index

Return type Integer

Raises • PropertyNotImplementedException - If Gain is not

supported at all ()neither **Gains Index** nor **Gain Value** mode is supported).

- InvalidValueException If the supplied value is not valid
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

If the camera can support several different operating modes where gain and other parameters are different, it is better to use ReadoutMode and ReadoutModes to change all parameters in one go. If this approach is used, Gain and any other affected parameters must be kept in sync with operational values established by the readout mode.

Gain Modes Description

The Gain property is used to adjust the gain setting of the camera and has two modes of operation:

- Gains Index: The Gain property is the selected gain's index within the Gains array of textual gain names.
 - The Gains property returns a 0-based array of string gain names which should describe available gain settings e.g. "ISO 200", "ISO 1600"
 - GainMin and GainMax will throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- Gain Value: The Gain property is a direct numeric representation of the camera's gain.
 - In this mode the GainMin and GainMax properties must return integers specifying the valid range for Gain.
 - The Gains array property will throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

A driver can support none, one or both gain modes depending on the camera's capabilities. However, only one mode can be active at any one moment because both modes share the Gain property to return the gain value. Your application can determine which mode is operational by reading the GainMin, GainMax property and this Gain property. If a property can be read then its associated mode is active, if it throws a PropertyNotImplementedException then the mode is not active.

- If a driver supports both modes the astronomer must be able to select the required mode through the driver Setup dialogue.
- During driver initialisation the driver must set Gain to a valid value.

property Camera. GainMax: Integer

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The maximum gain value that this camera supports in **Gain Value** mode (see Notes and Gain)

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Gain is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Gains Index mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Gain Value mode

When Gain is operating in Gain Value mode:

- · GainMax must return the camera's highest valid Gain setting
- GainMax must be equal to or greater than GainMin
- The Gains property must throw PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- GainMin and GainMax act together; either both must return values, or both must throw PropertyNotImplementedException.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. GainMin: Integer

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The minimum gain value that this camera supports in **Gain Value** mode (see notes and Gain)

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Gain is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Gains Index mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Gain Value mode

When Gain is operating in Gain Value mode:

- GainMin must return the camera's lowest valid Gain setting
- GainMin must be equal to or less than GainMax
- The Gains property must throw PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- GainMin and GainMax act together; either both must return values, or both must throw PropertyNotImplementedException.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. Gains: Array[String]

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns Array (0-based) of Gain *names* supported by the camera when in **Gains Index** mode (see Notes and Gain)

Return type Array of strings

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Gain is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Gain Value mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Gains Index mode

When Gain is operating in the Gains Index mode:

- The Gains property must return a 0-based array of available gain setting names.
- The GainMax and GainMin properties must throw PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

- Typically the application software will display the returned gain names in a drop list, from which the astronomer can select the desired gain's name. The application can then configure the selected gain by setting the camera's Gain property to the array index of the selected gain name.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. HasShutter: Boolean

Returns If True, indicates that the camera has a mechanical shutter, else False.

Return type Boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

If HasShutter is False, the StartExposure() method must ignore the Light parameter.

property Camera.HeatSinkTemperature: Float

Returns The current heat sink (aka "ambient") temperature (deg C).

Return type Float

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the camera has no cooler.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Camera.ImageArray: Array[Integer]

Returns

Array containing the exposure pixel values in ADU. See notes for array dimensionality and row vs column ordering.

Return type Integer ADU values

Raises

- InvalidOperationException If no image data is available (ImageReady is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- The array will have dimensions of Camera. NumX by Camera. NumY as set at the time StartExposure() was called. Full color images will include a "plane" for each color, with the additional plane index following the X and Y indices. See below for details.
- This is a synchronous call and clients should be prepared for it to take a long time to complete when large images are being transferred.
- Drivers written in C++ must return the image as a SafeArray.
- Developers of Alpaca camera devices are strongly advised to implement the ImageBytes mechanic, which is specified in the Alpaca API Reference, to ensure fast image transfer to the client.

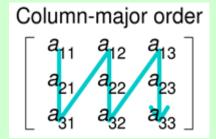
Array shaping and ordering

The returned two dimensional array that supports monochrome and Bayer matrix colour sensors is specified with width as its first dimension and height as its second, rightmost, dimension. From an **infrastructure** perspective, the .NET CLR and C like languages store arrays in memory using *row major order*, which means that the rightmost array index changes most rapidly.

For an array Array [X, Y] it is the Y index that changes most rapidly, leading to a memory layout that looks like this:

Row-major order
$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

On the other hand, the ImageArray property is specified to return Array[NumX, NumY] where X represents width (horizontal lines) and Y represents height (vertical columns). For the ImageArray array, the rightmost dimension is defined as the image height, hence, when stored in memory, the height index will change most rapidly. This means that, from an **application perspective**, values are held in memory in *column major* order



despite being stored in row major order from an infrastructure perspective. We considered the application view to have primacy and thus consider the returned array to be column major in structure, regardless of the form in which it is stored in memory.

Multi-Plane Color Images (non-Bayer)

Full color images contain multiple "planes", each of which specifies the pixel data for a single color. In ImageArray the rightmost index selects the plane. For an RGB image the planes (in order) are R=0, G=1, and B=2. For an LRGB image the planes are L=0, R=1, G=2, and B=3.

property Camera.ImageArrayVariant: Array[COM-Variant]

This property is used only in Windows ASCOM/COM drivers. Alpaca drivers and stand-alone (Alpaca) cameras must raise PropertyNotImplementedException.

Returns Array containing the exposure pixel values in ADU.

Return type Windows COM Variant ADU values.

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException Unless the driver is for ASCOM/COM on Windows OS
- InvalidOperationException If no image data is available (ImageReady is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property is included here for completeness, however it is unique and useful only within Windows COM (C#, Visual Basic). For more information see the documentation for ASCOM libraries in the Windows Platform.

Note

- This is a synchronous call and clients should be prepared for it to take a long time to complete when large images are being transferred.
- Drivers written in C++ must return the image as a SafeArray.
- See the description of Camera.ImageArray above for details. ImageArrayVariant differs only in the binary form of the individual array elements (COM-Variant instead of Integer).

property Camera. ImageReady: Boolean

Returns

True if the requested exposure has completed and Camera. ImageArray contains the image reeady to be reads via that property.

Return type Boolean

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- If ImageReady returns a valid False or True value, then the non-blocking process of acquiring an image is proceeding normally or has been successful.
- ImageReady will be False immediately upon return from StartExposure(). It will remain False until the exposure has been successfully completed and an image is ready for retrieval via Camera.ImageArray.

property Camera. InterfaceVersion: Short

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For ICameraV4, this must be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.
- Clients can detect legacy V1 drivers by trying to read this property. If the driver raises an error, it is a V1 driver. V1 did not specify this property.
 A driver may also return a value of 1.In other words, a raised error or a return value of 1 indicates that the driver is a V1 driver.

property Camera.IsPulseGuiding: Boolean

Returns

Indicates that the camera is currently executing a PulseGuide() operation. This duplicates the function of Telescope.IsPulseGuiding, except for hardware "guider cables". See Section 4.15

Return type Boolean

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the camera does not support pulse guiding (CanPulseGuide is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by

one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- If IsPulseGuiding returns a valid True or False value, then the process of pulse-guiding is *proceeding normally* or has completed *successfully*, respectively.
- IsPulseGuiding will be True immediately upon return from PulseGuide(). It will remain True until the requested pulse-guide interval has elapsed, and the pulse-guiding operation has been successfully completed. If PulseGuide() returns with IsPulseGuiding = False, then you can assume that the operation succeeded with a very short pulse-guide interval.
- This duplicates the function of Telescope.IsPulseGuiding except using hardware "guider cables". See Section 4.15

property Camera. LastExposureDuration: Float

Returns The actual duration of the last exposure in seconds

Return type Float

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the camera doesn't support this feature
- InvalidOperationException If no image has yet been successfully acquired.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

This may differ from the exposure duration requested due to shutter latency, camera timing precision, etc.

property Camera.LastExposureStartTime: String

Changed in version 2: (Platform 6.3) Clarified that the value must be in UTC.

Returns UTC start time of the last exposure in FITS standard format ISO-8601, UTC.

Return type String

Raises • PropertyNotImplementedException - If the camera

doesn't support this feature

- InvalidOperationException If no image has yet been successfully acquired.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Reports the actual exposure **UTC** start date/time in the FITS-standard / ISO-8601 CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[.sss...] format.
- This must be the actual time at which the camera started to collect photons. This may differ from the time at which StartExposure() was called, due to shutter latency, camera timing precision, etc.

property Camera.MaxADU: Integer

Returns

The maximum possible ADU value that the camera can produce *in its* current mode. See Section 4.4.

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Must be implemented; must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- See Section 4.4.

property Camera.MaxBinX: Integer

Returns The maximum s

The maximum supported X binning value of the camera *in its current modes*.

Return type Integer

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately

diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

If CanAsymmetricBin = False, returns the maximum allowed binning factor. If CanAsymmetricBin = True, returns the maximum allowed binning factor for the X axis.

property Camera. MaxBinY: Integer

Returns The maximum supported Y binning value of the camera *in its current*

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

If CanAsymmetricBin = False, returns the same value as MaxBinX. If CanAsymmetricBin = True, returns the maximum allowed binning factor for the Y axis.

property Camera. Name: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Camera. NumX: Integer

Read/Write Set or return the current (sub)frame width. Combined with StartX > 0

to specify a subframe in the X dimension.

Returns The current X size of the image in binned pixels

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- If binning is active, value is in binned pixels.
- Immediately after completing an exposure, NumX will be the X dimension of ImageArray.
- Must default to CameraXSize with StartX = 0 and BinX = 1 (full frame unbinned) on initial camera startup.

Warning

No error check is performed for incompatibilty with binning and subframe settings and capabilities when this property is changed. If these values are incompatible, the driver must throw an **InvalidValueException** from a subsequent call to StartExposure().

property Camera. NumY: Integer

Read/Write Set or return the current (sub)frame width. Combined with StartY > 0 to specify a subframe in the Y dimension.

Returns The current Y size of the image in binned pixels

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- If binning is active, value is in binned pixels.
- Immediately after completing an exposure, "NumY" will be the Y dimension of ImageArray.
- Must default to CameraYSize with StartY = 0 and BinY = 1 (full frame unbinned) on initial camera startup.

Warning

No error check is performed for incompatibilty with binning and subframe settings and capabilities. If these values are incompatible, the driver must throw an **InvalidValueException** from a subsequent call to StartExposure().

property Camera.Offset: Integer

New in version 3: Member added.

Read/Write Gets or sets the current offset value or offsets index per its current offset-setting operating mode (see description below)

Returns The current offset value or Offsets index

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Offset is not supported at all (neither Offsets Index nor Offset Value mode is supported.)
- InvalidValueException If the supplied value is not valid
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

If the camera can support several different operating modes where Offset and other parameters are different, it is better to use ReadoutMode and ReadoutModes to change all parameters in one go. If this approach is used, Gain and any other affected parameters must be kept in sync with operational values established by the readout mode.

Offset Modes Description

The Offset property is used to adjust the offset setting of the camera and has two modes of operation:

- Offsets Index: The Offset property is the selected offset's index within the Offsets array of textual offset names.
 - The Offsets property returns a *0-based* array of string offset names which should describe available offset settings.
 - OffsetMin and OffsetMax will throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- Offset Value: The Offset property is a direct numeric representation of the camera's offset.
 - OffsetMin and OffsetMax properties must return integers specifying the valid range for Offset value.
 - The Offsets array property will throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

A driver can support none, one or both offset modes depending on the camera's capabilities. However, only one mode can be active at any one moment because both modes share the Offset property to return the offset value. Your application can determine which mode is operational by reading the OffsetMin, OffsetMax property and this Offset property. If a property can be read then its associated mode is active, if it throws a PropertyNotImplementedException then the mode is not active.

Note

- If a driver supports both modes the astronomer must be able to select the required mode through the driver Setup dialogue.
- During driver initialisation the driver must set Offset to a valid value.

property Camera. OffsetMax: Integer

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns The maximum offset value that this camera supports in **Offset Value** mode (see notes and Offset)

Return type Integer

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Offset is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Offsets Index mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient

detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Offsets Value mode

When Offset is operating in Offsets-Value mode:

- OffsetMax must return the camera's highest valid Offset setting
- OffsetMax must be equal to or greater than OffsetMin
- The Offsets property must throw PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- OffsetMin and OffsetMax act together and that either both must return values, or both must throw PropertyNotImplementedException.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera.OffsetMin: Integer

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns Minimum offset value that this camera supports in **Offset Value** mode (see notes and Offset)

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Offset is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Offsets Index mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Offset Value mode

When Offset is operating in Offset Value mode:

- OffsetMin must return the camera's lowest valid Offset setting
- OffsetMin must be equal to or less than OffsetMax
- The Offsets property must throw PropertyNotImplementedException

- OffsetMin and OffsetMax act together and that either both must return values, or both must throw PropertyNotImplementedException.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera.Offsets: Array[String]

New in version 3: Member added.

Returns Array (0-based) of Offset *names* supported by the camera when in **Gains Index** mode (see Notes and Offset)

Return type Array of strings

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If Offset is not supported at all or if the camera is operating in the Offsets Value mode.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

For Offsets-Index mode

When Offset is operating in the Offsets Index mode:

- The Offsets property returns a 0-based array of available offset setting *names*.
- The OffsetMax and OffsetMin properties will throw PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

- Typically the application software will display the returned offset names in a drop list, from which the astronomer can select the desired offset's name. The application can then configure the selected offset by setting the camera's Offset property to the array index of the selected offset name.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. PercentCompleted: Integer

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns

The percentage completeness (0% - 100%) of the current exposure in progress

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If
 PercentCompleted is not supported
- InvalidOperationException Thrown when CameraState is inappropriate for reading PercentCompleted (see Note below)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- If valid, returns an integer between 0 and 100, where 0 indicates 0% progress (function just started) and 100 indicates 100% progress (i.e. completion).
- At the discretion of the device, PercentCompleted may optionally be valid when CameraState is in any or all of the following states:
 - cameraExposing
 - cameraWaiting
 - cameraReading
 - cameraDownload

In all other states an InvalidOperationException must be raised.

• Typically the application user interface will show a progress bar based on the PercentCompleted value.

property Camera. PixelSizeX: Float

Returns The physical width (microns) of the camera sensor elements.

Return type Float

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- Value must be greater than 0 microns
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. PixelSizeY: Float

Returns The physical height (microns) of the camera sensor elements.

Return type Float

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Value must be greater than 0 microns
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. Readout Mode: Integer

New in version 2: Member added.

ReadoutModes are provided so the camera can offer a simple way to select combinations of gain, offset, analog-to-digital converter bit depth, and other operational parameters. Often the specific combinations of these parameters is chosen by the camera maker to support a specific usage of the camera. Each combination is given a name for ReadoutModes, for example "High Gain", "Low Gain", "Fast", etc. The index in this array is written to ReadoutMode to select the mode to use. The name ReadoutMode is historical and should be construed to mean simply "mode". See the Notes below.

Read/Write Gets or sets the *index* of the current camera readout mode in ReadoutModes array.

Returns The index in ReadoutModes array of the currently active camera readout mode.

Return type Integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If CanFastReadout is True.
- InvalidValueException If the supplied value is not valid (index out of range)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented if CanFastReadout is false, must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException if CanFastReadout is True. Please note that the FastReadout mechanic is now deprecated and should not be used in any new cameras.

Note

- ReadoutMode is an *index* into the array ReadoutModes, and selects the desired readout mode for the camera. Defaults to 0 if not set.
- It is strongly recommended, but not required, that cameras make the 0-index mode suitable for standard imaging operations, since it is the default.
- The name ReadoutMode is historical, meaning a mode of reading the pixel data from the sensor. We can't change the name, but with the advent of newer CMOS cameras, multiple combinations of gain, offset, analog-to-digital converter bit depth, and other operational parameters exist. Thus this property has been generalized to cover these combinations as modes.

Important

The ReadoutMode may interact with Gain and/or Offset of the camera; if so, the camera must ensure that the two properties do not conflict if both are used.

property Camera.ReadoutModes: Array[String]

New in version 2: Member added.

ReadoutModes are provided so the camera can offer a simple way to select combinations of gain, offset, analog-to-digital converter bit depth, and other operational parameters. Often the specific combinations of these parameters is chosen by the camera maker to support a specific usage of the camera. Each combination is given a name for ReadoutModes, for example "High Gain", "Low Gain", "Fast", etc. This array contains these names.

Returns Array (0-based) of ReadoutMode *names* supported by the camera (see notes and ReadoutMode)

Return type Array of Strings (0-based)

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If CanFastReadout is true
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented if CanFastReadout is False, must throw a PropertyNotImplementedException if CanFastReadout is True.

Note

- Readout modes may be available from the camera, and if so then CanFastReadout must be False. The two camera mode selection schemes are mutually exclusive.
- This property provides an array of strings, each of which is the name of an available readout mode of the camera. At least one string will be present in the list. Your application may use this list to present to the user a drop-list of mode names. The choice of available modes made available is entirely at the discretion of the camera.
- The default readout mode (on startup) must be ReadoutModes[0]. The device should reserve this for "standard" imaging operations since it is the power-up default.
- To select a mode, set ReadoutMode to the index of the desired mode in ReadoutModes. The index is zero-based.
- Applications should only read this property while a connection to the camera is actually established. Drivers often support multiple cameras with different capabilities, which are not known until the connection is made. If the available readout modes are not known because no connection has been established, this property shall throw A NotConnectedException.

property Camera. SensorName: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The name of the sensor used within the camera. **See Notes**

Return type String

Raises • NotConnectedException – If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Mandatory, must return an empty string if the sensor's name is not known.

Note

- Returns the name (data sheet part number) of the sensor, e.g. ICX285. The format is to be exactly as shown on manufacturer data sheet, subject to the following rules:
 - All letters shall be upper-case.
 - Spaces shall not be included.
 - Any extra suffixes that define region codes, package types, temperature range, coatings, grading, colour/monochrome, etc. shall not be included.
 - For colour sensors, if a suffix differentiates different Bayer matrix encodings, it shall be included.
 - The property must return an empty string if the sensor name is not known
- · Examples:
 - ICX285AL-F shall be reported as ICX285
 - KAF-8300-AXC-CD-AA shall be reported as KAF-8300
- The most common usage of this property is to select approximate colour balance parameters to be applied to the Bayer matrix of one-shot colour sensors. Application authors should assume that an appropriate IR cut-off filter is in place for colour sensors.
- It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera.SensorType: enum SensorType

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The type of sensor within the camera

Return type enum SensorType

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the sensor type is unknown or the device just doesn't support this.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

It is recommended that this property be retrieved only after a connection is established with the camera hardware, to ensure that the driver is aware of the capabilities of the specific camera model.

property Camera. SetCCDTemperature: Float

Read/Write Get or set the camera's cooler setpoint (degrees Celsius).

Returns The camera's cooler temperature setpoint (degrees Celsius)

Return type Float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an attempt is made to set a value that is outside the camera's valid temperature setpoint range.
- PropertyNotImplementedException If
 CanSetCCDTemperature is False
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Setting this property must be short-lived because it is only expected to establish the new setpoint and must not block until the setpoint has been reached or otherwise wait for any actual temperature changes.

- This method should be short-lived because it is only expected to 'set' the new set point and must not block until the set point has been reached.
- The driver must throw an InvalidValueException if an attempt is made to set SetCCDTemperatureoutside the valid range for the camera. As an assistance to driver authors, to protect equipment and prevent harm to individuals, Conform will report an issue if it is possible to set SetCCDTemperature below -280C or above +100C.
- Camera hardware and/or driver should perform cooler ramping to prevent thermal shock and potential damage to the CCD array or cooler stack, however a property-write to SetCCDTemperature must not wait for any temperature changes.

property Camera.StartX: Integer

Read/Write Set or return the current X-axis start position in binned pixels.

Subframe Feature: To set the camera to use a subframe on the sensor, first set the binning, then set StartX, NumX, StartY, and NumY to establish the binned area on the sensor to use for subsequent exposures. Each time an exposure completes, NumX and NumY will describe the dimensions of ImageArray.

Returns The current X-axis start position on the sensor in binned pixels.

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException
- No error check is performed for incompatibilty with binning values and restrictions If these values are incompatible, you will receive an InvalidValueException from a subsequent call to StartExposure().

Note

- If binning is active, value is in binned pixels.
- Defaults to 0 with NumX = CameraXSize (full frame) on initial camera startup.

property Camera.StartY: Integer

Read/Write Set or return the current Y-axis start position in binned pixels.

Subframe Feature: To set the camera to use a subframe on the sensor, first set the binning, then set StartX, NumX, StartY, and NumY to establish the binned area on the sensor to use for subsequent exposures. Each time an exposure completes, NumX and NumY will describe the dimensions of ImageArray.

Returns The current Y-axis start position on the sensor in binned pixels.

Return type Integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException
- No error check is performed for incompatibilty with binning values and restrictions If these values are incompatible, you will receive an InvalidValueException from a subsequent call to StartExposure().

Note

- If binning is active, value is in binned pixels.
- Defaults to 0 with NumY = CameraYSize (full frame) on initial camera startup.

property Camera. SubExposureDuration: Float

New in version 3: Member added.

(Read/Write) Sets the camera's sub-exposure interval (seconds)

On-Board Subexposure Feature: This feature was added to Camera V3 to support CMOS cameras which can provide high dynamic range images via stacking of short duration images. It allows applications to avoid downloading and storing large image frames only to stack them on the client system resulting in a single image. Instead the camera may stack the short-duration images on-board and return the stacked result in ImageArray, saving both storage on the client system and transfer time of the subframes.

Returns The camera's sub-exposure interval (seconds)

Return type Float

Raises

 PropertyNotImplementedException – If the camera does not support on-board stacking with user-supplied sub-exposure interval.

- InvalidValueException The supplied duration is not valid (negative or zero). See notes for other conditions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This is an optional property and can throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

- This property provides for a camera to divide an exposure interval (as given to StartExposure()) into separate sub-exposures, then stack them internally, returning the final exposure to the client. This is often required with CMOS sensors to get the best dynamic range.
- The SubExposureDuration must be checked against the Duration paremeter at the time of a call to StartExposure(). If the value makes no sense (longer than Duration or possibly an odd fraction of Duration), then StartExposure() must throw InvalidValueException. See notes for StartExposure().

property Camera.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

5.1.3 Enumerated Constants

Camera. CameraStates: Integer

Current condition of the Camera. See Section 4.5. Valid values are as follows:

Symbol	Val	Description
cameraIdle	0	At idle state, available to start exposure
cameraWaiting	1	Exposure started but waiting (for shutter, trigger, filter wheel, etc.)
cameraExposing	2	Exposure currently in progress
cameraReading	3	Sensor array is being read out (digitized)
cameraDownloading	4	Downloading data to host
cameraError	5	Camera error condition serious enough to prevent further operations

Camera. GuideDirections: Integer

The direction in which the guide-rate motion is to be made. See Section 4.15

Symbol	Val	Description
guideNorth	0	North (+ declination)
guideSouth	1	South (- declination)
guideEast	2	East (+ right ascension)
guideWest	3	West (- right ascension)

Camera. SensorType: Integer

Type of sensor in the Camera.

Symbol	Val	Description
Monochrome	0	Single-plane monochrome
Color	1	Multiple-plane Color
RGGB	2	Single-plane Bayer matrix RGGB

CMYG	3	Single-plane Bayer matrix CMYG
CMYG2	4	Single-plane Bayer matrix CMYG2
LRGB	5	Single-plane Bayer matrix LRGB



5.2 ICoverCalibratorV2 Interface

class CoverCalibrator

Interface: ASCOM. DeviceInterface. ICoverCalibrator V2

ASCOM Standard ICoverCalibratorV2 Interface

5.2.1 Methods

CoverCalibrator. Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

async CoverCalibrator.CalibratorOff()

Turns the calibrator off if the device has calibration capability.

Non-blocking: Test CalibratorChanging to detect completion of the changes. See Notes.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException When CalibratorState returns NotPresent. See CalibratorStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Important

This is a mandatory method for a calibrator device.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): If the calibrator requires time to safely shut down after use, CalibratorState must return NotReady and set CalibratorChanging to True, then when the shut down is complete CalibratorState must change to Off and CalibratorChanging must change to False.
- For devices with both cover and calibrator capabilities, this method must return the CoverState to its status prior to calling CalibratorOff().

async CoverCalibrator.CalibratorOn (BrightnessVal: int)

Turns the calibrator on or changes its brightness, if the device has calibration capability.

Non-Blocking test CalibratorChanging to detect completion of the changes. See Notes.

Parameters BrightnessVal The calibrator illumination brightness to be set

Raises

- InvalidValueException When BrightnessVal is outside the range 0 to MaxBrightness.
- MethodNotImplementedException When CalibratorState returns NotPresent. See CalibratorStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Important

This is a mandatory method for a calibrator device.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): If the calibrator requires time to safely stabilise after use, CalibratorState must return NotReady and set CalibratorChanging to True, then when brightness change is complete CalibratorState must change to Ready and CalibratorChanging must change to False.
- When the calibrator is ready for use, CalibratorState must return Ready.
- For devices with both cover and calibrator capabilities, this method may change the CoverState if necessary.
- If an error condition arises while turning on the calibrator, CalibratorState must be set to Error rather than Unknown.

async CoverCalibrator.CloseCover()

Initiates cover closing if a cover is present.

Non-blocking Use CoverMoving to detect completion. See Notes

- MethodNotImplementedException When CoverState returns NotPresent. See CoverStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking) Upon return from CloseCover(), while the cover is closing, CoverMoving must return True, and CoverState must return Moving. See CoverStatus enum.
- When the cover is closed, CoverMoving must return False, and CoverState must return Closed, indicating successful completion.
- If an error condition arises while moving between states, CoverState must be set to Error rather than Unknown.

CoverCalibrator.CommandBlind(Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- Command (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

CoverCalibrator. CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

CoverCalibrator. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async CoverCalibrator.Connect()

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This а mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

async CoverCalibrator.Disconnect()

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

CoverCalibrator.HaltCover()

Stops any cover movement that may be in progress if a cover is present and cover movement can be interrupted.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException When CoverState returns
 NotPresent, or if cover movement cannot be interrupted. See
 CoverStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

This must be a short-lived method.

Note

- This must stop any cover movement as soon as possible, set CoverMoving to False, and set CoverState of Open, Closed or Unknown as appropriate.
- If cover movement cannot be interrupted, a MethodNotImplementedException must be thrown.

async CoverCalibrator.OpenCover()

Initiates cover opening if a cover is present.

Non-blocking Use CoverMoving to detect completion. See Notes

- MethodNotImplementedException When CoverState returns NotPresent. See CoverStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking) Upon return from OpenCover(), while the cover is opening, CoverMoving must return True, and CoverState must return Moving. See CoverStatus enum.
- When the cover is open, CoverMoving must return False, and CoverState must return Open, indicating successful completion.
- If an error condition arises while moving between states, CoverState must be set to Error rather than Unknown.

CoverCalibrator.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

5.2.2 Properties

property CoverCalibrator.Brightness: integer

New in version 2: Member added.

The current calibrator brightness in the range 0 (completely off) to MaxBrightness (fully on)

- PropertyNotImplementedException When CalibratorState returns NotPresent. See CalibratorStatus
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Important

This is a mandatory property that must always return a value for a calibrator device

Note

The brightness value must be 0 when CalibratorState is Off

property CoverCalibrator.CalibratorChanging: boolean

True whenever the Calibrator is **not** ready to be used (illumination not yet stabilized), or not completely shut down.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Important

This is a mandatory property that must always return a value for a calibrator device

Note

- Use this property to determine when an (async) CalibratorOn() or CalibratorOff() has completed, at which time it must transition from True to False.
- The brightness value must be 0 when CalibratorState is Off

property CoverCalibrator.CalibratorState: enum CalibratorStatus

Returns The state of the calibration device, if present, otherwise returns NotPresent

Return type CalibratorStatus

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Important

This is a mandatory property that must always return a value for a calibrator device.

Note

- Whenever the calibrator is changing, both CalibratorChanging must be True, and CalibratorState must be Changing.
- If no calibrator is present, the state must be NotPresent. Must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- The Brightness value must be 0 when CalibratorState is Off.
- The Unknown CoverState must only be returned if the device is unaware of the calibrator's state, e.g., if the hardware does not report the device's state and the calibrator has just been powered on. Clients do not need to take special action if this state is returned, as they must carry on as usual, calling CalibratorOn() and CalibratorOf() methods as required.
- If the calibrator hardware cannot report its state, the device might mimic this by recording the last configured state and returning that. Driver authors or device manufacturers may also wish to offer users the capability of powering up in a known state and driving the hardware to this state when Connected is set True.
- This property is intended to be available under all but the most disastrous driver conditions. If something has gone wrong, the CalibratorState must be Error rather than throwing an exception.

property CoverCalibrator. Connected: boolean

Changed in version 2: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of CoverCalibrator V2. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property CoverCalibrator.Connecting: Boolean

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.
- New in ICoverCalibratorV2

property CoverCalibrator. CoverMoving: boolean

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns

True while the cover is moving. Used to determine completion of a non-blocking OpenCover() or CloseCover() operation

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This is the correct property to use when determining completion of a non-blocking OpenCover() or CloseCover() operation

property CoverCalibrator.CoverState: enum CoverStatus

Returns The state of the device cover.

Return type CoverStatus

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Important

This is a mandatory property that must always return a value for a calibrator device.

- Whenever the cover is opening of closing, both CoverMoving must be True, and CoverState must be Moving.
- If no cover is present, the CoverState must be NotPresent. You must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- CoverState = Unknown must only be returned if the device is unaware of the cover's state e.g. if the hardware does not report the open/closed state and the cover has just been powered on. Clients do not need to take special action if this state is returned, as they must carry on as usual, calling OpenCover() and CloseCover() methods as required.
- If the calibrator hardware cannot report its state, the device might mimic this by recording the last configured state and returning that. Driver authors or device manufacturers may also wish to offer users the capability of powering up in a known state and driving the hardware to this state when Connected is set True.
- This property is intended to be available under all but the most disastrous driver conditions. If something has gone wrong, the CoverState must be Error rather than throwing an exception.

property CoverCalibrator. Description: String

Returns

Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property CoverCalibrator.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 2: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- Brightness
- CalibratorChanging
- CalibratorState
- CoverMoving
- CoverState
- Section 4.3

Note

• For more info see Section 4.2.

property CoverCalibrator. DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property CoverCalibrator. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property CoverCalibrator. InterfaceVersion: Integer

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 2 for this interface version.

Return type integer

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For example, for ICameraV4, this will be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.

property CoverCalibrator.MaxBrightness: Integer

Returns The Brightness value that makes the calibrator deliver its maximum illumination.

Return type integer

- MethodNotImplementedException When CalibratorState returns NotPresent.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately

diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Important

This is a mandatory property for a calibrator device that must always return a value within the integer range 1 to 2,147,483,647 (32-bit integer)

Note

The value will always be a positive integer, indicating the available maximum value. Examples:

- A value of 1 indicates that the calibrator can only be "off" or "on"
- A value of 10 indicates that the calibrator has 10 discrete illumination levels in addition to "off".

property CoverCalibrator. Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property CoverCalibrator.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

5.2.3 Enumerated Constants

CalibratorStatus: integer

Describes the state of a calibration device.

Symbol	Val	Description
NotPresent	0	This device does not have a calibration capability
Off	1	The calibrator is off
NotReady 2	2	The calibrator is stabilising or is not yet in the commanded
		state
Ready	3	The calibrator is ready for use
Unknown	4	The calibrator state is unknown
Error	5	The calibrator encountered an error when changing state

CoverStatus: integer

Describes the state of a telescope cover

Symbol	Val	Description
NotPresent	0	This device does not have a cover that can be closed independently
Closed	1	The cover is closed
Moving	2	The cover is moving to a new position
0pen	3	The cover is open
Unknown	4	The state of the cover is unknown
Error	5	The device encountered an error when changing state



5.3 IDomeV3 Interface

class Dome

Interface: ASCOM.DeviceInterface.IDomeV3

ASCOM Standard IDomeV3 Interface

Important

This interface has some subtleties. Please see Section 4.6

5.3.1 Methods

async Dome.AbortSlew()

Immediately stops any part of the dome from moving, opening, or closing. See Notes.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True until the dome movement has been stopped, at which time Slewing becomes = False. See Notes, and Section 4.1.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor stopping of the movement. When the dome has *successfully* stopped the movement, Slewing becomes False. See Section 4.1
- When motion stops, Slewing must become False, and slaving must have stopped as indicated by Slaved becoming False.
- By "any part of the dome" is meant the dome itself, the roof, a shutter, clamshell leaves, a port, etc. Calling AbortSlew() must initiate stoppage of alt/az movement of the opening as well as stoppage of opening or closing.

Dome . Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: To replace deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() with more flexible extension mechanic.

Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

async Dome.CloseShutter()

Start to close the shutter or otherwise shield the telescope from the sky

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with ShutterStatus = shutterClosing

after successfully starting the operation. See Notes.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome does not have a controllable shutter/roof. In this case CanSetShutter must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): ShutterStatus is the correct property to use for monitoring an in-progress shutter movement. A transition to shutterClosed indicates a successfully completed closure. If it returns with ShutterStatus = True, it means the shutter was already closed, another success.
- If another app calls CloseShutter() while the shutter is already closing, the request must be accepted without error.

Attention!

This operation is not cross-coupled in any way with the currently requested Azimuth and Altitude. Opening and closing are used to shield and expose the opening to the sky, wherever it is specified to be.

Dome. CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters • Command (str) – The literal command string to be transmitted.

• Raw (bool) – If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Dome.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of

5.3. IDomeV3 Interface

the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Dome. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Dome.Connect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is method а mandatory and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

async Dome.Disconnect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

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Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

async Dome.FindHome()

Start a search for the dome's home position and synchronize Azimuth.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the homing operation has *successfully* been started, or Slewing = False which means the home position has already been found (and of course AtHome must already be True). See Notes.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome does not support homing.
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the home position has been *successfully* reached, Azimuth is synchronized to the apppropriate value, Slewing becomes False and AtHome becomes True.
- Do not use AtHome to indicate completion, as it *may* become True during homing operations even if homing has not completed.
- Calling FindHome if the Dome it at home must be harmless.

async Dome.OpenShutter()

Start to open shutter or otherwise expose telescope to the sky.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with ShutterStatus = ShutterOpening if the opening has *successfully* been started. See Notes.

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome does not have a controllable shutter/roof. In this case CanSetShutter must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one
of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): ShutterStatus is the correct property to use for monitoring an in-progress shutter movement. A transition to shutterOpen indicates a successfully completed opening. If OpenShutter() returns with ShutterStatus = shutterOpen then the shutter was already open, which is also a success.
- If another app calls OpenShutter() while the shutter is already opening, the request must be accepted without error.

Attention!

This operation is not cross-coupled in any way with the currently requested Azimuth and Altitude. Opening and closing are used to shield and expose the opening to the sky, wherever it is specified to be.

Dome.Park()

Start slewing the dome to its park position.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the park operation has *successfully* been started, or Slewing = False which means the dome is already parked (and of course AtPark must already be True). See Notes.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome does not support parking. In this case CanPark must be False.
- ParkedException` If AtPark is True
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the park position has been *successfully* reached, Slewing becomes False and AtPark becomes True.
- Do not use AtPark to indicate completion, as it *may* become True during parking operations even if parking has not completed.
- An app should check AtPark before calling Park().

Dome.SetPark()

Set current azimuth posaition of dome to be the park position

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome does not support the setting of the park position. In this case CanSetPark must be False.
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Dome.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

Dome.SlewToAltitude (Altitude: float)

Start slewing so that requested viewing altitude (degrees) is available for observing. See Section 4.6.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the slewing operation has *successfully* been started. See Notes.

Parameters Altitude (*float*) – The desired viewing altitude (degrees, horizon zero and increasing positive to 90 degrees at the zenith)

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the dome opening does not support vertical (altitude) control. In this case CanSetAltitude must be False.
- InvalidValueException If the supplied Altitude is out of range
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the requested Altitude has been successfully reached, Slewing becomes False. If SlewToAltitude() returns with Slewing = False then the opening was already at the requested altitude, which is also a success
- The specified altitude (referenced to the dome center/equator) is of the position of the opening.
- The specified altitude should be interpreted by the device as the position on the sky that the observer wishes to observe. The device has detailed knowledge of the physical structure and must coordinate shutters, roofs or clamshell segments to open an aperture on the sky that satisfies the observer's request.

Attention!

If the opening is closed, this method must still complete, with the dome controller accepting the requested position as its Altitude property. Later, when opening, via OpenShutter(), the last received/current Altitude must be used to position the opening to the sky.

Changes

- The Attention block above
- Added SlavedException

Dome.SlewToAzimuth (Azimuth: float)

Start slewing so that requested viewing azimuth (degrees) is available for observing. See Section 4.6.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the slewing operation has *successfully* been started. See Notes.

Parameters Azimuth (*float*) – Desired viewing azimuth (degrees, North zero and increasing clockwise. i.e., 90 East,180 South, 270 West)

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the shutter does not support azimuth synchronization. In this case CanSyncAzimuth must be False.
- InvalidValueException If the supplied Azimuth is out of range
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the requested Azimuth has been successfully reached, Slewing becomes False. If SlewToAzimuth() returns with Slewing = False then the opening was already at the requested azimuth, which is also a success
- Azimuth has the usual sense of True North zero and increasing clockwise i.e. 90 East, 180 South, 270 West.
- The specified azimuth (referenced to the dome center/equator) is of the position of the opening.
- The specified azimuth should be interpreted by the device as the position on the sky that the observer wishes to observe. The device has detailed knowledge of the physical structure and must coordinate shutters, roofs or clamshell segments to open an aperture on the sky that satisfies the observer's request.

Attention!

If the shutter is closed, this method must still complete, with the dome controller accepting the requested position as its Azimuth property. Later, when the shutter is opened via OpenShutter(), the last received/current Azimuth must be used to re-position the opening to the sky. This may extend the time needed to complete the OpenShutter() operation.

Changes

- The Attention block above
- Added SlavedException

Dome.SyncToAzimuth (Azimuth: float)

Synchronize the current azimuth of the dome (degrees) to the given azimuth. See Section 4.6

Parameters Azimuth (float) - Target azimuth (degrees, North zero and increasing clockwise. i.e., 90 East,180 South, 270 West)

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the shutter does not support azimuth synchronization. In this case CanSyncAzimuth must be False.
- InvalidValueException If the supplied Azimuth is out of range
- SlavedException If Slaved is True
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Changes

Added SlavedException

5.3.2 Properties

property Dome.Altitude: float

The altitude (degrees, horizon zero and increasing positive to 90 zenith) of the part of the sky that the observer wishes to observe. See Section 4.6

Raises

 PropertyNotImplementedException – If the dome does not support vertical (altitude) control / placement of its observing opening (such Asynchronous a roll-off roof). In this case CanSetAltitude must be False.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected.
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

- The specified altitude (referenced to the dome center/equator) is of the opening to the sky through which the optics receive light. see Section 4.6
- See ~Dome.SlewToAltitude for operational details.
- Do not use Altitude as a way to determine if a (non-blocking) SlewToAltitude() has completed. The Altitude may transit through the requested position before finally settling, and may be slightly off when it stops. Use the Slewing property.

property Dome. AtHome: bool

The dome is in its home position. See FindHome() and Section 4.6

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the dome does not support finding home. In this case CanFindHome must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

- This should not be used to determine completion of an (async) FindHome() operation. Use Slewing() for this. The AtHome value is reset with any azimuth slew operation that moves the dome away from the home position. AtHome may also become True during normal slew operations, if the dome passes through the home position and the dome controller hardware is capable of detecting that; or at the end of a slew operation if the dome comes to rest at the home position.
- The home position is normally defined by a hardware sensor positioned around the dome circumference and represents a fixed, known azimuth reference.
- Applications should not rely on the reported azimuth position being identical each time AtHome becomes True. For some devices, the home position may encompass a small range of azimuth values, rather than a discrete value, since dome inertia, the resolution of the home position sensor and/or the azimuth encoder may be insufficient to return the exact same azimuth value on each occasion. On the other hand some dome controllers always force the azimuth reading to a fixed value whenever the home position sensor is active.

property Dome. AtPark: bool

Returns True if the dome is in the programmed park position. See Section 4.6

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the dome does not support parking. In this case:attr:~*Dome.CanPark* must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

- This should not be used to determine completion of an (async) Park() operation. Use Slewing() for this. The AtPark value is reset with any azimuth slew operation that moves the dome away from the park position. AtPark may also become True during normal slew operations, if the dome passes through the park position and the dome controller hardware is capable of detecting that; or at the end of a slew operation if the dome comes to rest at the park position.
- Set following a Park() operation and reset with any slew operation.
- Applications should not rely on the reported azimuth position being identical each time AtPark becomes true. For some devices, the park position may encompass a small range of azimuth values, rather than a discrete value, since dome inertia, the resolution of the park position sensor and/or the azimuth encoder may be insufficient to return the exact same azimuth value on each occasion. On the other hand some dome controllers always force the azimuth reading to a fixed value whenever the park position sensor is active.

property Dome. Azimuth: float

Retuns Dome azimuth (degrees) of the opening to the sky

This this does not include the geometric transformations needed for mount and optics configurations. See Section 4.6

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the dome does not support directional (azimuth) control / placement of its observing opening (such as a roll-off roof). In this case CanSetAzimuth must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

- Azimuth has the usual sense of True North zero and increasing clockwise i.e. 90 East, 180 South, 270 West.
- The specified azimuth (referenced to the dome center/equator) is of the opening to the sky through which the optics receive light. See Section 4.6.
- You can detect a roll-off roof by seeing that CanSetAzimuth is False.
- See ~Dome.SlewToAzimuth for operational details.
- •Do not use Azimuth as a way to determine if a (non-blocking) SlewToAzimuth() has complete. The Azimuth may transit through the requested position before finally settling, and may be slightly off when it stops. Use the Slewing property.

property Dome. CanFindHome: bool

Returns True if the dome can find its home position via FindHome()

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. CanPark: bool

Returns True if the dome can be programmatically parked via Park()

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome.CanSetAltitude: bool

Returns True if the opening's altitude can be set via SetAltitude().

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. CanSetAzimuth: bool

Returns True opening's azimuth can be set via SlewToAzimuth().

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. CanSetPark: bool

Returns True if dome park position can be set via SetPark().

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. CanSetShutter: bool

Returns The shutter can be opened and closed via OpenShutter() and CloseShutter().

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. CanSlave: bool

Returns The opening can be slaved to the telescope/optics via Slaved. Only for integrated control systems, see Section 4.6

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• If this is True, then the exposed Dome interface is part of an integrated mount/dome control system that offers automatic slaving. See Section 4.6.

property Dome. CanSyncAzimuth: bool

Returns True if the opening's azimuth position can be synched via SyncToAzimuth().

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. Connected: boolean

Changed in version 3: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of Dome V3. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property Dome. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous

connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.

property Dome. Description: String

Returns

Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Dome.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 3: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- Altitude
- AtHome
- AtPark
- Azimuth
- ShutterStatus
- Slewing
- Section 4.3

Note

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the Dome Interface Version 4 and later.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property Dome. DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Dome. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Dome. InterfaceVersion: Short

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 3 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

• This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For IDomeV3, this must be 3. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.

property Dome. Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Dome . ShutterStatus: enum ShutterState

Returns Status of the dome shutter or roll-off roof: ShutterState. See Section 4.6

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the dome does not have a controllable shutter/roof. In this case CanSetShutter must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Note

This property is the correct way to monitor an in-progress shutter movement. It must be ShutterOpening immediately after returning from an OpenShutter() call, and shutterClosing immediately after returning from a CloseShutter() call.

property Dome. Slaved: bool

(Read/Write) Indicate or set whether the dome is slaved to the telescope. Only for

integrated telescope/dome systems. See Section 4.6

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the dome controller is not part of an integrated dome/telescope control system which offers controllable dome slaving. In this case CanSlave must be False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

property Dome. Slewing: bool

Returns True if Any part of the dome is moving, opening, or closing. See Notes and Section 4.6

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Note

- This is the correct property to use to determine successful completion of a (non-blocking) SlewToAzimuth() and/or SlewToAltitude() request. Slewing must be True immediately upon returning from either of these calls, and must remain True until successful completion, at which time Slewing must become False.
- By "any part of the dome" is meant the roof, a shutter, clamshell leaves, a port, etc. This must be True during alt/az movement of the opening as well as opening or closing.

property Dome.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action().

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

5.3.3 Enumerated Constants

ShutterState: integer

Indicates the current state of the shutter or roof. Valid values are as follows:

Symbol	Val	Description
shutterOpen	0	The shutter or roof is open
shutterClosed	1	The shutter or roof is closed
shutterOpening	2	The shutter or roof is opening
shutterClosing	3	The shutter or roof is closing
shutterError	4	The shutter or roof has encountered a problem



5.4 IFilterWheelV3Class

class FilterWheel

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface

ASCOM Standard IFilterWheel V3 Interface

5.4.1 Methods

FilterWheel.Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(),

CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

FilterWheel.CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns

Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

FilterWheel.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns

True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

FilterWheel.CommandString(Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- Command (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by

one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async FilterWheel.Connect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

async FilterWheel.Disconnect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

FilterWheel.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

5.4.2 Properties

property FilterWheel.Connected: boolean

Changed in version 3: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and

the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of FilterWheel V3. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property FilterWheel.Connecting: Boolean

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.
- New in IFilterWheelV3

property FilterWheel.Description: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property FilterWheel.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 3: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

Position

Section 4.3

Note

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the FilterWheel Interface Version 4 and later.

property FilterWheel.DriverInfo: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property FilterWheel.DriverVersion: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property FilterWheel.FocusOffsets: Array of integers

Focus offset of each filter in the wheel

Returns Integer focus offset values

Return type Array

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- For each valid slot number (from 0 to N-1), reports the focus offset for the given filter position. These values are focuser and filter dependent, and would usually be set up by the user via the SetupDialog.
- At least one filter must have an offset of zero so it may be used as the the reference for the offsets of the others.
- The number of slots N can be determined from the length of the array.
- If focuser offsets are not available, then FocusOffsets should report zero for all filters.

property FilterWheel.InterfaceVersion: Short

New in version 2: Member added

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 3 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

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Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For IFilterWheelV3, this must be 3. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this FilterWheel.
- Clients can detect legacy V1 drivers by trying to read this property. If the driver raises an error, it is a V1 driver. V1 did not specify this property.
 A driver may also return a value of 1.In other words, a raised error or a return value of 1 indicates that the driver is a V1 driver.

property FilterWheel. Name: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property FilterWheel. Names: Array of strings

Returns Array of the names of each filter in the wheel

Return type Array

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- For each valid slot number (from 0 to N-1), reports the name of the given filter.
- The number of slots N can be determined from the length of the array.
- If names are not available, the list should contain "Filter 1", "Filter 2", ... "Filter N".

property Filterwheel.Position: integer

(Read/Write) Start a change to, or return the filter wheel position (zero-based). **Non-blocking**: Returns immediately upon writing to change the filter with Position = -1 if the operation has been *successfully* started. See Notes.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid filter number is written to Position.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Returning a position of -1 is mandatory while the filter wheel is in motion; valid slot numbers must not be reported back while the filter wheel is rotating past filter positions.
- Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

5.4. IFilterWheelV3Class 133

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Writing to Position returns as soon as the filter change operation has been *successfully* started. Position must return -1 while the change is in progress. After the requested position has been *successfully* reached and motion stops, Position must return the requested new filter number.
- Write a position number between 0 and N-1, where N is the number of filter slots (see Names). Starts filter wheel rotation immediately when written.
 Reading the property must return current slot number (if wheel stationary) or -1 if wheel is moving.
- Exception Some filter wheels are built into the camera (one driver, two interfaces). Some cameras may not actually rotate the wheel until the exposure is triggered. In this case, the written value must be available immediately as the read value, and -1 is never returned.

property FilterWheel.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.



5.5 IFocuserV4 Interface

class Focuser

Bases: ASCOM.DeviceInterface
ASCOM Standard | Focuser V4 | Interface

5.5.1 Methods

Focuser . Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

Focuser.CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Focuser.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Focuser.CommandString(Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Focuser.Connect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is method а mandatory and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Link to True.

async Focuser.Disconnect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Focuser.Halt()

Immediately stop any focuser motion due to a previous Move() call.

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException The focuser cannot be programmatically halted.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- This method must be short-lived; it is defined as synchronous in this specification.
- Some focusers may not support this function, in which case a MethodNotImplemented exception must be raised.
- **Recommendation:** Host software should call this method upon initialization and, if it fails, disable the Halt button in the user interface.

async Focuser . Move (Position: int)

Changed in version 3: Exception conditions - See Historical Notes below Starts moving the focuser by the specified amount or to the specified position depending on the value of the Absolute property.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately after *successfully* starting the focus change with IsMoving = True. See Notes.

See Notes for details on absolute versus relative focusers

Parameters Position (*int*) – Step distance or absolute position, depending on the value of the Absolute property. See notes.

- InvalidValueException If Position would result in a movement beyond MaxStep or otherwise out of range for the focuser.
- InvalidOperationException IFocuserV2 and earlier only Raised if ~Focuser.TempComp is True and a Move() is attempted. This restriction was removed in IFocuserV3, but you must be prepared to catch this for older focusers (2018). See

the historical info below.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): The method returns as soon as the focus change operation has been *successfully* started, with the IsMoving property = True. After the requested position is *successfully* reached and motion stops, the IsMoving property becomes False.
- If the Absolute property is True, then this is an absolute positioning focuser. The Move() method must cause the focuser to move to an exact step position, and the Position parameter of the Move() method must be an integer between 0 and MaxStep.
- If the Absolute property is False, then this is a relative positioning focuser. The Move() method must cause the focuser to move in a relative direction. The Position parameter of the Move() method is actually a step distance and is an integer between minus MaxIncrement and plus MaxIncrement.

Recommendation

There is no common agreement among optical engineers as to the meaning of positive versus negative motion of a focuser. It is recommended, therefore, that a focuser have reversal setting that may be used to accommodate applications that are hard-wired to assume one or the other direction. In addition, it is recommended that auto-focus applications provide a reversal option as well.

Historical Notes

Prior to Platform 6.4, the interface specification mandated that drivers must throw an InvalidOperationException if a move was attempted when TempComp was True, even if the focuserwas able to execute the move safely without disrupting temperature compensation.

Following discussion on ASCOM-Talk in January 2018, the Focuser interface specification has been revised to IFocuserV3, removing the requrement to throw an InvalidOperationException. IFocuserV3 compliant drivers are expected to execute Move requests when temperature compensation is active and to hide any specific actions required by the hardware from the client. For example this could be achieved by disabling temperature compensation, m oving the focuser and re-enablingtemperature compensation or simply by moving the focuser with compensation enabled if the hardware supports this.

Conform will continue to pass **IFocuserV2** drivers that throw InvalidOperationException. However, Conform will now fail **IFocuserV3** and later drivers that throw InvalidOperationException, in line with this revised specification... _Focuser.SetupDialog:

Focuser.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

5.5.2 Properties

property Focuser. Absolute: boolean

Changed in version 4: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

Returns The focuser does absolute positioning. See the details in the docu-

mentation for the Move() method.

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

Note

True means the focuser is capable of absolute position; that is, being commanded to a specific step location. False means this is a relative positioning focuser. See the details in the documentation for the Move() method.

property Focuser. Connected: boolean

New in version 2: Supersedes Link(). See Historical Note below

Changed in version 4: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

Property-write deprecated as of FocuserV4. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods.

Attention!

Must be implemented

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False must not cause an error.

Historical Note

In previous versions of this specification the property Link was used to both set and retrieve the connected state, similar to the Connected property in other devices. This Connected property is not implemented in Version 1 drivers; these use the Link property and will raise a PropertyNotImplementedException exception for this property. Version 2 drivers must implement both Connected and Link. Applications should check that InterfaceVersion returns 2 or more before using Connected.

property Focuser. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a class: Property Not Implemented Exception

Note

 This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.

property Focuser. Description: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Focuser.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 4: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- IsMoving
- Position
- Temperature
- · Section 4.3

Note

• For more info see Section 4.2.

property Focuser. DriverInfo: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Focuser. DriverVersion: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Focuser.InterfaceVersion: Short

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Return type short

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For IFocuserV4, this must be 4. It should not to be confused with the <code>DriverVersion</code> property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.
- Clients can detect legacy V1 drivers by trying to read this property. If the driver raises an error, it is a V1 driver. V1 did not specify this property.
 A driver may also return a value of 1.In other words, a raised error or a return value of 1 indicates that the driver is a V1 driver.

property Focuser. IsMoving: boolean

Returns The focuser is currently moving to a new position

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implmented.

Note

This is the correct property to use to determine *successful* completion of a (non-blocking) Move() request. IsMoving must be True upon returning from a Move() call (unless the focuser is already at the requested position), and must remain True until *successful* completion, at which time IsMoving will become False.

property Focuser.Link(COM only): boolean

Deprecated since version 2: Deprecated long ago, may not be present in Alpaca device.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false

Return type boolean

Deprecation Notice

Use of this property has been deprecated since Focuser V2. To see if the device is connected to the hardware, use the Connected property. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

COM drivers: Link Get must be implemented and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Attention!

There is no Link endpoint in the Alpaca interface. Use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property.

Note

Must behave like Connected, including property-write being deprecated.

property Focuser.MaxIncrement: integer

Returns Maximum number of steps allowed in one Move () operation.

Return type integer

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

For most focusers this is the same as the MaxStep property. This is normally used to limit the increment display in the host software.

property Focuser. MaxStep: integer

Returns Maximum step position permitted.

Return type integer

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Note

The focuser can step between 0 and MaxStep. If an attempt is made to move the focuser beyond these limits, it will automatically stop at the limit.

property Focuser. Name: String

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Focuser. Position: integer

Returns Current focuser position, in steps.

Return type integer

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device is a relative focuser (Absolute is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Applications must not use this as a way to determine if a (non-blocking) Move() has completed. The Position may transit through the requested position before finally settling. Use the IsMoving property.

Note

Valid only for absolute positioning focusers (see the Absolute property).

property Focuser. StepSize: float

Returns Step size (microns) for the focuser.

Return type float

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the focuser does not intrinsically know what the step size is.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

property Focuser.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

property Focuser.TempComp: boolean

(read/write) Set or indicate the state of the focuser's temp compensation, else always False.

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException On writing to TempComp, if TempCompAvailable is False, indicating that this focuser does not have temperature compensation. In that case reading TempComp will always return False.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Note

- TempComp Read must be implemented and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- Setting TempComp to True puts the focuser into temperature tracking mode; setting it to False will turn off temperature tracking.
- If TempCompAvailable is False this property must always return False.

Historical Note

- Prior to Platform 6.4, the interface specification mandated that drivers must throw an InvalidOperationException if a move was attempted when TempComp was True, even if the focuser was able to execute the move safely without disrupting temperature compensation.
- Following discussion on ASCOM-Talk in January 2018, the Focuser interface specification has been revised to IFocuserV3, removing the requirement to throw the InvalidOperationException exception. IFocuserV3 compliant drivers are expected to execute Move requests when temperature compensation is active and to hide any specific actions required by the hardware from the client. For example this could be achieved by disabling temperature compensation, moving the focuser and re-enabling temperature compensation or simply by moving the focuser with compensation enabled if the hardware supports this.
- Conform will continue to pass IFocuserV2 drivers that throw InvalidOperationException exceptions. However, Conform will now fail IFocuserV3 drivers that throw InvalidOperationException exceptions, in line with this revised specification.

property Focuser.TempCompAvailable: boolean

If focuser has temperature compensation available.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

Will be true only if the focuser's temperature compensation can be turned on and off via the TempComp property.

property Focuser. Temperature: float

Current ambient temperature (deg. C) as measured by the focuser.

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The temperature is not available for this device.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Historical Note

Historically (prior to 2019) no units were specified for this property. You should assume this this is in degrees Celsius but old devices may supply temperature in other units. By now (2022) however devices should be providing degrees celsius.



5.6 IObservingConditionsV2 Interface

class ObservingConditions

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface

ASCOM Standard IbservingConditionsV2 Interface

5.6.1 Methods

ObservingConditions. Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

ObservingConditions.CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

ObservingConditions.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

ObservingConditions. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 2: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async ObservingConditions.Connect()

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Note

New in ObservingConditions V2

async ObservingConditions.Disconnect()

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of

the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Note

New in ObservingConditions V2

ObservingConditions.Refresh()

Forces the device to immediately query its attached hardware to refresh sensor values

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If refreshing is not supported.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This must be a short-lived synchronous call that triggers a refresh. It must not wait for long running processes to complete. It is the client's responsibility to poll TimeSinceLastUpdate to determine whether / when the data has been refreshed.

ObservingConditions. SensorDescription (PropertyName: str)

Description of the sensor providing the requested property

Parameters PropertyName (str) — The caseless name of the ObservingConditions meterological property for which the sensor description is desired. For example "WindSpeed" (for WindSpeed) shall return a description of the sensor used to measure the wind speed.

Returns Description of the sensor used to measured the specified property.

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the requested property/sensor is not implemented at all. See Attention section below for conditions.
- InvalidValueException If PropertyName is not the name of one of the properties of ObservingConditions.
- **NotConnectedException** If the device is not connected, and a connection is neeeded to get the descriptive name.
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must **not** throw a MethodNotImplementedException when the specified sensor is implemented but not returning data. **Must** throw a MethodNotImplementedException when the specified sensor is not implemented at all.

Note

- PropertyName must be the *caseless* name of one of the sensor properties specified in the ObservingConditions interface. If the caller supplies some other value, throw an InvalidValueException.
- If the sensor is implemented, this must return a valid string, even if the driver is not connected, so that applications can use this to determine what sensors are available.
- If the sensor is not implemented at all, this must throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

ObservingConditions.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

class ObservingConditions.TimeSinceLastUpdate (PropertyName: str)

Elapsed time (seconds) since last update of the sensor providing the requested property

Parameters PropertyName (str) – The name (in any casing) of the Observing-Conditions meterological property for which time since last update is desired. For example "WindSpeed" (for WindSpeed) shall return the number of seconds since wind speed was last updated.

Returns Elapsed time (seconds) since the requested property was last updated

Return type float

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the requested property/sensor is not implemented
- InvalidValueException If PropertyName is not the name of one of the properties of ObservingConditions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must **not** throw a MethodNotImplementedException when the specified sensor is implemented but **must** throw a MethodNotImplementedException when the specified sensor is not implemented.

- PropertyName must be the *caseless* name of one of the sensor properties specified in the IObservingConditions interface. If the caller supplies some other value, throw an InvalidValueException.
- Return a negative value to indicate that no valid value has ever been received from the hardware.
- If an empty string is supplied as the PropertyName, the driver must return the time since the most recent update of *any sensor*. A MethodNotImplementedException must **not** be thrown.

5.6.2 Properties

property _ObservingConditions.AveragePeriod: float

(read/write) Gets And sets the time period (hours) over which observations will be averaged

Raises

- InvalidValueException If the value set is not available for this driver. All drivers must accept 0.0 to specify that an instantaneous value is available.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Mandatory property, must be implemented, can *not** throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- AveragePeriod muast return the time period (hours) over which sensor readings will be averaged. If the device is delivering instantaneous sensor readings this property must return a value of 0.0.
- Please resist the temptation to throw exceptions when clients query sensor properties when insufficient time has passed to get a true average reading. A best estimate of the average sensor value should be returned in these situations.

property ObservingConditions.CloudCover: float

Amount of sky obscured by cloud in percent (0.0 - 100.0)

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

• **DriverException** – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Optional property, can throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This property should return a value between 0.0 and 100.0 where 0.0 = clear sky and 100.0 = 100% cloud coverage

property ObservingConditions.Connected: boolean

Changed in version 2: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of ObservingConditions V2. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property ObservingConditions. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 2: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.
- New in IObservingConditionsV2

property ObservingConditions.Description: String

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communica-

tion errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property ObservingConditions.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 2: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- CloudCover
- DewPoint
- Humidity
- Pressure
- RainRate
- SkyBrightness
- SkyQuality
- SkyTemperature
- StarFWHM
- Temperature
- WindDirection
- WindGust
- WindSpeed
- Section 4.3

Note

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the ObservingConditions Interface Version 4 and later.

property ObservingConditions.DewPoint: float

Atmospheric dew point temperature (deg C) at the observatory

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Optional property, can throw a PropertyNotImplementedException when the Humidity property also throws a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- Mandatory property, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException when the Humidity property is implemented.
- The ASCOM specification requires that DewPoint and Humidity are either both implemented or both throw PropertyNotImplementedException. It is not allowed for one to be implemented and the other to throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

Note

The units of this property are degrees Celsius.

property ObservingConditions.DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property ObservingConditions. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property ObservingConditions.Humidity: float

Atmospheric relative humidity (0.0 - 100.0 percent) at the observatory

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- Optional property, can throw a PropertyNotImplementedException when the DewPoint property also throws a PropertyNotImplementedException.
- Mandatory property, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException when the DewPoint property is implemented.
- The ASCOM specification requires that DewPoint and Humidity are either both implemented or both throw PropertyNotImplementedException. It is not allowed for one to be implemented and the other to throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

property ObservingConditions. InterfaceVersion: Short

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 2 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For IObservingConditionsV2, this will be 2. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this ObservingConditions.

property ObservingConditions. Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property ObservingConditions.Pressure: float

Atmospheric pressure (hPa) at the observatory altitude

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This must be the pressure at the observatory altitude and not the adjusted pressure at sea level. Please check whether your pressure sensor delivers local observatory pressure or sea level pressure. If it returns sea level pressure, your device must convert this to actual pressure at the observatory's altitude before returning a value to the client.

property ObservingConditions.RainRate: float

Rain rate (mm/hr) at the observatory

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- The units of this property are millimetres per hour.
- This property can be interpreted as 0.0 = Dry any positive nonzero value = wet. Rainfall intensity is classified according to the rate of precipitation:
 - Light rain when the precipitation rate is less than 2.5 mm (0.098 in) per hour
 - Moderate rain when the precipitation rate is between 2.5 mm (0.098 in) and 10 mm (0.39 in) per hour
 - Heavy rain when the precipitation rate is between 10 mm (0.39 in) and 50 mm (2.0 in) per hour
 - Violent rain when the precipitation rate is > 50 mm (2.0 in) per hour

property ObservingConditions. SkyBrightness: float

Sky brightness (Lux) at the observatory

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

This property returns the sky brightness measured in Lux.

- 0.0001 lux Moonless, overcast night sky (starlight)
- 0.002 lux Moonless clear night sky with airglow
- 0.27-1.0 lux Full moon on a clear night
- 3.4 lux Dark limit of civil twilight under a clear sky
- 50 lux Family living room lights (Australia, 1998)
- 80 lux Office building hallway/toilet lighting
- 100 lux Very dark overcast day
- 320-500 lux Office lighting
- 400 lux Sunrise or sunset on a clear day.
- 1000 lux Overcast day; typical TV studio lighting
- 10000–25000 lux Full daylight (not direct sun)
- 32000–100000 lux Direct sunlight

property ObservingConditions.SkyQuality: float

Sky quality (mag per sq-arcsec) at the observatory

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Examples of typical sky quality values were published by Sky and Telescope (http://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-resources/rate-your-skyglow/) and, in slightly adpated form, are reproduced below:

Sky Quality (mag/arcsec ²)	Description
22.0	By convention, this is often assumed to be the average brightness of a moonless night sky that's completely free of artificial light pollution.
21.0	This is typical for a rural area with a medium-sized city not far away. It's comparable to the glow of the brightest section of the northern Milky Way, from Cygnus through Perseus.
20.0	This is typical for the outer suburbs of a major metropolis. The summer Milky Way is readily visible but severely washed out.
19.0	Typical for a suburb with widely spaced single-family homes. It's a little brighter than a remote rural site at the end of nautical twilight, when the Sun is 12° below the horizon.
18.0	Bright suburb or dark urban neighborhood. It's also a typical zenith skyglow at a rural site when the Moon is full. The Milky Way is invisible, or nearly so.
17.0	Typical near the center of a major city.
13.0	The zenith skyglow at the end of civil twilight, roughly a half hour after sunset, when the Sun is 6° below the horizon. Venus and Jupiter are easy to see, but bright stars are just beginning to appear.
7.0	The zenith skyglow at sunrise or sunset

property ObservingConditions.SkyTemperature: float

Sky temperature (deg C) at the observatory

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

• **DriverException** – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- The units of this property are degrees Celsius. Driver and application authors can use the ConvertUnits(Double, Units, Units) methodto convert these units to and from degrees Fahrenheit.
- This is expected to be returned by an infra-red sensor looking at the sky. The lower the temperature the more the sky is likely to be clear.

property ObservingConditions.StarFWHM: float

Seeing (FWHM in arc-sec) at the observatory

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property ObservingConditions.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

property ObservingConditions.Temperature: float

Atmospheric temperature (deg C) at the observatory

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException The device does not implewment this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property ObservingConditions.WindDirection

Direction (deg) from which the wind is blowing at the observatory

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- **Meterological standards** Wind direction is that from which the wind is blowing, measured in degrees clockwise from *True* North=0.0, East=90.0, South=180.0, West=270.0
- If the wind velocity is 0 then direction must be reported as 0.

property ObservingConditions.WindGust

Peak 3 second wind gust (m/s) at the observatory over the last 2 minutes

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property ObservingConditions.WindSpeed

Wind speed (m/s) at the observatory

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** The device does not implement this property.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.



5.7 IRate Interface

class Rate

Describes a range of rates supported by the Telescope.MoveAxis() method (degrees/per second). These are contained within an the Telescope.AxisRates collection and serve to describe one or more supported ranges of rates of motion about a mechanical axis.It is possible that the Maximum and Minimum properties will be equal. In this case, the Rate object expresses a single discrete rate. Both the Minimum and Maximum properties are always expressed in units of degrees per second.

5.7.1 Properties

Rate.Maximum:

Returns The maximum rate (degrees per second)

Return type float

- InvalidValueException If an invalid Axis is specified.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately

diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Rate.Minimum:

Returns The minimum rate (degrees per second)

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid Axis is specified.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.



5.8 IRotatorV4 Class

class Rotator

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface
ASCOM Standard IRotator V4 Interface

The Rotator V4 interface provides for a common offset between its mechanical angle, plus the angle at which an attached imager may be mounted, and the equatorial position angle (PA) on the sky. By calling Sync() with a known current PA (from plate solving etc.), you can cause the rotator (and imager) to work in PA for you as well as other apps that might be using the rotator. See Section 4.7.

5.8.1 Methods

Rotator . Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

5.8. IRotatorV4 Class

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

Rotator. CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Rotator.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Rotator.CommandString(Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Rotator.Connect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Note

New in Rotator V4

async Rotator.Disconnect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of

the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Note

New in Rotator V4

Rotator.Halt()

Immediately stop any rotator motion due to a previous Move() or MoveAbsolute() call.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be short-lived synchronous. The client may still check IsMoving to see when it actually stops if this takes some time.

Note

- Some Rotators may not support this function, in which case MethodNotImplemented exception must be raised.
- **Recommendation**: Host software should call this method upon initialization and, if it fails, disable the Halt button in the user interface.

Rotator. Move (Position: float)

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented Starts rotation relative to the current position (degrees). See Section 4.7.

Non-blocking: Must return immediately with IsMoving = True if the operation has

successfully been started (unless it is already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the IsMoving property must become False.

Parameters Position (*float*) – Relative position to move in degrees from current Position. See Section 4.7.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Position is invalid.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

Note

- Asynchronous: The method returns as soon as the rotation operation has been successfully started, with the IsMoving property True (unless already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the IsMoving property must become False.
- Calling Move() must cause the TargetPosition property to change to the sum of the current angular position and the value of the Position parameter (modulo 360 degrees), then starts rotation to TargetPosition. Position includes the effect of any previous Sync() operation.
- See Section 4.7.

Rotator. MoveAbsolute (Position: float)

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented Starts rotation to the given Position (degrees). See Section 4.7.

Non-blocking: Must return immediately with IsMoving = True if the operation has successfully been started (unless it is already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the IsMoving property must become False.

Parameters Position (*float*) – New position in degrees. See Section 4.7.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Position is invalid.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communica-

tion errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

Note

- **Asynchronous**: The method returns as soon as the rotation operation has been successfully started, with the <code>IsMoving</code> property True (unless already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the <code>IsMoving</code> property becomes False.
- Calling MoveAbsolute() must cause the TargetPosition property to change to the Position parameter then starts rotation to TargetPosition.
- · See Section 4.7.

Rotator. MoveMechanical (Position: float)

New in version 3: Member added

Starts rotation to the given mechanical Position (degrees). See Section 4.7.

Non-blocking: Must return immediately with IsMoving = True if the operation has successfully been started (unless it is already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the IsMoving property must become False.

Parameters Position (*float*) – New mechanical position in degrees. See Section 4.7.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Position is invalid.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

- **Asynchronous**: The method returns as soon as the rotation operation has been successfully started, with the <code>IsMoving</code> property True (unless already at the requested position). After the requested angle is successfully reached and motion stops, the <code>IsMoving</code> property becomes False.
- Calling MoveAbsolute() causes the TargetPosition property to change to the Position parameter then starts rotation to TargetPosition.
- See Section 4.7.
- This method is to address requirements that need a physical rotation angle such as taking sky flats.

Rotator. Sync (Position: float)

New in version 3: Member added

Syncs the rotator to the specified position angle without moving it. See Section 4.7.

Parameters Position (*float*) – Synchronised rotator position angle. See Section 4.7.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Position is invalid.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Must be short-lived and synchronous.
- Once this method has been called and the sync offset determined, both the MoveAbsolute() method and the Position property must function in synced coordinates rather than mechanical coordinates. The sync offset must persist across driver starts and device reboots.
- · See Section 4.7.

Rotator. SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must implemented, throw be must not a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

5.8.2 Properties

property Rotator. CanReverse: Boolean

New in version 2: Member added

Returns The direction of rotation can be set via the Reverse property

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must always return True.

Note

See Section 4.7

property Rotator. Connected: boolean

Changed in version 4: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. Writing is deprecated, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of Rotator V4. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property Rotator. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.

property Rotator. Description: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Rotator. DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 4: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- IsMoving
- MechanicalPosition

- Position
- Section 4.3

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the Rotator Interface Version 4 and later.

property Rotator. DriverInfo: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Rotator.DriverVersion: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one

of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Rotator. InterfaceVersion: Short

New in version 2: Member added

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Return type short

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For example, for IRotatorV4, this will be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.
- Clients can detect legacy V1 drivers by trying to read this property. If the driver raises an error, it is a V1 driver. V1 did not specify this property. A driver may also return a value of 1.In other words, a raised error or a return value of 1 indicates that the driver is a V1 driver.

property Rotator. IsMoving: boolean

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented

Returns The rotator is currently moving to a new position

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented.

Note

• This is the correct property to use to determine *successful* completion of a (non-blocking) Move(), MoveAbsolute(), or MoveMechanical() request. IsMoving must be True immediately upon returning from any of these three movement calls (unless already at the requested position), and must remain True until *successful* completion, at which time IsMoving must become False.

property Rotator.MechanicalPosition: float

New in version 3: Member added

Returns The raw mechanical position of the rotator in degrees, *relative to the optics*. See Sync() and Section 4.7.

Return type float

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

- Must be implemented
- Applications must not use this as a way to determine if a (non-blocking)
 MoveMechanical() has completed. The MechanicalPosition may
 transit through the requested position before finally settling. Use
 the IsMoving property.

Note

• Note the "relative to the optics" in the definition of this property. See Section 4.7.1.

property Rotator. Name: String

New in version 2: Member added

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Rotator. Position: float

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented

Returns Current instantaneous Rotator position, allowing for any sync offset, in degrees. See Section 4.7.

Return type float

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Applications must not use this as a way to determine if a (non-blocking) Move() or MoveAbsolute() has completed. The Position may transit through the requested position before finally settling. Use the IsMoving property.

Note

- The Sync() method may used to make Position indicate equatorial position angle. This can account for not only an offset in the rotator's mechanical position, but also the angle at which an attached imager is mounted.
- If Sync() has never been called, Position must be equal to MechanicalPosition. Once called, however, the offset must remain across driver starts and device reboots.
- For more info see Section 4.7.

property Rotator. Reverse: boolean

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented

Returns (Read/Write) Set or indicate rotation direction reversal. See Section 4.7.

Return type boolean

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

Rotation is normally in degrees counterclockwise as viewed from behind the rotator, looking toward the sky. This corresponds to the direction of equatorial position angle. Set this property True to cause rotation opposite to equatorial PositionAngle, i.e. clockwise. See Section 4.7

property Rotator. StepSize: float

Returns The minimum rotation step size (degrees)

Return type float

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the rotator does not know its step size.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication errors.

property Rotator.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

property Rotator. TargetPosition: float

Changed in version 3: Clarified that this method must be implemented

Returns The destination position angle for Move() a and MoveAbsolute().

Return type float

Note

This will contain the new Position, including any Sync() offset, immediately upon return from a call to Move(), MoveAbsolute()



5.9 ISafetyMonitorV3 Interface

class SafetyMonitor

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface

ASCOM Standard ISafetyMonitor V3 Interface

5.9.1 Methods

SafetyMonitor. Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters • ActionName (str) – A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.

 ActionParameters (str) – List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

aut

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

Raises

Returns

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

SafetyMonitor.CommandBlind(Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

SafetyMonitor.CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient

detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

SafetyMonitor. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- Command (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async SafetyMonitor.Connect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is method а mandatory and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect yo a device rather than setting Connected to True.

async SafetyMonitor.Disconnect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

SafetyMonitor.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

5.9.2 Properties

property SafetyMonitor.Connected: boolean

Changed in version 3: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of SafetyMonitor V3. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property SafetyMonitor.Connecting: Boolean

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

Returns

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

• This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.

property SafetyMonitor.Description: String

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property SafetyMonitor.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 3: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- IsSafe
- Section 4.3

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the SafetyMonitor Interface Version 4 and later.

property SafetyMonitor.DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property SafetyMonitor. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property SafetyMonitor. InterfaceVersion: Short

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For example, for ICameraV4, this will be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major minor version of the driver for this device.

property SafetyMonitor.IsSafe: Boolean

The monitored state is safe for use.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes hardware or communication
 errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

property SafetyMonitor.Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property SafetyMonitor.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.



5.10 IStateValue Interface

class StateValue

Each device type has a property DeviceState which returns a set of aggregated operational properties of the device. Each of these operational properties are returned as an object with Name and Value properties.

5.10.1 Properties

property Name: string

The name of an operational property. The name is case sensitive and must match the property name's spelling and casing in the relevant ASCOM interface specification.

property Value: object

The corresponding value of the named operational property. The StateValue.Value property has the object type so that it can accept any type including the types commonly used in ASCOM interfaces such as int16, int32, double, string and enum. This approach avoids localisation complexities when transferring numeric and bool types

Important

- Integer values should be transferred as little endian byte sequences.
- Floating point values should be transferred using the 32-bit single-precision and 64-bit double-precision IEC 60559 formats for Single and Double values respectively.
- Boolean values should be transferred using integer 0 for FALSE and a non-zero value to represent TRUE.
- String values should be UTF16 encoded without a null terminator.

These requirements are met by the Microsoft C++ and .NET languages, for other languages, please consolut your language implementation documentation.



5.11 ISwitchV3 Interface

class Switch

Bases: ASCOM.DeviceInterface

ASCOM Standard ISafetyMonitor V3 Interface

Important

This interface has some potentially confusing aspects. Please see Section 4.16

5.11.1 Methods

Switch.Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(),

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CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

Switch.CanAsync (Id: int)

New in version 3: Member added

Flag indicating whether this switch can operate asynchronously. See SetAsync for details of asynchronous switch operations.

Parameters Id (*int*) – the specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns The specified switch device can operate asynchronously.

Return type boolean

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Switch.CancelAsync(Id: int)

New in version 3: Member added

Cancels an in-progress asynchronous state change operation. See SetAsync for details of asynchroous switch operations.

Parameters Id (*int*) – the specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns Nothing

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Note

- On return, calls to StateChangeComplete for this switch will raise an OperationCancelledException, which will continue to be the case until a new asynchronous operation is started and StateChangeComplete returns either True or False as appropriate.
- See SetAsync for details of asynchronous switch operations.

Switch.CanWrite(Id:int)

New in version 2: Member added

Parameters Id (int) – the specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns True if the specified switch can be written to.

Return type boolean

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

• Examples of switches that cannot be written to include a limit switch or a sensor.

Switch.CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Switch. CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- Command (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Switch. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: bool)

New in version 2: Member added as part of common interface elements.

Deprecated since version 3: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (bool) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Switch.Connect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has *successfully* completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Note

New in Switch V3

async Switch.Disconnect()

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of

the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Note

New in Switch V3

Switch.**GetSwitch** (*Id: int*)

Return the state of switch Id as a boolean. See Section 4.16

Parameters Id (int) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns The state of the switch Id.

Return type boolean

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- InvalidOperationException If there is a temporary condition that prevents the switch's value being returned, including after power-up if the switche's state is unknown (not yet set).
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Do not use this as a way to tell is a SetAsync() has completed. It is possible that GetSwitch(Id) may be True or False while the async process is still underway. Use StateChangeComplete() to determine if a call to SetAsync() has completed

•

For a variable output device GetSwitch() must return False if it is at its

minimum value, else True.

- Some switches do not support reading their state although they do allow state to be set. In these cases, on startup, the driver can not know the hardware state and it is recommended that the driver either:
 - Sets the switch to a known state on connection
 - Throws an InvalidOperationException` until the client software has set the switch state for the first time

In both cases the driver should save a local copy of the switch state which it last set and return this through GetSwitch() and GetSwitchValue(). See Section 4.16

Switch.GetSwitchDescription (Id: int)

New in version 2: Member added.

Gets the description of the specified switch. This is to allow a fuller description of the switch to be returned, for example for a tool tip.

Parameters Id (*int*) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns String giving the switch description.

Return type string

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch.GetSwitchName (Id: int)

Gets the "short" name of the specified switch.

Parameters Id (*int*) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns String giving the switch name.

Return type string

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by

one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch.GetSwitchValue(Id:int)

New in version 2: Member added.

Return the value of switch Id as a float. See Section 4.16

Parameters Id (int) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns

The value of the switch Id. The value is expected to be between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue() in steps of SwitchStep.

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- InvalidOperationException If there is a temporary condition that prevents the device value being returned, including after power-up if the switch's state is unknown (not yet set).
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Do not use this as a way to tell is a SetAsyncValue() has completed.
 The value may be anything while the async process is still underway,
 including the requested value. Use StateChangeComplete() to determine if a call to SetAsyncValue() has completed

- For a boolean on/off switch, GetSwitchValue() must return MinSwitchValue if the switch is off, and MaxSwitchValue if the switch is on.
- Some switches do not support reading their state although they do allow state to be set. In these cases, on startup, the driver can not know the hardware state and it is recommended that the driver either:
 - Sets the switch to a known state on connection
 - Throws an InvalidOperationException until the client software has set the switch state for the first time

In both cases the driver should save a local copy of the state which it last set and return this through GetSwitchValue() and GetSwitch(). See Section 4.16

Switch.MaxSwitchValue(Id:int)

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns the maximum value for switch Id

Parameters Id (int) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns The maximum value to which this switch can be set or which a read only sensor will return.

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Note

- This must be greater than MinSwitchValue() for switch Id..
- For an on/off switch, MaxSwitchValue must return the value 1.0.

Switch.MinSwitchValue(Id: int)

New in version 2: Member added.

Returns the maximum value for switch Id

Parameters Id (*int*) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns The maximum value to which this switch can be set or which a read only sensor will return.

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.

Note

- This must be less than MaxSwitchValue() for switch Id.
- For an on/off switch, MinSwitchValue must return the value 0.0.

Switch. **SetAsync** (Id: int, State: bool)

New in version 3: Member added.

Asynchronouly Set a switch to the specified boolean on/off state.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately after *successfully* starting the state change with StateChangeComplete() for the given switch Id = False See Notes.

Parameters

- **Id** (*int*) The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch 1)
- **State** (bool) The required control state (on or off)

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If CanAsync() is False for switch Id
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): The method returns as soon as the state change operation has been successfully started, with StateChangeComplete() for the given switch Id = False. After the state change has completed StateChangeComplete() becomes True.
- Switch devices are numbered from 0 to MaxSwitch 1.
- GetSwitchValue() for switch Id must return MaxSwitchValue() for that switch if the set state is True, and MinSwitchValue() for that switch if the set state is False.

Switch. SetAsyncValue (Id: int, Value: float)

New in version 3: Member added.

Asynchronously set a switch to the specified float value.

Parameters

- **Id** (*int*) The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch 1)
- Value (float) The value to be set, between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If either CanWrite()
 or CanAsync() is False for switch Id
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch - 1), or if Value is not between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch. **SetSwitch** (*Id: int, State: bool*)

Set a switch to the specified boolean on/off state

Parameters

- **Id** (*int*) The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch 1)
- **State** (bool) The required control state (on or off)

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If CanWrite() is False for switch Id
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

• GetSwitchValue() for switch Id must return MaxSwitchValue() for that switch if the set state is True, and MinSwitchValue() for that switch if the set state is False.

Switch.**SetSwitchName** (*Id*: *int*, *Name*: str)

New in version 2: Member added.

Set a switch's name to the specified value.

Parameters 2 4 1

- **Id** (*int*) The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch 1)
- Name (str) The name of the switch

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the switch name cannot be set by the client
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch-1)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch.SetSwitchValue (Id: int, Value: float)

New in version 2: Member added.

Set a switch's value to the specified float value.

Parameters

- **Id** (*int*) The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch 1)
- •Value (float) The value to be set, between
 MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If CanWrite() is False for switch Id
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch - 1), or if Value is not between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Note

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

Switch. StateChangeComplete (Id: int)

New in version 3: Member added.

Parameters Id (int) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns True if the last SetAsync() or SetAsyncValue() has completed and the switch is in the requested state.

Return type boolean

- MethodNotImplementedException If CanAsync() is False for switch Id
- OperationCancelledException If an in-progress state change is cancelled by a call to CancelAsync() call for switch Id
- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch - 1), or if Value is not between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switch.SwitchStep(Id: int)

New in version 2: Member added.

The step size that this switch supports (the difference between successive values of the switch).

Parameters Id (int) – The specified switch number (0 to MaxSwitch - 1)

Returns The step size for this switch.

Return type float

Raises

- InvalidValueException If Id is out of range (0 to MaxSwitch - 1), or if Value is not between MinSwitchValue() and MaxSwitchValue`() for switch Id
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException

Important

SwitchStep must be greater than zero and the number of steps can be calculated as:

" ((MaxSwitchValue - MinSwitchValue) / SwitchStep) + 1."

5.11.2 Properties

property Switch.Connected: boolean

Changed in version 3: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of Switch V3. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property Switch. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 3: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.
- New in ISwitchV3

property Switch.Description: String

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number. Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Switch.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

New in version 3: To allow reduction of status polling

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

Since a single Switch device can be configured to provide many controllable switches, a standard is required to enable multiple controllable switch states to be returned by the Switch device. The standard is:

The controllable switch number must be appended to the name of the property when constructing the DeviceState property name.

For the GetSwitch property, DeviceState property names would start at GetSwitch0 and progress through GetSwitch1, GetSwitch2 etc. until reaching the last control-

lable switch number: MaxSwitch - 1. A similar model applies to the GetSwitchValue and StateChangeConplete properties.

E.g. For a Switch device with four controllable switches, the DeviceState property names would be:

- GetSwitch0, GetSwitch1, GetSwitch2, GetSwitch3
- GetSwitchValue0, GetSwitchValue1, GetSwitchValue2, GetSwitchValue3
- StateChangeComplete0, StateChangeComplete1, StateChangeComplete2, StateChangeComplete3
- · Section 4.3

Note

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the Switch Interface Version 4 and later.

property Switch.DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Switch. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Switch.InterfaceVersion: Short

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

• This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For example, for ICameraV4, this will be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major minor version of the driver for this device.

property Switch. MaxSwitch: integer

Count of switches managed by this driver.

Returns Number of switches managed by this driver

Return type integer

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Switches are numbered from 0 to MaxSwitch - 1.

property Switch. Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Switch.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 2: Recommended over (now) deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() as more flexible extension mechanic. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.



5.12 ITelescope V4 Interface

class Telescope

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface

ASCOM Standard ITelescope V4 Interface

Important

All mounts that can be slewed must implement asynchronous slewing. ASCOM COM drivers must also implement synchronous slewing for backward compatibility. See Section 4.8. Clients must use asynchronous slewing methods if at all possible, use of synchronous slewing methods is deprecated in ITelescope V4.

Revision History

Members added, deprecated, or changed are indicated by a legend at the top of that member indicating the InterfaceVersion at which the change occurred. For this interface, only changes after InterfaceVersion = 2 (2004) are indicated. Telescope V1.x existed over 20 years ago during the period where ASCOM was experimental and subject to developmental changes. For an overview of the evolution of ASCOM interfaces, see ASCOM Interface Revisions (PDF).

5.12.1 Methods

async Telescope.AbortSlew()

Stops a slew in progress.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True until the slew has been stopped, at which time Slewing becomes = False. See Notes, and Section 4.1.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ParkedException If the telescope is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor stopping of the slew. When the mount has *successfully* stopped the slew, Slewing becomes False. See Section 4.1
- Effective only after a call to either one of the slew methods or to MoveAxis().
- Does nothing if no slew/motion is in progress
- In the case of MoveAxis() or SlewToAltAzAsync(), Tracking must be returned to the state before the slew stopped. Note that equatorial slews by definition always start and finish with Tracking on.

Telescope. Action (ActionName: str, ActionParameters)

New in version 3: To replace deprecated CommandBlind(), CommandBool(), and CommandString() with more flexible extension mechanic. Invoke the specified device-specific custom action

Parameters

- ActionName (str) A name from SupportedActions that represents the action to be carried out.
- ActionParameters (str) List of required arguments or empty string if none are required.

Returns

Action response. The meaning of returned strings is set by the driver author. See notes below.

Return type string

- MethodNotImplementedException If no actions at all are supported
- ActionNotImplementedException If the driver does not support the requested ActionName. The supported action names are listed in SupportedActions.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately

diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Must be implemented but may throw MethodNotImplementedException if no custom actions are supported.
- This method, combined with SupportedActions, is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.

Note

- Action names must be case insensitive, so for example SelectWheel, selectwheel and SELECTWHEEL all refer to the same action.
- An example of a string response: Suppose filter wheels start to appear
 with automatic wheel changers; new actions could be QueryWheels and
 SelectWheel. The former returning a formatted list of wheel names and
 the second taking a wheel name and making the change, returning appropriate values to indicate success or failure.

Telescope.AxisRates (Axis: TelescopeAxes)

Determine the rates at which the telescope may be moved about the specified axis by the MoveAxis() method. See MoveAxis() and Section 4.11 for details.

Parameters Axis (*enum*) – The *mechanical* axis about which rate information is desired TelescopeAxes

Returns

A list or collection of Rate objects, each of which specifies a minimum and a maximum angular rate (degrees/second) at which the given axis of the mount may be moved.

Return type A list or collection of Rate objects

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid Axis is specified.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException;

- See MoveAxis() and Section 4.11 for details.
- A mount may specify one or more ranges of rates on each of its axes.
- An empty list must be returned if MoveAxis() is not supported.
- Returned rates must always be positive. It is up to the client to choose the rotation direction as a positive or negative rate for the call to MoveAxis().
- MoveAxis() is a complex feature, see TelescopeAxes and Section 4.11.

Telescope. CanMoveAxis (Axis: TelescopeAxes)

The mount can be moved about the given *mechanical* axis. See MoveAxis() for details.

Parameters Axis (enum TelescopeAxes) - The axis about which this info is desired

Returns Whether the mount may be moved about the requested axis

Return type boolean

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid Axis is specified.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See MoveAxis() for details.

Telescope. CommandBlind (Command: str, Raw: boolean)

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and does not wait for a response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (boolean) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

 DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Telescope. CommandBool (Command: str, Raw: boolean)

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a boolean response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (boolean) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns True/False response from the command

Return type boolean

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

Note

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

Telescope. CommandString (Command: str, Raw: boolean)

Deprecated since version 4: Use the more flexible Action() and SupportedActions mechanic. See Notes below.

Transmit an arbitrary string to the device and wait for a string response.

Parameters

- **Command** (str) The literal command string to be transmitted.
- Raw (boolean) If True, command is transmitted 'as-is'. If False, then protocol framing characters may be added prior to transmission.

Returns String response from the command

Return type string

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Deprecated, may result in MethodNotImplementedException

The CommandXXX methods are a historic mechanic that provides clients with direct and unimpeded access to change device hardware configuration. While highly enabling for clients, this mechanic is inherently risky because clients can fundamentally change hardware operation without the driver being aware that a change is taking / has taken place.

The newer Action and SupportedActions mechanic provides discrete, named, functions that can deliver any functionality required. They do need driver authors to make provision for them within the driver, but this approach is much lower risk than using the CommandXXX methods because it enables the driver to resolve conflicts between standard device interface commands and extended commandsprovided as Actions. The driver is always aware of what is happening and can adapt more effectively to client needs.

async Telescope.Connect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Connect to the device asynchronously. Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already connected. Connection has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- This is a mandatory method and must not throw a MethodNotConnectedException.
- Use this to connect to a device rather than setting Connected to True.

Telescope. DestinationSideOfPier (RightAscension: float, Declination: float)

Parameters

- RightAscension (float) The destination right ascension (hours)
- Declination (float) The destination declination (degrees, positive North)

Returns The PierSide indicating the pointing state in which the mount will be if slewed to the given coordinates at this instant of time.

Return type enum PierSide

Provided so apps can manage GEM flipping during an image sequence. See

SideOfPier, Section 4.13 and Section 4.10

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or Declination is specified
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

async Telescope.Disconnect()

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See Important section below.

Disconnect from the device asynchronously. Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Important

- Non-Blocking. On return, Connecting must be True unless already disconnected. Disconnect has successfully completed when Connecting becomes (or is) False.
- mandatory This а method and must not throw a MethodNotImplementedException.
- Use this to disconnect from a device rather than setting Connected to False.

async Telescope.FindHome()

Changed in version 4: Formally defined as asynchronous

Start moving the mount to the "home" position.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the homing operation has successfully been started, or Slewing = False which means the mount is already at its home position (and of course AtHome will already be True). See Notes, and Section 4.1.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (and CanFindHome = False)
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one
of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation's progress. When the mount has *successfully* reached its home position, Slewing becomes False and AtHome becomes True. See Section 4.1

async Telescope. MoveAxis (Axis: TelescopeAxes, Rate: float)

Changed in version 4: Formally defined as asynchronous

Start or stop motion of the mount about the given *mechanical* axis at the given angular rate. see TelescopeAxes and Section 4.11.

Non-blocking: Must return immediately with \sim *Telescope.Slewing* = True for Rate > 0 after *successfully* starting the axis rotation operation. Rate = 0 stops motion immediately.

Parameters

- Axis (enum) The mechanical axis about which motion is desired, see TelescopeAxes and
- Rate (float) The rate of rotation desired (degrees/second)

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid axis or rate value is given
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

A call with Rate = 0 is required to stop motion.

- Asynchronous (non-blocking): Clients must use the Slewing property to determine if the mount is moving, however you must explicitly call MoveAxis() with a zero rate to stop motion about the given axis.
- A mount may support multiple rate ranges (via AxisRates()) on each of its multiple TelescopeAxes
- This is a complex feature and relates to the mount's *mechanical* axes. See TelescopeAxes and Section 4.11.
- The meaning of positive vs negative values as applies to rotation directions about the axes is purposely left undefined. App developers need to provide adaptation to various mount geometries and control systems and their rotation directions. See Section 4.11.

Important

- Do not use this method to effect guiding. Use PulseGuide(). See Section 4.15.
- Use RightAscensionRate and DeclinationRate() to effect the needed slight adjustments to normal sidereal tracking for solar system objects (major and minor planets, comets). See Section 4.14
- This is provided for applications such as software handboxes and tracking satellites in coordinate systems other than equatorial.

async Telescope.Park()

Changed in version 4: Formally defined as asynchronous

Start slewing the mount to its park position.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the parking operation has *successfully* been started, or Slewing = False which means the mount is already at its parked position (and of course AtPark must already be True). See Notes, and Section 4.1.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (and CanPark = False)
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the mount has *successfully* reached its park position, Slewing becomes False and AtPark becomes True. See Section 4.1.
- Parking should put the telescope into a state where its pointing accuracy must not be lost if it is power-cycled (without moving it).
- It is permissible for the mount to require power cycling before being unparked (with Unpark()) and used.

async Telescope. PulseGuide (Direction: GuideDirections, Duration: int)

Changed in version 4: Formally defined as asynchronous

Moves the mount in the specified angular direction for the specified time (ms). The directions are in the **Equatorial coordinate system** only, regardless of the mount's AlignmentMode. The distance moved depends on the GuideRateDeclination and GuideRateRightAscension, as well as Duration. See Section 4.15.

Non-blocking: See Notes, and Section 4.1

Parameters

- GuideDirections (enum) Equatorial axis and direction of guide motion GuideDirections
- **Duration** (*int*) The duration of the guide-rate motion (milliseconds)

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanPulseGuide is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid Direction or Duration is given
- InvalidOperationException If the pulse guide cannot be effected e.g. if the telescope is slewing (Slewing is True), or is not tracking (Tracking is False). This exception may also be thrown by a mount that is incapable of performing pulse guides in both RA and Dec simultaneously. Please make this limitation clear in your error message! See Section 4.15.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- Asynchronous: The method returns as soon the pulse-guiding operation has been successfully started, with IsPulseGuiding property True. However, you may find that IsPulseGuiding is False when you get around to checking it if the 'pulse' is short. This is still a success if you get False back and not an exception. See Section 4.1
- · If the device cannot have simultaneous PulseGuide operations in both RightAscension and Declination, it must throw InvalidOperationException when the overlapping operation is attempted.
- See Section 4.15

Telescope.SetPark()

Set the mount's park position to its current position.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanPark is False)
- InvalidOperationException If the pulse guide cannot be effected e.g. if the mount is slewing (Slewing) is True, or is not tracking (Tracking is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Telescope.SetupDialog()

Launches a configuration dialogue box for the driver. The call will not return until the user clicks OK or cancels manually.

Please note that this method is only valid for COM drivers. Alpaca devices should provide configuration through the Alpaca HTML endpoints and should not implement a SetupDialog endpoint.

Returns Nothing

Raises DriverException - An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

implemented, throw must not a MethodNotImplementedException

• **Blocking** It is permissible that the configuration dialog is *modal*, and for the driver not to respond to other calls while this dialog is open.

Telescope. **SlewToAltAz** (Azimuth: float, Altitude: float)

Deprecated since version 4: Use SlewToAltAzAsync(). See Deprecation Notice below.

Move the mount synchronously to the given local horizontal coordinates, return only when slew is complete. See Section 4.8.

Deprecation Notice

This method is deprecated for clients as of ITelescope V4. Use SlewToAltAzAsync(). ASCOM COM mounts that can slew to local horizontal coordinates at all must implement this, however, to prevent a breaking change. ASCOM Alpaca mounts should not implement this and should return False for CanSlewAltAz, and :class"MethodNotConnectedException if called by the client. See Section 4.8.

Parameters

- Azimuth (float) Destination azimuth coordinate (degrees, North-referenced, positive East/clockwise)
- **Altitude** (*float*) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees, positive up).

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSlewAltAz is False)
- InvalidOperationException If the requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- InvalidValueException If an invalid Azimuth or Altitude is given
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

async Telescope. **SlewToAltAzAsync** (Azimuth: float, Altitude: float)

Changed in version 4: If the mount can slew to local horizontal coordinates, it must implement this method.

Start a slew to the given local horizontal coordinates.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately. See Notes, and Section 4.1

Parameters

- Azimuth (float) Destination azimuth coordinate (degrees, North-referenced, positive East/clockwise)
- Altitude (float) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees, positive up).

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSlewAltAzAsync is False)
- InvalidOperationException If requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- InvalidValueException If an invalid Azimuth or Altitude is given
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the requested coordinates have been successfully* reached, Slewing becomes False. If SlewToAltAzAsync() returns with Slewing = False then the mount was already at the requested coordinates, which is also a success. See Section 4.1.

Important

As of ITelescope V4 if the mount can slew to local horizontal coordinates, it must implement this method.

Telescope. SlewToCoordinates (RightAscension: float, Declination: float)

Deprecated since version 4: Use SlewToCoordinatesAsync(). See Deprecation Notice below.

Move the mount to the given equatorial coordinates per Equatorial System, return only when slew is complete. See Section 4.8.

Deprecation Notice

This method is deprecated for clients as of ITelescope V4. Use SlewToCoordinatesAsync(). ASCOM COM Mounts that can slew to equatorial coordinates at all must continue to implement this, however, to prevent a breaking change. ASCOM Alpaca mounts should not implement this and should return False for CanSlew, and :class"MethodNotConnectedException if called by the client. See Section 4.8.`.

Parameters

- **RightAscension** (*float*) Destination right ascension coordinate (hours, per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetRightAscension
- **Declination** (*float*) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees,per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetDeclination

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented and (CanSlewAsync is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or Declination is given
- InvalidOperationException If Tracking is False or if the requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

async Telescope.SlewToCoordinatesAsync (RightAscension: float, Declination: float)

Changed in version 4: If the mount can slew to equatorial coordinates, it must implement this method.

Start a slew to the given given equatorial coordinates per Equatorial System.

Non-blocking: Returns immediately. See Notes, and Section 4.1

Parameters

- **RightAscension** (*float*) Destination right ascension coordinate (hours, per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetRightAscension
- **Declination** (float) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees,per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetDeclination

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented and (CanSlewAsync is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or Declination is given
- InvalidOperationException If Tracking is False or if the requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the requested coordinates have been successfully* reached, Slewing becomes False. If SlewToCoordinatesAsync() returns with Slewing = False then the mount was already at the requested coordinates, which is also a success. See Section 4.1.

Telescope.SlewToTarget()

Deprecated since version 4: Use SlewToTargetAsync(). See Deprecation Notice below.

Move the mount to the TargetRightAscension and TargetDeclination coordinates per EquatorialSystem, return only when slew is complete. See Section 4.8.

Returns Nothing

Deprecation Notice

This method is deprecated for clients as of ITelescope V4. Use SlewToTargetAsync(). ASCOM COM Mounts that can slew to equatorial coordinates at all must continue to implement this, however, to prevent a breaking change. ASCOM Alpaca mounts should not implement this and should return False for CanSlew, and :class"MethodNotConnectedException if called by the client. See Section 4.8.`.

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSlew is False).
- InvalidOperationException If Tracking is False or if the requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

• **DriverException** – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

async Telescope.SlewToTargetAsync()

Changed in version 4: If the mount can slew to equatorial coordinates, it must implement this method.

Start an asynchronous slew to the coordinates in TargetRightAscension and TargetDeclination per EquatorialSystem

Non-blocking: Returns immediately with Slewing = True if the slewing operation has *successfully* been started. See Notes, and Section 4.1

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSlewAsync is False)
- InvalidOperationException If Tracking is False or if the requested slew would fail due to hardware limit(s).
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

Asynchronous (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the requested coordinates have been successfully* reached, Slewing becomes False. If SlewToTargetAsync() returns with Slewing = False then the mount was already at the requested coordinates, which is also a success. See Section 4.1.

Telescope. SyncToAltAz (Azimuth: float, Altitude: float)

Match the mount's local horizontal coordinates to the given local horizontal coordinates.

Parameters

- Azimuth (float) Destination azimuth coordinate (degrees, North-referenced, positive East/clockwise)
- **Altitude** (*float*) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees, positive up).

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSyncAltAz is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid Azimuth or Altitude is given

- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

May throw DriverException if Tracking is True.

Telescope. SyncToCoordinates (RightAscension: float, Declination: float)

Match the mount's equatorial coordinates with the given equatorial coordinates

Parameters

- RightAscension (float) Destination right ascension coordinate (hours, per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetRightAscension
- **Declination** (*float*) Destination altitude coordinate (degrees,per EquatorialSystem). Copied to TargetDeclination

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSync is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or Declination is given
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

May throw DriverException if Tracking is False.

Telescope.SyncToTarget()

Match the mount's equatorial coordinates with the coordinates in TargetRightAscension and TargetDeclination.

Returns Nothing

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanSync is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or

Declination is given

- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

May throw DriverException if Tracking is False.

async Telescope.Unpark()

Changed in version 4: Formally defined as asynchronous

Starts the process of taking the mount out of the Parked state. **Non-blocking**, unless already unparked (AtPark = False), this must return with Slewing = True until the unparking process completes, at which time both Slewing and AtPark must become False.

Returns Nothing

Raises

- MethodNotImplementedException If the method is not implemented (CanUnpark is False)
- InvalidValueException If an invalid RightAscension or Declination is given
- ParkedException If the mount is parked (AtPark = True)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- **Asynchronous** (non-blocking): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the mount has *successfully* unparked, Slewing becomes False and AtPark becomes False. See Section 4.1.
- Unparking a mount that is not parked (AtPark = False) is harmless and must always be successful.

5.12.2 Properties

property Telescope.AlignmentMode: enum Telescope.AlignmentModes

The mechanical construction of the mount (Alt/Az, Polar, German Polar), etc. Returns a value of type AlignmentModes.

This property is read-only; it cannot be changed at run-time because it reflects

the design of the mount. Regardless of their AlignmentMode all mounts may operate in equatorial (RA/Dec) and/or local horizontal (Alt/Az) coordinate systems. AlignmentMode is unrelated to the coordinate systems in use by the mount. **See Note**

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

This property describes the *mechanical construction* of the mount, not the coordinate system being used operationally. Thus AlignmentMode cannot be changed or set. Astronomical mounts all have the ability to to read back and slew using equatorial (RA and Dec) coordinates, and most may also read back and slew using local horizontal (Alt and Az) coordinates, independent of their mechanical construction.

The AlignmentMode does not restrict a mount's ability to be pointed/slewed via equatorial and/or local horizontal coordinates and/or to read back RA/Dec and/or Alt/Az (e.g. a push-to Dobsonian may display both RA/Dec and Alt/Az).

property Telescope.Altitude: float

The Altitude (degrees) above the horizon at which the mount is currently pointing (local horizontal coordinates).

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Telescope. ApertureArea: float

The telescope's effective aperture area (square meters).

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

The area takes into account any obstructions; it is the actual light-gathering area.

property Telescope. ApertureDiameter: float

Return the telescope's effective aperture (meters).

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Telescope. AtHome: boolean

The mount is at the home position.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- Slewing is the correct property to use to determine *successful* completion of the (non-blocking) FindHome() operation. Using AtHome runs the risk that the mount will pass through the home position before finally completing the homing operation. See Section 4.1
- True if the mount is stopped in the Home position. Can be True only following a FindHome() operation.
- AtHome must become False immediately upon any slewing operation
- Must always be False if the mount does not support homing. Use CanFindHome to determine if the mount supports homing.

property Telescope. AtPark: boolean

The mount is at the park position.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in

the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- Slewing is the correct property to use to determine *successful* completion of the (non-blocking) Park() operation. Using AtPark runs the risk that the mount will pass through the park position before finally completing the parking operation. See Section 4.1
- True if the mount is stopped in the Park position. Can be True only following successful completion of a Park() operation.
- When parked, the mount must be stationary or restricted to a small safe range of movement. Tracking must be False.
- You must take the mount out of park by calling Unpark(). attempts to slew enabling tracking while parked must raise an exception.
- Must always be False if the mount does not support parking. Use CanPark to determine if the mount supports parking.

property Telescope.Azimuth: float

The azimuth (degrees) at which the mount is currently pointing (local horizontal coordinates).

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

 Azimuth is per the usual alt/az coordinate convention: degrees North-referenced, positive East/clockwise.

property Telescope. CanFindHome: boolean

The mount can find its home position.

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

See FindHome().

property Telescope. CanPark: boolean

The mount can be parked.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See Park().

property Telescope. CanPulseGuide: boolean

The mount can be pulse guided.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See PulseGuide().

property Telescope.CanSetDeclinationRate: boolean

The Declination tracking rate may be offset.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See DeclinationRate and Section 4.14

property Telescope. CanSetGuideRates: boolean

meth:PulseGuide() can be adjusted

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

· See PulseGuide.

property Telescope. CanSetPark: boolean

The mount's park position can be set.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

See SetPark()

property Telescope. CanSetPierSide: boolean

The mount can be force-flipped via setting SideOfPier

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

- See SideOfPier.
- This applies to both German and simple/fork mounts. See Section 4.10. On a fork mount, if the imaging payload cannot pass through the fork, this must return False. Circumpolar locations "under" the pole require either the fork to roll over *more* than 180 degrees, or the imaging payload to pass through the fork. This is the equivalent of flipping on a german equatorial mount.

property Telescope.CanSetRightAscensionRate: boolean

The Right Ascension tracking rate may be offset

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

See RightAscensionRate and Section 4.14.

property Telescope.CanSetTracking: boolean

The mount's sidereal tracking may be turned on and off

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- See Tracking
- While tracking at sidereal rate, a mount is holding its Telescope.RightAscension and Telescope.Declination constant. The mount allows the eye camera to stare at a fixed point on the celestial sphere.

property Telescope. CanSlew: boolean

The mount can synchronously slew to equatorial coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

See SlewToCoordinates(), SlewToCoordinatesAsync(),
SlewToTarget(), and SlewToTargetAsync()

Attention!

Synchronous methods are deprecated in this version (V4) of ITelescope and Clients should not use them. ASCOM COM Driver authors however must implement synchronous methods, if the mount can slew, to ensure backward compatibility. See Section 4.8.

property Telescope.CanSlewAltAz: boolean

The mount can synchronously slew to alt/az coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

See SlewToAltAz() and SlewToAltAzAsync()

Attention!

Synchronous methods are deprecated in this version (V4) of ITelescope and Clients should not use them. ASCOM COM Driver authors however must implement synchronous methods, if the mount can slew, to ensure backward compatibility. See Section 4.8.

property Telescope. CanSlewAltAzAsync: boolean

The mount can asynchronously slew to alt/az coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- See SlewToAltAzAsync()
- Clients should always use asynchronous slewing if available (CanSlewAltAzAsync = True) because synchronous mthods are deprecated in this version (V4) of ITelescope, and will not be implemented at all by Alpaca devices.
- If the mount can slew, driver authors must implement asynchronous slewing.

property Telescope. CanSlewAsync: boolean

The mount can asynchronously slew to equatorial coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- See SlewToCoordinatesAsync() and SlewToTargetAsync()
- Clients should always use asynchronous slewing if available (CanSlewAltAzAsync = True) because synchronous mthods are deprecated in this version (V4) of ITelescope, and will not be implemented at all by Alpaca devices.
- If the mount can slew, driver authors must implement asynchronous slewing.

property Telescope. CanSync: boolean

The mount can be synchronized to equatorial coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

• See SyncToCoordinates.

property Telescope. CanSyncAltAz: boolean

The mount can be synchronized to alt/az coordinates.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

• See SyncToAltAz().

property Telescope. CanUnpark: boolean

The mount can be unparked

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

See Unpark() and Park().

property Telescope. Connected: boolean

Changed in version 4: Writing to change connection state superseded by asynchronous Connect(), Disconnect(), and Connecting.

(Read/Write) Retrieve or set the connected state of the device. **Writing is deprecated**, use the newer Connect() and Disconnect() methods, and the newer Connecting property. See remarks below.

Set True to connect to the device hardware. Set False to disconnect from the device hardware. You can also read the property to check whether it is connected. This reports the current hardware state. See Notes below.

Returns True if connected to the hardware, else false.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Deprecation Notice

Property-write is deprecated as of Telescope V4. Starting with Platform 7 and the interface revisions contained therein, writing to Connected is discouraged. To connect and disconnect, use the newer non-blocking Connect() and Disconnect() methods, with the new Connecting property serving as the completion property.

Attention!

Must be implemented

Note

- Do not use a NotConnectedException here, that exception is for use in other methods that require a connection in order to succeed.
- The Connected property sets and reports the state of connection to the device hardware. For a hub this means that Connected will be True when the first driver connects and will only be set to False when all drivers have disconnected. A second driver may find that Connected is already True and setting Connected to False does not report Connected as False. This is not an error because the physical state is that the hardware connection is still True.
- Multiple calls setting Connected to True or False will not cause an error.

property Telescope. Connecting: Boolean

New in version 4: Preferred asynchronous connection mechanic. See notes below.

Returns Returns True while the device is undertaking an asynchronous connect or disconnect operation.

Return type boolean

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is the correct property for determing when the non-blocking methods Connect() or Disconnect() have completed. Completion is when Connecting becomes False after calling either of these methods.
- New in ITelescope V4

property Telescope. Declination: float

The mount's current Declination (degrees, see Notes)

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

• Declination must be in the equinox given by the current value of EquatorialSystem. See Section 4.12

property Telescope.DeclinationRate: float

Changed in version 4: Formalized to clarify that these rates apply only when the mount is tracking at sidereal rate.

(Read/Write) Read or set a secular rate of change to the mount's Declination in arc seconds per UTC (SI) second. See Notes and Section 4.14

Raises · PropertyNotImplementedException -

lf

CanSetDeclinationRate is False yet an attempt is made to write to this property.

- InvalidOperationException If TrackingRate is not driveSidereal.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

DeclinationRate read must be implemented.

Note

- DeclinationRate is an offset from 0 (no change in declination), given in arc seconds per UTC (clock) second.
- The supported range for this property is mount-specific.
- Offset tracking is most commonly used to track a solar system object such as a minor planet or comet.
- If offset tracking is in effect (non-zero), and a slew is initiated, the mount must continue to update the slew destination coordinates at the given offset rate.
- Reading this property must return a value of zero if TrackingRate is not driveSidereal.
- · See Section 4.14

property Telescope. Description: String

Returns Description of the **device** such as manufacturer and model number.

Any ASCII characters may be used.

Return type string

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This describes the *device*, not the driver. See the <code>DriverInfo</code> property for information on the ASCOM driver.
- The description length must be a maximum of 64 characters so that it can be used in FITS image headers, which are limited to 80 characters including the header name.

property Telescope.DeviceState: List[StateValue]

Returns List of StateValue objects representing the operational properties of this device. See Section 4.2.

Return type List

This device must return the following operational properties if they are known:

- Altitude
- AtHome
- AtPark
- Azimuth
- Declination
- IsPulseGuiding
- RightAscension
- SideOfPier
- SiderealTime
- Slewing
- Tracking
- UTCDate
- Section 4.3

Note

- For more info see Section 4.2.
- Available only for the Telescope Interface Version 4 and later.

property Telescope. DoesRefraction: boolean

(Read/Write) The mount applies atmospheric refraction to corrections

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If this property is not implemented.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

DoesRefraction read must be implemented.

Note

- If the driver does not know whether the attached telescope does its own refraction, and if the driver does not itself calculate refraction, this property (if implemented) must raise DriverException when read.
- If the mount indicates that it can apply refraction, yet you wish to calculate your own (more accurate) correction, try setting this to False then, if successful, supply your own refracted coordinates.
- If you set this to True, and the mount (already) does refraction, or if you set this to False, and the mount (already) does not do refraction, no exception must be raised.

property Telescope. DriverInfo: String

Returns Descriptive and version information about the ASCOM **driver**

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

This string may contain line endings and may be hundreds to thousands of characters long. It is intended to display detailed information on the ASCOM driver, including version and copyright data. See the Description property for information on the device itself. To get the driver version in a parse-able string, use the DriverVersion property.

property Telescope. DriverVersion: String

Returns String containing only the major and minor version of the *driver*.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This must be in the form "n.n". It should not to be confused with the InterfaceVersion property, which is the version of this specification supported by the driver.
- On systems with a comma as the decimal point you may need to make accommodations to parse the value.

property Telescope.EquatorialSystem: :class:`Telescope.EquatorialCoordinate-Type`

The current equatorial coordinate system used by the mount

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

Note

- See :class:`Telescope.EquatorialCoordinateType
- Most mounts use topocentric coordinates. Some high-end research mounts use J2000 coordinates.

property Telescope. FocalLength: float

The telescope's focal length in meters.

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Telescope. GuideRateDeclination: float

(Read/Write) The current rate of change of Declination (deg/sec) for guiding, typically via PulseGuide. See Notes.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid guide rate is set
- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- This is the rate for both hardware/relay guiding and for PulseGuide
- The mount may not support separate right ascension and declination guide rates. If so, setting either rate must set the other to the same value.
- This value must be set to a default upon startup.

property Telescope. GuideRateRightAscension: float

(Read/Write) The current rate of change of Right Ascension (**deg/sec**) for guiding, typically via PulseGuide. See Notes.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an invalid guide rate is set
- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- This is the rate for both hardware/relay guiding and for PulseGuide.
- The mount may not support separate right ascension and declination guide rates. If so, setting either rate must set the other to the same value.
- This value is in degrees per second, not in hours per second.
- This value must be set to a default upon startup.

property Telescope.InterfaceVersion: Short

Returns ASCOM Device *interface definition* version that this device supports. Should return 4 for this interface version.

Raises DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by

someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

- This is a single "short" integer indicating the version of this specific ASCOM universal interface definition. For example, for ICameraV4, this must be 4. It should not to be confused with the DriverVersion property, which is the major.minor version of the driver for this device.
- Clients can detect legacy V1 drivers by trying to read this property. If the driver raises an error, it is a V1 driver. V1 did not specify this property. A driver may also return a value of 1. In other words, a raised error or a return value of 1 indicates that the driver is a V1 driver.

property Telescope. IsPulseGuiding: boolean

The mount is currently executing a PulseGuide() command.

Use this property to determine when a (non-blocking) pulse guide command has completed. See Notes and Section 4.1.

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the property is not implemented (CanPulseGuide is False).
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

 A pulse guide command may be so short that you won't see this equal to True. If you can read False after calling PulseGuide(), then you know it completed successfully. See Section 4.1

property Telescope. Name: String

Returns The short name of the *driver*, for display purposes.

Return type string

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

Note

The Description property is used to return info about the *device* rather than the *driver*.

property Telescope. RightAscension: float

The mount's current right ascension (hours) in the current Equatorial System. See Section 4.12.

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented.

property Telescope. RightAscensionRate: float

Changed in version 4: Formalized to clarify that these rates apply only when the mount is tracking at sidereal rate.

(Read/Write) Read or set a secular rate of change to the mount's RightAscension (seconds of RA per *sidereal* second). See Notes and Section 4.14

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException

 CanSetRightAscensionRate is False yet an attempt is made to write to this property.
- InvalidOperationException If TrackingRate is not driveSidereal.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

RightAscensionRate read must be implemented.

- To convert a given rate in (the more common) units of sidereal seconds per UTC (clock) second, multiply the value by 0.9972695677 (the number of UTC seconds in a sidereal second) then set the property. See Section 4.14
- The supported range for this property is mount-specific.
- Offset tracking is most commonly used to track a solar system object such as a minor planet or comet.
- If offset tracking is in effect (non-zero), and a slew is initiated, the mount must continue to update the slew destination coordinates at the given offset rate.
- Reading this property must return a value of zero if TrackingRate is not driveSidereal.
- Use the Tracking property to stop and start sidereal tracking.

property Telescope.SideOfPier: enum PierSide

(Read/Write) Start a change of, or return, the mount's pointing state. Returns a value of type:attr:*Telescope.PierSide*. See Section 4.10

Non-blocking write: Writing to *change* pointing state returns immediately with Slewing = True if the state change (e.g. GEM flip) operation has *successfully* been started. See Notes, and Section 4.1

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the mount does not report its pointing state, at all, or if it doesn't support changing pointing state (e.g.force-flipping) by writing to SideOfPier (CanSetPierSide = False).
- InvalidValueException If an invalid Telescope.PierSide value is set
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

• Asynchronous (non-blocking) if writing SideOfPier to force a pointing state change (e.g. forced GEM flip): Use the Slewing property to monitor the operation. When the pointing state change has been successfully completed, Slewing becomes False. If writing SideOfPier returns with Slewing = False then the mount was already in the requested pointing state, which is also a success. See Section 4.1

- Please note that "SideofPier" is a misnomer and that this method actually refers to the mount's pointing state. For German Equatorial mounts there is a complex relationship between pointing state and the physical side of the pier on which the mount resides.
- Example: Suppose the mount is tracking on the east side of the pier, counterweights down, observing a target on the celestial equator at hour angle +3.0.Now suppose that the observer wishes to observe a new target at hour angle -9.0. All the mount needs to do is to rotate the declination axis, through the celestial pole where the hour angle will change from +3.0 to -9.0, and keep going until it gets to the required declination at hour angle -9.0. Other than tracking, the RA axis has not moved.

In this example the mount is still physically on the east side of the pier but the pointing state will have changed when the declination axis moved through the celestial pole.

Important

Please see Section 4.10.

property Telescope. SiderealTime: float

Local apparent sidereal time (See Notes)

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

This property must be implemented

Note

- Local Apparent Sidereal Time is the sidereal time used for pointing mounts, and thus must be calculated from the Greenwich Mean Sidereal time, longitude, nutation in longitude and True ecliptic obliquity.
- It is required for a mount to calculate this from its source of UTCDate and SiteLongitude.

Important

See UTCDate for vital information on mount time sources and operating modes.

property Telescope. SiteElevation: float

(Read/Write) The observing site's elevation (meters) above mean sea level. See Section 4.9

Raises

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If the property is not implemented at all, or if *writing* to the property is not implemented. See Notes.
- InvalidValueException If the given value is outside the range -300 through 10000 meters.
- InvalidOperationException When SiteElevation is read and the mount cannot provide this property itself and a value has not yet been established by writing to the property before reading it, but has not. See Notes.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See Section 4.9

property Telescope. SiteLatitude: float

(Read/Write) The latitude (degrees) of the observing site. See Section 4.9

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented at all, or if writing to the property is not implemented. See Notes.
- InvalidValueException If the given value is outside the range -90 through +90 degrees latitude.
- InvalidOperationException When SiteLatitude is read and the mount cannot provide this property itself and a value has not yet been established by writing to the property before reading it, but has not. See Notes.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See Section 4.9

property Telescope.SiteLongitude:float

(Read/Write) The longitude (degrees, positive east) of the observing site. See

Section 4.9

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented at all, or if writing to the property is not implemented. See Notes.
- InvalidValueException If the given value is outside the range -90 through +90 degrees latitude.
- InvalidOperationException When SiteLongitude is read and the mount cannot provide this property itself and a value has not yet been established by writing to the property before reading it, but has not. See Notes.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

See Section 4.9

Attention!

West longitude is negative.

property Telescope. SlewSettleTime: int

(Read/Write) The post-slew settling time (seconds).

Artificially lengthen all slewing operations, delaying setting Slewing to False even though the slew actually completes. Useful for mounts or buildings that require additional mechanical settling time after a slew to stabilize (pier wobble, etc.).

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- InvalidValueException If the given value is negative or preposterously high (driver dependent).
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

property Telescope.Slewing: boolean

The mount is in motion resulting from a slew, parking, find-home, or a move-axis. See Section 4.1

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented (no slewing capabilites of the mount)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one
of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- This is the correct property to use to determine *successful* completion of a (non-blocking) SlewToCoordinatesAsync(), SlewToTargetAsync(). SlewToCoordinatesAsync(), Park(), FindHome(), or by writing to SideOfPier to force a flip. See Section 4.1
- Slewing must be True immediately upon returning from any of these calls, and must remain True until *successful* completion, at which time Slewing must become False.
- Slewing must also be true during any MoveAxis() operations.
- Slewing must not be True during PulseGuide() operations or application of RightAscensionRate or DeclinationRate offsets.
- You might see Slewing = False on returning from a slew or MoveAxis() if the operation takes a very short time. If you see False (and not an exception) in this state, you can be certain that the operation completed successfully.

property Telescope.SupportedActions: COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

New in version 3: To replace deprecated CommandBlind, CommandBool, and CommandString with more flexible extension mechanic. See Notes below. Returns the list of custom action names supported by this driver, to be used with Action(),

Returns The list of custom action names supported by this driver

Return type COM: ArrayList of String elements, Alpaca: Array of String

Raises

DriverException – An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Must be implemented, must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException

- This method, combined with Action(), is the supported mechanic for adding non-standard functionality.
- SupportedActions is a "discovery" mechanism that enables clients to know which Actions a device supports without having to exercise the Actions themselves. This mechanism is necessary because there could be people / equipment safety issues if actions are called unexpectedly or out of a defined process sequence. It follows from this that SupportedActions must return names that match the spelling of custom action names exactly, without additional descriptive text. However, returned names may use any casing because the ActionName parameter of Action() is case insensitive.

property Telescope.TargetDeclination: float

(Read/Write) Set or return the declination (degrees, positive North) for the target of an equatorial slew or sync operation. See Notes and Section 4.12.

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If the property is not implemented
- InvalidValueException If the given value is outside the range -90 through 90 degrees.
- InvalidOperationException If the value is read before being set for the first time. See Notes.
- ParkedException If the mount is parked
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

- This is a pre-set target coordinate for SlewToTargetAsync() and SyncToTarget().
- This is set by a call to SlewToCoordinatesAsync() from the Declination parameter of the call.
- Target coordinates are for the current Equatorial System. See Section 4.12.

property Telescope. TargetRightAscension: float

(Read/Write) Set or return the right ascension (hours, positive North) for the target of an equatorial slew or sync operation. See Notes and Section 4.12.

Raises

PropertyNotImplementedException – If the property is not implemented

- InvalidValueException If the given value is outside the range 0 to 24 hours.
- InvalidOperationException If the value is read befor being set for the first time. See Notes.
- ParkedException If the mount is parked
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

- This is a pre-set target coordinate for SlewToTargetAsync() and SyncToTarget().
- This is set by a call to SlewToCoordinatesAsync() from the RightAscension parameter of the call.
- Target coordinates are for the current Equatorial System. See Section 4.12.

property Telescope. Tracking: boolean

(Read/Write) The on/off state of the mount's sidereal tracking drive. See Notes.

Raises

- PropertyNotImplementedException If writing to the property (tracking control) is not implemented (if CanSetTracking is False)
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- ParkedException When Tracking is set True and the telescope is parked (AtPark is True). Introduced in ITelescopeV4
- DriverException An error occurred that is not described by one
 of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in
 the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by
 someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Reading must be implemented and must not throw a PropertyNotImplementedException.

- When tracking is turned on, the mount must use the last selected TrackingRate.
- While tracking at sidereal rate, a mount is holding its Telescope.RightAscension and Telescope.Declination constant. The mount allows the eye camera to stare at a fixed point on the celestial sphere.

property Telescope.TrackingRate: enum DriveRates

(Read/Write) The current (sidereal) tracking rate of the mount, from Telescope.DriveRates. See Notes.

Raises

- InvalidValueException If the value being written is not one of the DriveRates or if the requested rate is not supported by the mount (not all are).
- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If writing to the property (changing tracking rate) is not implemented at all.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Reading the tracking rate must be supported.

property Telescope.TrackingRates: List[DriveRates]

Return a list of supported Telescope. DriveRates values

Raises

- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Note

· At a minimum, this list must contain an item for driveSidereal

property Telescope. UTCDate: datetime

(Read/Write) The UTC date/time of the mount's time source. See Section 4.9

Raises

- InvalidValueException If an illegal datetime value is written to the property.
- InvalidOperationException When UTCDate is read and

the mount cannot provide this property itself and a value has not yet been established by writing to the property.

- **PropertyNotImplementedException** If writing to the property (changing the mount's UTC date-time) is not implemented.
- NotConnectedException If the device is not connected
- **DriverException** An error occurred that is not described by one of the more specific ASCOM exceptions. Include sufficient detail in the message text to enable the issue to be accurately diagnosed by someone other than yourself. Includes communication errors.

Attention!

Reading this property must be implemented.

Note

See Section 4.9

5.12.3 Enumerated Constants

Telescope. Alignment Modes: Integer

The alignment mode (geometry) of the mount. See AlignmentMode.

Symbol	Val	Description
algAltAz	0	Altitude-Azimuth type mount
algPolar	1	Polar (equatorial) mount other than German equatorial
algGermanPolar	2	German equatorial type mount

Telescope. DriveRates: Integer

Well-known mount tracking rates. See TrackingRate.

Symbol	Val	Description
driveSidereal	0	Sidereal tracking rate (15.041 arcseconds per second)
driveLunar	1	Lunar tracking rate (14.685 arcseconds per second)
driveSolar	2	Solar tracking rate (15.0 arcseconds per second)
driveKing	3	King tracking rate (15.0369 arcseconds per second)

Telescope. Equatorial Coordinate Type: Integer

Equatorial coordinate systems used by mounts. See Section 4.12

Symbol	Val	Description	
equOther	0	Custom or unknown equinox and/or reference frame.	
equTopocentric	1	Topocentric coordinates.	
equJ2000	2	J2000 equator/equinox	
equJ2050	3	J2050 equator/equinox	

equB1950	4	B1950 equinox, FK4 reference frame
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Telescope. GuideDirections: Integer

The direction in which a PulseGuide() guide-rate motion is to be made. These are *not* mechanical axes these are directions in the equatorial coordinate system. See the Note below and the Section 4.15

Symbol	Val	Description
guideNorth	0	North (+ declination)
guideSouth	1	South (- declination)
guideEast	2	East (+ right ascension)
guideWest	3	West (- right ascension)

Note

The North/South directions are references to *equatorial* coordinates and must be independent of the pointing state (flip state) of the mount. See Section 4.15

Telescope.PierSide:Integer

The pointing states of mounts. See Section 4.10

Symbol	Val	Description
pierEast	0	Normal pointing state
pierWest	1	Through the pole pointing state
pierUnknown	-1	Unknown or indeterminate

Telescope. TelescopeAxes: Integer

These are the *mechanical* axes of the mount See MoveAxis() and Section 4.11. The direction of rotation (plus or minus) is left undefined and dependent on the mount's mechanical construction. See Notes.

Symbol	Val	Description
axisPrimary	0	Primary mechanical axis
axisSecondary	1	Secondary mechanical axis
axisTertiary	2	Tertiary mechanical axis

- The meaning of primary, secondary, and tertiary axis varies with the mount mechanical geometry. These are not equatorial coordinate axes, they are mechanical axes.
- Typically, Primary may be the right ascension or the azimuth mechanical axis
- Typically Secondary may be the declination or the altitude mechanical axis
- Tertiary may refer to rotation about the optical axis or to some other axis for special geometries.
- The meaning of positive vs negative values as applies to rotation directions about the axes is purposely left undefined. App developers need to provide adaptation to various mount geometries and control systems and their rotation directions. See Section 4.11.



5.13 Exception Classes

The ASCOM interfaces share a set of standard exception classes, including one, DriverException, which may be used flexibly by a driver to indicate various problems, each with a custom driver error code and message.

Note

The exception codes shown here are generic values used by Alpaca or any other environment. For classic ASCOM COM, in the Windows environment, these (16-bit) codes are logically 'or'ed with 0x80040000 (Windows generic user exception). So, for example, the value 0x40B would appear in the COM context as 0x8004040B.

Bases: ASCOM. DeviceInterface

exception ActionNotImplementedException (message: str)

Exception thrown by a driver when it receives an unknown command through the Action method.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x040C (1036)

exception DriverException (number: int, message: str)

Generic driver exception. See note below.

Parameters • number (int) – The error number 0x500-0xFFF. See the info at

the top of this page for specifics in the Windows COM environment. The driver may choose this number for its own purposes.

• **message** (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Note

This is the generic driver exception. Drivers are permitted to directly throw these exceptions. This exception should only be thrown if there is no other more appropriate exception as listed here are already defined. These specific exceptions should be thrown where appropriate rather than using the more generic DriverException. Conform will not accept DriverExceptions where more appropriate exceptions are already defined.

exception InvalidOperationException (message: str)

This exception should be thrown by the driver to reject a command from the client.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x40B (1035)

exception InvalidValueException (message: str)

Exception to report an invalid value supplied to a driver.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction such as the legal range for the value.

Numeric value: 0x401 (1025)

exception MethodNotImplementedException (message: str)

All methods defined by the relevant ASCOM standard interface must exist in each driver. However, those methods do not all have to be *implemented*. The minimum requirement for each defined method is to throw MethodNotImplementedException.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction. At a minimum it must contain the method name.

Numeric value: 0x400 (1024)

Note

For historical reasons, this exception shares the same numeric code as PropertyNotImplementedException.

exception NotConnectedException (message: str)

This exception should be thrown when an operation is attempted that requires communication with the device, but the device is disconnected.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x407 (1031)

This refers to the driver not being connected to the device. It is not for network outages or bad URLs.

exception OperationCancelledException (message: str)

This exception should be thrown to indicate that an (asynchronous) in-progress operation has been cancelled.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x40E (1038)

exception ParkedException (message: str)

This exception should be thrown to indicate that movement (or other invalid operation) was attempted while the device was in a parked state.

Numeric value: 0x408 (1032)

exception PropertyNotImplementedException (message: str)

All properties defined by the relevant ASCOM standard interface must exist in each driver. However, those properties do not all have to be *implemented*. The minimum requirement for each defined property is to throw PropertyNotImplementedException.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction. At a minimum it must contain the property name.

Numeric value: 0x400 (1024)

Note

For historical reasons, this exception shares the same numeric code as MethodNotImplementedException.

exception SlavedException (message: str)

This exception should be used to indicate that movement (or other invalid operation) was attempted while the device was in slaved mode. This applies primarily to Dome drivers.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x409 (1033)

exception ValueNotSetException (message: str)

Exception to report that no value has yet been set for this property.

Parameters message (str) – The textual error message, which should always be informative and useful to help identify and solve the problem. It may

even contain suggestions for correction.

Numeric value: 0x402 (1026)

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