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EXTENDS Integers, Sequences, FiniteSets, TLC
Constants N, FAILNUM
Assume N \leq 5 \land 0 \leq \mathit{FAILNUM} \land \mathit{FAILNUM} \leq 4
Nodes \triangleq 1 \dots N
--algorithm syncCon1
{ variable FailNum = FAILNUM,
             up = [n \in Nodes \mapsto TRUE];
             pt = [n \in Nodes \mapsto 0];
             t = [n \in Nodes \mapsto FALSE];
             d = [n \in Nodes \mapsto -1];
             mb = [n \in Nodes \mapsto \{\}];
  define {
     SetMin(S) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CHOOSE \ i \in S : \forall j \in S : i \leq j
  macro MayBeFail( ) {
     if ( FailNum > 0 \land up[self] ) {
           either {
                     up[self] := false;
                     FailNum := FailNum - 1;
           or skip;
      };
   }
  fair process ( n \in Nodes )
  variable v = 0, pv = 0, Q = \{\};
  P: \mathbf{if} \ (\ up[self] \ ) \ \{
        v := self;
         Q := Nodes;
          while ( up[self] \land Q \neq \{\} ) {
  PS:
             with (p \in Q)
                Node can fail here, such that up[self] will be set to False
                A process can fail anytime during the broadcast
               MayBeFail();
                Pop process p from Q
               Q := Q \setminus \{p\};
               if ( up[self] ) {
                    mb[p] := mb[p] \cup \{v\}; Broadcast value of self to each process if self is up
             } ;
```

- MODULE syncCon1 -

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A node may fail after broadcast
            MayBeFail();
           Increase the number of rounds that are completed if the node is up
            if ( up[self] ) {
                 pt[self] := pt[self] + 1;
             To await, a process must be up and every other process should be on the same round
             Wait for others to move to next round
             If the node is down, exit.
            await (up[self] = FALSE \lor (up[self] \land (\forall i \in Nodes : IF up[i] THEN pt[i] = pt[self] ELSE TRUE)));
  PR:
             Terminate and compute decision if the node is up
            if ( up[self] ) {
                 d[self] := SetMin(mb[self]);
                 t[self] := TRUE;
             }
       } ;
   }
 BEGIN TRANSLATION
VARIABLES FailNum, up, pt, t, d, mb, pc
 define statement
SetMin(S) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CHOOSE \ i \in S : \forall j \in S : i \leq j
Variables v, pv, Q
vars \triangleq \langle FailNum, up, pt, t, d, mb, pc, v, pv, Q \rangle
ProcSet \stackrel{\Delta}{=} (Nodes)
Init \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Global variables
           \wedge FailNum = FAILNUM
           \land up = [n \in Nodes \mapsto TRUE]
           \land pt = [n \in Nodes \mapsto 0]
           \land t = [n \in Nodes \mapsto FALSE]
           \land d = [n \in Nodes \mapsto -1]
           \land mb = [n \in Nodes \mapsto \{\}]
           Process n
           \land v = [self \in Nodes \mapsto 0]
           \land pv = [self \in Nodes \mapsto 0]
          \land \ Q = [self \in Nodes \mapsto \{\}]
          \land pc = [self \in ProcSet \mapsto "P"]
P(self) \triangleq \land pc[self] = "P"
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\wedge IF up[self]
                         THEN \wedge v' = [v \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = self]
                                   \land Q' = [Q \text{ EXCEPT } ![self] = Nodes]
                                  \land pc' = [pc \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = "PS"]
                         ELSE \land pc' = [pc \text{ EXCEPT } ! | self] = \text{"Done"}]
                                   \land Unchanged \langle v, Q \rangle
                 \land UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up, pt, t, d, mb, pv \rangle
PS(self) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \wedge pc[self] = "PS"
                   \land IF up[self] \land Q[self] \neq \{\}
                           THEN \wedge \exists p \in Q[self]:
                                           \wedge IF FailNum > 0 \wedge up[self]
                                                   THEN \wedge \vee \wedge up' = [up \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = \text{FALSE}]
                                                                    \wedge FailNum' = FailNum - 1
                                                                \lor \land TRUE
                                                                    \land UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up \rangle
                                                   ELSE \land TRUE
                                                             \land UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up \rangle
                                           \wedge Q' = [Q \text{ EXCEPT } ![self] = Q[self] \setminus \{p\}]
                                           \wedge IF up'[self]
                                                   THEN \wedge mb' = [mb \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = mb[p] \cup \{v[self]\}]
                                                   ELSE \land TRUE
                                                             \wedge mb' = mb
                                     \land pc' = [pc \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = "PS"]
                                     \wedge pt' = pt
                           ELSE \wedge IF FailNum > 0 \wedge up[self]
                                             THEN \land \lor \land up' = [up \ \text{EXCEPT} \ ![self] = \text{FALSE}]
                                                              \wedge FailNum' = FailNum - 1
                                                          \vee \wedge \text{True}
                                                             \land UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up \rangle
                                             ELSE \land TRUE
                                                      \wedge UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up \rangle
                                     \wedge IF up'[self]
                                             THEN \wedge pt' = [pt \text{ EXCEPT } ![self] = pt[self] + 1]
                                             ELSE \land TRUE
                                                      \wedge pt' = pt
                                     \land pc' = [pc \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = "PR"]
                                     \land UNCHANGED \langle mb, Q \rangle
                   \land UNCHANGED \langle t, d, v, pv \rangle
PR(self) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \wedge pc[self] = "PR"
                   \land (up[self] = \text{False} \lor (up[self] \land (\forall i \in Nodes : \text{If } up[i] \text{ Then } pt[i] = pt[self] \text{ else } \text{true})))
                   \wedge IF up[self]
                           THEN \wedge d' = [d \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = SetMin(mb[self])]
                                     \wedge t' = [t \text{ EXCEPT } ! [self] = \text{TRUE}]
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ELSE \land TRUE \land UNCHANGED \langle t, d \rangle \land pc' = [pc \text{ EXCEPT }![self] = \text{"Done"}] \land UNCHANGED \langle FailNum, up, pt, mb, v, pv, Q \rangle n(self) \triangleq P(self) \lor PS(self) \lor PR(self) Next \triangleq (\exists self \in Nodes : n(self)) \lor Disjunct to prevent deadlock on termination ((\forall self \in ProcSet : pc[self] = \text{"Done"}) \land \text{UNCHANGED } vars) Spec \triangleq \land Init \land \Box[Next]_{vars} \land \forall self \in Nodes : \text{WF}_{vars}(n(self)) Agreement invariant The nodes that have terminated (up nodes) have the same decision values Agreement \triangleq \forall i \in Nodes : \forall j \in Nodes : \text{IF } t[i] \land t[j] \text{ THEN } d[i] = d[j] \text{ ELSE } \text{ TRUE}
```

Termination property

If the node is up, it has terminated (its t is true) otherwise it has not terminated

Termination $\stackrel{\triangle}{=} \diamondsuit(\forall i \in Nodes : \text{IF } up[i] \text{ THEN } t[i] = \text{TRUE ELSE } t[i] = \text{FALSE})$

END TRANSLATION

END TRANSLATION

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Explanation: Agreement Property: The nodes that have terminated (up nodes) have the same decision values

- The agreement property is satisfied when FAILNUM = 0

We take 3 Nodes in the system and check for FAILNUM = 1 ie 1 node crashes out of the 3 nodes. In this scenario the final state at which the Agreement Invariant is violated is:

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\begin{split} & \wedge \mathit{FailNum} = 0 \\ & \wedge \mathit{Q} = \langle \{3\}, \, \{\}, \, \{\} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{d} = \langle -1, \, 1, \, 2 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{mb} = \langle \{2, \, 3\}, \, \{1, \, 2, \, 3\}, \, \{2, \, 3\} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pc} = \langle \text{"PS"}, \text{"Done"}, \text{"Done"} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pt} = \langle 0, \, 1, \, 1 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pv} = \langle 0, \, 0, \, 0 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{t} = \langle \text{False}, \, \text{True}, \, \text{true} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{up} = \langle \text{False}, \, \text{true}, \, \text{true} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{v} = \langle 1, \, 2, \, 3 \rangle \end{split}
```

- 1. In this scenario, when Node 1 fails, it was able to broadcast its value to Node 2 but not to Node 3.
- 2. Node 2 $terminates(t=\mathtt{TRUE})$ with minimum value 1, which was sent by Node 1 (its decision is 1).
- 3. Node 3 terminates(t = TRUE) with minimum value 2 (its decision is 2).
- $4. \ \, {\rm Since\ both\ have\ different\ decision\ values\ at\ termination,\ it\ violates\ the\ \it Agreement\ property.}$
- 5. Note that Node 1 fails, and we do not set its t[1] to TRUE. It remains FALSE as initially set. The decision of the crashed node is not taken into consideration.

Nodes: 3 and Crash: 2

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\begin{split} & \wedge \mathit{FailNum} = 1 \\ & \wedge \mathit{Q} = \langle \{3\}, \, \{\}, \, \{\} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{d} = \langle -1, \, 1, \, 2 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{mb} = \langle \{2, \, 3\}, \, \{1, \, 2, \, 3\}, \, \{2, \, 3\} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pc} = \langle \text{"PS"}, \, \text{"Done"}, \, \text{"Done"} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pt} = \langle 0, \, 1, \, 1 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{pv} = \langle 0, \, 0, \, 0 \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{t} = \langle \text{FALSE}, \, \text{TRUE}, \, \text{TRUE} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{up} = \langle \text{FALSE}, \, \text{TRUE}, \, \text{TRUE} \rangle \\ & \wedge \mathit{v} = \langle 1, \, 2, \, 3 \rangle \end{split}
```