



# KPI Metrics Configuration Guide

## An Open Source Asset for use with TIBCO® Data Virtualization

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<b>Project Name</b>	AS Assets KPI Metrics
<b>Document Location</b>	This document is only valid on the day it was printed. The source of the document will be found in the ASAssets_KPI folder ( <a href="https://github.com/TIBCOSoftware">https://github.com/TIBCOSoftware</a> )
<b>Purpose</b>	Self-paced instructional



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## Revision History

Version	Date	Author	Comments
1.0	Oct 2012	Manny Bhatia	Initial revision
1.4	Nov 2012	Matthew Lee	Minor updates to deployment language to clarify steps
1.5	Nov 2012	Matthew Lee	Revised setup and configuration steps for clarification
1.6	Sep 2013	Matthew Lee	Revised document for KPI metrics version 2.0
1.7	Jan 2014	Matthew Lee	Migrated to Cisco documentation standards
1.8	Aug 2017	Mike Tinius	Upgraded to work with Data Virtualization metrics with Postgres. Add-on to DV metrics capability.
1.9 – 2017.4	Dec 2017	Mike Tinius	Add additional capabilities and migrated to Tibco documentation standards
2018.1	March 2018	Mike Tinius	Optimization of Oracle and SQL Server views to achieve better push-down. Improved installation scripts.
2018.101	March 30 2018	Mike Tinius	Fixed an issue with the installation scripts. Added KPI metrics_worksheet.xlsx.
2018.102	April 23 2018	Mike Tinius	Added ldap and metrics history "userkey" field to allow normalization of the join key. Fixed an issue with CPU MemChecker.
2018.103	May 2 2018	Mike Tinius	Modified data transfer procedure. Added column CURRENT_OPERATION to METRICS_JOB_DETAILS table. Deprecated cache_status and cache_tracking usage.
2018.3	Sep 18 2018	Mike Tinius	Modified to allow datasource names in the format of KPI_oracle_11g, KPI_oracle_12c, KPI_sqlserver_2012 or KPI_sqlserver_2014 in order to allow for adding a datasource. Modified sqlParserV1_2 to allow for parallel processing of SQL when a cluster is present. A node can process rows other than its own rows when it has no work to do. Modified tables: METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES, METRICS_SQL_REQUEST Added tables: METRICS_SQL_CONTROL, METRICS_SQL_CONTROL_LOG Modified the native SQL data transfer script to use stage tables resulting in only inserts to the history tables to improve efficiency. Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPI metrics/Business/Logical/metrics *_hist views to use where starttime > TO_TIMESTAMP('1900-01-01 00:00:00.000') to force the use of parallel queries.
2018.301	Oct 2 2018	Mike Tinius	Modified parseSqlScriptComplex and parseSqlScriptTemplate to change template select from SELECT DISTINCT to SELECT TOP 1 to make it more efficient.
2018.302	Oct 12 2018	Mike Tinius	Fixed a collection table row volume problem by adding an independent delete trigger for the collection tables: metrics_requests and metrics_resources_usage.
2018.400	Dec 1 2018	Mike Tinius	Added processing for SQL request datasource lineage thus allowing reporting on what physical data source resources are related to which published resources. Requires Utilities 2018Q4.
2018.401	Dec 3 2018	Mike Tinius	Removed all reference and processing for METRICS_RESOURCES_USAGE_UD. This is essentially a copy of metrics_resources_usage_hist where resourcekind='user defined'. This is a simplification.
2019.100	Jan 7 2019	Mike Tinius	Fixed installation script. Added "domainkey" to METRICS_LDAP_PERSON and history tables to qualify the "user". The same user can be in multiple domains.
2019.101	Jan 30 2019	Mike Tinius	Added support for DV 8.0 as the out-of-the-box metrics tables [metrics_requests and metrics_sessions] added user, domain and

			group. KPI installation automatically checks for DV version 7.0 or 8.0 and executes the appropriate scripts to install KPImetrics.
2019.102	Mar 12 2019	Mike Tinius	Added upgrade scripts. Added "group" to metrics_requests and metrics_sessions for 7.0 to bring up to par with 8.0.
2019.200	Jun 17 2019	Mike Tinius	Migrated several procedures to the Utilities. Requires Utilities 2019Q200. Put explicit BEGIN/END blocks around updates in pPurgeData. sqlParserV1_2 - Converted all VECTORS to XML as VECTOR parameters has been associated with memory leaks.
2019.300	August 5 2019	Mike Tinius	Fixed bug where pRebuildIndexes fails. Fixed with admin interface invocation. Added trigger kpimetricsTrig_24_ValidateUpdateStatusTables. Added procedure pValidateUpdateStatusTables.
2019.301	August 31 2019	Mike Tinius	Added KPI Metadata feature for capturing resource metadata and reporting. Fixed various bugs.
2019.400	October 24 2019	Mike Tinius	Fixed bugs with installation and SQL Server and Oracle DDL scripts.
2019.401	November 6, 2019	Mike Tinius	Various Metadata capability changes.
2019.402	December 23, 2019	Mike Tinius	Better debug and error handling. Data transfer script batching. Upgrade script modifications. Consolidated all customizable resources into /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize.
2020.100	January 23, 2020	Mike Tinius	Created a data dictionary document "KPImetrics Data Dictionary v1.1.pdf". Added transaction blocks in pPARTITION_MANAGER_exec, pqPartition_metrics_history_tables_ADD, and pqPartition_metrics_history_tables_DROP
2020.101	February 25, 2020	Mike Tinius	KPI Metadata improvements. Purge concurrency improvements.
2020.200	March 12, 2020	Mike Tinius	Includes 2020.102 + Requires Utilities 2020Q200 to synchronize with migrated utilities required by KPImetrics.
2020.201	April 6, 2020	Mike Tinius	Cluster bug fixes. Metadata bug fixes.
2020.202	May 26 2020	Mike Tinius	Removed Archive views by adding partitioning to hold current and history in the same table. Supporting SQL Server 2016 or higher.
2020.203	June 25 2020	Mike Tinius	Converted all tables to daily/interval partitioning in order to eliminated delete statements and have one consistent partitioning strategy across metadata tables and metrics tables. Changed monthly to daily for metrics history tables
2020.300	Aug 17 2020	Mike Tinius	Fixed Oracle install issue w/ 32 char resource limit. Enhanced pCheckLongRunningRequests to only send 1 email per event and don't resend.
2020.301	Aug 28 2020	Mike Tinius	Fixed Installation process. Added support for Oracle 19c and SQL Server 2019.

## Related Documents

Name	Version
How To Use Utilities.pdf	2020Q202
KPImetrics Overview.pdf	2020Q201
KPI Metrics Overview.pptx	2020Q203
KPImetadata Configuration Guide vX.Y.pdf	2020Q202
KPImetrics Data Dictionary vX.Y.pdf	2020Q203

## Supported Versions

Name	Version
TIBCO® Data Virtualization	7.0.8 or later
AS Assets Utilities open source	2020Q202 or later

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# 1 Introduction

## Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance on how install, monitor and use the AS Assets KPI Metrics.

## Audience

This document is intended to provide guidance for the following users:

- Data Virtualization Administrators – provides a guide for installation.
- Architects – provides the KPImetrics architecture.
- Data professionals – provides background on the published views and usage.
- Operations users – provides insight into triggers and procedures that are executed.
- Project Managers – provides general information on KPImetrics.

## References

Product references are shown below. Any references to CIS or DV refer to the current TIBCO® Data Virtualization.

- TIBCO® Data Virtualization was formerly known as
  - Cisco Data Virtualization (DV)
  - Composite Information Server (CIS)

## Overview

Please review the document “**KPImetrics Overview.pdf**”.



## 2 Requirements

The following requirements and pre-requisites must be met:

- **Minimum of Data Virtualization (DV) 7.0.8.00 HF01** is recommended as there have been DV Metrics bug fixes.
- TIBCO Open Source **ASAssets Utilities\_2020Q202.zip** is required as a baseline. However, it is recommended to download whatever the “**latest release**” is. Follow the instructions within the zip file for installation.
- Use **KPImetrics worksheet.xlsx** as a way to gather the required information for installation.
- Acquire the LDAP connection information and credentials that will be used to setup the KPImetrics LDAP data source.
- A DV admin user will be created at installation time as “metrics\_app\_id@composite” so that resource ownership can be assigned to all /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics and /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics. Required for metrics data filter deletion.
  - Upon create the user studio rights are set as follows: ACCESS\_TOOLS, READ\_ALL\_CONFIG, READ\_ALL\_RESOURCES, READ\_ALL\_STATUS, READ\_ALL\_USERS, MODIFY\_ALL\_CONFIG, MODIFY\_ALL\_RESOURCES
    - MODIFY\_ALL\_CONFIG and MODIFY\_ALL\_RESOURCES are required for Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES to read row-based security and column-based security metadata.
- Database Requirements
  - A database is required for each TDV environment. A TDV cluster will share a single database. The application configuration does not support mixing environments in the same database.
  - Do not create environment names in the name of the database (catalog) or schema. This thwarts portability of code and ease-of-configuration when migrating the code to the next environment. Keep the names simple like DVKPI.

- Oracle 11g, 12c or later (recommended due to better push-down capabilities)
  - Requires partitioning.
- SQL Server 2016 or higher or SQL Server Azure
  - Requires partitioning + syntax: truncate table <t> with(partitions(n))
  - ***Previous implementations of KPI metrics using SQL Server 2012/2014 must migrate their database to SQL Server 2016.***
- **Data retention:** The amount of time to retain the data before purging. The period suggestions are as follows:
  - Lower-level environments (LLE) – 120 days for LLE.
  - Production (PROD) – 366 days in production PROD.
    - All metrics tables and metadata tables use a 366-day interval partitioning strategy so it can be up to 366 days of retention and uses a sliding window where partitions are truncated but not dropped.
- **Storage:** Minimum of 100 GB to start with and be prepared to grow.
  - **Oracle Tablespaces:**
    - Logging: The objective is to keep logging to a minimum especially in LLE. As described below the collection tables [METRICS\_DATA\_COLL] should always be configured for NOLOGGING in all environments.
    - Tablespace=METRICS\_DATA\_COLL
      - This will contain the DV metrics collection tables [metrics\_sessions, metrics\_requests, metrics\_resources\_usage]
      - Configured to be a **NOLOGGING** tablespace so that it is more efficient for providing insert/delete operations every 2 hours without impacting performance. Rows will be transferred via to the history tables which are stored in the tablespace METRICS\_DATA\_HIST.
      - Initial 20 GB
    - Tablespace=METRICS\_DATA\_HIST
      - This will contain the KPI metrics tables.
      - Configured with logging and large enough to hold 100 GB and grow as needed.

- Initial 40 GB
- Tablespace=METRICS\_DATA\_IDX
  - This will contain the KPI metrics indexes.
  - Configured with logging and large enough to hold 100 GB and grow as needed.
  - Initial 40 GB
- **SQL Server File Groups:**
  - Logging: The objective is to keep logging to a minimum especially in LLE. For LLE environments the database should be set to “Recovery mode”=SIMPLE.
  - Filegroup=METRICS\_DATA\_COLL
    - This will contain the DV metrics collection tables [metrics\_sessions, metrics\_requests, metrics\_resources\_usage]
    - Data will be processed every 2 hours. Rows will be transferred via to the history tables which are stored in the tablespace METRICS\_DATA.
    - Initial 20 GB
  - Filegroup=METRICS\_DATA\_HIST
    - This will contain the KPI metrics tables.
    - Configured with logging and large enough to hold 100 GB and grow as needed.
    - Initial 40 GB
  - Filegroup=METRICS\_DATA\_IDX
    - This will contain the KPI metrics indexes.
    - Configured with logging and large enough to hold 100 GB and grow as needed.
    - Initial 40 GB
- **Database and schema:** A separate database for each environment is required. This is due to the “intensity” of collection and the amount of data that gets collected. Additionally, it makes it easier to migrate the TDV code from one environment to the next when upgrades are required.
  - A database schema is required for each TDV environment to store the Metrics data for a period of time specified by the user. **KPI metrics cannot support 2 or more different TDV environment instances in the same schema.** For a TDV cluster, the same database schema “must” be used.

- It is highly recommended to use the same catalog (dbname) and shema for each environment to make TDV code migration easier.
- Recommended schema (user) or **database name=DVKPI**
- **Oracle Privileges:** Must be granted privileges for the schema user:
  - SELECT/INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE TABLE
  - CREATE/DROP/ALTER TABLE
  - CREATE/DROP/ALTER INDEX
  - EXECUTE/CREATE/DROP PROCEDURE
  - SELECT/CREATE/DROP SEQUENCE
  - Oracle specific:
    - CREATE/ALTER SESSION
    - RESOURCE
    - EXECUTE SYS.DBMS\_STATS.GATHER\_TABLE\_STATS
    - CREATE/DROP/ALTER PARTITION
      - ALTER TABLE ADD PARTITION
      - ALTER TABLE DROP PARTITION
    - SELECT SYS.ALL\_TAB\_PARTITIONS
- **SQL Server Privileges:** Must be granted privileges for the schema user:
  - Option 1 – General access to the DV KPImetrics DB user:
    - Give the SQL Server user “dbadmin” +  
`GRANT EXECUTE ON SCHEMA::<[<schema>] TO <username>`
  - Option 2 – Granular privileges:
    - SELECT/INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE TABLE
    - CREATE/DROP/ALTER TABLE
    - CREATE/DROP/ALTER INDEX
    - EXECUTE/CREATE/DROP PROCEDURE
    - SELECT/CREATE/DROP SEQUENCE
    - SQL Server specific:
    - UPDATE STATISTICS
    - CREATE/DROP/ALTER PARTITION
      - CREATE PARTITION FUNCTION
      - CREATE PARTITION SCHEME
      - ALTER TABLE SWITCH PARTITION
      - ALTER PARTITION SCHEME [NEXT USED]
      - ALTER PARTITION FUNCTION [SPLIT RANGE | MERGE RANGE]
      - TRUNCATE TABLE
      - requires 2016: TRUNCATE TABLE [WITH(PARTITIONS(n))]
  - Partition Query:

- `SELECT sys.tables, sys.indexes, sys.partition_schemes, sys.partition_functions, sys.partitions, sys.partition_range_values`

- **Oracle Tuning:**

- Increase the archiver timeout to 2 hours for each process.
- Increase the deletion of the archive logs to 1 hour if errors start occurring referencing rollback segments or archive space issues.
- Increase the UNDO tablespace to 50 GB or higher if errors start occurring regarding rollback segment too old.
- Calibrate the I/O (`dbms_resource_manager.calibrate_io`).

## 3 New Installation and Configuration

### Supported Database Platforms

The majority of metrics discussed in the previous sections are generated using custom aggregation procedures. Because DV does not retain the system metrics data needed to generate KPImetrics data long enough for historical reporting, the KPImetrics module must store this cached data to a dedicated database in order to retain the generated results.

The KPImetrics module supports the following database platforms at this time as incremental caching targets.

- Oracle 11g, 12c or later (recommended due to better push-down capabilities)
- SQL Server 2016 or higher or SQL Server Azure
  - ***Previous implementations of KPImetrics using SQL Server 2012/2014 must migrate their database to SQL Server 2016.***

Support for additional platforms would require customization of the KPImetrics module by a professional services consultant. Please contact TIBCO's professional service group for details.

*Please note that it is strongly recommended that the database chosen to cache KPImetrics data have case sensitivity and ignore trailing space settings that match your DV server to maximize query pushdowns in order to minimize the amount of additional load the KPImetrics module adds to your DV environment.*

### Installing KPImetrics

#### Turn off DV metrics

Turn off DV metrics if it is running.

1. Use DV Studio and open /policy/metrics under the root folder at the bottom of Studio
2. If metrics is "enabled", uncheck the box to turn it off.

#### Download and Import the KPImetrics components to your DV instance

Deploy the KPImetrics components to your DV instance in order to use the KPImetrics module.

3. **Download** the latest ASAssets Utilities and KPImetrics from the TIBCO Open Source GitHub site
  - a. Utilities: [Utilities\\_2020Q202.zip](#) or later

- i. Follow the Utilities documentation “[How To Use Utilities.pdf](#)” for installation. Do this first.
  - 1. Create the ASAssets published datasource if it does not exist:  
/services/databases/ASAssets
  - 2. Right-click on Desktop (admin) and Import Utilities\_2020Q202.car
- b. KPImetrics: [KPImetrics\\_2020Q300.zip](#) or later
  - i. KPImetrics\_YYYYQnnn\_installation.car
  - ii. KPImetrics\_YYYYQnnn.car
  - iii. KPImetrics Configuration Guide vx.y.pdf
  - iv. KPImetadata Configuration Guide vx.y.pdf
  - v. KPImetrics\_Table\_Relationship\_Diagram.pptx
  - vi. KPImetrics Overview.pdf
  - vii. KPImetrics\_worksheet.xlsx
  - viii. KPImetrics\_scripts directory

If **upgrading** an existing KPImetrics installation

1. **Proceed to Section 4 “Upgrading KPImetrics”**

If **migrating** a newly configured installation to the next environment

1. **Proceed to Section 5 “Migrating a new KPImetrics Installation”**

If **new installation**, complete the following steps to configure the KPImetrics components:

2. **Login to DV Studio as “admin”**
  - a. All configuration operations should be completed as DV “admin”.
3. **Import KPImetrics Installation CAR file:**
  - a. In the Studio left resource panel tree, right click on “Desktop (admin)” or the root folder (/) icon and select Import.
  - b. Import the file [KPImetrics\\_YYYYQnnn\\_installation.car](#) with the [overwrite checkbox enabled](#). The folders /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation and should appear after the import completes.
4. **Import KPImetrics CAR File:**
  - a. In the Studio left resource panel tree, right click on “Desktop (admin)” or the root folder (/) icon and select Import.
  - b. Import the file [KPImetrics\\_YYYYQnnn.car](#) with the [overwrite checkbox enabled](#). The folders /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics and /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics appear after the import completes.
  - c. Don’t worry about any red-impacted resources. Installation will resolve those.

## Configuration Overview

The following is an overview of resources to be configured prior to post-installation execution.

Recommended approach: Use **KPImetrics worksheet.xlsx** as a way to gather the required information for this section.

1. [Configure KPImetrics Data Source](#)
2. [Configure DV Email](#)
3. [Configure Common Values Procedure](#)
4. [Configure KPIMetrics Job Lookup Tables](#)
5. [Configure KPImetrics Triggers](#)
6. [Deploy CPU and Memory Checker shell scripts \(Windows or UNIX\)](#)
7. [Configure Data Source Capabilities File](#)
8. [Configure LDAP](#)
9. [Configure Metadata](#)

### [1.] Configure the KPImetrics data source

The KPImetrics module makes use of several custom tables to store logging and metrics data. You must configure a data source connection in order to view KPImetrics data.

1. **Configure KPImetrics data source:**
  - a. Locate and configure the appropriate data source for your KPImetrics database.
    - i. **NOTE:** The recommended user is DVKPI but any user will work fine.
    - ii. **Oracle: Recommended schema (user)=DVKPI**
      1. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_11g
      2. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_12c
    - iii. **SQL Server: Recommended database name=DVKPI**
      1. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_2016
    - iv. **OPTIONAL – TDV 8.3 ONLY**
      1. If Oracle 19c or SQL Server 2019 data source is to be used then install the appropriate adapter jar files into the /conf/adapters/system folder and restart the server
      2. Import Oracle 19c or SQL Server 2019 data source depending on the requirements using the car files found in the KPImetrics installation folder:
        - a. KPImetrics\_2020Q301\_TDV8.3\_oracle\_19c.car
        - b. KPImetrics\_2020Q301\_TDV8.3\_sqlserver\_2019.car
  - b. **Enable** the data source that is required.
  - c. Test the connection to make sure it is working properly.



- d. Disable the data sources not being used.
- e. If you used a schema name or database name different than DVKPI, the post installation script will automatically take care of this.

## [2.] Configuration Parameters

### 1. Configure DV email: Used to send alerts and notifications

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → E-mail
  - i. From Address
  - ii. SMTP Host Name
  - iii. SMPT Port
  - iv. If required, provide user name and password
- b. Test sending an email using /lib/util/SendEMail
  - i. Do not put anything in the “from” address. Leave blank.
  - ii. Populate the following:
    - “to”=<your email>
    - 1. “subject”=test
    - 2. “contentType”=TEXT\_PLAIN
    - 3. “content”=test

### 2. Configure Weight of Time Keeper

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → Cluster → Cluster trigger distribution
  - i. Weight of time keeper: 0
    - 1. Set this if time keeper needs special weight in weighted round robin trigger distribution. For most use cases this value need not be set.
    - 2. Set to 0 so that the timekeeper node does “not” participate in executing the triggers.

### 3. Configure Long Running Processes (Request Run Time)

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Events and Logging → Event Generation → Request Events → Request Run Time
  - i. This controls the period of time after which a request is considered to be long-running, resulting in the generation of a RequestRunForTooLong event, if request events are enabled. A value of 0 disables this feature.
  - ii. Typical value is 60 minutes.
  - iii. This event executes this trigger:
    - kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests

#### 4. Postgres Repository Pool Settings

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → Repository Database → Connection Pools
  - i. System Pool
    1. Pool Maximum Size (On Server Restart): 200
    2. Default=50
    3. Maximum number of internal database connections opened for use by the Server metadata sub-system. Note that this number must be greater than the "Minimum". This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.
  - ii. System Table Pool
    1. Pool Maximum Size (On Server Restart): 200
    2. Default=50
    3. Maximum number of internal database connections opened for client access to system tables. Note that this number must be greater than the "Minimum". This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.

#### 5. For Microsoft SQL Server Data source target only

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Data Sources → MS SQL Server Sources
  - i. Microsoft BCP utility path: The path on the TDV server where Microsoft BCP is installed.
    1. Default=<not set>
    2. The absolute file path of the Microsoft BCP utility. This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.
  - ii. Column Delimiter: |~|
    1. Default=<not set>
    2. The column delimiter character to be used for the BCP utility while loading data. If not defined, the value in Configuration > Data Sources > Common to Multiple Source Types > Data Sources Data Transfer > Column Delimiter will be used.
    3. If SQL Server and BCP is configured, use "|~|" for the "MS SQL Server Sources" "Column Delimiter" instead of just a "|" symbol. This is because the data will contain pipe symbols "|". The "|~|" makes the delimiter more unique where the data should not contain this pattern. Search for "Column Delimiter" in Administration → Configuration.
- b. Select Administration → Configuration → Data Sources → Common to Multiple Source Types

- i. Data Sources Data Transfer → Buffer Flush Threshold. The minimum value is 1000. Change to 50000
- ii. Default Commit Row Limit: Change to 50000
- c. Enable Native Loading on the datasource
  - i. Open KPI\_sqlserver\_2016
    - 1. Click on the “Advanced” tab
    - 2. Enable Native Data Loading and save the datasource.

☒ Enable Native Data Loading

### [3.] Configure Common Values

The KPImetrics module uses several constant values that are set in the procedure /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/**commonValues**. You will need to update some of these constants with values for your environment to ensure that KPImetrics functions correctly. Update the following minimum values for operation.

#### 1. Configure Common Values:

- a. Open the procedure /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/commonValues and modify the following properties:
- d. **cisServerNickname** – Configure with the DV server nickname for the instance of DV. E.g. DEV1, SIT1, UAT1, PROD1. This is used in email notifications to alert you of issues. You determine what your environment nicknames are. Be consistent. Each DV server environment must be unique. For a DV cluster, each node in the cluster will have the same nickname as it describes the environment and not the node.
  - i. UNIX (Linux 7): '\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux7.sh'
- e. **Data Source Configuration:**
  - i. **dataSourceName** – Provide the name of the data source used to store KPImetrics data. Valid values are KPI\_oracle\_11g, KPI\_oracle\_12c, KPI\_sqlserver\_2016
  - ii. **dataSourceCatalog** – Identifies the data source catalog name if applicable [SQL Server]. Set to null if not applicable.
  - iii. **dataSourceSchema** – Identifies the data source schema name [Oracle, SQL Server].
  - iv. **collectionTablespaceName** – Identifies the Metrics collection tablespace name which will contain the DV out-of-the-box metrics tables. To use the default tablespace or no tablespace set this value to NULL. You should have already created a tablespace (with no logging if Oracle) or a filegroup if SQL Server.
  - v. **historyTablespaceName** – Identifies the Metrics history tablespace name which will contain all of the history and reporting tables. To use the default tablespace or no tablespace set this value to NULL. You

should have already created a tablespace or a filegroup if SQL Server.

- vi. **indexTablespaceName** – Identifies the Index tablespace name which will contain the indexes for the history tables. To use the default tablespace or no tablespace set this value to NULL. You should have already created a tablespace or a filegroup if SQL Server.
- vii. **historyTableCompression** – Identifies the type of compression that is allowed for the history tables [metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist]. Applied on table creation only.
  - 1. Oracle:
    - a. NOCOMPRESS - used for an Oracle database that does not support compression
    - b. COMPRESS FOR QUERY HIGH - used for an Oracle Exadata platform.
    - c. COMPRESS - basic compression.
  - 2. SQL Server: parameters is ignored and should be set to null
- f. **Cluster Awareness Configuration:**
  - i. The following variables are used to designate a dedicated time keeper host and port. None of the ClusterSafeCache procedures should be executed on a dedicated time keeper node because general processing and work is never routed to this node. It's only job in the cluster is to service triggers and perform deployments. However, rule #4 is the exception to this recommendation. Execute the following procedure on the "dedicated" time keeper node to get the hostname and port:  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pGet SystemInformation
  - ii. Rules:
    - 1. SINGLE NODE: Set the hostname and port to null when this environment is a single node and not a cluster.
    - 2. CLUSTER NO TIMEKEEPER: Set the hostname and port to null when this environment is a cluster and any node in the cluster may be the timekeeper and all nodes do work.
    - 3. CLUSTER WITH TIMEKEEPER: Set the hostname and port to the the dedicated timekeeper node and port when the environment is a cluster and the node has been dedicated as a timekeeper and does not do work.
    - 4. CLUSTER WITH TIMEKEEPER CAPTURE: Set the hostname and port to null when the environment is a cluster and metadata should be captured for the timekeeper even though it is dedicated and does not perform work. Note: Using this option will require running the KPImetrics procedures on this node thus requiring it do work.

- iii. **dedicatedTimeKeeperHostname** – dedicated time keeper host
- iv. **dedicatedTimeKeeperPort** – dedicated time keeper port.
- v. **totalNumberWorkerNodes** – designates the total number of worker nodes used for processing.
- vi. Rules:
  - 1. SINGLE NODE: Single node (stand-alone) environment. No cluster. The total should be the default of 1. Example: `totalNumberWorkerNodes=1`
  - 2. CLUSTER NO TIMEKEEPER: Cluster environment with NO "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes in the cluster. Example: a 3-node cluster with NO dedicated timekeeper. `totalNumberWorkerNodes=3`
  - 3. CLUSTER WITH TIMEKEEPER: Cluster environment with a "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes minus 1. Example: a 3-node cluster with a dedicated timekeeper. `totalNumberWorkerNodes=2`
  - 4. CLUSTER WITH TIMEKEEPER CAPTURE: Cluster environment with a "dedicated" timekeeper where KPImetrics runs on the timekeeper node to capture metrics and metadata. The total is the total number of nodes in the cluster. Example: a 3-node cluster with a dedicated timekeeper. `totalNumberWorkerNodes=3`

**g. Purge History and Partitioning:**

- i. This is used to purge various tables. A valid value must be between 1 day and 366 days. Anything else will throw an exception. For example, 4 months of data would be 120 days. One year of data would be 366 days. The exception the above rule is `purgeMetadata`. Due to the incredible amount of data that it collects, it should be tuned down do more like 30 days or less.
- ii. The procedures "pPurgeData" or "Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES" will always purge the current day prior to loading new data. The amount of data is always the current day + the history. To keep 3 days would be the current day - 2 days of history. Example: To keep 3 days of metadata the value will be 3. The other partitions will be truncated as per the formula: [`startDate=CURRENT_TIMESTAMP`  
`endDate=DATEADD('day', (366-3), CURRENT_TIMESTAMP)`]. The `startDate` and `endDate` are passed into the `P_METADATA_TRUNCATE_PARTITION` function. All partitions are truncated from the current day until -3 days from current day within the 366-interval partitioning scheme. Therefore, there are 3 total days of data available to query.
- iii. **purgeWorkflowData** – purge workflow, control and log tables.
  - 1. Purge tables: `METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW`, `METRICS_JOB_DETAILS`,

- METRICS\_EVENT\_REG\_LOG, METRICS\_EVENT\_REG\_LOG\_LINEAGE, METRICS\_JOB\_DELETE\_CHECK, METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL\_LOG
    - 2. Rule executed by .../Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData().
  - iv. **purgeSQLRequests** – purge SQL requests and lineage tables.
    - 1. Purge tables: METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST, METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE, METRICS\_SQL\_COLUMNS, METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
    - 2. Rule executed by .../Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData().
  - v. **purgeResourceUsage** – purge the resource usage tables.
    - 1. Purge tables: METRICS\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES, METRICS\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER, METRICS\_LOG\_DISK, METRICS\_LOG\_IO, METRICS\_LOG\_MEMORY, METRICS\_SYS\_CACHES, METRICS\_SYS\_DATASOURCES, METRICS\_ACR\_ABUOT, METRICS\_ACR\_AROPOT, METRICS\_ACR\_RCD, METRICS\_ACR\_RCT
    - 2. Rule executed by .../Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData().
  - vi. **purgeHistory** – purge the metrics history tables.
    - 1. Purge tables: metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist
    - 2. Rule executed by .../Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData().
  - vii. **purgeMetadata** – purge the metadata tables.
    - 1. Purge tables: All METADATA\_% tables.
    - 2. Rule executed by .../Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES().
  - viii. **partitionStartDate** – *[required]* Identifies the starting date for the partitioning scheme in the format 'YYYY-MM-DD'.
    - 1. If the partition format is not correct and it cannot be cast to a DATE then an error is thrown. This should be the first day of the month in which metrics are turned on and capturing data.
    - 2. If metrics have been previously turned on and have been capturing data for a while then use the first of the month of the date they were turned on. Execute the following query against the current metrics table to determine the date: `select min(starttime) starttime from metrics_requests`
- h. **Email Configuration:**
  - i. **replyTo** – Provide a single email as a reply to.
  - ii. **sendTo** – Provide the comma separated list of email address to send notifications to. This setting is used as a fall back if there are no METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION rows configured and, in the event, that the database is completely down. Note: You must configure email in DV.
- i. **CPU and Memory Checker:**
  - i. **CpuCheckerCommandPath** – Determine which script format to use based on your installation environment.
    - 1. The following section stores CPU and memory checker default values for WINDOWS and UNIX. The following are the command line execution statements:
    - 2. CPU Utilization - processor time percentage

3. Windows 10: 'powershell.exe -file  
"\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1"'
4. UNIX (Linux 6):  
'\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux6.sh'
5. UNIX (Linux 7):  
'\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux7.sh'

ii. **memoryCheckerCommandPath** – Determine which script format to use based on your installation environment.

1. Memory Utilization - Memory used and memory available
2. Windows 10: 'powershell.exe -file  
"\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1"'
3. UNIX (Linux 6): '\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux6.sh'
4. UNIX (Linux 7): '\$DV\_HOME/bin/KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux7.sh'

- j. **dataTransferBatchInsertMax** – Identifies the insert batch maximum number for the P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES data transfer procedure. This identifies the insert batch size commit when transferring data from the metrics\_requests collection table into the metrics\_requests\_stg stage table. For SQL Server, this value governs inserts into all 3 staging tables. Note: This is currently implemented for Oracle and SQL Server and defaults to 50000.
- k. **dataTransferBatchDeleteMax** – Identifies the delete batch maximum number for the P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES and P\_METRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION data transfer procedures. This identifies the delete batch size commit when deleting collection table data for metrics\_sessions, metrics\_requests and metrics\_resources\_usage and the staging tables. Note: This is currently only implemented for SQL Server and defaults to 50000.
- l. **dataTransferBatchUpdateMax** – Identifies the batch maximum number for the P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES data transfer procedure. After the metrics\_requests collection table is transferred into the metrics\_requests\_hist table, an update routine executes to correlate the resourcekind and dataservicename from the metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist with the metrics\_requests\_hist table. This routine commits rows from the metrics\_requests\_stg table for the batch number specified here. Note: This is currently implemented for Oracle and SQL Server and defaults to 50000.

#### [4.] Configure Metrics Job Lookup Tables

The KPImetrics contains several lookup tables that need to be pre-populated prior to the installation script running. The tables include:

- METRICS\_JOB\_ENVIRONMENTS
- METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS
- METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION

##### 1. Configure pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables

- a. Edit /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables

- i. Configure the ***METRICS\_JOB\_ENVIRONMENTS***
  1. Add a unique row for each environment in your pipeline. Remove any example rows that you are not relevant.
  2. Example: DEV1, SIT1, UAT, PROD
- ii. Configure the ***METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS*** – The job filters are used to filter out rows by the data transfer routine when transferring from the collection tables to the history tables. The objective is to identify potentially high-use, non-user defined requests that are of little or no value to the ultimate KPI metrics reporting. *Since this feature is not built into DV metrics, it is “highly” recommended to filter out admin and other user accounts associated with deployment or non-query type of activity in DV.* Additionally, rows can be filtered out based on the resource path and resource type.
  1. Example 1 would be for each environment:
 

```
ENV_TYPE TABLE_NAME      USER  DOMAIN RESOURCE_KIND
'UAT',    'metrics_resources_usage', 'admin', 'composite', 'system'
```
  2. Example 2 would be any of the KPI metrics functionality that produces their own events. The assumption is that the KPI metrics folder resources were configured for resource ownership by metrics\_app\_id during installation:
 

```
ENV_TYPE TABLE_NAME      USER  DOMAIN RESOURCE_KIND
'UAT',    'metrics_resources_usage', 'metrics_app_id', 'composite', 'system'
```
  3. Example 3 would be a deployment process that produces an inordinately high volume of events. Assume you have a deployment user called “deploy\_app\_id” that runs a deployment process but you don’t want to log those events:
 

```
ENV_TYPE TABLE_NAME      USER  DOMAIN RESOURCE_KIND
'UAT',    'metrics_resources_usage', 'deploy_app_id', 'composite', 'system'
```
  4. Add a unique row for each environment, user, domain and resourcekind combination.
  5. Example 4: Suppose you had a particular resource path and type that you wanted to filter out. Insert a row for each environment like this:
 

```
ENV_TYPE TABLE_NAME  USER DOMAIN RESOURCE_KIND
RESOURCE_PATH RESOURCE_TYPE
'UAT', 'metrics_resources_usage', null, null, null,
```



['/lib/resource/GetColumnDependencies', 'PROCEDURE'](#)

b. Post-installation maintenance

- i. This script can be executed by itself post-installation by simply executing it to reload what is configured.

## 2. Configure *pqlInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION*

a. Edit

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqlInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION

- a. **Requirement:** Prior to execution of this script LDAP data must first be configured and loaded. The post-installation script will automatically cache LDAP\_PERSON as long as it is configured and caching is turned on server-wide.

b. Configure the METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION

1. This table contains the event registrations for sending emails based on the subscriptions to various events. This procedure is used for either initial load or maintenance. If a row already exists, it does not update it. It simply bypasses it. This means that you can run this procedure as many times as you want and not impact existing rows. It does not delete or unsubscribe requester events. To delete a subscription, invoke `pMetricsEventRegistrationUnsubscribe()`. A subscription in the METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION table consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER\_EMAIL, GROUP\_NAME, ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE, EVENT\_TYPE and REQUESTER\_EMAIL.
2. Use Case 1 – This provides a way to historically log Long Running Events and Memory Exceeded Events, amongst the other events.
3. Edit a row to provide the subscription information. At a minimum, add a group subscriber email for the DV administration group for each event. If you don't have a group alias, then choose the DV administrator's email to receive alerts. A row includes the following:
  - a. REQUESTER\_EMAIL [PK] – Primary requester email.
  - b. SUBSCRIBER\_EMAIL [PK] – userid email or a group email alias. Who the email alert will be sent to.
  - c. GROUP\_NAME [PK] – Group name subscribing to. When an alert occurs for a user the groups will be checked and cross-

referenced with this registered group. The group [all] is a composite group and a catch-all for any user belonging to this composite group.

- d. ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE [PK] – Register for all environments [ALL] or a certain environment type [DEV1, CIT1, SIT1, UAT, TT, PROD]
- e. EVENT\_TYPE [PK] – [LONG\_RUNNING, EXCEEDED\_MEMORY, INACTIVITY, WORKFLOW\_FAILURE, DBMS\_SCHEDULER\_ERROR, PURGE\_HISTORY, METRICS\_FAILURE]
- f. EXCLUDE\_TEXT – A comma separate list of text that when found will signal exclusion and the email will not be sent.  
This is a way of filtering out emails based on text.

c. Post-installation maintenance

- i. This script can be executed by itself post-installation by simply executing it and answering “Y” to the parameter to delete the rows and reload what is configured.

## [5.] Configure KPImetrics Triggers

The KPImetrics module uses a series of triggers to cache various tables of information. The different triggers provide flexibility to turn on and off processing as required. If certain functionality and data is not required, the trigger can be turned off saving on database space and DV processing.

### 1. Configure default triggers for your use case

- a. Open/Edit the resource  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/**defaultTriggersToEnable**
- b. Only modify the ON/OFF settings for each trigger. Leave all other settings alone.
  - i. Refer to the following sections for details on each trigger:
    - 1. [Metadata System Triggers and Load Scripts](#)
- c. The current triggers defaulted to OFF are as follows:
  - i. **kpimetricsTrig\_00\_CheckMetricsActivityDebug** – Only turn this on if you suspect that DV metrics is not working properly and you want to debug the DV metrics every hour.

- ii. **kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF. If you wish to perform SQL parsing on the request description SQL statement to parse out the table and column resources used in the SQL then turn this trigger on. There is quite a bit of overhead associated with this trigger. It will compete with regular user requests for CPU and memory. Consider tweaking the trigger to run after hours and before regular work hours such as 6pm to 8am.
- iii. **kpimetricsTrig\_11\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_REPROCESS** – Only turn this on if you get a code update from the Open Source site and there were changes to the SQL Parser code.
- iv. **kpimetricsTrig\_17\_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests** – You may choose to keep this off in lower-level environments but turn it on in PROD environments.
- v. **kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests** – You may choose to keep this off in lower-level environments but turn it on in PROD environments.
  - 1. **Administration** configuration is required for this to work.
  - 2. DV Server Attribute that sets the long running request limit in minutes. This is defined by the DV server attribute value found at '/server/event/generation/requests/requestRunMinutes'.
  - 3. Search for '**Request Run Time**' in Administration --> Configuration screen in DV Studio. This controls the period of time after which a request is considered to be long-running, resulting in the generation of a RequestRunForTooLong event, if request events are enabled. A value of 0 disables this feature.
  - 4. Typical value is 60 minutes.
- vi. **kpimetricsTrig\_23\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF. If **kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST** is turned off then turn this trigger off as it uses data produced by that trigger to produce lineage data. It will compete with regular user requests for CPU and memory. Consider tweaking the trigger to run after hours and before regular work hours such as 6pm to 8am.
- vii. **kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection [deprecated]** – This trigger must remain OFF.
  - 1. 2020Q100: 2020-01-14: As of the 2020Q100 release this trigger "**MUST**" remain off. It is currently deprecated.

2. Collection table clean-up is managed by DV out-of-the-box metrics based on the /policy/metrics advanced section settings. Those settings should be set to [1 day] to keep metrics and [1 hour] to truncate rows.
  - viii. **kpimetricsTrig\_35\_DBMSDeleteCheck** – This trigger is used to monitor when TDV metrics executes the delete statements against the collection tables. It is optional but may provide value in terms of getting an idea what is being executed by TDV metrics.
  - ix. **kpimetricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF. This trigger executes the KPI Metadata strategy. It is intensive which is why it only runs once a day. It could be set to run less often if metadata does not change that often. It should never run more than once a day as it will put load on the DV server. Refer to “KPImetadata Configuration Guide v1.3.pdf” for more information about configuration and usage. Before turning this on, the following procedure must be configured:  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants.
- d. **Trigger Category – Essential**
- i. Provides baseline data for the data transfer and other processes
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES
    2. kpimetricsTrig\_02\_Cache\_ALL\_USERS
    3. kpimetricsTrig\_03\_Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON
  - ii. Used to transfer data from collection tables into history tables
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler
  - iii. Used to check for errors with the data transfer
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_31\_DBMSSchedulerError
  - iv. Provides clean-up/purge capability based on define schedule
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_16\_PurgeHistoryData
  - v. Provides monitoring capabilities
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_14\_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail
    2. kpimetricsTrig\_15\_CheckMetricsActivity
  - vi. Provides status table maintenance for METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW and METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_24\_ValidateUpdateStatusTables
    2. kpimetricsTrig\_25\_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl
  - vii. Provides index rebuild capabilities
    1. kpimetricsTrig\_34\_DBMSRebuildIndexes [relies on kpimetricsTrig\_24...]
  - viii. Metrics system event triggers – monitor health of metrics

1. kpimetricsTrig\_50\_MetricsPersistenceFailure
2. kpimetricsTrig\_51\_MetricsTruncateFailure
3. kpimetricsTrig\_52\_MetricsBackupFailure
4. kpimetricsTrig\_53\_MetricsRestoreFailure

e. **Trigger Category – 2<sup>nd</sup> level processing (lite-weight)**

- i. A series of value-added metrics that are an addition to the DV out-of-the-box metrics that are lite-weight in terms of processing. DV does not incur much overhead when these triggers execute.

1. kpimetricsTrig\_04\_Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES
2. kpimetricsTrig\_05\_Cache\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
3. kpimetricsTrig\_06\_Cache\_LOG\_DISK
4. kpimetricsTrig\_07\_Cache\_LOG\_IO
5. kpimetricsTrig\_08\_Cache\_LOG\_MEMORY
6. kpimetricsTrig\_12\_Cache\_SYS\_CACHES
7. kpimetricsTrig\_13\_Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
8. kpimetricsTrig\_17\_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests
9. kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests
10. kpimetricsTrig\_19\_AllCustom\_AccessByUserOverTime
11. kpimetricsTrig\_20\_AllCustom\_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime
12. kpimetricsTrig\_21\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Details
13. kpimetricsTrig\_22\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Total
14. kpimetricsTrig\_35\_DBMSDeleteCheck

f. **Trigger Category – 3<sup>rd</sup> level processing (heavy-weight)**

- i. A series of value-added metrics that are an addition to the DV out-of-the-box metrics

1. kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST
2. kpimetricsTrig\_23\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
3. kpimetricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES

## **[6.] Deploy CPU and Memory Checker shell scripts (Windows or UNIX)**

Install CPU and Memory Checker scripts into the TDV Server file system for each node in the cluster.

- a. Copy the correct version based on your operating system of the CPU and Memory Checker scripts into the \$DV\_HOME/bin directory:
  - a. Windows Powershell
    - i. KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1

- ii. KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1
- b. Linux6\_scripts
  - i. KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux6.sh
  - ii. KPImetricTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux6.sh
- c. Linux7\_scripts
  - i. KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux7.sh
  - ii. KPImetricTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux7.sh
- b. UNIX – set permissions, groups and user
  - a. chmod - Set the file permissions accordingly especially for UNIX such as [rwxr-xr-x]. The recommend location to deploy the scripts is \$DV\_HOME/bin so that they can be executed by the user account that DV is running under.
  - b. chmod 755 KPImetrics\*.sh
  - c. chown [owner]:[group] KPImetrics\*.sh
- c. Note: The content of the scripts do not need to be modified.
- d. Take note of where the scripts have been deployed, you will need to provide the path to the scripts when configuring the KPImetrics “commonValues” script. The data source “/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/CPUAndMemChecker” is used to execute the scripts.

## [7.] Configure Data Source Capabilities File

Modify the data source capabilities file for each node in the cluster.

1. TDV Capabilities Files used to achieve push-down with F\_GET\_PARTITION\_NUM()

2. Example:

```
SELECT * from /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResource
where partition = F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(CURRENT_DATE-1)
```

3. Oracle - Instructions:

- a. Add the following text to the correct adapter that is being used:

- i. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver\_values.xml

- ii. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver\_values.xml

- iii. The lines can be put directly after the first comment in the file

- iv. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```
<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>
```

```

<ns1:attribute
xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>

```

- b. Modify the schema name "DVKPI" to whatever your schema name is.
- c. Restart the TDV server

#### 4. SQL Server - Instructions:

- a. Add the following text to
  - i. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016\_values.xml
  - ii. They can be put directly after the first comment in the file
  - iii. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```

<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>

<ns1:attribute
xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>

```

- b. Modify the schema name "dbo" to whatever your schema name is.
- c. Restart the TDV server

## [8.] Configure LDAP

The KPImetrics module is designed to retrieve user data from an LDAP directory server in order to provide additional detail on which users are making use of a monitored DV environment. You may configure the LDAP data source provided with the KPImetrics module to connect to your corporate LDAP directory server. The essence of many of the queries is based on LDAP data and LDAP users who connect to DV to execute queries. If you do not

have LDAP, then consider the options below.

**A note about debugging.** Never query the LDAP1/LDAP2 datasource tables directly. You may encounter an error. Always use LDAP\_PERSON to query. Experience has shown that a regularly formatted query is necessary to execute against most LDAP systems. They generally don't allow SELECT \* FROM <ldap\_table>.

## 1. Configure the LDAP data source

- a. **Option 1** – Configure the KPImetrics LDAP data source to connect to your local ldap: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP1.
  - i. Proceed to #2 below to map LDAP\_PERSON to the LDAP data source.
  - ii. NOTE: If more than one DV domain exists, then configure LDAP2. Add additional LDAP data sources for each domain. For the LDAP\_PERSON view, a UNION statement will be needed between each SELECT for each LDAP data source domain that is represented.
- b. **Option 2** – Configure your own LDAP data source.
  - i. Proceed to #2 below to map LDAP\_PERSON to your data source.
  - ii. NOTE: If more than one DV domain exists, then configure LDAP2. Add additional LDAP data sources for each domain. For LDAP\_PERSON view, a UNION statement will be needed between each SELECT for each LDAP data source domain that is represented.
- c. **Option 3** – Configure a pseudo LDAP to satisfy the inner workings of KPImetrics.
  - i. Proceed directly to #2 below and modify the existing UNION statement with composite users. There is no mapping to LDAP in this scenario.

## 2. Modify the LDAP\_PERSON view

**/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/LDAP\_PERSON**

Correctly map to your LDAP directory structure.

- For Option 1 and 2, comment out the entire default UNION section of 'user1', 'user2' and 'user3' at the bottom of the view.
  - ii. Uncomment the top section which is the LDAP implementation section.
  - iii. For multiple LDAP data source "domains", you will need a SELECT statement for each one with a UNION to tie them altogether.
  - iv. Comment out the bottom section containing the "UNION" selects.
  - v. Determine which table the LDAP data should come from. The default is "user" but it may be person, organizationPerson, inetOrgPerson or a custom table.
  - vi. **[required]** Modify the source location "FROM" clause as required to point to the correct table that was determined in the previous step:
    1. FROM /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP1/"user"
  - vii. **[required]** Create the proper transformation for "**userkey**" so that the data can be joined with metrics history "userkey" data. Analyze the



LDAP data and make sure the “userkey” will contain the proper data that will join with metrics history “userkey” which is derived from metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.”user”.

- viii. [required] Create the proper ‘value’ for “domainkey” so that the data can be joined with metrics history “domainkey” data. The “domainkey” will be the name of the DV domain which can be found in the DV Manager browser under Domain Configuration. There is a direct correlation between the LDAP data source connection and the domain connection. The names need to be “exactly” the same in order to properly join with metrics history “domainkey” which is derived from metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.”domain”.
- For Option 3, modify the existing UNION and modify ‘user1’, ‘user2’, and ‘user3’ with your own composite users.
- Note: “userkey” is required.
- Note: “domainkey” is required.
- Guidelines:
  - ix. Keep the alias column names the same.
  - x. The physical column names may be different based on your LDAP data source.
  - xi. If a column does not exist then simply do a CAST(null as VARCHAR(...)) columnName.
  - xii. Keep the number of columns the same.
  - xiii. Keep the datatype and length the same.
  - xiv. Implement a where clause as required based on your LDAP data source. E.g. WHERE userid IS NOT NULL AND employeeStatus IS NOT NULL and employeeStatus = ‘A’ – active employees only
- Key fields to map include the following:
  - xv. cn (lower case cn field)
  - xvi. uid
  - xvii. userkey (lower case cn|uid|employeeID)
    - 1. Transformation of the user key which could be cn or uid or employeeID. Use SQL CASE if needed.
    - 2. This field is required and is used to join with metrics history tables. The data needs to be normalized so that it matches with metrics history “userkey” data [metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.userkey].
  - xviii. CAST(CASE WHEN mail IS NOT NULL AND INSTR(mail, '@') > 0 THEN SUBSTRING(mail, INSTR(mail, '@')+1) ELSE mail END AS VARCHAR(255)) domainkey,
    - 1. Transformation of mail to get the domain name being used.
  - xix. objectClass

- xx. displayName
- xxi. name
- xxii. objectGUID (user id field)
- xxiii. sn (surname)
- xxiv. givenName
- xxv. employeeNumber
- xxvi. employeeID
- xxvii. mail
- xxviii. baseDN
- xxix. relativeDN
- Nice to have fields to map include the following:
  - xxx. description
  - xxxi. telephoneNumber
  - xxxii. c (country)
  - xxxiii. l (city)
  - xxxiv. st (state)
  - xxxv. street (street address)
  - xxxvi. ou (organization unit)
  - xxxvii. title
  - xxxviii. postalAddress
  - xxxix. postalCode (zip code)
  - xl. postOfficeBox
  - xli. initials
  - xl.ii. employeeType
  - xl.iii. manager
  - xl.iv. homePhone
  - xl.v. mobile

## [9.] Configure Metadata

KPImetrics Metadata is a new feature that captures metadata from the Data Virtualization Server. There are four constants tables that require configuration data. This data is inserted based on the configuration of the procedure `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqInsert_METADATA_Constants`.

Refer to “**KPImetadata Configuration Guide v1.x.pdf**” for details on configuration of metadata.

Once completed decide whether this feature should be turned on by setting the triggerAction from OFF to ON for “kpimetricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES” in the following procedure: `/KPImetrics/Customize/defaultTriggersToEnable`.

## Execute Post-Installation Script

The KPImetrics module provides an automated script to complete the installation. The “Information Only Section” below will describe in detail what the script is going to execute. When the installation is complete and there are no red/impacted resources then turn on the triggers to begin processing KPI metrics data.

## Execute Installation Script

Perform the post-installation configuration.

### 1. Execute Post-Installation Script:

- a. WARNING: If you are executing an installation into an existing KPImetrics environment, this script **WILL DROP** existing tables and data. Do not use this script for upgrading an environment. We recommend using TIBCO Professional Services for doing upgrades.
- b. Execute “**2\_Post\_Installation**” and provide parameters:
  - i. Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/2\_Post\_Installation
  - ii. IN **performInstallationAction** – Y=perform the installation which will drop and recreate KPImetrics tables/sequences/procedures. N=Do nothing.
  - iii. IN **destroyCIS\_metrics\_collection\_Tables** – Y=destroy and recreate DV metrics collection tables including metrics\_requests, metrics\_resources\_usage, and metrics\_sessions. N=do not destroy if they exist.
  - iv. IN **metrics\_app\_id\_password** – TDV password for the “metrics\_app\_id” user/owner of KPImetrics source code that will be created if it does not exist. The “metrics\_app\_id” user allows the ownership of the code to be set so that the triggers and procedures “run as” metrics\_app\_id.
  - v. IN **inDebugSecondary** – Debug Secondary provides a deep debug with detailed debug output. Y=deep debug. N or null=cursory, high-level debug. N or null is recommended unless there are issues.
  - vi. IN **userTransformation** – Leave null if no transformation is required. Contains a native database SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses “user” as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for Oracle or SQL Server. If null, the default is simply “user”. The column name that is “user” is transformed into the “userkey”. The same transformation is applied to metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist and metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist. The objective is for the “userkey” field data to match the METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON.“userkey” field. This will

only be applicable when the actual "user" requires a transformation to match with data found in LDAP.

1. Always use double quotes around the "user" field.
2. Never include an alias in front of the "user" field. Only reference the "user" field itself within the transformation.
3. The user transformation is actually applied on the fly during the creation of the data transfer script for either Oracle or SQL Server. When these scripts are instantiated in the database, they will contain the transformation which will take the "user" field and normalize it into the "userkey" field:

- a. 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_PlsqI\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_[700|800]
- b. 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_PlsqI\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_[700|800]

4. Example of an extreme case.

- a. Given a metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist."user" = u12345678.
- b. Given METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."userkey" = 12345678 where the u is dropped or assumed.

- c. Input Oracle Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN INSTR('abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz',
SUBSTR(LOWER("user"),1,1)) > 0 and INSTR('0123456789',
SUBSTR("user",2,1)) > 0
```

```
THEN SUBSTR(LOWER("user"),2)
```

```
ELSE LOWER("user")
```

```
END
```

- d. Input SQL Server Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN patindex(SUBSTRING(LOWER("user"),1,1),
'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz') > 0 and patindex(SUBSTRING("user",2,1),
'0123456789') > 0
```

```
THEN SUBSTRING(LOWER("user"),2,len("user"))
```

```
ELSE LOWER("user")
```

```
END
```

- vii. **IN domainTransformation** – Leave null if no transformation is required. Contains a native database SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses "domain" as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for Oracle or SQL Server. If null, the default is simply "domain". The column name that is "domain" is transformed into the "domainkey". The same transformation is applied to metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist and metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist. The objective is for the "domainkey" field

data to match the METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."domainkey" field. This will only be applicable when the actual "domain" requires a transformation to match with data found in LDAP.

1. Always use double quotes around the "domain" field.
2. Never include an alias in front of the "domain" field. Only reference the "domain" field itself within the transformation.
3. The domain transformation is actually applied on the fly during the creation of the data transfer script for either Oracle or SQL Server. When these scripts are instantiated in the database, they will contain the transformation which will take the "domain" field and normalize it into the "domainkey" field:
  - a. 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script
  - b. 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script
4. Example of an extreme case.
  - a. Most likely a transformation will not be needed unless the DV domain does not match the LDAP email domain. If that is the case, then a CASE statement will be required to map the LDAP email domain to the DV domain.
  - b. Given a metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist."domain" = "tib1".
  - c. Given METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."domainkey" = "tibco1.com".
  - d. Input Oracle Transformation would be:
 

```
CASE WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib1" THEN LOWER("tibco1.com")
        WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib2" THEN LOWER("tibco2.com")
        ELSE LOWER("domain")
        END
```
  - e. Input SQL Server Transformation would be:
 

```
CASE WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib1" THEN LOWER("tibco1.com")
        WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib2" THEN LOWER("tibco2.com")
        ELSE LOWER("domain")
        END
```

## Deploy CPU and Memory Checker shell scripts (Windows)

### IF ERROR ONLY

During post-installation, it was attempted to write the scripts to the \$DV\_HOME/bin directory.

- e. If no error was returned then all scripts were installed correctly into \$DV\_HOME/bin and are able to be executed. Continue to the next major step/section.
- f. If the error message “*INSTALL KPImetrics CpuAndMemoryChecker scripts manually.*” was received during post-installation, then you will need to install the scripts manually and set the file permissions accordingly especially for UNIX such as [rwxr-xr-x]. The recommend location to deploy the scripts is \$DV\_HOME/bin so that they can be executed by the user account that DV is running under. Take note of where the scripts have been deployed, you will need to provide the path to the scripts when configuring the KPImetrics “commonValues” script. The data source “/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/CPUAndMemChecker” is used to execute the scripts. The following details the scripts:
  - a. Windows Powershell
    - i. KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1
    - ii. KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1
  - b. Linux6\_scripts – **be sure to set permissions**
    - i. KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux6.sh
    - ii. KPImetricTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux6.sh
  - c. Linux7\_scripts – **be sure to set permissions**
    - i. KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux7.sh
    - ii. KPImetricTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux7.sh

## Enable Triggers

Enabling triggers starts the processing of KPI metrics data. The KPImetrics module makes use of pure database tables in order to retain DV metrics for a longer period than supported by the base DV logging functionality.

*Please note that executing this procedure will cache the minimum required tables: METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES, METRICS\_ALL\_USERS and METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON. Those 3 tables must be completed before any of the other triggers are allowed to run. The following concept is now being used:*

### 1. **Concept:**

- a. Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON is executed immediately to load the latest LDAP information.
- b. A control record is added METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL for Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES and Cache\_ALL\_USERS for each node in the cluster.
  - i. A subsequent process wakes up on the trigger “kpimetricsTrig\_25\_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl” to execute these for each node.
  - ii. Depending on the timing of this trigger there are other dependent procedures that may also execute the one that they need based on this rule:
    - 1. Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES gets executed by dependents:
      - a. Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES

- b. Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC
  - c. Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_ADHOC
  - d. Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_REPROCESS
  - e. Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
  - f. pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec
2. Cache\_ALL\_USERS gets executed by dependents:
- a. Cache\_ALL\_USERS
  - b. pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec

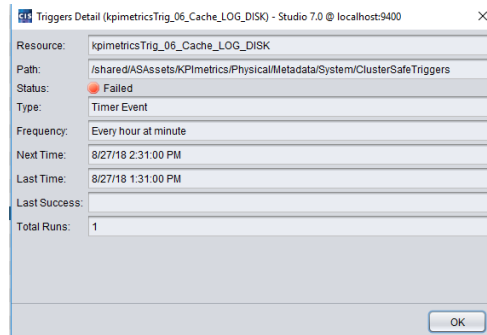
## 2. **Enable Triggers:**

- a. Execute the **updateTriggers** procedure
  - i. Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/**updateTriggers**
  - ii. **enable** – 0=disable, 1=enable, 2=display trigger list
    - 1. Select 1 to enable all configured triggers.
  - iii. **includeList** – Comma-separated list of trigger numbers to include in the (enable/disable) action. Leave null if the “defaultTriggersToEnable” are configured as desired.
  - iv. **excludeList** – Comma-separated list of trigger numbers to exclude in the (enable/disable) action. The excludeList overrides includeList. Leave null if the “defaultTriggersToEnable” are configured as desired.
- b. Review the Studio Manager → Triggers tab and look for any “Failed” triggers
  - i. Keep checking this screen until you have verified that at least one of the triggers has executed successfully. If the trigger has fired there will be a timestamp in the “Last Time” column. If the trigger is red “Failed” then go then proceed to point ii. below. If the trigger is green “Ready” then it is executing without issues. The majority of the triggers will fire within an hour of turning them on.

kpimetricsTrig_00_CheckMetricsActivityDebug	Disabled
kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK	Failed
kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_IO	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCE...	Disabled
kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_14_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail	Failed
kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests	Disabled
kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests	Disabled
kpimetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler	Ready
kpimetricsTrig_31_DBMSSchedulerError	Failed
kpimetricsTrig_32_DBMSPartitionManager	Ready

ii. If a trigger has failed

1. Unfortunately, double clicking on the trigger does not yield any additional insights as shown in the screen shot



2. Trigger failures will most likely show up in the "**cs\_server\_events.log**". It also may be necessary to check "**cs\_server.log**".

iii. The most common solution to a trigger failure will be permission problems on resources.

1. Make sure the privileges are set correctly on /shared/ASAssets/Utilities folder. It is recommended that /shared/ASAssets/Utilities be set to the composite group "all" with Read Execute Select.
2. Specifically, check privileges for  
/shared/ASAssets/Utilities/environment/getEnvName().

iv. To verify the above issue and recommendation, check for the following in the "**cs\_server\_events.log**". There would be an entry in that log that looks similar to this:

```
2018-08-27 13:31:00.002 -0400      INFO  START trigger
name=/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK type=TIMER action=PROCEDURE1
metrics_app_id composite      20400  6141564240009
6141564240009
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK  TIMER PROCEDURE
2018-08-27 13:31:00.112 -0400      ERROR  FAIL  trigger
name=/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK type=TIMER action=PROCEDURE,
reason failed: User "metrics_app_id/composite" has insufficient privileges to execute "/shared/ASAssets/Utilities/environment/getEnvName()", on line
55, column 65. User has READ  privileges for that resource. [repository-
1900321]      1      metrics_app_id composite      20402  6141564240449
```



6141564240009

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_06\_Cache\_LOG\_DISK TIMER PROCEDURE User "metrics\_app\_id/composite" has insufficient privileges to execute "/shared/ASAssets/Utilities/environment/getEnvName", on line 55, column 65. User has READ privileges for that resource. [repository-1900321]

- v. Verify the trigger issue is resolved. The screen shot indicates that the previously failed trigger now has successfully executed identified by a timestamp in the "Last Success" field and a status of green "Ready".

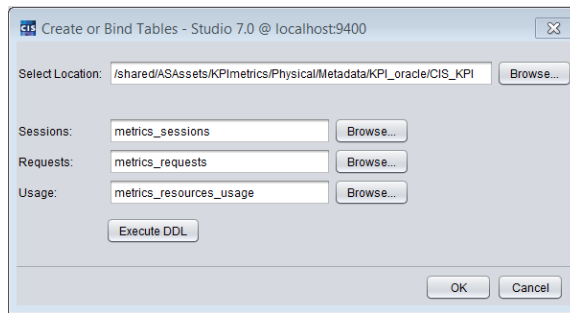
Resource ^	Status	Type	Frequency	Next Time	Last Time	Last Success	Total Runs
kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST	Ready	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes	8/27/18 2:45:00 PM	8/27/18 2:15:00 PM	8/27/18 2:15:00 PM	2

## Configure DV Out-of-the-box Metrics

### To enable DV metrics:

1. Locate and open /policy/metrics
2. Since the tables were created earlier, choose the option to configure the path to the tables without re-creating them.
3. Data Source – browse and set the data source to the database you have configured.
4. Select "Edit Tables"

5. Browse to the schema path
  - a. Browse to the Sessions table: metrics\_sessions
  - b. Browse to the Requests table: metrics\_requests
  - c. Browse to the Usage table: metrics\_resources\_usage
  - d. DO NOT execute DDL
  - e. Click OK to finish



a. Configure the Advanced Section

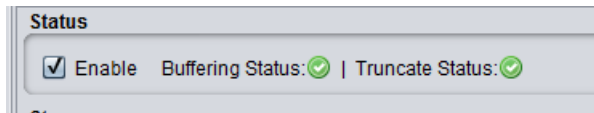
i. As of Release 2020Q100 it is **“REQUIRED”** to set the following:

- **Request Count Threshold:** Set to **10000**. Adjust accordingly for active servers. It may need a higher number so that the number of inserts is reduced.
- **How long do you want to keep the metrics data?: 1 Day(s)**
  1. KPImetrics is no longer deleting collection data. It will rely on the DV server to execute delete commands to clean-up the collection tables. The clock starts ticking when metrics is enabled. A setting of 1 day means that there will be a minimum of 24 hours of data that will stay in the collection tables. This is a rolling 24 hours.
- **How often do you want to run truncate process on expired data?: 1 Hour(s)**
  1. It is a good idea to delete once an hour to keep the collection tables as small as possible. DV metrics will issue the delete command once an hour based on when DV metrics was enabled. This is what keeps the data at a rolling 24 hours when the above setting is set to “1 Day”.
- The KPImetrics “kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler” trigger executes every 2 hours to process the collection data since the last execution and insert it into the history tables. It tracks min (last) values based on METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS values. Always processes given a range of id’s and timestamps.
- Important: If you turn off the KPImetrics triggers but leave metrics running, you will lose transactions because the data is no longer being processed into the history tables.

b. Enable metrics and save.

- i. Make sure both radio button indicators are green.

## 6. Enable metrics and save



- a. DV metrics will issue **delete** statements when **enabling** metrics:
  - Delete statements are qualified by nodehost, nodeport and logintime for metrics\_sessions or starttime for metrics\_requests and metrics\_resources\_usage.

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_sessions where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and logintime < '2020-01-20
17:27:08.756'
```

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_requests where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and starttime < '2020-01-20
17:27:08.756'
```

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_resources_usage where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and starttime <
'2020-01-20 17:27:19.975'
```

- b. DV metrics will issue **insert** statements when **disabling** metrics to flush the buffer to the collection tables.

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_sessions select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_SESSIONS
```

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_requests select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_REQUESTS
```

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metric
s_requests select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_REQUESTS
```

## 7. If the Buffer Status shows **RED** then review the following:

- a. Make sure the three collection tables exist in the database and metrics are properly configured to point to them.
- b. Make sure the tables have the correct permissions for writing to them.
- c. If Oracle, make sure the tablespace has the correct permissions for writing to it.
- d. If SQL Server and BCP is configured, use “[~]” for the “MS SQL Server Sources” “Column Delimiter” instead of just a “[” symbol. This is because the data will contain pipe symbols

“|”. The “|~|” makes the delimiter more unique where the data should not contain this pattern. Search for “Column Delimiter” in Administration→Configuration.

**KPImetrics Configuration is COMPLETE!**

## 4 Upgrading KPImetrics

### Introduction

This section describes how to upgrade KPImetrics from a previous version to the current version without data loss. The upgrade supports upgrading on the same TDV version such as 7.x or upgrading the KPImetrics from TDV 7.x to 8.x. When upgrading from 7.x to 8.x, the collection tables will change. Specifically, metrics\_requests and metrics\_sessions add “user”, “domain” and “group” columns.

### How to Upgrade KPImetrics

Start with a few house-keeping activities described below such as turning off metrics and determining your current version.

#### Requirements:

1. The upgrade script must be executed by the user admin or someone who has admin privileges.
2. Collection and staging tables will be dropped and recreated for both 7.x and 8.x upgrades.
3. Any version less than 2018.103 is not currently supported for upgrade. Contact Tibco Data Virtualization PSG if this use case comes up.

#### Migrating from 7.x to 8.x:

1. Upgrading will happen automatically in version 8.x
2. Simply export the KPImetrics from 7.x, import into 8.x and follow the upgrade steps below.
3. Collection and Staging tables will be dropped and recreated.

#### Current Version:

##### 1. Turn off /policy/metris

- a. Do this so that no data is inserted into the metrics collection tables.

##### 2. Turn off all triggers

- a. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(0)`

##### 3. Clear out the collection tables

- a. For any [KPImetrics version previous to 2019Q402](#), execute the following script manually on each node of the cluster in order to clear the collection tables:
  - i. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec`
- b. For version [2019Q402 and above](#), execute the following script once on one node which will clear out the collection table for all nodes:
  - i. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec`
- c. Execute this on 7.x prior to exporting for 8.x upgrade

- d. Note: collection and staging tables "WILL" be dropped and recreated during upgrade.

#### 4. *If migrating from 7.x to 8.x*

- a. Turn off **/policy/metrics** on 8.x
- b. Export KPImetrics from 7.x using Studio 7.x
  - i. /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics
  - ii. /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetricsAdmin
  - iii. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics
- c. Using Studio 8.x, Right-click on either Desktop (admin) or root hostname (/) and select "Import"
  - i. Click on the "Overwrite" option. Leave all other options as they are.
  - ii. Browse to the local file system for the car file specified in step a. above.
  - iii. Click on preview and review what will be imported.
  - iv. Click on Import and then click OK
- d. If using the "SAME" database as 7.x then continue to step 5, this is an upgrade.
- e. If using a "DIFFERENT" database, then this is "NOT" an upgrade, it is a "NEW" installation. Follow the steps for a new installation in the manual.

#### 5. *Create "metrics\_app\_id" user if not exists*

- a. If upgrading versions of TDV and creating a new TDV environment, **create the user "metrics\_app\_id"** on each node of the new environment.
- b. This applies to either a new 7.x or 8.x environment.
- c. This must be done prior to import of the KPImetrics car file.

#### 6. *Export a backup*

- a. The admin must take an **export car file backup** of the following folders:
- b. This step is not necessary if migrating from 7.x to 8.x as the exported car file serves as the backup.
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetricsAdmin
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics

#### 7. *Import KPImetrics Installation*

- a. **\*\*\* INSTALLATION .CAR ONLY \*\*\***
- b. File: **KPImetrics\_YYYYQnnn\_installation.car**
  - i. Example: KPImetrics\_2020Q202\_installation.car
- c. Using Studio, Right-click on either Desktop (admin) or root hostname (/) and select "Import"
  - i. Click on the "Overwrite" option. Leave all other options as they are.
  - ii. Browse to the local file system for the car file specified in step a. above.
  - iii. Click on preview and review what will be imported.
  - iv. If 8.x no .car file password is required as the .car file originated in 7.x.
  - v. Click on Import and then click OK

#### 8. *Verify if upgrade is allowed "BEFORE" import*

- a. Execute **/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/validateUpgrade**
- b. If NOT - admin must contact Tibco PSG for a follow-on engagement.
- c. If YES, then the admin proceeds with the upgrade.

## 9. Backup existing customized resources

- a. Execute **/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/backupCustomResources**.
- b. The resources identified below are backed up.
- c. Folder created: **/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_YYYY\_MM\_DD\_YYYYQnnn**

Key resources to be copied from /Metadata folder:

- The active datasource starting with one of [KPI\_oracle..., KPI\_sqlserver...]
- The LDAP datasources which may be LDAP, LDAP1 or LDAP2

Key resources to be copied from /Customize folder:

- commonValues
- defaultTriggersToEnable
- LDAP\_PERSON
- pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants [formerly 07\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables]
- pqInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION [formerly 08\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION]
- pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables [formerly 08\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION]

Key trigger metadata to be copied from /Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers folder:

- All trigger metadata is captured and save into the backup folder as  
../ClusterSafeTriggers/ClusterSafeTriggersView

## 10. Import the latest KPImetrics car file

\*\*\*\* STOP. READ. \*\*\*\*

- a. **DO NOT RUN THE CONFIGURATION "2\_Post\_Installation" WHICH DROPS AND RECREATES TABLES OR DATA WILL BE LOST.**
- b. File: **KPImetrics\_YYYYQnnn.car** - e.g. KPImetrics\_2019Q402.car
- c. Using Studio, Right-click on either Desktop (admin) or root hostname (/) and select "Import"
  - i. Click on the "Overwrite" option. Leave all other options as they are.
  - ii. Browse to the local file system for the car file specified in step a. above.
  - iii. Click on preview and review what will be imported.
  - iv. Click on Import and then click OK
- d. Import options checked:

<b>X Caching</b>	<b>X Data Source Connections</b>	Include Users Jars
<b>X Include Cache Policies</b>	<b>X Overwrite</b>	Merge Users Folder
Create Caching Tables	Override Locks	<b>X Privileges</b>
<b>X Custom Jars</b>	Discovery Files	

## 11. Execute "3\_Post\_Upgrade"

This script is used to upgrade an existing installation and bring its resources up to the most current version.

[Required] - The location of the backup target folder.

Example: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_2019\_12\_13\_2019Q100  
**IN backupTargetFolder** **VARCHAR(4000),**

[Required] - Cluster Awareness variable.

Designates the total number of worker nodes used for processing. This will be used to create working tables for each node.

Scenario 1 - stand-alone environment. No cluster. The total is 1.

Example: totalNumberWorkerNodes=1

Scenario 2 - cluster environment with NO "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes in the cluster.

Example: a 3-node cluster with NO dedicated timekeeper. totalNumberWorkerNodes=3

Scenario 3 - cluster environment with a "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes minus 1.

Example: a 3-node cluster with a dedicated timekeeper. totalNumberWorkerNodes=2

**IN totalNumberWorkerNodes** **INTEGER,**

**[Required]** - Cluster Awareness variables.

The following variables are used to designate a dedicated time keeper host and port.

None of the ClusterSafeCache procedures should be executed on a dedicated time keeper node because general processing and work is never routed to this node. It's only job in the cluster is to service triggers and perform deployments. Execute the following procedure on the "dedicated" time keeper node to get the hostname and port:  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pGetSystemInformation

Rules:

1. They both should be set to null when this environment is not a cluster (a.k.a. single node).
2. They both should be set to null when this environment is a cluster and any node in the cluster may be the timekeeper and all nodes do work.
3. Set the hostname and port to the the dedicated timekeeper node when the environment is a cluster and the node has been dedicated as a timekeeper and does not do work.

**IN dedicatedTimeKeeperHostname** **VARCHAR,**

**IN dedicatedTimeKeeperPort** **INTEGER,**

**[Optional]** - This is typically left null unless repeating an upgrade and you need to specify which steps to execute.

A numerical, comma-separated list of actions to execute as it relates to #9 in the notes above. If null, all actions are executed.

**IN executeActionList** **VARCHAR,**

**[Optional]** - This is typically left null unless a higher level of debug is needed.

Debug Secondary provides a deep debug with detailed debug output.

Y=deep debug. N=cursory, high-level debug. N is recommended unless there are issues.

**IN indebugSecondary** **CHAR(1),**

**[Optional]** - This is typically left null unless the circumstances specified in this description require it.

Contains a SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses "user" as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for Oracle or SQL Server. If null, the default is simply "user". The column name that is "user" is transformed into the "userkey".

The same transformation is applied to metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist and metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.

The objective is for the "userkey" field data to match the METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."userkey" field. This will only be applicable when the actual "user" requires a transformation to match with data found in LDAP.

**IN userTransformation** **LONGVARCHAR,**

**[Optional]** - This is typically left null unless the circumstances specified in this description require it.

Contains a SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses "domain" as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for Oracle or SQL Server. If null, the default is simply "domain". The column name that is "domain" is transformed into the "domainkey".

The same transformation is applied to metrics\_sessions\_hist, metrics\_requests\_hist and metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.

The objective is for the "domainkey" field data to match the METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."domainkey" field. This will only be applicable when the actual "domain" requires a transformation to match with data found in LDAP.

**IN domainTransformation** **LONGVARCHAR,**

#### **Example Screen shot:**

Typically, the last 4 parameters are null.



Parameter	Value	Null
backupTargetFolder	/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics_backup/v_2020_01_27_2020Q100	<input type="checkbox"/>
totalNumberWorkerNodes	2	<input type="checkbox"/>
dedicatedTimeKeeperHostname	myhost123.us.corp.com	<input type="checkbox"/>
dedicatedTimeKeeperPort	9400	<input type="checkbox"/>
executeActionList		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
indebugSecondary		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
userTransformation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
domainTransformation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

OK Cancel

## Parameters – Additional Detail Explanation

### userTransformation

1. Most likely a transformation will not be needed unless the DV user does not match the LDAP user. If that is the case, then a CASE statement will be required to map the LDAP user to the DV user via the userkey.
2. Always use double quotes around the “domain” field.
3. Never include an alias in front of the “domain” field. Only reference the “domain” field itself within the transformation.

4. The domain transformation is actually applied on the fly during the creation of the data transfer script for either Oracle or SQL Server. When these scripts are instantiated in the database, they will contain the transformation which will take the “domain” field and normalize it into the “domainkey” field: a. Given a metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.“user” = u12345678.

### Example of an extreme case:

5. Given a metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.“user” = u12345678.5.
6. Given METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON.“userkey” = 12345678 where the u is dropped or assumed.
7. Input Oracle Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN INSTR('abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz', SUBSTR(LOWER("user"),1,1)) > 0 and INSTR('0123456789',
SUBSTR("user",2,1)) > 0
THEN SUBSTR(LOWER("user"),2)
ELSE LOWER("user")
END
```

8. Input SQL Server Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN patindex(SUBSTRING(LOWER("user"),1,1), 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz') > 0 and
patindex(SUBSTRING("user",2,1), '0123456789') > 0
THEN SUBSTRING(LOWER("user"),2,len("user"))
ELSE LOWER("user")
END
```

**domainTransformation**

1. Most likely a transformation will not be needed unless the DV domain does not match the LDAP email domain. If that is the case, then a CASE statement will be required to map the LDAP email domain to the DV domain via the domainkey.
2. Always use double quotes around the "domain" field.
3. Never include an alias in front of the "domain" field. Only reference the "domain" field itself within the transformation.
4. The domain transformation is actually applied on the fly during the creation of the data transfer script for either Oracle or SQL Server. When these scripts are instantiated in the database, they will contain the transformation which will take the "domain" field and normalize it into the "domainkey" field:

**Example of an extreme case:**

5. Given a metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist."domain" = "tib1".
6. Given METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON."domainkey" = "tibco1.com".
7. Input Oracle Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib1" THEN LOWER("tibco1.com")
      WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib2" THEN LOWER("tibco2.com")
      ELSE LOWER("domain")
END
```

8. Input SQL Server Transformation would be:

```
CASE WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib1" THEN LOWER("tibco1.com")
      WHEN LOWER("domain") = "tib2" THEN LOWER("tibco2.com")
      ELSE LOWER("domain")
END
```

**AUTOMATED steps to be performed [Information Section Only]:**

- a. Validate backed up copy version from getKPIVersion with the version from getKPIInstallationVersion.
  - i. Don't proceed if return code = 0
- b. Copy customized resources back to KPImetrics folder and enable datasources
  - i. Copy resources
  - ii. if exist /CustomizeOld,
    1. copy
 

```
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics_backup/v_YYYY_MM_DD/CustomizeOld to
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize
```

      - a. commonValues,
      - b. defaultTriggersToEnable,
      - c. LDAP\_PERSON
      - d. pqlInsert\_METADATA\_Constants,
      - e. pqlInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION,
      - f. pqlInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables
  - iii. else
    1. Copy /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_YYYY\_MM\_DD/Customize
 

```
to /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize
```

      - a. commonValues,
      - b. defaultTriggersToEnable,
      - c. LDAP\_PERSON
      - d. pqlInsert\_METADATA\_Constants,
      - e. pqlInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION,
      - f. pqlInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables

- iv. Copy /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_YYYY\_MM\_DD/Metadata to /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata
- v. Copy /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_YYYY\_MM\_DD/ClusterSafeTriggers to /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers
- c. Enable all copied datasources
- d. Modify Common Values
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/modify\_commonValues
- e. Get the data source configuration parameters from commonValues
- f. Modify Default Triggers
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/modify\_defaultTriggersToEnable
- g. Modify LDAP\_PERSON
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/modify\_LDAP\_PERSON
- h. Modify pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/modify\_pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables
- i. Modify pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Upgrade/modify\_pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants – Add EXCLUSION\_LIST
  - ii. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Upgrade/modify\_pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants\_assign\_privs – Add ASSIGN\_PRIVILEGES
- j. Modify pqInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Upgrade/modify\_pqInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION – Add METRICS\_FAILURE event type.
- k. Rebind physical external packaged procedures to the datasource schema
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/rebindPhysicalDatabaseType('A')
- l. Rebind the physical abstraction folder "/Physical/Abstraction" to the correct physical datasource folder "/Physical/KPI\_[oracle|postgres|sqlserver]"
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/rebindPhysicalAbstraction
- m. Drop the indexes
- n. Execute the upgrade scripts based on the original version
  - i. Read /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_backup/v\_YYYY\_MM\_DD/getKPIVersion
    - 1. Pad version with 0's on the end 2019.3 = 2019.300
    - 2. Change the . to Q so that 2019.300 = 20193Q00
  - ii. Get Database version for the DDL folder
  - iii. Execute any scripts in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/UpgradeResources
    - 1. upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_04\_InsertJobTables
  - iv. Loop through the scripts in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/[Oracle|SqlServer]/Upgrade until 'upgrade\_YYYYQnnn' matches the original version
  - v. IF FOUND then execute the script
- o. Introspect the KPImetrics datasource
- p. Rebind physical database type tables to the datasource schema
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/rebindPhysicalDatabaseType('A')
- q. Update impacted resources
- r. Set resource privileges
- s. Change resource ownership
- t. Load the METRICS\_JOBS table
- u. Load the METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION table
- v. Remove DVKPI folder if not needed

- w. Create the indexes
- x. Installation and Configuration is complete.
  - i. Configure the DV Out-Of-The-Box Metrics located at /policy/metrics
  - ii. Execute: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(1)

## 12. Configure the data source capabilities file

- a. TDV Capabilities Files used to achieve push-down with F\_GET\_PARTITION\_NUM()
- b. Example:

```
SELECT * from /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResource
where partition = F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(CURRENT_DATE-1)
```

- c. Oracle - Instructions:

- i. Add the following text to the correct adapter that is being used:
  1. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver\_values.xml
  2. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver\_values.xml
  3. The lines can be put directly after the first comment in the file
  4. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```
<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>
<ns1:attribute xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>
```

- ii. Modify the schema name "DVKPI" to whatever your schema name is.
- iii. Restart the TDV server
- d. SQL Server - Instructions:
  - i. Add the following text to
    1. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016\_values.xml
    2. They can be put directly after the first comment in the file

3. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```
<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>
<ns1:attribute xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>
```

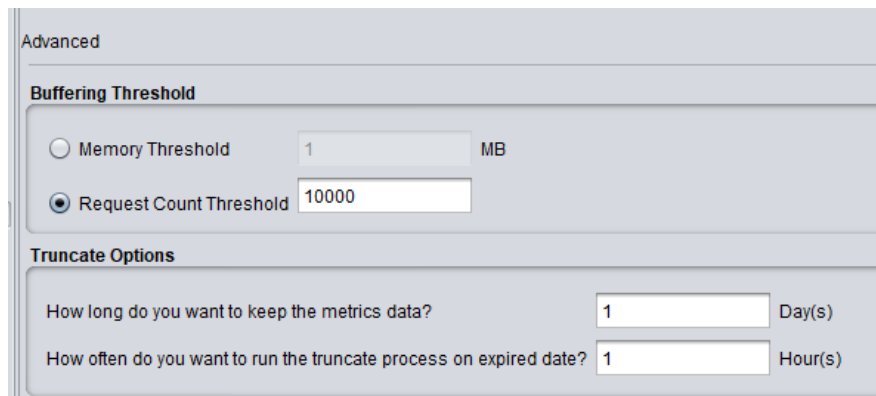
- ii. Modify the schema name “**dbo**” to whatever your schema name is.
- iii. Restart the TDV server

### 13. Review Triggers

- a. The following trigger schedules have been overridden from the original settings:
  - i. kpietricsTrig\_16\_PurgeHistoryData – once a week SAT 2:30 AM
  - ii. kpietricsTrig\_34\_DBMSRebuildIndexes – once a week SUN 3:00 AM
  - iii. kpietricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES – every 2 hours at 1:00 AM
  - iv. kpietricsTrig\_02\_Cache\_ALL\_USERS – every 2 hours at 1:00 AM
  - v. kpietricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler – every 2 hours at 1:30 AM
    1. This should always be an odd hour on the half hour because it is dependent on kpietricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES which is every 2 hours on the top of the odd hour [1 am]. Therefore, this would follow 30 minutes after the latest METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCE cache completion.
  - vi. kpietricsTrig\_31\_DBMSSchedulerError – every 2 hours a 2:00 am
    1. This should always be 30 min after kpietricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler
  - vii. kpietricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES – once a day at 11:30 PM
    1. This should always be an odd hour on the half hour because it is dependent on kpietricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES which is every 2 hours on the top of the odd hour [1 am]. Therefore, this would follow 30 minutes after the latest METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCE cache completion.

**14. Turn on /policy/metrics**

- a. Do this to start inserting rows into the metrics collection tables.
- b. If the prior version used KPI\_oracle or KPI\_sqlserver then you will have to reconfigure it to use one of [KPI\_oracle\_11g, KPI\_oracle\_12c, KPI\_sqlserver\_2016]
- c. Configure the Advanced Section
  - i. As of Release 2020Q100 it is “**REQUIRED**” to set the following:
    - **Request Count Threshold:** Set to **10000**. Adjust accordingly for active servers. It may need a higher number so that the number of inserts is reduced.
    - **How long do you want to keep the metrics data?: 1 Day(s)**
      1. KPImetrics is no longer deleting collection data. It will rely on the DV server to execute delete commands to clean-up the collection tables. The clock starts ticking when metrics is enabled. A setting of 1 day means that there will be a minimum of 24 hours of data that will stay in the collection tables. This is a rolling 24 hours.
    - **How often do you want to run truncate process on expired data?: 1 Hour(s)**
      1. It is a good idea to delete once an hour to keep the collection tables as small as possible. DV metrics will issue the delete command once an hour based on when DV metrics was enabled. This is what keeps the data at a rolling 24 hours when the above setting is set to “1 Day”.
    - The KPImetrics “kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler” trigger executes every 2 hours to process the collection data since the last execution and insert it into the history tables. It tracks min (last) values based on METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS values. Always processes given a range of id’s and timestamps.
    - Important: If you turn off the KPImetrics triggers but leave metrics running, you will lose transactions because the data is no longer being processed into the history tables.



Advanced

**Buffering Threshold**

☐ Memory Threshold 1 MB

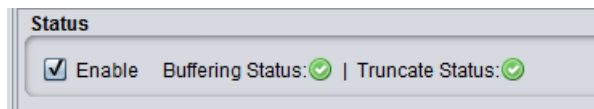
☒ Request Count Threshold 10000

**Truncate Options**



How long do you want to keep the metrics data? 1 Day(s)

How often do you want to run the truncate process on expired date? 1 Hour(s)

- d. Enable metrics and save.
  - i. Make sure both radio button indicators are green.



**Status**

☒ Enable Buffering Status:  | Truncate Status: 

- ii. DV metrics will issue **delete** statements when **enabling** metrics:
  - Delete statements are qualified by nodehost, nodeport and logintime for metrics\_sessions or starttime for metrics\_requests and metrics\_resources\_usage.

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_sessions where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and logintime < '2020-01-20 17:27:08.756'
```

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_requests where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and starttime < '2020-01-20 17:27:08.756'
```

```
delete from
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_resources_usage where nodehost='localhost' and nodeport=9800 and starttime < '2020-01-20 17:27:19.975'
```

- iii. DV metrics will issue **insert** statements when **disabling** metrics to flush the buffer to the collection tables.

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_sessions select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_SESSIONS
```

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_requests select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_REQUESTS
```

```
insert into
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/DVKPI/dvkpi/metrics_requests select * from /system/datasources/system/SYS_METRICS_REQUESTS
```

- e. If the Buffer Status shows **RED** then review the following:
  - i. Make sure the three collection tables exist in the database and metrics are properly configured to point to them.
  - ii. Make sure the tables have the correct permissions for writing to them.
  - iii. If the problem persists, then check cs\_server.log for errors.
  - iv. If Oracle, make sure the tablespace has the correct permissions for writing to it.
  - v. If SQL Server and BCP is configured, use “|~|” for the “MS SQL Server Sources” “Column Delimiter” instead of just a “|” symbol. This is because the data will contain pipe symbols “|”. The “|~|” makes the delimiter more unique where the data should not contain this pattern. Search for “Column Delimiter” in Administration → Configuration.

**15. Test data capture procedures**

- a. Test each of the following scripts manually and in order shown to determine that there were no issues.
- b. Enter 'Y' for turn debug on while testing.
- c. Examine the result output and "console" debug output to determine if it is working properly.
- d. Scripts are located here:  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache
- e. Validation views are located here:
  - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/workflow/vCISWorkflowStatus
  - ii. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/workflow/vJobDetails

<u>SCRIPT</u>	<u>Validation View</u>
-- Must do these three first to establish base line resources used by other scripts.	
1. Cache_ALL_RESOURCES	vCISWorkflowStatus
2. Cache_ALL_USERS	vCISWorkflowStatus
3. Cache_LDAP_PERSON	vCISWorkflowStatus
-- Execute some external test queries to generate the proper requests.	
-- To force /policy/metrics to write data to the collection tables, disable it and then enable it.	
-- These scripts rely on data from collection tables	
4. pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec	vJobDetails

**16. Turn on all triggers**

***/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(1)***

**17. Upgrade is complete**



## 5 Migrate a New KPImetrics Installation

The following instructions will demonstrate how to migrate a currently installed KPImetrics configuration from one TDV server environment to another. The new installation in the target environment does not have any data collected. If any data has been collected, it will get wiped out during this process.

The reason this is advantageous over a completely new install is that the effort of configuring most of the required resources has already been done. With a few minor tweaks after importing into the target environment, KPImetrics will be up and running in no time.

Perform the following steps in the source environment from which you will migrate from.

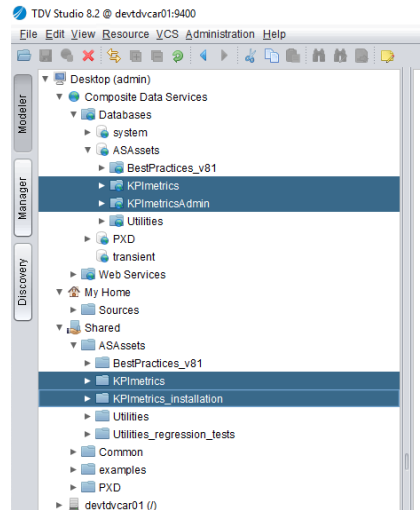
### Export Source Environment .car file

1. Sign into the TDV **source** environment with Studio as a user with administrator access.
2. Turn off the KPImetrics triggers using the following script:
  - a. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(0)`

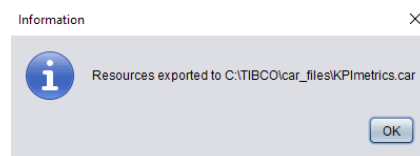
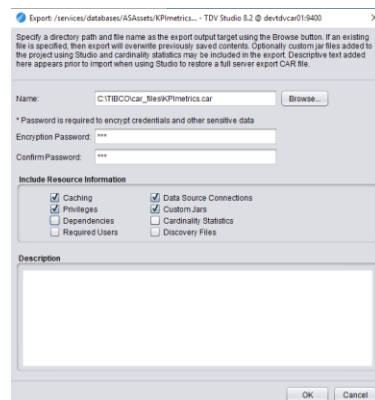


3. Export KPImetrics shared and database into a single .car file.
  - a. Click on one folder and then Control-Click on the remaining to select all
    - i. `/services/databases/KPImetrics`
    - ii. `/services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetricsAdmin`
    - iii. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics`
    - iv. `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics_installation`

- b. The screen shot below shows what this will look like:



- Right-click on the highlight KPImetrics and select “Export”.
- Uncheck “Dependencies” but leave the other boxes checked.
- Navigate to a path to create the .car file and give it a name such as KPImetrics\_<env>\_<yyyymmdd>.car so that you know which environment it came from and what date it was exported.
- Provide an encryption password.
- Click OK to export.



## Import Target Environment .car file

1. Sign into the TDV **target** environment with Studio as a user with administrator access.
2. Create the composite user “metrics\_app\_id” using TDV Manager
  - a. `http://<hostname>:9400/manager`
  - b. Select Security → User Management
  - c. Select “All Domains” in the tab drop down
  - d. Verify that the “metrics\_app\_id” user exists.
  - e. If it does not exist then “Add User”
    - i. Provide a password
    - ii. Provide Studio Rights as shown in the screen shot below:

**Add a Composite User**

This will add a user to the Composite domain. To add a user to an external domain, go to the Domain Management page.

User name:

New password:

Confirm password:

---

**User Rights**

Template:

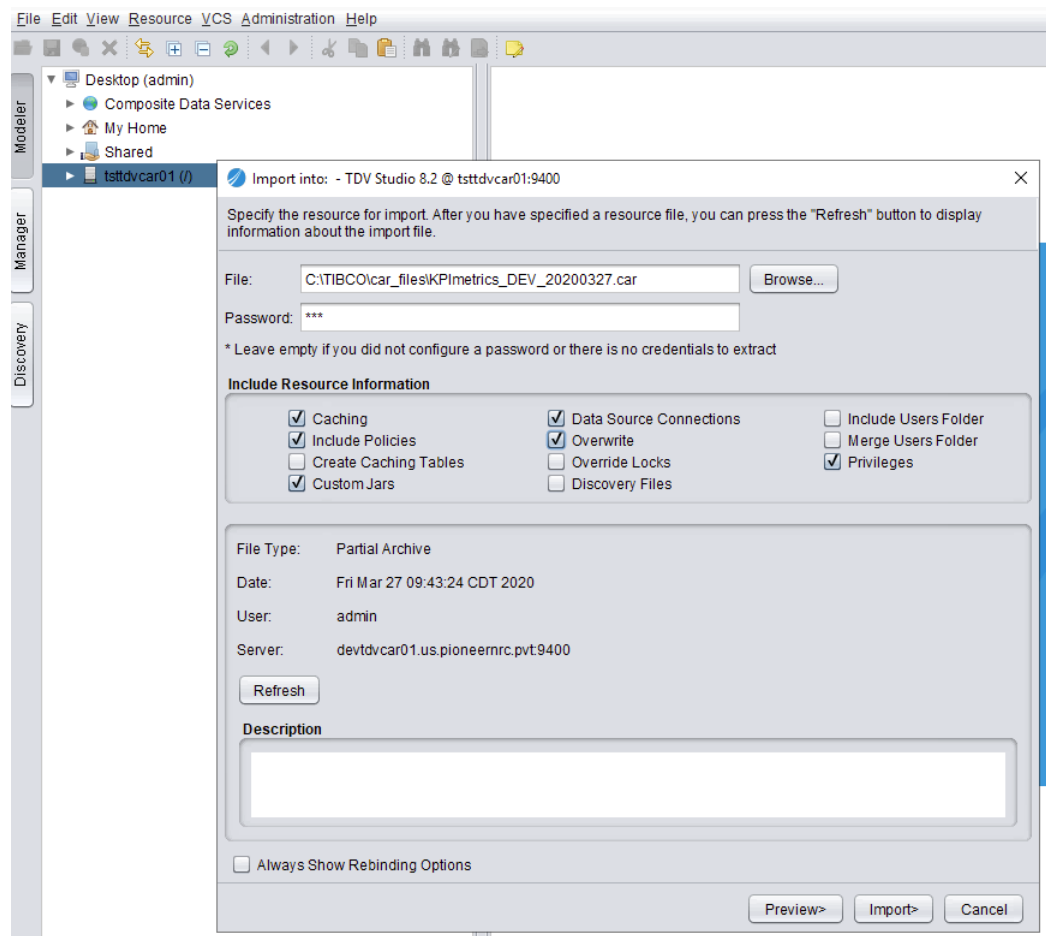
or

	Granted	Read	Modify
User Rights	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Access Tools	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Unlock Resource	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Deployment Manager	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Annotation:

- iii. Click OK to create the user

3. Create the published database “ASAssets” if it does not exist.
  - a. Note: It should already exist because the Utilities require it and the Utilities are a baseline for KPI metrics.
  - b. If it is not there, then you will need to create it and reimport the Utilities – Read the Utilities instructions as it clearly states what to do.
4. Import KPImetrics\_<env>\_<yyyymmdd>.car file into the target environment
  - a. Right-click on the root <hostname> (/) and select import.
  - b. All check boxes should remain checked
  - c. In addition click on “Overwrite”
  - d. Enter the encryption password used during export
  - e. See screen shot below:



- f. Click on “Preview” to view what will be imported.

- g. Click on “Import” to import the resources.
- h. Click “OK” when it is finished.

## Configure KPImetrics Target Installation

1. Sign into the TDV **target** environment with Studio as a user with administrator access.
2. Configuration Parameters

### a. Configure DV email: Used to send alerts and notifications

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → E-mail
  - i. From Address
  - ii. SMTP Host Name
  - iii. SMPT Port
  - iv. If required, provide user name and password
- b. Test sending an email using /lib/util/SendEMail
  - i. Do not put anything in the “from” address. Leave blank.
  - ii. Populate the following:
    - “to”=<your email>
    - 1. “subject”=test
    - 2. “contentType”=TEXT\_PLAIN
    - 3. “content”=test

### b. Configure Weight of Time Keeper

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → Cluster → Cluster trigger distribution
  - i. Weight of time keeper: 0
    4. Set this if time keeper needs special weight in weighted round robin trigger distribution. For most use cases this value need not be set.
    5. Set to 0 so that the timekeeper node does “not” participate in executing the triggers.

### 6. Configure Long Running Processes (Request Run Time)

- b. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Events and Logging → Event Generation → Request Events → Request Run Time
  - i. This controls the period of time after which a request is considered to be long-running, resulting in the generation of a RequestRunForTooLong event, if request events are enabled. A

value of 0 disables this feature.

- ii. Typical value is 60 minutes.
- iii. This event executes this trigger:  
kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests

**c. Postgres Repository Pool Settings**


- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Server → Configuration → Repository Database → Connection Pools
  - i. System Pool
    - 1. Pool Maximum Size (On Server Restart): 200
    - 2. Default=50
    - 3. Maximum number of internal database connections opened for use by the Server metadata sub-system. Note that this number must be greater than the "Minimum". This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.
  - ii. System Table Pool
    - 1. Pool Maximum Size (On Server Restart): 200
    - 2. Default=50
    - 3. Maximum number of internal database connections opened for client access to system tables. Note that this number must be greater than the "Minimum". This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.

**d. For Microsoft SQL Server Data source target only**

- a. Select Administration → Configuration → Data Sources → MS SQL Server Sources
  - i. Microsoft BCP utility path: The path on the TDV server where Microsoft BCP is installed.
    - 1. Default=<not set>
    - 2. The absolute file path of the Microsoft BCP utility. This value is locally defined. It will not be altered when restoring a backup and will not be replicated in a cluster.
  - ii. Column Delimiter: |~|
    - 1. Default=<not set>
    - 2. The column delimiter character to be used for the BCP utility while loading data. If not defined, the value in Configuration > Data Sources > Common to Multiple Source Types > Data Sources Data Transfer > Column Delimiter will be used.
    - 3. If SQL Server and BCP is configured, use "|~|" for the "MS SQL

Server Sources” “Column Delimiter” instead of just a “|” symbol. This is because the data will contain pipe symbols “|”. The “|~|” makes the delimiter more unique where the data should not contain this pattern. Search for “Column Delimiter” in Administration→Configuration.

- b. Select Administration → Configuration → Data Sources → Common to Multiple Source Types
  - i. Data Sources Data Transfer → Buffer Flush Threshold. The minimum value is 1000. Change to 50000
  - ii. Default Commit Row Limit: Change to 50000
- c. Enable Native Loading on the datasource
  - i. Open KPI\_sqlserver\_2016
    1. Click on the “Advanced” tab
    2. Enable Native Data Loading and save the datasource.



### 3. Configure **commonValues**

- a. Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/commonValues
- b. Modify “**cisServerNickname**” for this environment
- c. Modify Data Source variables
  - i. If the catalog or schema is different than the environment you imported from then modify the following:
    1. **dataSourceCatalog** – null if Oracle. Requires catalog for SQL Server. [Case Sensitive]
    2. **dataSourceSchema** – requires schema name [Case Sensitive]
  - ii. If the tablespaces/filegroups are different in this database environment than the environment you imported from then modify the following. Leave null to use the primary tablespace or filegroup.
    1. **collectionTablespaceName**
    2. **historyTablespaceName**
    3. **indexTablespaceName**
- d. Modify Cluster Awareness Configuration:
  - i. The following variables are used to designate a dedicated time keeper

host and port. None of the ClusterSafeCache procedures should be executed on a dedicated time keeper node because general processing and work is never routed to this node. It's only job in the cluster is to service triggers and perform deployments. Execute the following procedure on the "dedicated" time keeper node to get the hostname and port: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pGetSystemInformation

- ii. The "Rules" are as follows:
  - 1. They both should be set to null when this environment is not a cluster (a.k.a. single node).
  - 2. They both should be set to null when this environment is a cluster and any node in the cluster may be the timekeeper and all nodes do work.
  - 3. Set the hostname and port to the dedicated timekeeper node when the environment is a cluster and the node has been dedicated as a timekeeper and does not do work.
- iii. **dedicatedTimeKeeperHostname** – dedicated time keeper host
- iv. **dedicatedTimeKeeperPort** – dedicated time keeper port.
- v. **totalNumberWorkerNodes** – designates the total number of worker nodes used for processing.
  - 1. Scenario 1 - stand-alone environment. No cluster. The total should be the default of 1.
    - a. Example: totalNumberWorkerNodes=1
  - 2. Scenario 2 - cluster environment with NO "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes in the cluster.
    - b. Example: a 3-node cluster with NO dedicated timekeeper. totalNumberWorkerNodes=3
  - 3. Scenario 3 - cluster environment with a "dedicated" timekeeper. The total is the total number of nodes minus 1.
    - c. Example: a 3-node cluster with a dedicated timekeeper. totalNumberWorkerNodes=2
- e. Determine how long the data for this environment will be retained. Example: For LLE it is typically 4 months / 120 days. For PROD it is typically 12 months / 366 days. Daily/Interval partitioning is in affect for all tables with a 366-day maximum interval which accounts for leap year.
  - i. **purgeWorkflowData**: LLE=120, PROD=366
  - ii. **purgeSQLRequests**: LLE=120, PROD=366
  - iii. **purgeResourceUsage**: LLE=120, PROD=366
  - iv. **purgeHistory**: LLE=120, PROD=366



- v. **purgeMetadata**: LLE=30, PROD=30 – Due to the amount of data, the values are a lot lower for this setting.
  - f. Modify “**partitionStartDate**” – this is always the first day of the month in which you are doing the configuration.
- 4. Install **CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER** scripts
  - a. Do this for each node in the cluster.
  - b. Copy KPImetrics\*.sh scripts from the source TDV\_HOME/bin folder to the target environment TDV\_HOME/bin folder
  - c. For Linux, set the permissions properly
    - i. `chmod 700 KPImetrics*`
    - ii. `chown <owner> KPImetrics*`
    - iii. `chgrp <group> KPImetrics*`
  - d. vi KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux6 or 7.sh
    - i. Modify CIS\_HOME to point to the correct directory.
- 5. Modify the database data source
  - a. For Oracle modify one of KPI\_oracle\_[11g|12c]
  - b. For SQL Server modify one of KPI\_sqlserver\_[2016]
  - c. Modify to point to the correct database host and port
  - d. Modify catalog and schema if necessary
  - e. Modify user and password if necessary
  - f. Test the connection

### Execute KPImetrics Installation script

1. Execute the Installation to create the database tables
  - a. ***WARNING: DO NOT RUN THIS IN AN EXISTING ENVIRONMENT. IT WILL DROP ALL KPIMETRICS TABLES.***
  - b. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/2\_Post\_Installation

Parameter	Value	Null
inDebugSecondary		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
performInstallationAction	Y	<input type="checkbox"/>
destroyCIS_metrics_collection_Tables	Y	<input type="checkbox"/>
forceOverwrite	Y	<input type="checkbox"/>
userTransformation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
domainTransformation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

- c. Click OK
- d. The status should be “SUCCESS”

Name	Value
status	SUCCESS
result	Final Instructions: 1. Configure the DV Out-Of-The-Box Metrics located at /policy/metrics 2. Execute: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(1)

## Configure Data Source Capabilities File

5. TDV Capabilities Files used to achieve push-down with F\_GET\_PARTITION\_NUM()

6. Example:

```
SELECT * from /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResource
where partition = F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(CURRENT_DATE-1)
```

7. Oracle - Instructions:

a. Add the following text to the correct adapter that is being used:

- i. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver/oracle\_11g\_thin\_driver\_values.xml
- ii. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver/oracle\_12c\_thin\_driver\_values.xml
- iii. The lines can be put directly after the first comment in the file
- iv. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```
<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>
<ns1:attribute
xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>DVKPI.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>
```

b. Modify the schema name "DVKPI" to whatever your schema name is.

c. Restart the TDV server

8. SQL Server - Instructions:

a. Add the following text to

- i. DV\_HOME/conf/adapters/system/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016/microsoft\_sql\_server\_2016\_values.xml
- ii. They can be put directly after the first comment in the file
- iii. Note: These changes are permanent and will not be overwritten once a hotfix/patch is applied.

```

<common:attribute
xmlns:common="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <common:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:name>
  <common:type>STRING</common:type>
  <common:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</common:value>
  <common:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~date)</common:configID>
</common:attribute>

<ns1:attribute
xmlns:ns1="http://www.compositesw.com/services/system/util/common">
  <ns1:name>/custom/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:name>
  <ns1:type>STRING</ns1:type>
  <ns1:value>dbo.F_GET_PARTITION_NUM($1)</ns1:value>
  <ns1:configID>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(~string)</ns1:configID>
</ns1:attribute>

```

- b. Modify the schema name “**dbo**” to whatever your schema name is.
- c. Restart the TDV server

## Configure TDV Metrics [/policy/metrics]

1. Configure the DV Out-Of-The-Box Metrics located at /policy/metrics
  - a. Point to the correctly configured datasource in the Metadata folder:
    - i. /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata
  - b. Click “Edit Tables”
    - i. Browse and select the the schema of the datasource configured.
    - ii. DO NOT “EXECUTE DDL” – the tables already exist.
    - iii. Just click OK to accept the configuration.
    - iv. Click Save
  - c. Request Count Threshold: 1000 is acceptable
  - d. How long do you want to keep the metrics data? 1 Day
  - e. How often do you want to run the truncate process on expired data? 1 Hour
2. Enable – click enable
  - a. Make sure both Buffering Status and Truncate Status is green.

## Turn on KPImetrics triggers





































1. Execute: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers(1)

## 6 KPImetrics Administration Scenarios

### Turn KPI On/Off

This section describes how to turn KPImetrics on and off by simply turning on/off the triggers.

1. Turn OFF KPImetrics triggers
  - a. Execute this procedure  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers
    - i. Enable=0
    - ii. includeList=null
    - iii. excludeList=null
  - b. Refresh Studio
  - c. Review the triggers status on the Manager tab / Triggers:

Resource 	Status	Type	Frequency
kpimetricsTrig_00_CheckMetricsActivityDebug	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_IO	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 6 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 12 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_14_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests	 Disabled	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOffTime	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_23_Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_24_ValidateUpdateStatusTables	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_25_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 15 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_31_DBMSSchedulerError	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_34_DBMSRebuildIndexes	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every week at day/time
kpimetricsTrig_35_DBMSDeleteCheck	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_40_Cache_METADATA_TABLES	 Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_50_MetricsPersistenceFailure	 Disabled	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_51_MetricsTruncateFailure	 Disabled	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_52_MetricsBackupFailure	 Disabled	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_53_MetricsRestoreFailure	 Disabled	System Event	



## 2. Turn ON KPImetrics triggers

- a. Execute this procedure  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers
  - i. Enable=1
  - ii. includeList=null
  - iii. excludeList=null
- b. Refresh Studio
- c. Review the triggers status on the Manager tab / Triggers:

Resource ^	Status	Type	Frequency
kpimetricsTrig_00_CheckMetricsActivityDebug	ⓘ Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_JO	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS	ⓘ Disabled	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 6 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 12 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_14_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests	✔ Ready	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_23_Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_24_ValidateUpdateStatusTables	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_25_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 15 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_31_DBMSSchedulerError	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every 2 hours at minute
kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection	ⓘ Disabled	Timer Event	Every 30 minutes
kpimetricsTrig_34_DBMSRebuildIndexes	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every week at day/time
kpimetricsTrig_35_DBMSDeleteCheck	ⓘ Disabled	Timer Event	Every hour at minute
kpimetricsTrig_40_Cache_METADATA_TABLES	✔ Ready	Timer Event	Every day at time
kpimetricsTrig_50_MetricsPersistenceFailure	✔ Ready	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_51_MetricsTruncateFailure	✔ Ready	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_52_MetricsBackupFailure	✔ Ready	System Event	
kpimetricsTrig_53_MetricsRestoreFailure	✔ Ready	System Event	

## 3. Turn ON KPImetrics triggers [TRICK]

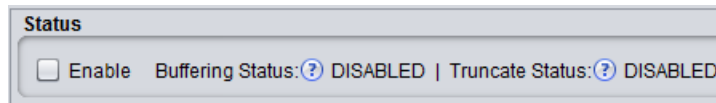
- a. Usage: In this scenario you have executed the triggers and they are up and running. Now you need to stop all the triggers for some maintenance. When the maintenance is over, you want to restart the triggers but you don't need to or want to wait for triggers 1-3 to perform their operation since the data in their tables is current given that you had a short maintenance window within the same day. The trick is to turn on all of the triggers except 1-3 which you will do manually.
- b. Execute this procedure  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers.

- i. The procedure will run very fast since it does not have to load the data for triggers 1-3 as you will put them in the excludeList as shown below.
  - ii. Enable=1
  - iii. includeList=null
  - iv. **excludeList=1,2,3**
- c. In Studio, go to the Manager (tab) → Triggers (screen)
  - i. Locate the following three triggers and highlight them
 
  - ii. Click on “Change Enabling” button
 
  - iii. Now all of the triggers are operational and will execute based on their next time slot.

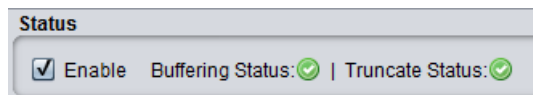
## Turn Data Virtualization (DV) metrics On/Off

This section describes how to turn DV metrics on/off.

1. To Stop DV metrics, you must log in as the “admin” user
  - a. Open /policy/metrics
  - b. Uncheck the “Enable” button
  - c. The metrics will indicate they are DISABLED



2. To Start DV metrics, you must log in as the “admin” user
  - a. Open /policy/metrics
  - b. Check the “Enable” button
  - c. Both Buffering Status and Truncate Status should be green.



- d. If they are not, then there is a problem with the metrics configuration. Check the log entries for errors.

## Modify Triggers

This section describes how to modify the triggers once they are installed.

1. Open/Edit the resource /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/**defaultTriggersToEnable**
  - a. Only modify the ON/OFF settings for each trigger. Leave all other settings alone.



- i. Refer to the following sections for details on each trigger:
  - 1. [Metadata System Triggers and Load Scripts](#)
- b. The current triggers defaulted to OFF are as follows:
  - i. **kpimetricsTrig\_00\_CheckMetricsActivityDebug** – Only turn this on if you suspect that DV metrics is not working properly and you want to debug the DV metrics every hour.
  - ii. **kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF. If you wish to perform SQL parsing on the request description SQL statement to parse out the table and column resources used in the SQL then turn this trigger on. There is quite a bit of overhead associated with this trigger.
  - iii. **kpimetricsTrig\_11\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_REPROCESS** – Only turn this on if you get a code update from the Open Source site and there were changes to the SQL Parser code.
  - iv. **kpimetricsTrig\_17\_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests** – You may choose to keep this off in lower-level environments but turn it on in PROD environments.
  - v. **kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests** – You may choose to keep this off in lower-level environments but turn it on in PROD environments.
  - vi. **kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF and is deprecated as of 2020Q100 release. This trigger deletes unwanted rows in the metrics\_resources\_usage based on applicable rows found in METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS. It also deletes rows in metrics\_requests where a corresponding row does not exist in metrics\_resources\_usage. As part of the normal KPI metrics operation, the trigger kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler runs a procedure that will transfer metrics collection data and delete rows from the metrics\_resources\_usage and metrics\_requests collection tables. If this trigger/procedure is operating without issues and keeping up with deletes, then it is possible to turn off the trigger: **kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection**.
  - vii. **kpimetricsTrig\_35\_DBMSDeleteCheck** – This trigger is used to monitor when TDV metrics executes the delete statements against the collection tables. It is optional but may provide value in terms of getting an idea what is being executed by TDV metrics.
  - viii. **kpimetricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES** – This trigger is defaulted to OFF. This trigger executes the KPI Metadata strategy. It is intensive which is why it only runs once a day. It could be set to run less often if metadata does not change that often. It should never run more than once a day as it will put load on the DV server. Refer to “KPI metadata Configuration Guide v1.3.pdf” for more



information about configuration and usage. Before turning this on, the following procedure must be configured:

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants.

2. Execute this procedure /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers
  - a. Enable=1
  - b. includeList=null
  - c. excludeList=null
3. Refresh Studio
4. Review the triggers status on the Manager tab / Triggers to ensure your trigger changes were enforced.

## Perform Oracle Database Maintenance on Collection Tables

This section outlines how to perform maintenance on the Oracle collection tables in order to regain the tablespace.

1. Stop Data Virtualization metrics
2. Execute the  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec to process the existing rows in the collection tables
3. Execute the following commands directly against Oracle
 

```
ALTER TABLE "metrics_sessions" ENABLE ROW MOVEMENT;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_sessions" SHRINK SPACE CASCADE;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_sessions" DEALLOCATE UNUSED KEEP 50;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_requests" ENABLE ROW MOVEMENT;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_requests" SHRINK SPACE CASCADE;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_requests" DEALLOCATE UNUSED KEEP 50;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_resources_usage" ENABLE ROW MOVEMENT;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_resources_usage" SHRINK SPACE CASCADE;
ALTER TABLE "metrics_resources_usage" DEALLOCATE UNUSED KEEP 50;
```

## Perform SQL Server Database Maintenance on Collection Tables

This section outlines how to perform maintenance on the SQL Server collection tables in order to regain the tablespace.

1. Using SQL Server Management Console, run the following script to view the tablespace sizes

```
SELECT name AS NameOfFile, size/128.0 as TotalSizeInMB,
       CAST(FILEPROPERTY(name, 'SpaceUsed' )AS int)/128.0 AS SpacesUsedInMB,
       size/128.0 -CAST(FILEPROPERTY(name, 'SpaceUsed' )AS int)/128.0 AS AvailableSpaceInMB
FROM dbo.SYSFILES
GO
```

## 2. Example results:

### a. Filegroup results:

	NameOfFile	TotalSizeInMB	SpacesUsedInMB	AvailableSpaceInMB
1	CIS_KPI1	22.250000	8.812500	13.437500
2	CIS_KPI_log	4180.187500	4151.312500	28.875000
3	METRICS_DATA_COLL	2743.062500	1859.937500	883.125000
4	METRICS_DATA_HIST	2019.812500	2019.812500	0.000000
5	METRICS_DATA_IDX	2920.875000	2920.875000	0.000000

### b. File system results:

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
CIS_KPI_log_1.ldf	1/21/2020 11:09 AM	SQL Server Databa...	4,280,512 KB
CIS_KPI_primary_1.ndf	1/20/2020 10:45 AM	SQL Server Databa...	22,784 KB
METRICS_DATA_COLL_1.ndf	1/20/2020 2:47 PM	SQL Server Databa...	2,808,896 KB
METRICS_DATA_HIST_1.ndf	1/21/2020 10:46 AM	SQL Server Databa...	2,068,288 KB
METRICS_DATA_IDX_1.ndf	1/21/2020 10:46 AM	SQL Server Databa...	2,990,976 KB

3. Typically, the SQL Server log is what is growing the most and must be managed. The following SQL can be run from SQL Server Management Console to shrink the log and the log file thus freeing up disk space.

### a. Note that the log file group will be different in your environment:

```
DBCC SHRINKFILE (N'DVKPI_log', 0, TRUNCATEONLY)
GO
```

## 4. Example results after execute "DBCC shrinkfile":

### a. Filegroup results:

	NameOfFile	TotalSizeInMB	SpacesUsedInMB	AvailableSpaceInMB
1	CIS_KPI1	22.250000	8.812500	13.437500
2	CIS_KPI_log	1.000000	0.367187	0.632813
3	METRICS_DATA_COLL	2743.062500	1859.937500	883.125000
4	METRICS_DATA_HIST	2019.812500	2019.812500	0.000000
5	METRICS_DATA_IDX	2920.875000	2920.875000	0.000000

### b. File system results:

- In this example, the log file shrunk from 4GB down to 1 MB after executing the DBCC shrinkfile command. This was after DV metrics were turned off

and the DV server was recycled so that the connection to SQL Server was released thus allowing SQL Server to release the logs.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
CIS_KPI_log_1.ldf	1/21/2020 11:19 AM	SQL Server Databa...	1,024 KB
CIS_KPI_primary_1.ndf	1/20/2020 10:45 AM	SQL Server Databa...	22,784 KB
METRICS_DATA_COLL_1.ndf	1/20/2020 2:47 PM	SQL Server Databa...	2,808,896 KB
METRICS_DATA_HIST_1.ndf	1/21/2020 10:46 AM	SQL Server Databa...	2,068,288 KB
METRICS_DATA_IDX_1.ndf	1/21/2020 10:46 AM	SQL Server Databa...	2,990,976 KB

## Configure Third Party Tool Access

This section outlines how to configure third party tool access for reporting tools such as Cognos, Spotfire, MicroStrategy or others.

1. Download the Data Virtualization (DV) ODBC 7 Drivers and install on the client host machine
2. Configure an ODBC data source
  - a. DSN Name: Provide different connections to different DV instances
    - i. DV\_KPIMETRICS\_DEV
    - ii. DV\_KPIMETRICS\_UAT
    - iii. DV\_KPIMETRICS\_PROD
  - b. Host – hostname of the DV target instance
  - c. Port – port number of the DV target instance (e.g. 9401)
  - d. User Name – the user name or service account to use
  - e. Password – the password for the user name or service account
  - f. Domain – the domain name such as “composite” or “ldap”
  - g. Data source – the data source will be “ASAssets”
  - h. Catalog – can leave this blank
  - i. Local/Code Page – can leave this blank

## Get the Current Row Distribution for the History Tables/Partitions

This section describes how to get the row distribution in partitions for the three metrics history tables, all non-history metrics tables and all metadata tables.

Total Count All Tables – a count but no partition distribution

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metrics/metrics\_all\_kpimetrics\_table\_counts

Metrics History Tables:

/services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_history\_tables\_row\_distribution

Metrics Non-history Tables:

/services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_tables\_row\_distribution

Metadata Tables:

/services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/metadata\_tables\_row\_distribution

**Maintenance – Adding/removing a node in the cluster**

This section outlines the maintenance required when adding or removing a node in the cluster. After modify ***commonValues.totalNumberWorkerNodes*** and executing ***updateTriggers(1)*** to turn on triggers, it will automatically invoke the “***automatedMaintenanceDriver***” to add the additionally tables necessary for the additional node(s).

Modify *commonValues. totalNumberWorkerNodes*, when adding/removing nodes in a cluster, this variable must be modified to specify how many nodes are in the cluster.

This value will be used by the automated maintenance driver

[/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/AutomatedTableMaintenance/automatedMaintenanceDriver] to adjust the METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES and METRICS\_ALL\_USERS tables required for each node. The purpose of these tables are to insure that data is available all the time even while a node is in the process of populating the contents of a table. In the example below, TDV will round-robin the \_T1 and \_T2 tables between query-available and load-available. Each node in a cluster will have its own set of tables to work with so that they do not collide with each other. This allows each node to safely load data and then truncate the table. This strategy is being used because “delete” statements are inefficient and cause blocking issues especially in SQL Server.

Example:

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES – a TDV view that is introspected from the METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES database view

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES – a database union view pointing to all METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_Nnn views

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS – a TDV view that is introspected from the METRICS\_ALL\_USERS database view

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS – a database union view pointing to all METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_Nnn views

Node 1 = N01

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01 – a database view pointing to query table

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T1 – available for queries

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T2 – available to be loaded

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N01 – a database view pointing to query table

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N01\_T1 – available for queries

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N01\_T2 – available to be loaded

Node 2 = N02

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02 – a database view pointing to query table

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T1 – available for queries

METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T2 – available to be loaded

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N02 – a database view pointing to query table

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N02\_T1 – available for queries

METRICS\_ALL\_USERS\_N02\_T2 – available to be loaded

## Data Validation

This section describes the use of the data validation procedure.

The data validate procedure is found at this location:

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/DataValidation/DataValidationScript

This procedure can be executed to verify that the data is not violating the primary key and that there are no null nodehost/nodeport values in the tables.

## FAQ

This section provides an FAQ.

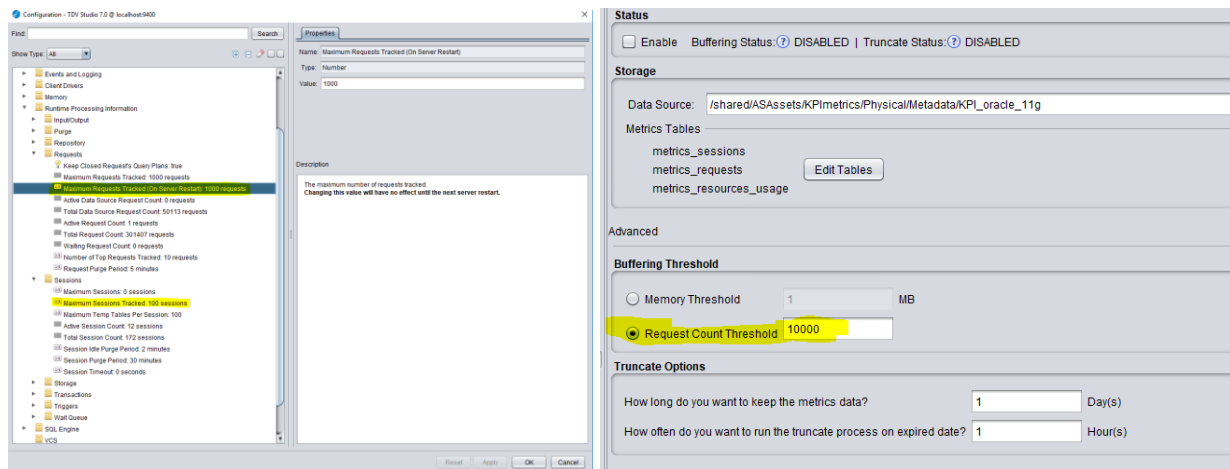
**Q1:** Does TDV metrics use memory or temp files to store the metrics before writing it out to the database?

**A1:** It uses a memory buffer. The amount of memory varies based on the Policy Metrics settings.

**Q2:** When using SQL Server for the database, is it advantageous to configure BCP for better performance inserting into collection tables?

**A2:** All information is kept in memory and a JDBC prepared statement is used to insert into the database in batches.

**Q3:** Is there a correlation between the administration configuration parameter “Maximum Requests Tracked” and the policy metrics setting “Request Count Threshold”?



Admin Config: Maximum Requests Tracked – 1000 requests

Admin Config: Maximum Sessions Tracked – 100 sessions

Policy Metrics: Request Count Threshold - 10000

**A3:** No there is not a correlation between them. Metrics will keep the information in memory until the threshold is reached and write them to the database.

**Q4:** Will I lose transactions and sessions because metrics is set to 10,000 and Max Request Tracked is set to 1000? Any correlation?

**A4:** No. There will not be any loss of information. All requests are kept in memory until the threshold is reached. The only correlation between them if smaller Max Request Tracked, then it will take longer to fill the metrics buffer to reach Metrics request threshold.

**Q5:** What can be expected in terms of memory usage if Policy metrics Request Count Threshold is set to 10000?

**A5:** It's really based on how big the size of session, request and resource events are. The real memory usage may differ. One option is to use memory threshold.

## 7 KPImetrics Resources

### Configuration Resources

This section outlines the resources that are used for configuration of KPImetrics.

#### KPI Version Overview

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics

This section lists the version and “How to Install” procedures.

Configuration Name	Description
getKPIVersion	Returns the version of KPI in the format: YYYY.Q[1-4] e.g. 2017.4 If a patch is release within the Quarter then it would be 2017.401
README	Provides a brief description of the published views.
RELEASE_NOTES	Provides a description of what changes per release.

#### Configuration Customize Folder Overview

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize

This section lists all of the configuration customization resources that the user will configure.

Configuration Name	Description
commonValues	Script to store default purge time values and data source information.
defaultTriggersToEnable	This view contains a series of UNION statements for each trigger that exists in the KPImetrics. It provides information on the following: triggerName, triggerNumber, recommendation, executeImmediate, isCache and cacheTableName. Example row: 'kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES' triggerName, 1 triggerNumber, 'ON' recommendation, 1 executeImmediate, 0 isCache, " cacheTableName
LDAP_PERSON	This is the view that integrates and customizes the LDAP1 and LDAP2 datasources.
pqlInsert_METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION	<p>This procedure is used for either initial load or maintenance. If a row already exists, it does not update it. It simply bypasses it. This means that you can run this procedure as many times as you want and not impact existing rows. It does not delete or unsubscribe requester events. To delete a subscription, invoke pMetricsEventRegistrationUnsubscribe().</p> <p>A subscription in the METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL, GROUP_NAME, ENVIRONMENT_TYPE, EVENT_TYPE and REQUESTER_EMAIL.</p> <p>This is the metrics event subscription table:</p> <p><u>METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION</u></p>

	<p><b>SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL</b> PK      userid email or a group email alias. Who the email alert will be sent to.</p> <p><b>GROUP_NAME</b> PK      Group name subscribing to. When an alert occurs for a user the groups will be checked and cross-referenced with this registered group. The group [all] is a composite group and a catch-all for any user belonging to this composite group.</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENT_TYPE</b> PK      Register for all environments [ALL] or a certain environment type [DEV1, CIT1, SIT1, UAT, TT, PROD]</p> <p><b>EVENT_TYPE</b> PK      [LONG_RUNNING  EXCEEDED_MEMORY  INACTIVITY  WORKFLOW_FAILURE  DBMS_SCHEDULER_ERROR  PURGE_HISTORY]</p> <p><b>REQUESTER_EMAIL</b> PK      Primary requester email.</p> <p><b>REQUESTER_FIRST_NAME</b>      Primary requester first name.</p> <p><b>REQUESTER_LAST_NAME</b>      Primary requester last name.</p> <p><b>EXCLUDE_TEXT</b>      Pipe separated list of text phrases that would appear in the SYS_REQUESTS SQL description field and signify exclusion of this event if the text is found in the SQL description.</p>
pqInsert_METRICS_JOB_tables	This procedure is used for either initial load or maintenance. It deletes all of the rows and then inserts them new. For maintenance, simply make a change to the script and re-execute in each environment. Perform the load/maintenance on the following tables: METRICS_JOB_ENVIRONMENTS, METRICS_JOB_FILTERS
pqInsert_METADATA_Constants	This procedure gets invoked by /Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_METADATA_TABLES on a regular schedule so that this data stays in sync with the other metadata.

## Configuration Folder Overview

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration

This section lists all of the configuration procedures that have been defined for the KPImetrics module. These scripts provide functionality for setup/configuration of the KPImetrics module.

Configuration Name	Description
getQueryResponseTime	This procedure executes the passed in query and calculates the average time taken to retrieve the first row of data.
pMaintenanceUpdateHostnamePort	This procedure is used to convert the values for NODE_HOST/nodehost and NODE_PORT/nodeport from one value to another. It is "highly" unlikely that this procedure would ever be used but it is provided nonetheless for unforeseen circumstances. For each view found in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction perform the updated operation if they contain both NODE_HOST/nodehost and NODE_PORT/nodeport. This is a dynamic procedure so it will pick up whatever is in that path.



	Note: If you (1) migrate from one host to another host or (2) migrate from one DV instance to another DV instance on the same host, you should <u>not modify the data</u> . The nodehost and nodeport along with requestid are needed to insure a unique row. When moving to a new DV instance, the requestid may be repeated.
pMetricsEventRegistrationList	This procedure is used to "LIST" to a metrics event registration. A subscription in the METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table that consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL, GROUP_NAME, ENVIRONMENT_TYPE, EVENT_TYPE and REQUESTER_EMAIL.
pMetricsEventRegistrationSubscribe	This procedure is used to "SUBSCRIBE" to a metrics event registration. A subscription in the METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL, GROUP_NAME, ENVIRONMENT_TYPE, EVENT_TYPE and REQUESTER_EMAIL. The column EVENT_TYPE is one of: [LONG_RUNNING  EXCEEDED_MEMORY  INACTIVITY  WORKFLOW_FAILURE  DBMS_SCHEDULER_ERROR]
pMetricsEventRegistrationUnsubscribe	This procedure is used to "UNSUBSCRIBE" to a metrics event registration. A subscription in the METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table that consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL, GROUP_NAME, ENVIRONMENT_TYPE, EVENT_TYPE and REQUESTER_EMAIL.
rebindPhysicalAbstraction	<p>The 1<sup>st</sup> step of this procedure is used to rebind all of the resources (Views) in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction to the KPI_&lt;database_type&gt; folder as configured in commonValues. All views above the /Abstraction layer will be redirected to use the correct data source. This is a one-time configuration done during setup. The 2<sup>nd</sup> step is used to optimize various views and procedures as defined by commonValues.viewOptimizationPathList.</p> <p>Some examples of optimization:</p> <p><u>SQL SERVER:</u></p> <p>ex 1. {OPTION IGNORE_TRAILING_SPACES="TRUE", CASE_SENSITIVE="FALSE"}</p> <p>ex 2. CAST(DATEDIFF('DAY', requestdate, CURRENT_DATE)/31.00 AS DECIMAL(19,2)) requestdatemonths, CAST(DATEDIFF('DAY', requestdate, CURRENT_DATE) AS DECIMAL(19,0)) requestdatedays,</p> <p>ex 3. FROM /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/AllCustomReports/ ResourceCount_DetailsRT_sqlserver</p> <p>ex 4. FROM /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/AllCustomReports/ ResourceCount_TotalRT_sqlserver</p> <p><u>ORACLE:</u></p> <p>ex 1. {OPTION IGNORE_TRAILING_SPACES="FALSE", CASE_SENSITIVE="TRUE"}</p> <p>ex 2. CAST(ROUND(MONTHS_BETWEEN(CURRENT_DATE, requestdate),2) AS DECIMAL(19,2)) requestdatemonths, CAST(DAYS_BETWEEN(CURRENT_DATE, requestdate) AS DECIMAL(19,0)) requestdatedays,</p> <p>ex 3. FROM /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/AllCustomReports/ ResourceCount_DetailsRT_oracle</p>

	ex 4. FROM /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/AllCustomReports/ ResourceCount_TotalRT_oracle
rebindPhysicalDatabaseType	Rebind the folder /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_<database_type> [KPI_oracle, KPI_sqlserver]. Rebind from whatever the current folder is currently pointing to and modify to the new catalog/schema path for tables and procedures. This is required when the catalog and/or the schema name are changed from the original setting. This may be required on the initial setup in the development environment. This may be required if upper environments have a different catalog or schema from the DEV environment although this is not recommended. This procedure is used when the schema and catalog for Oracle is not 'DVKPI' or SQLServer is not 'DVKPI/dbo'. Configure the following /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/commonValues.dataSourceName PRIOR to running this procedure.
updateImpactedResources	Provides a way to iterate through /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics and attempt to fix any impacted resources due to an anomaly in the DV repository.
updateTriggers	<p>This procedure is used to enable and disable the triggers based on the stored in /Customize/defaultTriggersToEnable(). When enabling the triggers, it will place a record in METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for Cach_ALL_RESOURCES and Cache_ALL_USERS for each node of the cluster which indicates that those 2 procedures need to be executed prior to the dependents requiring the data. The following processes will look at METRICS_SQL_CONTROL to determine if the procedures need executing:</p> <p>pExecuteMetricsSqlControl – will execute both and is triggered by kpiometricsTrig_25_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl.</p> <p>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES gets executed by dependents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_ADHOC</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</li> <li>pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec</li> </ul> <p>Cache_ALL_USERS gets executed by dependents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cache_ALL_USERS</li> <li>pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec</li> </ul>

## Published Resources

This section outlines the resources that are published under the ASAssets virtual database to expose metrics data. Resources are organized under catalogs and schemas based upon their functionality.

Please review the document “*KPImetrics Data Dictionary vX.Y.pdf*” for details about published tables, procedures and columns.

## KPImetricsAdmin Definitions

This section outlines the resources that are published under the ASAssets virtual database to expose administration functions.

### configurations.updateTriggers Procedure

Provides the ability to turn on/off triggers programmatically.

Column Name	Column Type	Definition
enable	SMALLINT	IN
includeList	VARCHAR(255)	IN
excludeList	VARCHAR(255)	IN
operation	VARCHAR(255)	OUT
prevStatus	VARCHAR(10)	OUT
currStatus	VARCHAR(10)	OUT
triggerNumber	INTEGER	OUT
triggerAction	VARCHAR(3)	OUT
executeImmediate	INTEGER	OUT
rowsInserted	BIGINT	OUT
duration	VARCHAR(25)	OUT
triggerName	VARCHAR(255)	OUT
triggerPath	VARCHAR(1024)	OUT
message	VARCHAR(1200)	The exception message if a request was not successful.

## Data Sources

This section outlines the data sources created, populated and used by KPImetrics project.

### Metadata Data Source for LDAP

Location:

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP1

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP2

The data source LDAP1 and LDAP2 are LDAP data sources that connects to a client's corporate LDAP directory to lookup user information and their relation to client hierarchy. The data source's URL property should be modified to allow the data source to successfully connect to and query the target LDAP directory server. The LDAP structure may vary and could use LDAP person, organizationalPerson, inetOrgPerson or some other customer LDAP

table. Determine the correct table to find person data and introspected it under this data source for LDAP integration to function successfully.

There are two data sources provided out of the box in the event there are two DV domains configured. Add additional data sources if there are more than two domains. Each data source directly corresponds to a DV domain.

*It is strongly recommended that this data source should not use the same LDAP account as the DV server uses to authenticate LDAP users. This may result in the LDAP account being locked if the data source's credentials are not updated when the account's password is changed.*

### Metadata Data Source for CPUAndMemChecker

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/CPUAndMemChecker

CPUAndMemChecker custom java procedure is used to capture system level CPU and Memory usage at the operating system level. On a linux server installation, CPUAndMemChecker invokes two shell scripts (KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu\_linux7.sh and KPImetricsFreeMemCommand\_linux7.sh) to execute 'top' and 'free' commands to returns CPU percentage, used memory and available memory. Windows installations use a couple of powershell scripts (KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1 and KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1) to perform the same capability.

The CPUAndMemChecker procedure is invoked by Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES script and inserts the results in METRICS\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES table of the KPImetrics data source.

The CPUAndMemChecker procedure exposes one procedure that has following parameters:

Parameter Name	Direction	Description
debug	IN	Y=debug values written to cs_server.log. N=no debug.
cpuScriptNameOrCommand	IN	Path to script to return CPU utilization.  Windows example: powershell.exe -file C:\CIS7\bin\KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1  UNIX example: /CIS7/bin/KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu_linux7.sh
memScriptNameOrCommand	IN	Path to script to return memory utilization.  Windows example: powershell.exe -file C:\CIS7\bin\KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1  UNIX example: /CIS7/bin/KPImetricsFreeMemCommand_linux7.sh
cpuUsedPercent	OUT	Average CPU utilization percentage reported by the server's operating system

memoryUsedMb	OUT	Used memory in Megabytes reported by the server's operating system
memoryAvailMb	OUT	Available memory in Megabytes reported by the server's operating system

## Metadata Data Source Tables and Procedures

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_<database\_type>\_<version>

The KPImetrics module provides data source for all currently supported storage database platforms under /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata.

Currently the KPImetrics module includes the following KPImetrics data sources

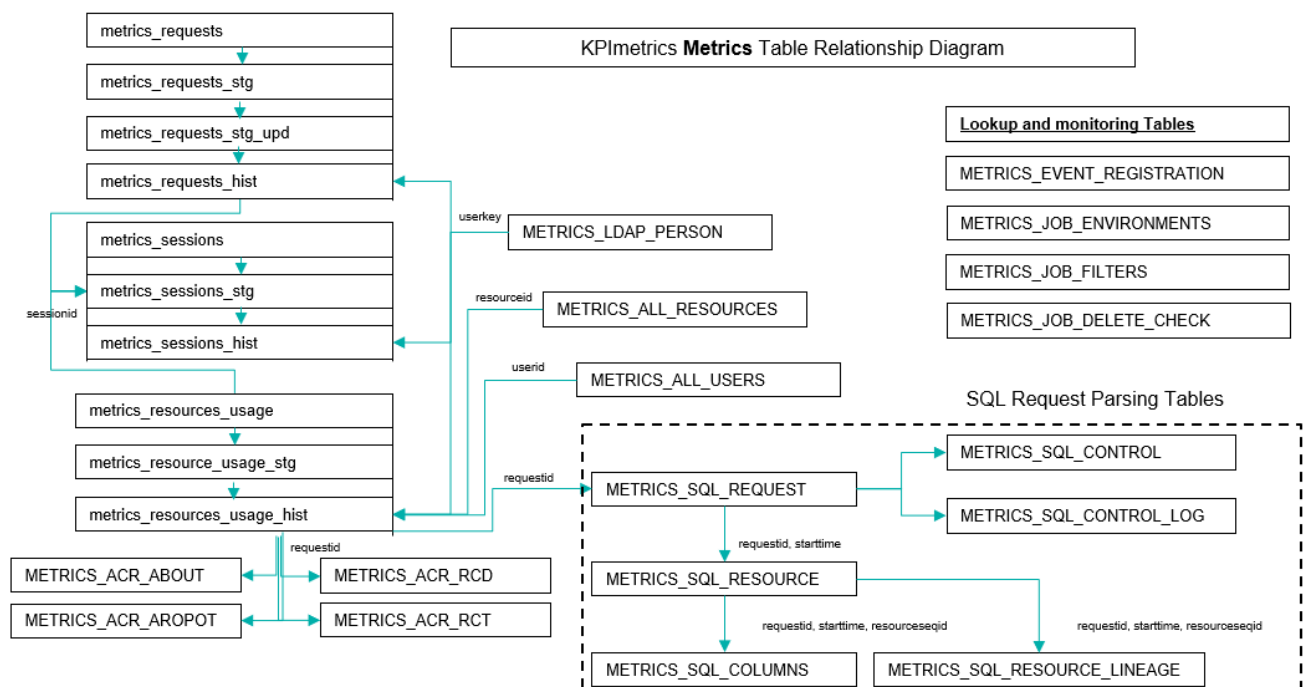
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_<version>
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_<version>

During deployment, the KPImetrics module must be configured to use the data source appropriate for the target KPImetrics database platform. The following instructions refer to this data source at the KPImetrics data source for simplicity

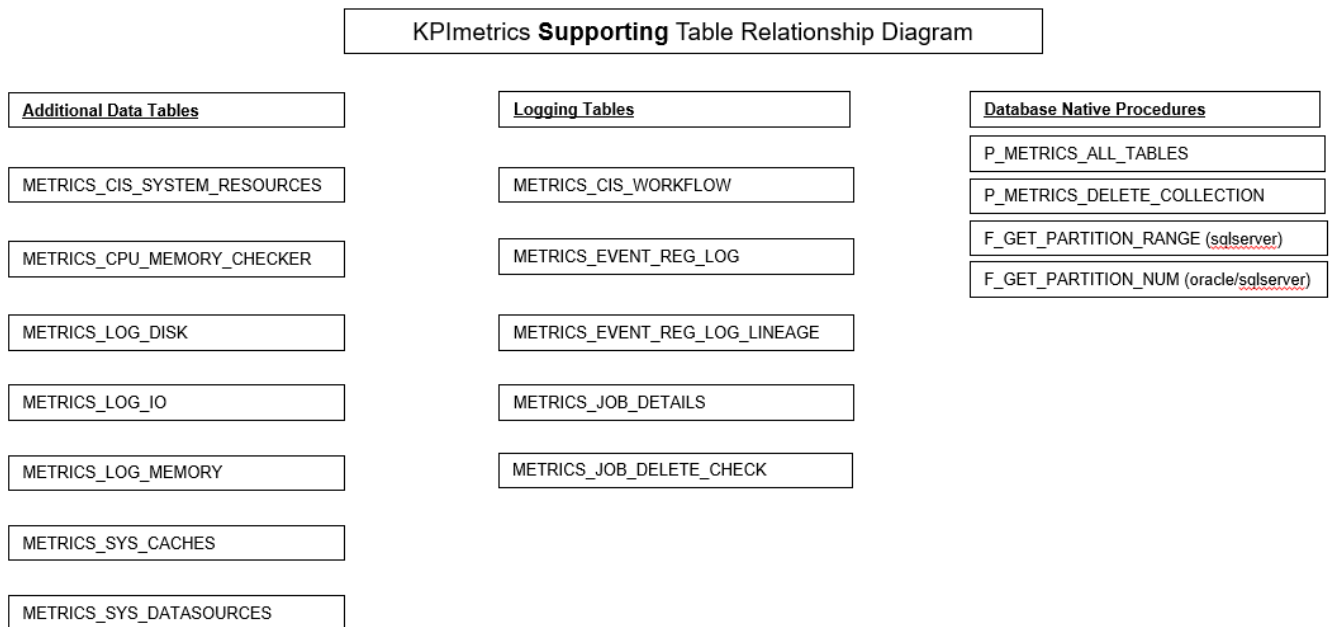
The KPImetrics data source is used to capture

- Historical server metrics captured using incremental caching
- Some pre-processed data for final reporting

## KPImetrics “Metrics” Table Relationship Diagram



## KPImetrics “Metrics” Supporting Table Relationship Diagram



## KPI Metrics “Metrics” Tables Partitioning Strategy (w/leap year)

### Leap year:

When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

Note: 366-day interval accounts for leap year. Partition 60 is used in leap years.

Lookup Tables	Partitioned Tables	2020 (leap year)														
		1/1		2/29	3/1		5/1		7/1		9/1		11/1	12/30	12/31	
METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES	<u>metrics_requests_hist</u>	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_ALL_USERS	<u>metrics_resources_usage_hist</u>	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_LDAP_PERSON	<u>metrics_sessions_hist</u>	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION	METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES + CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER + LOG_DISK + LOG_IO + LOG_MEMORY	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_JOB_ENVIRONMENTS	METRICS_SYS_CACHES + SYS_DATASOURCES	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_JOB_FILTERS	METRICS_ACR_ABUOT + ACR_AROPOT + ACR_RCD + ACR_RCT	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METRICS_SQL_CONTROL	METRICS_SQL_REQUEST + SQL_RESOURCE + SQL_COLUMNS	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW + METRICS_JOB_DETAILS	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METRICS_JOB_DELETE_CHECK + METRICS_SQL_CONTROL_LOG	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG + METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366

**Leap year:**  
When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

### Leap year:

When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

## KPI Metrics “Metrics” Tables Partitioning Strategy (w/no leap year)

### No Leap year:

When it is not leap year, the P60 partition is not used. To remain consistent with leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

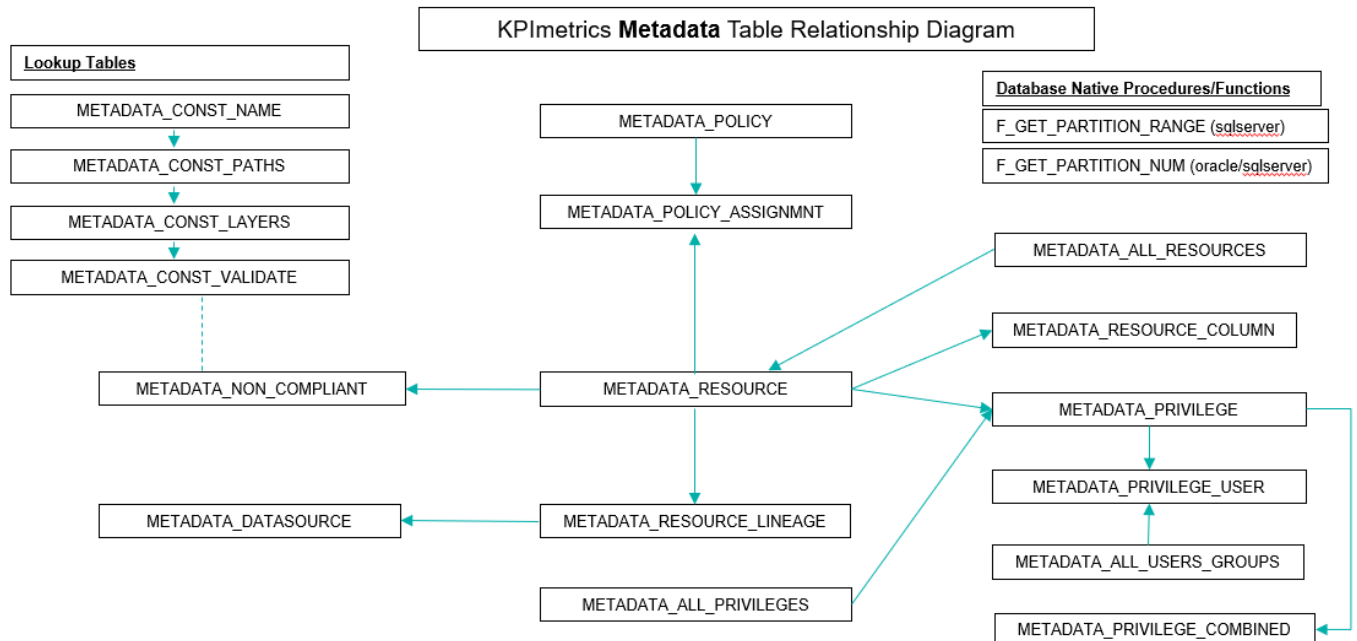
Note: 366-day interval accounts for leap year.  
Partition 60 is not used in non-leap years.

		2021 (no leap year)											
Lookup Tables	Partitioned Tables	1/1	2/29	3/1	5/1	7/1	9/1	11/1	12/30	12/31			
METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES	metrics_requests_hist	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_ALL_USERS	metrics_resources_usage_hist	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_LDAP_PERSON	metrics_sessions_hist	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION	METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES + CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER + LOG_DISK + LOG_IO + LOG_MEMORY	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_JOB_ENVIRONMENTS	METRICS_SYS_CACHES + SYS_DATASOURCES	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_JOB_FILTERS	METRICS_ACR_ABUOT + ACR_AROPOT + ACR_RCD + ACR_RCT	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
METRICS_SQL_CONTROL	METRICS_SQL_REQUEST + SQL_RESOURCE + SQL_COLUMNS	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
	METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
	METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW + METRICS_JOB_DETAILS	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
	METRICS_JOB_DELETE_CHECK + METRICS_SQL_CONTROL_LOG	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366
	METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG + METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P81	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365 P366

### No Leap year:

When it is not leap year, the P60 partition is not used. To remain consistent with leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

## KPI metrics “Metadata” Table Relationship Diagram



## KPI Metrics “Metadata” Tables Partitioning Strategy (w/leap year)

### Leap year:

When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

Note: 366-day interval accounts for leap year.  
Partition 60 is used in leap years.

		2020 (leap year)														
Lookup Tables	Partitioned Tables	1/1		2/29	3/1		5/1	7/1	9/1		11/1	12/30	12/31			
METADATA_ALL_RESOURCES	METADATA_ALL_USERS_GROUPS	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
METADATA_ALL_PRIVILEGES	METADATA_CONST_NAME	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
Staging Tables	METADATA_CONST_PATHS	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_CONST_LAYERS	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_CONST_VALIDATE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_DATASOURCE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_RESOURCE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_RESOURCE_COLUMN	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_POLICY	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_POLICY_ASSIGNMNT	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_NON_COMPLIANT	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_PRIVILEGE	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		
	METADATA_PRIVILEGE_USER	P1	...	P60	P61	...	P122	P183	...	P245	...	P306	P365	P366		

Leap year:

When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

#### Leap year:

When it is leap year, the P60 partition is used and will contain data for Feb 29. To remain consistent with non-leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

## KPI Metrics “Metadata” Tables Partitioning Strategy (w/no leap year)

### No Leap year:

When it is not leap year, the P60 partition is not used. To remain consistent with leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.

Note: 366-day interval accounts for leap year.  
Partition 60 is not used in non-leap years.

		2021 (no leap year)													
Lookup Tables	Partitioned Tables	1/1	2/29	3/1	5/1	7/1	9/1	11/1	12/30	12/31					
METADATA_ALL_RESOURCES	METADATA_ALL_USERS_GROUPS	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
METADATA_ALL_PRIVILEGES	METADATA_CONST_NAME	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
Staging Tables	METADATA_CONST_PATHS	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_CONST_LAYERS	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_CONST_VALIDATE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_DATASOURCE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_RESOURCE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_RESOURCE_COLUMN	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
No Leap year When it is not leap year, the P60 partition is not used. To remain consistent with leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.	METADATA_RESOURCE_LINEAGE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_POLICY	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_POLICY_ASSIGNMNT	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_NON_COMPLIANT	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_PRIVILEGE	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366
	METADATA_PRIVILEGE_USER	P1	<del>P60</del>	P61	...	P122	...	P183	...	P245	...	P306	...	P365	P366

#### No Leap year:

When it is not leap year, the P60 partition is not used. To remain consistent with leap years, the partitions numbers remain constant. This allows the query analyst to perform a query consistently. Additionally, if the metadata is archived after 1 year, the partition number will also be consistent.



The following tables have been created in DVKPI schema to capture the required data.

Table Name	Description
<b>P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES</b>	<p>This procedure is used by DV to execute the native database data transfer procedure which formats and moves data from the metrics collection tables to the metrics history tables on a scheduled basis.</p> <p><b>TRIGGER:</b>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_oracle/kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler_KPI →  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec →  /Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES →</p> <p><b>Oracle Lineage:</b>  <b>PROCEDURES:</b>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_oracle/P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES →  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_oracle_11g/&lt;schema&gt;/P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES</p> <p><b>SQL Server Lineage:</b>  <b>PROCEDURES:</b>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_sqlserver/P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES →  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/&lt;catalog&gt;/&lt;schema&gt;/P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES</p>
<b>P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION</b>	<p>This procedure I used by DV to execute native database SQL for deleting the collection table data.</p> <p><b>TRIGGER:</b>  /Physical/Physical/KPI_oracle/kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection →  /Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION_exec →  /Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION →</p> <p><b>Oracle Lineage:</b>  <b>PROCEDURES:</b>  /Physical/Physical/KPI_oracle/P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION →  /Physical/Metadata/KPI_oracle_11g/&lt;schema&gt;/P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION</p> <p><b>SQL Server Lineage:</b>  <b>PROCEDURES:</b>  /Physical/Physical/KPI_sqlserver/P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION →  /Physical/Metadata/KPI_sqlserver_2016/&lt;catalog&gt;/&lt;schema&gt;/P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION</p>
<b>P_METADATA_TRUNCATE_PARTITION</b>	<p>This database procedure is used to truncate the partitions based on a start date and an end date. It is by cache_METADATA_TABLES via this interface  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P_METADATA_TRUNCATE_PARTITION.</p> <p>startDate = loadDate;  endDate – A calculation based on loadDate and commonValues.purgeMetadata as described below:</p> <p>There are 366 partitions allowing 1 extra for leap year. Calculate the total partitions - number of days to keep history for. The startDate and endDate act as a rolling window into the 366 partitions. The value for purgeMetadata comes from commonValues.purgeMetadata.</p> <p>SELECT DATEADD('day', 366-purgeMetadata, loadDate) INTO endDate from DUAL;</p>

	CALL ../Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P_METADATA_TRUNCATE_PARTITION(debug, dataSourceSchemaName, tableName, startDate, endDate, outValue, partitionList, debugOutput);
<b>F_GET_PARTITION_NUM</b>	<p>This is a database procedure that returns the day of the year partition number based on the timestamp input. There are 366 days in the year which accounts for leap year. Feb 29 of a leap year is always partition number 60. Mar 1 is always 61. Dec 31 is always 366. In non-leap years, partition 60 will be empty. The partition number remains constant across leap and non-leap years so that queries are preserved accurately.</p> <p>This procedure is accessible from as a custom function via the following procedure /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/F_GET_PARTITION_NUM</p> <p>This “function” may be used in queries to increase performance by eliminating partitions.</p> <p><i>How to query a metadata view and utilize the power of partitioning using partition elimination?</i></p> <p>The answer is to include the partition column in each query as well as case sensitivity settings. The partition number represents a day of the year and can be dynamically determined using the F_GET_PARTITION_NUM function. The input must be a timestamp. A string may be CAST as a TIMESTAMP.</p> <pre>select * from /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResource where partition &gt;= F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(CAST('2020-04-17 00:00:00' AS TIMESTAMP)) and partition &lt;= F_GET_PARTITION_NUM(CAST('2020-04-19 00:00:00' AS TIMESTAMP))</pre> <p>The range of partitions includes: [108,109,110]. All other partitions will be eliminated from the query thus improving performance.</p>
<b>METRICS_ACR_ABUOT</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>The cache table acronym “METRICS_ACR_ABUOT” must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Access By User Over Time”. It is cached once a day from the real-time query “ACR_AccessByUserOvertime”. It is access from AllCustomReports.AccessByUserOvertime.</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpiMetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime →</p> <p><u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ACR_AccessByUserOverTime →</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ACR_ABUOT</p>
<b>METRICS_ACR_AROPOT</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>The cache table acronym “METRICS_ACR_AROPOT” must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Active Resources Over Period Of Time”. It is cached once a day from the real-time query “ACR_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime”. It is access from AllCustomReports.ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime.</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpiMetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime →</p> <p><u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ ACR_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime →</p>

	<u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ACR_AROPOT
<b>METRICS_ACR_RCD</b>  [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>The cache table acronym “METRICS_ACR_RCD” must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Resource Count Details”. It is cached once a day from the real-time query “ACR_ResourceCount_Details”. It is access from AllCustomReports.ResourceCount_Details.</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/  kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/  Cache_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details →</p> <p><u>READ:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ACR_ResourceCountDetails →</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ACR_RCD</p>
<b>METRICS_ACR_RCT</b>  [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>The cache table acronym “METRICS_ACR_RCT” must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Resource Count Total”. It is cached once a day from the real-time query “ACR_ResourceCount_Total”. It is access from AllCustomReports.ResourceCount_Total.</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/  kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/  Cache_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total→</p> <p><u>READ:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ACR_ResourceCount_Total →</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ACR_RCT</p>
<b>METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES</b>  [No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]	<p>This table stores a cached representation of the DV system ALL_RESOURCES table because it is more efficient to query. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/  kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_ALL_RESOURCES →</p> <p><u>READ:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ALL_RESOURCES →</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES</p>
<b>METRICS_ALL_USERS</b>  [No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]	<p>This table stores user information for all user accounts that have executed queries against the DV instance. This is an incremental cache target table. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/  kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u>  /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_ALL_USERS →</p>

	<p><u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ALL_USERS →</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_ALL_USERS</p>
<p><b>METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table stores hourly snapshots of memory, disk and I/O usage captured from SYS_MEMORY, SYS_STORAGE and SYS_IO tables. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES→</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES→</p> <p><u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES + /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/p15MinutesIncrements</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES</p>
<p><b>METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>The CIS_WORKFLOW table manages workflows for processing data.</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pStartWorkflow /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pEndWorkflow</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW</p>
<p><b>METRICS_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table stores the results of executing the CPUAndMemChecker procedure over time. This is an incremental cache target table. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER→</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER→</p> <p><u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER → /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/CPUAndMemChecker/CpuAndMemCheckerCjp →</p> <p><u>CPU Utilization</u> KPImetricsCpuUtilization.ps1 KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu_linux6.sh KPImetricsTopCommandGrepCpu_linux7.sh</p> <p><u>Memory Utilization</u> KPImetricsMemUtilization.ps1 KPImetricsFreeMemCommand_linux6.sh KPImetricsFreeMemCommand_linux7.sh</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER</p>
<p><b>METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG</b></p>	<p>This table stores the details about the events that have occurred and the emails that have been sent out. An event is only logged if an email is sent. Events are registered in the</p>

[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table and include: LONG_RUNNING, EXCEEDED_MEMORY, INACTIVITY and PURGE_HISTORY. The event time, the user, actual email along with the SQL description when applicable is stored.</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity → Event=INACTIVITY</li> <li>2. kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData → Event=PURGE_HISTORY</li> <li>3. kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests → Event=EXCEEDED_MEMORY</li> <li>4. kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests → Event=LONG_RUNNING</li> </ol> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. pCheckMetricsActivity → ../Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog</li> <li>2. pPurgeData → ../Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog</li> <li>3. pCheckExceededMemoryPercentRequests → ../Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog</li> <li>4. pCheckLongRunningRequests → ../Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog</li> </ol> <p><u>READ:</u> /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. METRICS_JOB_DETAILS</li> <li>2. N/A</li> <li>3. /KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/vExceededMemoryPercentRequests</li> <li>4. /KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/vLongRunningRequests</li> </ol> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG and METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE</p>
<p><b>METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table is a child table to METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG and is used to store the data source lineage for the SQL request that was logged as a result of either LONG_RUNNING or EXCEEDED_MEMORY. The other events do not produce a SQL description so are not applicable. A SQL description is parsed using the same procedures that produce the METRICS_SQL_REQUEST data and store one or more rows associated with the requests data source and connection information. The reporting on this can look for events and quickly determine which data source is being accessed which can assist the viewer on how to take action with the data owners if necessary.</p>
<p><b>METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION</b></p> <p>[No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]</p>	<p>This table is used to register a metrics event registration. A subscription in the METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION table consists of a unique record for the combination of SUBSCRIBER_EMAIL, GROUP_NAME, ENVIRONMENT_TYPE, EVENT_TYPE and REQUESTER_EMAIL. The EVENT_TYPE can be one of [LONG_RUNNING  EXCEEDED_MEMORY  INACTIVITY  WORKFLOW_FAILURE  DBMS_SCHEDULER_ERROR].</p>
<p><b>METRICS_JOB_DETAILS</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table is used to hold the data transfer job details when rows are moved from the metrics collection tables to the history tables. The native database procedure “P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES” performs the following data transfer capabilities:</p> <p>metrics_sessions → metrics_sessions_hist</p> <p>metrics_resources_usage → metrics_resources_usage_hist</p> <p>metrics_requests → metrics_requests_hist</p>
<p><b>METRICS_JOB_DELETE_CHECK</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table provides information about TDV metrics delete statement activity when trigger “kpimetricsTrig_35_DBMSDeleteCheck” is turned on. It will reveal when the delete statement was executed for each node and how many rows were deleted from the collection tables.</p>

<b>METRICS_JOB_ENVIRONMENTS</b> [No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]	This table provides a list of valid environments. In essence, the ENV_TYPE is like the short nickname for a host. For example, DEV1 is the short-name the development server. This is used by various email notification procedures.
<b>METRICS_JOB_FILTERS</b> [No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]	This table is used to hold the job filters used by “P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES” whereby the metrics_resource_usage collection table filters out rows based on user, domain and resourcekind. This capability allows rows to be filtered out before they get to the history table thus reducing the overall burden. Without this feature, the database would be overwhelmed by millions of unnecessary rows as absolutely everything in DV is reported.
<b>METRICS_LDAP_PERSON</b> [No Partitioning used. Lookup table.]	This LDAP_PERSON table is used to pre-cache LDAP user information. It is processed using the system interface lineage: <u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON→ <u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_LDAP_PERSON→ <u>READ:</u> /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/Customize/LDAP_PERSON <u>INSERT:</u> synchronous cache refresh executed on one of applicable tables: /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_oracle/METRICS_LDAP_PERSON /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI_sqlserver/METRICS_LDAP_PERSON
<b>METRICS_LOG_DISK</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This table stores logs of available disk space incrementally cached from the DV system table LOG_DISK. It is processed using the system interface lineage: <u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK→ <u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_LOG_DISK→ <u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG_DISK <u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_LOG_DISK
<b>METRICS_LOG_IO</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This table stores IO logs incrementally cached from the DV system table LOG_IO. It is processed using the system interface lineage: <u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_IO→ <u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_LOG_IO→ <u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG_IO <u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_LOG_IO
<b>METRICS_LOG_MEMORY</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This table stores jvm memory logs incrementally cached from the DV system table LOG_MEMORY. It is processed using the system interface lineage: <u>TRIGGER:</u>

	/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY → <u>PROCEDURE:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_LOG_MEMORY → <u>READ:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG_MEMORY <u>INSERT:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_LOG_MEMORY
<b>metrics_requests</b> [No Partitioning used. Collection table.]	This is the DV out-of-the-box requests table. It cannot contain any indexes. Its purpose is simply to be a collector of DV metrics requests.
<b>metrics_requests_hist</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This is the KPImetrics historical requests table. It may be partitioned and contain indexes for better query performance. It is updated periodically from the metrics_requests table. If partitioned by month, it allows a more efficient way to purge data by dropping a partition rather than deleting data.
<b>metrics_requests_stg</b> [No Partitioning used. Temp staging table.]	This is a KPImetrics stage tables used to perform updates and deletes on metrics_requests collection data before inserting into metrics_requests_hist.
<b>metrics_requests_stg_upd</b> No Partitioning used. Temp staging table.	This is a KPImetrics historical stage table that is used during the data transfer procedure for doing a mass update on the metrics_requests_stg table with Oracle.
<b>metrics_resources_usage</b> [No Partitioning used. Collection table.]	This is the DV out-of-the-box resources usage table. It cannot contain any indexes. Its purpose is simply to be a collector of DV metrics resources usage.
<b>metrics_resources_usage_stg</b> [No Partitioning used. Temp staging table.]	This is a KPImetrics stage tables used to perform updates on metrics_resources_usage collection data before inserting into metrics_resources_usage_hist.
<b>metrics_resources_usage_hist</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This is the KPImetrics historical resources usage table. It may be partitioned and contain indexes for better query performance. It is updated periodically from the metrics_resources_usage table. If partitioned by month, it allows a more efficient way to purge data by dropping a partition rather than deleting data.
<b>metrics_sessions</b> [No Partitioning used. Collection table.]	This is the DV out-of-the-box sessions table. It cannot contain any indexes. Its purpose is simply to be a collector of DV metrics sessions.
<b>metrics_sessions_stg</b> [No Partitioning used. Temp staging table.]	This is a KPImetrics stage tables used to perform updates on metrics_sessions collection data before inserting into metrics_sessions_hist.
<b>metrics_sessions_hist</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This is the KPImetrics historical sessions table. It may be partitioned and contain indexes for better query performance. It is updated periodically from the metrics_sessions table. If partitioned by month, it allows a more efficient way to purge data by dropping a partition rather than deleting data.
<b>METRICS_SQL_COLUMNS</b> [366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	This table holds the parsed SQL columns for the query statement. It is processed using the system interface lineage: <u>TRIGGER:</u> /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST and kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS→

	<p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC →  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL and  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS →  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL_REPROCESS</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/metrics_requests_hist +  /KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_COLUMNS</p>
<p><b>METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table holds the parsed SQL status for the query statement. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/  kpiMetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST and  kpiMetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC →  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL and  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS →  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL_REPROCESS</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/metrics_requests_hist +  /KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</p>
<p><b>METRICS_SQL_CONTROL</b></p> <p>[No Partitioning used. Temp control table.]</p>	<p>GATEKEEPER - SEMAPHORE:</p> <p>Used by Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC.</p> <p>This section of code acts a semaphore to determine whether to process records or not. This procedure is allowed to process the records that were generated from a different node in order to more efficiently share in the workload. This is important as some nodes in a cluster may generate more rows than others due to an imbalance in the load balancer due to “sticky” setting instead of a true “round-robin” setting.</p> <p>Upon entering this procedure, if there are rows in the METRICS_SQL_REQUEST table where KPI_PROCESS_TIME is null and the PROCESSED_NODE_HOST and PROCESSED_NODE_PORT matches this nodes nodehost and nodeport, then it must complete its current work before starting any new work.</p> <p>This procedure can only execute the pre-processing by one node at a time within a cluster because this procedure will work on data from other nodes if the current node has no more work to do. It is imperative that each node be allowed time to pre-insert the number of rows identified by the variable "numRowsToProcessBeforeExiting" into the METRICS_SQL_REQUEST table. For example, 500 rows would be pre-inserted with the KPI_PROCESS_TIME being set to null. The actual processing will take place based on those rows.</p> <p>As soon as the pre-processing has completed, the control record will be removed from the METRICS_SQL_CONTROL table thus allowing another node to perform its pre-processing.</p>
<b>METRICS_SQL_CONTROL_LOG</b>	<p>Contains a log of the Gatekeeper code block within  Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC when debugGatekeeper = 'I'.</p>



[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]	<p>During normal operation, this will be turned off so that no rows are produced. It is only useful for debugging purposes to ensure that in a clustered environment, the nodes are taking their turn initializing their own set of rows when doing parallel processing on one of the node's data.</p>
<p><b>METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table holds the parsed SQL resource for the query statement. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST and kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS→</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC → Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL and Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS→ Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL_REPROCESS</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/metrics_requests_hist + /KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE</p>
<p><b>METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table holds the parsed SQL data source resource for each resource in the query statement. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_23_Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE + /KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</p>
<p><b>METRICS_SYS_CACHES</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table stores a list of all cached resources and their current statuses incrementally cached from the DV system table SYS_CACHES. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_SYS_CACHES →</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/SYS_CACHES</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SYS_CACHES</p>

<p><b>METRICS_SYS_DATASOURCES</b></p> <p>[366-day Interval Partitioning Strategy]</p>	<p>This table stores a list of all data sources and their current statuses incrementally cached from the DV system table SYS_DATASOURCES. It is processed using the system interface lineage:</p> <p><u>TRIGGER:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/ kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES →</p> <p><u>PROCEDURE:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES →</p> <p><u>READ:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/SYS_DATASOURCES</p> <p><u>INSERT:</u></p> <p>/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS_SYS_DATASOURCES</p>
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## Metadata System Triggers and Load Scripts

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System

/ClusterSafeCache

/ClusterSafeTriggers

/Helpers

This section provides a quick summary of all triggers, their schedules and how they execute in a cluster.

*Note: “all nodes” and cluster dedicated timekeeper...*

The reference to “**all nodes**” refers to all working nodes in a cluster except if there is a dedicated timekeeper. If there is no dedicated timekeeper then one of the nodes is nominated to be a timekeeper. KPImetrics will execute on that node.

When there is a dedicated timekeeper, then KPImetrics procedures will not execute on those nodes as configured in commonValues.dedicatedTimeKeeperHostname and commonValues.dedicatedTimeKeeperPort.

For “only once per cluster”, whichever node is the timekeeper nominates a single node in the cluster to perform the work.

Trigger Name	Trigger Schedule	Trigger Period	Cluster execution
kpimetricsTrig_00_CheckMetricsActivityDebug [OFF]	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES	1:00 AM	2 hours	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS	1:00 AM	2 hours	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON	6:00 AM	1 day	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES	1:15 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_IO	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST [OFF]	1:15 AM	30 min	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS [OFF]	1:00 AM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES	1:00 AM	6 hours	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES	6:00 AM	12 hours	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_14_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail	1:30 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity	12:59:50 AM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData	11:55 PM	1 day	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests	1:00 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests	system event	RequestRunForTooLong	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime	12:15 AM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime	12:15 AM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details	12:15 AM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total	12:15 AM	1 day	all nodes

kpimetricsTrig_23_Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE [OFF]	1:10 AM	1 hour	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_24_ValidateUpdateStatusTables	1:10 AM	30 min	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_25_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl	1:05 AM	15 min	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler	12:30 AM	2 hours	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_31_DBMSSchedulerError	1:00 AM	2 hours	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection [OFF] [DEPRECATED]	1:05 AM	30 min	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_34_DBMSRebuildIndexes	3:35 AM	1 week [Sunday]	only once per cluster
kpimetricsTrig_40_Cache_METADATA_TABLES [OFF]	9:30 PM	1 day	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_50_MetricsPersistenceFailure	system event	MetricsPersistentFailure	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_51_MetricsTruncateFailure	system event	MetricsTruncationFailure	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_52_MetricsBackupFailure	system event	MetricsBackupFailure	all nodes
kpimetricsTrig_53_MetricsRestoreFailure	system event	MetricsRestoreFailure	all nodes

This section lists all triggers and load scripts that have been defined to execute various KPImetrics procedures at regular intervals. The default execution frequencies are listed for each trigger. The load scripts have been created to load and aggregate raw data into processed KPImetrics metrics.

Recommendation: Set the following Administration → Configuration parameter

Path	Type	Description	Value
/server/config/cluster/triggerDistribution/timeKeeperWeight	INTEGER	Weight of time keeper	0

Trigger [schedule] → Script Name → View name	Description
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 hour, 1:00 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <b>kpimetricsTrig_00_CheckMetricsActivityDebug</b>  <b>'Y',60,06:00:00,20:00:00 → pCheckMetricsActivity →</b>  <b>pGetEmailSubscriptions</b></p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF</p> <p>This script is used for debugging the DV native metrics and checks for activity on an hourly basis and alerts the configured user whether there was any inactivity. This can be a useful gauge of the health of the DV system. It is configured hourly, but it may make sense to alter the timing to every 2 or more hours depending activity-levels. It is also configured to check between the hours of 6 am to 8 pm daily. It will look at the current timestamp and compare with MAX(starttime) for the collection tables [metrics_requests, metrics_resources_usage] and MAX(logintime) for [metrics_sessions]. It also looks to see if the data transfer jobs have been running by looking at METRICS_JOB_DETAILS. Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [2hours, 1:00 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p>	<p>Cache ALL_RESOURCES to make joining with other KPImetrics tables more efficient. This is not a</p>

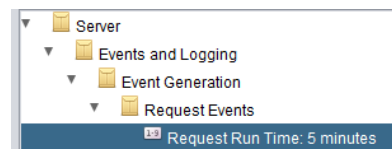
<b>kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES →</b> <b>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES →</b> /System/ALL_RESOURCES → [/services/databases/system/ALL_RESOURCES, l_hostname, l_port] → METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES	<p>historical view of resources. It gets a new copy each time it executes and deletes the old copy.</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like 'Cache_ALL_RESOURCES%' and delete those records before executing. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES select from /System/ALL_RESOURCES</p>
<p><b>Schedule: [2 hours, 1:00 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_02_Cache_ALL_USERS →</b>  <b>Cache_ALL_USERS →</b>  /System/ALL_USERS →  [/services/databases/system/ALL_USERS, l_hostname, l_port]  → METRICS_ALL_USERS</p>	<p>Cache ALL_USERS to make joining with other KPI metrics tables more efficient. This is not a historical view of users. It gets a new copy each time it executes and deletes the old copy.</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like 'Cache_ALL_USERS%' and delete those records before executing. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_ALL_USERS select from /System/All_USERS</p>
<p><b>Schedule: [1 day, 6:00 am]</b>  <b>[Only once per cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_03_Cache_LDAP_PERSON →</b>  <b>Cache_LDAP_PERSON →</b> ./  /shared/ASAssets/KPI metrics/Configuration/Customize/LDAP_PERSON→  /KPI metrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP/organizationalPerson</p>	<p>Cache LDAP person data once a day. This is not a historical view of users. It gets a new copy each day.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_LDAP_PERSON select from ./Metadata/System/LDAP_PERSON</p>
<p><b>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:15 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_04_Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES →</b>  <b>Cache_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES →</b>  p15MinutesIncrements</p>	<p>Insert 15 min increment rows into METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES select from METRICS_LOG_MEMORY, METRICS_LOG_IO, METRICS_LOG_DISK, METRICS_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER.</p>
<p><b>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:00 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_05_Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER →</b>  <b>Cache_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER →</b>  ./Metadata/System/CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER →  /KPI metrics/Physical/Metadata/  CPUAndMemChecker/CpuAndMemCheckerCjp</p>	<p>Cache the system CPU and memory values.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER select from ./Metadata/System/CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER.</p>
<p><b>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:00 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_06_Cache_LOG_DISK →</b>  <b>Cache_LOG_DISK→</b>  ./Metadata/System/LOG_DISK →  /services/databases/system/LOG_DISK</p>	<p>Cache DV system log disk information.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_LOG_DISK select from ./Metadata/System/LOG_DISK</p>

<p><b>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:00 am]</b></p> <p><b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_07_Cache_LOG_IO</b> →</p> <p><b>Cache_LOG_IO</b> →</p> <p><b>./Metadata/System/LOG_IO</b> →</p> <p><b>/services/databases/system/LOG_IO</b></p>	<p>Cache DV system IO information.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_LOG_IO select from</p> <p><b>./Metadata/System/LOG_IO</b></p>
<p><b>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:00 am]</b></p> <p><b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_08_Cache_LOG_MEMORY</b> →</p> <p><b>Cache_LOG_MEMORY</b> →</p> <p><b>./Metadata/System/LOG_MEMORY</b> →</p> <p><b>/services/databases/system/LOG_MEMORY</b></p>	<p>Cache DV system log memory information.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_LOG_MEMORY select from</p> <p><b>./Metadata/System/LOG_MEMORY</b></p>
<p><b>Schedule: [30 min, 1:15 am] – Primary configuration.</b></p> <p><b>Schedule: [15 min, 1:15 am] – Alternative if more frequent processing is needed.</b></p> <p><b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b></p> <p><b>kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</b> →</p> <p><b>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC</b> →</p> <p><b>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL</b></p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF</p> <p>Execute the SQL Parser to parse the SQL request (description) originating from metrics_requests_hist. Retrieve the list of tables and columns and update the METRICS_SQL_REQUEST, METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE and METRICS_SQL_COLUMNS tables.</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like 'Cache_ALL_RESOURCES%' and delete those records before executing Cache_ALL_RESOURCES. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers. This procedure is dependent on METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES data.</p> <p>The schedule is designed to run 15 min after <b>kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler</b> allowing that trigger to execute pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec which updates the metrics_requests_hist table. The data from metrics_requests_hist is what feeds this trigger and procedure. This procedure runs every 30 min because it often runs behind in its work due to the intensity level at which runs.</p> <p>This trigger blocks (does not run) if Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE is currently executing. The two procedures running together causes DV and the database to become overwhelmed.</p> <p>This procedure is architected for multi-host processing. If there are no rows to process for the current node, it will look to see which node (if cluster) has the most rows to process and help process those rows. This code uses a semaphore to reserve rows for processing. The row reservation can only be executed by one node at a time. The actual processing is done in parallel.</p>

	<p><b>NOTE:</b> It may be necessary to set the trigger to 15 min if more frequent processing is required and it can still keep up with the number rows to process in the time period. The number of rows can be found in <code>commonValues.numRowsToProcessBeforeExiting</code>. Adjust the default value of 500 to whatever makes sense for each environment.</p> <p>When running in a cluster, this trigger/procedure will attempt to process another nodes SQL once it has processed all of its own. This parallel processing is important as some nodes may be slower than others and fall behind or the load balancer may be set to “sticky” instead of a true “round-robin” and the majority of requests end up on a few of the nodes in the cluster.</p>
<p>[No trigger – manual]</p> <p>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_ADHOC → Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL_ADHOC</p>	<p>Provides a way to manually re-process successfully parsed requests. This is only necessary if a code-patch has been provided that changes the values that are inserted. Normally, this will never be executed.</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 day, 1:00 am]</p> <p>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</p> <p>kpimetricsTrig_11_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_REPROCESS → Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS → Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_GENSQL_REPROCESS (0)</p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF</p> <p>Re-process errors and execute the SQL Parser to parse the SQL request (description) originating from <code>metrics_requests_hist</code>. Retrieve the list of tables and columns and update the METRICS_SQL_REQUEST, METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE and METRICS_SQL_COLUMNS tables.</p> <p>Typically, this trigger is not turned on unless deemed necessary.</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where <code>NODE_HOST</code> = current nodehost and <code>NODE_PORT</code> = current nodeport and <code>CONTROL_NAME</code> like ‘Cache_ALL_RESOURCES%’ and delete those records before executing <code>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES</code>. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by <code>updateTriggers</code>. This procedure is dependent on METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES data.</p> <p>This trigger blocks (does not run) if <code>Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</code> is currently executing. The two procedures running together causes DV and the database to become overwhelmed.</p>
<p>Schedule: [6 hours, 1:00 am]</p> <p>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</p> <p>kpimetricsTrig_12_Cache_SYS_CACHES → Cache_SYS_CACHES → ./Metadata/System/SYS_CACHES → ./services/databases/system/SYS_CACHES</p>	<p>Cache the system cache status information.</p> <p>Insert into METRICS_SYS_CACHES select from / ./Metadata/System/SYS_CACHES.</p>
<p>Schedule: [12 hours, 6:00 am]</p>	<p>Cache the system data source information.</p>

<p>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</p> <p><a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_13_Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES</a> [→ <a href="#">Cache_SYS_DATASOURCES</a> → ./Metadata/System/SYS_DATASOURCES → /services/databases/system/SYS_DATASOURCES</p>	<p>Insert into METRICS_SYS_DATASOURCES select from ./Metadata/System/SYS_DATASOURCES. Decide whether you want to check /users folders or not. The recommendation is to leave the value as 'N' to not check datasources in the /users folders.</p> <p>IN includeUsersFolders CHAR(1), - DEFAULT: N or null. Do not include /users folders. Y=include the datasources in /users folders.</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 hour, 1:30 am]</p> <p>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</p> <p><a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_14_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail</a> [→ <a href="#">pCheckCISWorkflowStatusFail</a> → [METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW, pGetEmailSubscriptions]</p>	<p>Check for WORKFLOW_STATUS=F in the METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW table since the last check. Each time this procedure is called it puts a marker row in the table with WORKFLOW_NAME=CHECK_WORKFLOW_STA TUS</p> <p>Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work.</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 day, 12:59:50 am]</p> <p>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</p> <p><a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_15_CheckMetricsActivity</a> 'N',60,00:00:00.000,23:59:59.999 → <a href="#">pCheckMetricsActivity</a> → pGetEmailSubscriptions</p>	<p>This script checks for activity on a daily basis just before midnight and alerts the configured user whether there was any inactivity during the day. It is configured to look for inactivity between the hours of 12 am – 12 pm in the current day. This can be a useful gauge of the health of the DV system. It will look at the current timestamp and compare with MAX(starttime) for the collection tables [metrics_requests, metrics_resources_usage] and MAX(logintime) for [metrics_sessions]. It also looks to see if the data transfer jobs have been running by looking at METRICS_JOB_DETAILS. Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work.</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 day, 11:55 pm]</p> <p>[Only once per cluster]</p> <p><a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_16_PurgeHistoryData</a> → pPurgeData</p>	<p>This script purges old data from METRICS and METRICS HISTORY tables by executing series of TRUNCATE statements. It executes at the very end of a day and always purges with a start date of 1 day in advance of the current date. It determines which partitions to truncate based on the commonValues variables shown below. Since a 366-day rolling window is in effect, it calculates the partitions by taking into account the number of days to retain data and the current date +1.</p> <p>Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work.</p> <p>It should be noted that “purgeMetadata” is not executed by this script. It is executed by Cache_METADATA_TABLES.</p> <p>The purge period for each truncate is defined within /Customize/commonValues script. A maximum of 366 days may be retained within these tables.</p> <p><u>purgeHistory</u> 120 days = 4 months - Purge tables: metrics_requests_hist,</p>



	<p>metrics_resources_usage_hist, metrics_sessions_hist</p> <p><u>purgeWorkflowData</u> 120 days = 4 months - Purge tables: METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW, METRICS_JOB_DETAILS, METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG, METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE</p> <p><u>purgeSQLRequests</u> 120 days = 4 months - Purge tables: METRICS_SQL_COLUMNS, METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE, METRICS_SQL_REQUEST, METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE, METRICS_SQL_CONTROL_LOG</p> <p><u>purgeResourceUsage</u> 120 days = 4 months - Purge tables: METRICS_CIS_SYSTEM_RESOURCES, METRICS_CPU_MEMORY_CHECKER, METRICS_LOG_DISK, METRICS_LOG_IO, METRICS_LOG_MEMORY, METRICS_SYS_CACHES, METRICS_SYS_DATASOURCES</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 hour, 1:00 am] [Executes on all nodes in the cluster] <b>kpimetricsTrig_17_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests</b> → <b>pCheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests</b> → <b>pGetEmailSubscriptions</b></p>	<p>This procedure queries this procedure in real-time /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pExceededMemoryPercentRequests to generate a list of queries exceeding memory percent per request. It generates an html table containing each of the requests and emails to the subscriber of the event [EXCEEDED_MEMORY]. Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [system event=requestRunForTooLong] [Executes on all nodes in the cluster] <b>kpimetricsTrig_18_CheckLongRunningRequests</b> → <b>pCheckLongRunningRequests</b> → <b>pGetEmailSubscriptions</b></p>	<p>This procedure queries this procedure in real-time /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/requests/pLongRunningRequests to generate a list of long running requests. It generates an html table containing each of the requests and emails to the subscriber of the event [LONG_RUNNING]. Email integration must be configured on the DV server for this to work. The trigger is activated by the system request event: “Request Run Time”. This is set in the Administration Configuration.</p> 
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 day, 12:15 am] [Executes on all nodes in the cluster] <b>kpimetricsTrig_19_AllCustom_AccessByUserOvertime</b> → <b>Cache_AllCustom_AccessByUserOvertime</b> → /Metadata/Physical/Abstraction/EXCEPT_ACR_AccessByUser</p>	<p>This procedure invokes “ACR_AccessByUserOvertime” once a day to improve overall query performance for this report. It finds the delta/difference in rows using the original underlying view metrics_resources_usage_hist and NOT EXISTS in METRICS_ACR_ABUOT. The acronym for the cache table must be short and thus it</p>

<p>Overtime → [metrics_resources_usage_hist NOT EXISTS METRICS_ACR_ABUOT]</p>	<p>stands for “All Custom Reports Access By User Over Time”.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 day, 12:15 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <b>kpimetricsTrig_20_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime →</b>  <b>Cache_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime →</b>          /Metadata/Physical/Abstraction/EXCEPT_ACR_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime → [metrics_resources_usage_hist NOT EXISTS METRICS_ACR_ABUOT]</p>	<p>This procedure invokes “EXCEPT_ACR_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime” once a day to improve overall query performance for this report. It finds the delta/difference in rows using the original underlying view metrics_resources_usage_hist and NOT EXISTS in METRICS_ACR_AROPOT. The acronym for the cache table must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Active Resources Over Period Of Time”.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 day, 12:15 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <b>kpimetricsTrig_21_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details →</b>  <b>Cache_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details →</b>          /AllCustomReports/ResourceCount_DetailsRT →          vResourceUsageUD → metrics_resources_usage_hist</p>	<p>This procedure caches the real-time query “ACR_ResourceCount_DetailsRT” once a day to improve overall query performance for this report. It caches a completely new set of rows to METRICS_ACR_RCD. The acronym for the cache table must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Resource Count Details”.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 day, 12:15 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <b>kpimetricsTrig_22_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total →</b>  <b>Cache_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Total →</b>          /AllCustomReports/ResourceCount_TotalRT →          vResourceUsageUD → metrics_resources_usage_hist</p>	<p>This procedure caches the real-time query “ACR_ResourceCount_TotalRT” once a day to improve overall query performance for this report. It caches a completely new set of rows to METRICS_ACR_RCT. The acronym for the cache table must be short and thus it stands for “All Custom Reports Resource Count Total”.</p>
<p><b>Schedule:</b> [1 hour, 1:10 am]  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <b>kpimetricsTrig_23_Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE →</b>          Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE → METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE and METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF</p> <p>This procedure will insert the new data into METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE based on the START_TIME value from the table METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE. The lineage is derived by either copying a similar resource from the database table or by generating the lineage using getResourceLineageDirectRecursive().</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like ‘Cache_ALL_RESOURCES%’ and delete those records before executing Cache_ALL_RESOURCES. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers. This procedure is dependent on METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES data.</p> <p>This procedure will block and not execute if Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_[EXEC or_ADHOC or_REPROCESS] is running. The reason is that the two procedures combined execution can overwhelm both the database and the DV node.</p>

	<p>This procedure is architected for multi-host processing. If there are no rows to process for the current node, it will look to see which node (if cluster) has the most rows to process and help process those rows. This code uses a semaphore to reserve rows for processing. The row reservation can only be executed by one node at a time. The actual processing is done in parallel.</p> <p>The lineage is generated for each non-null RESOURCE_PATH and RESOURCE_TYPE found in the METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE table.</p> <p>METRICS_SQL_REQUEST [parent] --&gt; [0 to many]  METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE [child] --&gt; [0 to many]  METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE [child]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A request may have 0 or more resources.</li> <li>2. A resource may have 0 or more data source resources. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A single resource lineage row contains the Ancestor who uses the data source resource, the data source table/procedure/tree resource and the data source itself.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<p><b>Schedule: [30 min, 1:10 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_24_ValidateUpdateStatusTables</a> →  pValidateUpdateStatusTables</p>	<p>This procedure is used to validate the two status tables and update any failed "in progress" records that are no longer actively running in the TDV memory space as per system.SYS_REQUESTS table.</p> <p>This procedure works in conjunction with "pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec" and "pDELETE_COLLECTION_exec" to check for active running processes.</p> <p>This procedure is used to ensure that the METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW and METRICS_JOB_DETAILS do not have in progress status when there are no active processes. It is the responsibility of each node in a cluster to manage its own status records.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW where WORKFLOW_STATUS='I' and there are no active processes, update WORKFLOW_STATUS='F' and set MESSAGE='Failure for unknown reason.'.</li> <li>• For METRICS_JOB_DETAILS where STATUS='BEGIN JOB' and there are no active processes, update STATUS='FAILURE' and set ADDITIONAL_INFO='Failure for unknown reason.'.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Schedule: [15 min, 1:05 am]</b>  <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b>  <a href="#">kpimetricsTrig_25_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl</a> →  pExecuteMetricsSqlControl</p>	<p>This procedure compares the current nodehost/nodeport with what is present in METRICS_SQL_CONTROL and is used to control the execution of the procedure referenced in the CONTROL_NAME field. These rows were inserted by updateTriggers according to the</p>

	<p>following rules. Both Cache_ALL_RESOURCES and Cache_ALL_USERS are required to be executed on each node of the cluster for the dependent resources to be able to use the data collected.</p> <p>The procedure “pExecuteMetricsSqlControl” will execute on each node of the cluster and fulfill the duty for both Cache_ALL_RESOURCES and Cache_ALL_USERS. In the event that this trigger does not get executed before one of the dependents listed below, the dependent procedure will execute what it needs to fulfill its job.</p> <p>Rules:</p> <p>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES gets executed by the dependents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_ADHOC</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS</li> <li>Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE</li> <li>pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec</li> </ul> <p>Cache_ALL_USERS gets executed by the dependents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cache_ALL_USERS</li> <li>pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec</li> </ul>
<p>Schedule: [2 hours, 12:30 am]  [Only once per cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMScheduler →  pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec →  P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES()</p>	<p>This trigger executes the pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec PLSQL procedure to transfer data from the metrics collection tables to the metrics history tables. It inserts a record into the METRICS_JOB_DETAILS table when it starts with a JOB_TABLE_NAME='DBMS_SCHEDULER'. It updates the same row with a STATUS='SUCCESS' or 'FAILURE'. If 'FAILURE' then update the ADDITIONAL_INFO field with the database error.</p> <p>This procedure will first check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like 'Cache_ALL_RESOURCES%' and delete those records before executing Cache_ALL_RESOURCES. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers. This procedure is dependent on METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES data.</p> <p>Subsequently, this procedure will check METRICS_SQL_CONTROL for any records where NODE_HOST = current nodehost and NODE_PORT = current nodeport and CONTROL_NAME like 'Cache_ALL_USERS%' and delete those records before executing Cache_ALL_USERS. The records were inserted into METRICS_SQL_CONTROL by updateTriggers. This procedure is dependent on METRICS_ALL_USERS data.</p>

	<p>If the <b>30-min timeout occurs</b> because processing could not commence an exception will be thrown and logged in the METRICS_JOB_DETAIL table.</p> <p>Operational insights:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This procedure executes in a single-threaded fashion on one node in a cluster and processes all the data for each node in the cluster sequentially. It does this in order to avoid “deadlock” contention when multiple nodes issue the same commands at the same time.</li> <li>2. This procedure will <u>not</u> execute if P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION or pRebuildIndexes is executing. However, it will loop every minute and check if it can execute. It will wait up to 30 min to allow the other processes to complete.</li> </ol>
<p>Schedule: [2 hours, 1:00 am]  [Only once per cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_31_DBMSSchedulerError →  pCheckDBMSSchedulerError → pGetEmailSubscriptions</p>	<p>Send an email if there is a database PLSQL data transfer error that gets generated. Select details from /Abstraction/METRICS_JOB_DETAILS. The timing of 2 hours on the odd hour is based on the fact that the DBMS Scheduler trigger runs every 2 hours on the even hour. Therefore, this trigger runs an hour later to allow the PLSQL data transfer script to complete and post any issues or not.</p> <p>Note: This trigger only runs once per cluster because it finds all errors for all nodes if there is a cluster.</p>
<p>[DEPRECATED - TURNED OFF]  Schedule: [30 min, 1:05 am] – Primary configuration.  Schedule: [15 min, 1:05 am] – Alternative if more frequent processing is needed.  [Only once per cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection →  pMETRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION_exec →  P_METRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION()</p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF [DEPRECATED] As of the 2020Q100, this trigger is turned off to eliminate blocking which occurs from DV metrics issuing inserts/deletes at the same time as KPImetrics issuing delete statements. Goring forward, only DV metrics will manage inserts/deletes into the collection tables.</p> <p>This trigger executes the PLSQL procedure pMETRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION_exec to delete non-essential and unwanted rows from the two collection tables: metrics_resources_usage and metrics_requests. It inserts a record into the METRICS_JOB_DETAILS table when it starts with a JOB_TABLE_NAME='DELETE_COLLECTION'. It updates the same row with a STATUS='SUCCESS' or 'FAILURE'. If 'FAILURE' then update the ADDITIONAL_INFO field with the database error.</p> <p>This trigger executes only once per cluster node and processes all transactions for all hosts. The procedure “pMETRICS_DELETE_COLLECTION_exec()” provides the flow control for each node by getting the eligible members of the cluster and looping through each nodehost/nodeport combination until all work is done.</p> <p>If the <b>30-min timeout occurs</b> because processing could not commence an exception will be thrown and logged in the METRICS_JOB_DETAIL table.</p> <p>Exceptions: Emails will be sent if there are exceptions.</p>

	<p>It is recommended to have this turned on if the system is very active and producing 100K or more transactions in 1 hour or if the <code>commonValues.queryRequestTemplate='Y'</code> which will produce 100K or more transactions itself within 1 hour. This setting is used to keep the collection tables as small as possible of unwanted data based on METRICS_JOB_FILTERS rows.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>metrics_resources_usage</code> – delete from this collection table where a row matches METRICS_JOB_FILTERS based on user, domain and resourcekind. This delete gets executed first.</li> <li>2. <code>metrics_requests</code> – delete from this collection table when a row does not exist in <code>metrics_resources_usage</code> collection table. This delete gets executed second.</li> </ol> <p>Operational insights:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This procedure executes in a single-threaded fashion on one node in a cluster and processes all the data for each node in the cluster sequentially. It does this in order to avoid “deadlock” contention when multiple nodes issue the same commands at the same time.</li> <li>2. This procedure will <u>not</u> execute if <code>P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES</code> or <code>pRebuildIndexes</code> is executing. However, it will loop every minute and check if it can execute. It will wait up to 30 min to allow the other processes to complete.</li> <li>3. If this procedure finds another record for the same <code>nodehost</code> and <code>nodeport</code> and <code>JOB_TABLE_NAME='DELETE_COLLECTION'</code> and <code>STATUS='BEGIN JOB'</code> then it determines that the record is stranded due to some unforeseen event and marks that record with a <code>STATUS='FAILURE'</code>. It then continues on as normal.</li> <li>4. The timing of the <code>kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection</code> [DC] trigger is important. It is set to execute after the <code>kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</code> [MSR] trigger and before the <code>kpimetricsTrig_30_DBMSScheduler</code> [DBS] trigger. It is recommended that the period be the same between <code>kpimetricsTrig_33_DeleteCollection</code> and <code>kpimetricsTrig_10_Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST</code>. If one gets changed from 30 to 15, then the other one should be changed also. The objective is to delete unwanted rows produced by the first trigger and delete as much as possible for DBMSScheduler runs so that it does not have to spend time querying through 100K of unwanted rows. Ultimately, DBMSScheduler to run as quickly as possible. The only way to do that is to keep the data set as small as possible. The chart below shows the time interaction between the three triggers that are responsible for the following:</li> </ol>
--	---

	<p>[MSR] – SQL parsing with a byproduct of creating metrics request volume,  [DBS] – transferring data from collection to history and deleting collection.  [DC] – deleting collection data with the objective of keeping collection tables small and manageable.</p> <p>30 min period on MSR and DC triggers:  [MSR] [DBS] [DC]  12:00 12:05 ←del collection just before processing  12:30 12:30 12:35</p> <p>15 min period on MSR and DC triggers:  [MSR] [DBS] [DC]  12:00 12:05  12:15 12:20 ←del collection just before processing  12:30 12:30 12:35  12:45 12:50</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 week, 3:35 am] [Sunday]  [Only once per cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_34_DBMSRebuildIndexes → pRebuildIndexes</p>	<p>This trigger executes the pRebuildIndexes procedure. This procedure is used to rebuild or reorganize the indexes. It is recommended to only execute once a week such as a Sunday at 3:35 am.</p> <p>Indexes do not start rebuilding until all processes are inactive. For METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW, WORKFLOW_STATUS &lt;&gt; 'I'. For METRICS_JOB_DETAILS, STATUS &lt;&gt; 'BEGIN JOB'.</p> <p>If the <b>1-hour timeout occurs</b> an exception will be thrown and logged in the METRICS_JOB_DETAIL table.</p> <p>Exceptions: Emails will be sent if there are exceptions. Review the following view (table) for issues:  /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/workflow/vJobDetails</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 Hour, 1:00 am]  [Executes on all nodes in the cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_35_DBMSDeleteCheck → pMetricsDeleteCheck</p>	<p>This trigger executes the <b>pMetricsDeleteCheck</b> procedure. This procedure logs the TDV metrics delete statements which are executed by DV metrics based on the schedule set in /policy/metrics. Whenever the /policy/metrics is enabled TDV uses that timestamp in the delete statement. It monitors SYS_REQUESTS for TDV metrics delete statements and inserts the information into METRICS_JOB_DELETE_CHECK. The view is published as workflow.vJobDeleteCheck and can be used to monitor when the delete statements occur and how many rows get deleted for each node.</p>
<p>Schedule: [1 day, 9:30 pm]  [Executes on all nodes in the cluster]  kpimetricsTrig_40_Cache_METADATA_TABLES → Cache_METADATA_TABLES</p>	<p>DEFAULT=OFF</p> <p>This procedure is used to cache all of the METADATA_* tables.</p> <p>Uses the same ALL_RESOURCE data from METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES_STG which gets</p>

	cached every 2 hours. The data would be current as of 9 pm. This alleviates the need to recache data that was already cached. Therefore, there is a <b>dependency</b> on <b>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES</b> completing for a given node.
<b>Schedule:</b> [system event=MetricsPersistentFailure] <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b> <b>kpimetricsTrig_50_MetricsPersistenceFailure →</b> pMetricsSystemEvent	<b>DEFAULT=ON</b> This is activated when the system event=MetricsPersistentFailure occurs. This procedure sends an email to the commonValues.sendTo list and the subscription list. If there is a subscription list then it also saves the record to the METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG.
<b>Schedule:</b> [system event=MetricsTruncationFailure] <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b> <b>kpimetricsTrig_51_MetricsTruncateFailure →</b> pMetricsSystemEvent	<b>DEFAULT=ON</b> This is activated when the system event=MetricsTruncationFailure occurs. This procedure sends an email to the commonValues.sendTo list and the subscription list. If there is a subscription list then it also saves the record to the METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG.
<b>Schedule:</b> [system event=MetricsBackupFailure] <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b> <b>kpimetricsTrig_52_MetricsBackupFailure →</b> pMetricsSystemEvent	<b>DEFAULT=ON</b> This is activated when the system event=MetricsBackupFailure occurs. This procedure sends an email to the commonValues.sendTo list and the subscription list. If there is a subscription list then it also saves the record to the METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG.
<b>Schedule:</b> [system event=MetricsRestoreFailure] <b>[Executes on all nodes in the cluster]</b> <b>kpimetricsTrig_53_MetricsRestoreFailure →</b> pMetricsSystemEvent	<b>DEFAULT=ON</b> This is activated when the system event=MetricsRestoreFailure occurs. This procedure sends an email to the commonValues.sendTo list and the subscription list. If there is a subscription list then it also saves the record to the METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG.

## Metadata System Helpers Scripts

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers

This section lists all triggers and load scripts that have been defined to execute various KPImetrics procedures at regular intervals. The default execution frequencies are listed for each trigger. The load scripts have been created to load and aggregate raw data into processed KPImetrics metrics.

Script Name → Resource name	Description
executeMetricsSqlControl	<p>This procedure compares the nodehost/nodeport passed in with what is present in METRICS_SQL_CONTROL and is used to control the execution of the procedure referenced in the CONTROL_NAME field. These rows were inserted by updateTriggers according to the following rules. Both Cache_ALL_RESOURCES and Cache_ALL_USERS are required to be executed on each node of the cluster for the dependent resources to be able to use the data collected.</p> <p>Rules:</p> <p>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES gets executed by dependents:</p> <p>Cache_ALL_RESOURCES</p>



	Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_ADHOC Cache_METRICS_SQL_REQUEST_EXEC_REPROCESS Cache_METRICS_SQL_RESOURCE_LINEAGE pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec Cache_ALL_USERS gets executed by dependents: Cache_ALL_USERS pMETRICS_ALL_TABLES_exec
freeUnusedMemory	This procedure is used to free unused memory. It gets invoked by Cache_METADATA_Tables
getClusterHostnamesDiff	<p>The purpose of this procedure is to compare the current hostname for the current server with names in the cluster to determine the difference of those names. This difference will be used to create and use stage tables for the P_METRICS_ALL_TABLES procedure to use. It requires a unique stage table for each node in the cluster because it performs a table truncate during its processing.</p> <p>hostname1 hostname2 The difference for the current hostname=1 hostname_a hostname_b The difference for the current hostname=a</p>
getDatasourceConfiguration → /shared/ASAssets/Utilities/.../ getBasicResourceCursor → getBasicResourceXSLT	This procedure is used to get the current data source configuration for various commonValue settings, paths and derived paths. It invokes a couple of other procedures to get the data source type.
getDatasourceDependencyMetadata	<p>This procedure is used to produce the dependency metadata for a given input resource path. It returns the datasource id, path and dependency resource path along with the lineage for that path. For each new datasource found, it will return a row with the aforementioned results. The input resource path may be from /services/databases/ or /shared/ paths. This procedure uses /lib/resource/GetColumnDependencies when a resource path is of type LINK or TABLE.</p> <p>When a resource path is PROCEDURE or a PROCEDURE is found during processing of GetColumnDependencies(), the algorithm will utilize getResourceLineageDirectRecursive() to complete the lineage thus providing a full picture of lineage for resources containing TABLE and PROCEDURE types within the lineage.</p>
getServerNames → getServerNamesXSLT	Get the list of server names for a single node or cluster.
getSysRequestsProcedureName	Get the START_TIME for the procedure name passed in from SYS_REQUESTS. This confirms whether the procedure is actively running in TDV memory space or not.
getVersion	<p>This procedure is used to determine which KPI metrics DDL script version should be used based on the DV version.</p> <p>DV 7.x ==&gt; DDL &lt;script_name&gt;_700 DV 8.x ==&gt; DDL &lt;script_name&gt;_800</p> <p>The event that would cause a different DDL script to be created would be a change in the base metrics product. For example, if Tibco engineering decided to change the base tables, then a new &lt;script_name&gt;_xxx would be required. The DV version in which the changes are release would dictate the DDL script version and its content.</p>
p15MinutesIncrements	This procedure returns a cursor of 15 minute increments given a starting timestamp that is passed in. It generates one full day of 15 increments for a total of 53 records.

pGetEmailSubscriptions → pGetDomainUsers → [pGetDomainsXSLT,pGetDomainUsersXSLT]	This procedure constructs a list of emails which is used to send error or informational emails based on subscription to DV groups or LDAP groups.
pGetSystemInformation	This script is used to get cluster name and server name from /lib/util/getProperties() built in function. This function is used in load scripts and by custom logger to get server name.
pStartWorkflow	This script is invoked from each of the load scripts and marks the start of a workflow in the METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW table. For a given workflow, the script takes workflow name as an input and returns the next workflow start and end time.
pEndWorkflow	Like pStartWorkflow script, this script is also called from other load scripts and marks the end of a workflow by updating the METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW table when a workflow finishes. This script takes workflow name, workflow start and end times, workflow status and number of rows affected as input and updates the METRICS_CIS_WORKFLOW table.
pUpdateEventRegLog	This procedure is used to insert/update rows in the METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG and METRICS_EVENT_REG_LOG_LINEAGE tables.
verifyProcessRunningMetricsJobDetails	Check for actively running processes for the following tables.

## Baseline Table Load Architecture

This section outlines the table load architecture for the three baseline tables described below.

### Baseline Table Accessibility and Parallel Table Load Architecture

This section describes the architecture used to keep the three baseline tables accessible while new data is being loaded. These are the only tables that have this requirement. These tables are used by other load scripts and must be accessible for user queries and joining with data from other load scripts. The three tables are:

- *METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES* – must be accessible all the time and loaded in parallel
- *METRICS\_ALL\_USERS* – must be accessible all the time and loaded in parallel
- *METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON* – must be accessible all the time. Only 1 node in the cluster will load it because the data is common to all nodes

The following architecture is being used for *METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES* and *METRICS\_ALL\_USERS*. This example shows a 2-node cluster with no timekeeper. For each additional node, there would be an additional *\_N##* view and 2 tables *N##\_T1* and *N##\_T2*.

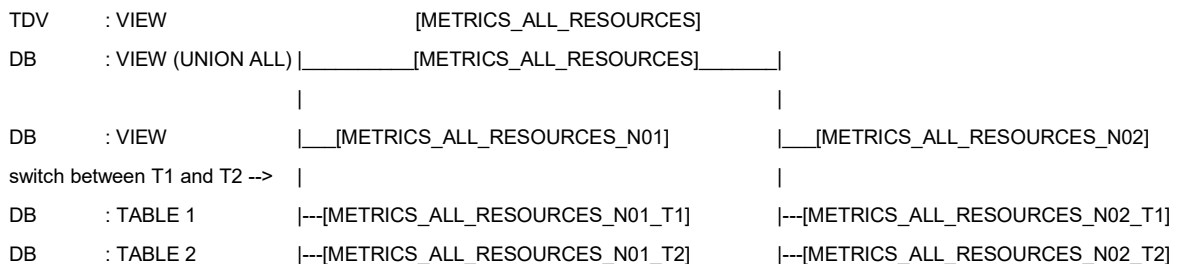
- TDV references the same view name in the database.
- The top-level database view is a UNION ALL of all the nodes.
- Each node-level view designated with *\_N##* points to the current *\_N##\_T1* or *\_N##\_T2* that is currently loaded with data. The other table has been truncated and contains no data.
- When *Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES* or *Cache\_ALL\_USERS* executes, it determines which table [T1 or T2] has no data. It designates the table with no data as the load table. It designates the table with data as the truncate table. The following shows an example and the steps that are performed.

Supposition: T1 contains rows. T2 is empty.

- a. T1 remains available for queries since it has data.

- b. Each node in the cluster wakes up at the same time on a trigger timer and executes the same code.
- c. Insert data:
  - i. NODE 01: Perform INSERT INTO METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T2  
SELECT \* FROM  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ALL\_RESOURCES
  - ii. NODE 02: Perform INSERT INTO METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T2  
SELECT \* FROM  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ALL\_RESOURCES
- j. Execute table statistics
  - i. NODE 01: UPDATE STATISTICS  
"schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T2"
  - ii. NODE 02: UPDATE STATISTICS  
"schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T2"
- k. Alter View to repoint to newly loaded table
  - i. NODE 01: ALTER VIEW "schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01" AS  
SELECT \* FROM "schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T2"
  - ii. NODE 02: ALTER VIEW "schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02" AS  
SELECT \* FROM "schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T2"
- l. Truncate old table
  - i. NODE 01: TRUNCATE TABLE  
"schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N01\_T1"
  - ii. NODE 02: TRUNCATE TABLE  
"schema"."METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_N02\_T1"

In the diagram below, there are 2 physical tables created [T1 and T2] for each node in the cluster [N01, N02, etc]. There is a database view for each node [<table>\_N01] that is mapped to the table that contains the most current data. The loading simply alternates between the two tables. There is another view that is a UNION ALL view that unions each of the node views. The name of this view is the same as the base view in TDV. In the example below the TDV view METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES access the database view METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES which is the UNION ALL of all the database node views. This abstraction allows TDV to load the data into the empty table and switch the node view to the newly loaded table and truncate the old one. This allows each node to execute in parallel and load their own tables and switch their own view when they have completed. It also maintains data accessibility during this load period.



For METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON, the architecture is slightly different because only 1 node in a cluster loads the LDAP data for all other nodes. The data is not TDV node specific.

In the diagram below, there are 2 physical tables created [T1 and T2]. There is a database view that is mapped to the table that contains the most current data. The loading simply alternates between the two tables. TDV accesses the database view.

TDV : VIEW [METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON]  
DB : VIEW |\_\_\_\_\_[METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON]  
switch between T1 and T2 -->|  
DB : TABLE 1 |---[METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON\_T1]  
DB : TABLE 2 |---[METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON\_T2]

## Data Transfer Scripts

This section outlines the Oracle and SQL Server data transfer scripts.

### Physical Oracle Data Transfer Script

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/  
06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsq\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script

This section describes the actions and SQL taken in the P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES data transfer script. The purpose of this script is to transfer data from the collection tables to the history tables using native Oracle SQL script. Stage tables are used to prepare and augment the collection data prior to inserting into the history tables. The result of this is that only “inserts” are performed on the history tables. All of the insert/update/deletes that are required are performed on the stage tables.

#### metrics\_sessions

##### 1. Get the min/max sessionid and logintime

```
select min("sessionid") minsessionid, min("logintime") minlogintime, max("sessionid") maxsessionid,
max("logintime") maxlogintime from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||" where
"nodehost" = c_node_host and "nodeport" = c_node_port;
```

##### 2. Insert into the metrics\_sessions\_stg stage table from the metrics\_sessions collection table

```
insert into "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||"
select ms.*,
LU."USER_ID", LU."user", LU."domain",
-- Perform LDAP userkey join transformation. The transformation value in userKeyTransformation is
provided at the time this procedure is created which is during installation.
||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'LU."user"')||' as "userkey",
||REPLACE(domainKeyTransform, "domain", 'LU."domain"')||' as "domainkey",
null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null
"employeeID", null "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||" ms
-- Join with metrics_resources_usage to get the user
LEFT OUTER JOIN (
select distinct mruc."nodehost", mruc."nodeport", mruc."sessionid", mruc."user", mruc."domain",
mau."USER_ID"
FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||" mruc
-- Join with METRICS_ALL_USERS to get the latest (max LOAD_TIME) userid
LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_ALL_USERS" mau
ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
) LU
ON LU."sessionid" = ms."sessionid"
AND LU."nodehost" = ms."nodehost"
AND LU."nodeport" = ms."nodeport"
where ms."logintime" <= maxlogintime
and ms."sessionid" <= maxsessionid
and ms."nodehost" = in_node_host
and ms."nodeport" = in_node_port
and NOT EXISTS (
select *
from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_hist||" ms1
where ms1."nodehost" = ms."nodehost"
```

```

and ms1."nodeport" = ms."nodeport"
and ms1."sessionid" = ms."sessionid"
and ms1."logintime" = ms."logintime"
and ms1."type" = ms."type"
);

```

### 3. Update the `metrics_sessions_stg` stage table with user information from `METRICS_LDAP_PERSON` using the "userkey" to join.

```

UPDATE "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||" msh1
SET ("fullname", "lastname", "firstname", "mail", "employeenumber", "employeeid", "telephonenumber",
"friendlycountryname") =
(SELECT DISTINCT mlp."fullName", mlp."lastName", mlp."firstName", mlp."mail",
mlp."employeeNumber", mlp."employeeID", mlp."telephoneNumber", mlp."friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||" msh2
LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
ON mlp."userkey" = msh2."userkey"
AND mlp."domainkey" = msh2."domainkey"
WHERE msh1."nodehost" = msh2."nodehost"
AND msh1."nodeport" = msh2."nodeport"
AND msh1."sessionid" = msh2."sessionid"
AND msh1."logintime" = msh2."logintime"
AND msh1."type" = msh2."type"
)
WHERE msh1."logintime" >= minlogintime
AND msh1."sessionid" >= minsessionid
AND msh1."nodehost" = in_node_host
AND msh1."nodeport" = in_node_port
AND msh1."user" is not null
AND msh1."userkey" is not null
AND msh1."mail" is null
AND msh1."lastname" is null;

```

### 4. Insert into `metrics_sessions_hist` history from `metrics_sessions_stg` stage

```

INSERT INTO "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_hist||"
SELECT * FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||"
where "nodehost" = in_node_host
and "nodeport" = in_node_port;

```

### 5. [DEPRECATED] Delete this batch of data from the `metrics_sessions_collection` table that was just processed being careful not to delete any new rows.

```

delete from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||"
where "logintime" <= maxlogintime
and "sessionid" <= maxsessionid
and "nodehost" = in_node_host
and "nodeport" = in_node_port;

```

## metrics\_resources\_usage

### 1. Get the min/max requestid and starttime

```

select min("requestid") minrequestid, min("starttime") minstarttime, max("requestid") maxrequestid,
max("starttime") maxstarttime
from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"
where "nodehost" = c_node_host and "nodeport" = c_node_port;

```

**2. Insert the new rows into the metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg stage from the metrics\_resources\_usage collection where not exists in metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist history and not in METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS.**

```

INSERT INTO "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||"
SELECT
  -- Insert collection columns
  mruc."cluster"
  , mruc."nodehost"
  , mruc."nodeport"
  , mruc."sessionid"
  , mruc."user"
  , mruc."domain"
  , mruc."group"
  , mruc."requestid"
  , mruc."parentid"
  , mruc."datasourcepath"
  , mruc."datasourcetype"
  , mruc."resourcepath"
  , mruc."resourcetype"
  , mruc."resourceguid"
  , mruc."resourcekind"
  , mruc."starttime"
  , mruc."endtime"
  -- Insert expanded information
  , mar."RESOURCE_ORIGIN" "resourceorigin"
  , mar."RESOURCE_ID" "resourceid"
  , mar."DATASERVICE_NAME" "dataservicename"
  , mar."RESOURCE_NAME" "resourcenname"
  , mar."SCHEMA_NAME" "parentname"
  , mar."CATALOG_NAME" "grandparentname"
  , mar."CATEGORY_NAME" "categoryname"
  , mar."PARENT_PATH" "parentpath"
  -- Insert expanded user information
  , mau."USER_ID" "userid"
  , '||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'mruc."user"')||' as "userkey"
  , '||REPLACE(domainKeyTransform, "domain", mruc."domain"')||' as "domainkey"
  , null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null "employeeID", null
  "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||" mruc
-- METRICS_ALL_USERS
LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_ALL_USERS" mau
  ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
  AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
  AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
  AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
-- METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES
LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES" mar
  ON mar."RESOURCEPATH" = mruc."resourcepath"
  AND mar."RESOURCE_TYPE" = mruc."resourcetype"
  AND mar."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
  AND mar."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
WHERE mruc."nodehost" = in_node_host
  AND mruc."nodeport" = in_node_port
  AND mruc."starttime" <= maxstarttime_mru
  AND mruc."requestid" <= maxrequestid_mr
  -- Do not insert rows matching the filter rows in METRICS_JOB_FILTERS
  AND (mruc."user", mruc."domain", mruc."resourcekind") NOT IN (select "USER", "DOMAIN", "RESOURCE_KIND"
FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_JOB_FILTERS" WHERE "ENV_TYPE" = in_env_type)
  -- Do not insert rows if they exist in metrics_resources_usage_hist
  AND NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT 1
    FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_hist||" mruh
    WHERE mruc."nodehost" = mruh."nodehost"
      AND mruc."nodeport" = mruh."nodeport"
      AND mruc."starttime" = mruh."starttime"
      AND mruc."requestid" = mruh."requestid"

```

```
);
```

**6. Update the metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg stage table with user information from METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON using the “userkey” to join.**

```
UPDATE "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mruh1
  SET ("fullName", "lastname", "firstname", "mail", "employeenumber", "employeeid", "telephonenumber",
    "friendlycountryname") =
    (SELECT DISTINCT mlp."fullName", mlp."lastName", mlp."firstName", mlp."mail",
      mlp."employeeNumber", mlp."employeeID", mlp."telephoneNumber", mlp."friendlyCountryName"
      FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mruh2
      LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
        ON mlp."userkey" = mruh2."userkey"
        AND mlp."domainkey" = mruh2."domainkey"
      WHERE mruh1."nodehost" = mruh2."nodehost"
        AND mruh1."nodeport" = mruh2."nodeport"
        AND mruh1."requestid" = mruh2."requestid"
        AND mruh1."starttime" = mruh2."starttime"
    )
  WHERE mruh1."starttime" >= minstarttime_mru
    AND mruh1."requestid" >= minrequestid_mru
    AND mruh1."nodehost" = in_node_host
    AND mruh1."nodeport" = in_node_port
    AND mruh1."user" is not null
    AND mruh1."userkey" is not null
    AND mruh1."mail" is null
    AND mruh1."lastname" is null;
```

**7. Insert into metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist history from metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg stage**

```
INSERT INTO "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_hist||"
  SELECT * FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||"
  where "nodehost" = in_node_host
  and "nodeport" = in_node_port;
```

**8. [DEPRECATED] Delete the metrics\_resources\_usage collection remaining data**  
**a. Note: if the kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection trigger is still running then this section is skipped.**

```
delete from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"
  where "nodehost" = in_node_host
  and "nodeport" = in_node_port
  and "starttime" <= maxstarttime_mru
  and "requestid" <= maxrequestid_mru;
```

## metrics\_requests

**1. Get the min/max requestid and starttime**

```
select min("requestid") minrequestid, min("starttime") minstarttime, max("requestid") maxrequestid,
  max("starttime") maxstarttime
  from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_collection||"
  where "nodehost" = c_node_host and "nodeport" = c_node_port;
```

**2. Insert the new rows into the metrics\_requests\_stg stage from the metrics\_requests collection where not exists in metrics\_requests\_hist history and exists in metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.**



-- A cursor is created in order to be able to loop through the records and commit a batch at a time. This was done so as to minimize the UNDO tablespace and archiver rollback logs. When Oracle archiver reaches a configured length of time and the query has not finished it tries to rollback. If there is not enough UNDO tablespace, the query fails. For this particular query it may be necessary to greatly increase the UNDO tablespace and increase the time for the archiver to 2 hours.

```

cursor c_metrics_requests(c_node_host varchar2, c_node_port number, c_maxrequestid number,
c_maxstarttime timestamp) is
SELECT mrc.*,
       null "dataservicename", null "resourcekind",
       LU."USER_ID", LU."user", LU."domain",
       '||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'LU."user")||' as "userkey",
       '||REPLACE(domainKeyTransform, "domain", 'LU."domain")||' as "domainkey",
       null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null
"employeeID", null "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
FROM '||dataSourceSchemaName||'."||metrics_requests_collection||'" mrc
-- METRICS_ALL_USERS
LEFT OUTER JOIN
  (SELECT DISTINCT mruc."nodehost", mruc."nodeport", mruc."requestid", mruc."user",
mruc."domain", mau."USER_ID"
  FROM '||dataSourceSchemaName||'."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||'" mruc
  LEFT OUTER JOIN '||dataSourceSchemaName||'."METRICS_ALL_USERS" mau
    ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
    AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
    AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
    AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
  ) LU
  ON LU."requestid" = mrc."requestid"
  AND LU."nodehost" = mrc."nodehost"
  AND LU."nodeport" = mrc."nodeport"
WHERE mrc."nodehost" = c_node_host
  AND mrc."nodeport" = c_node_port
  AND mrc."requestid" <= c_maxrequestid
  AND mrc."starttime" <= c_maxstarttime
-- Only insert metrics_requests collection rows with a corresponding row in the
metrics_resources_usage_stg
-- No point in capturing these rows without relevant resource usage information.
AND EXISTS (
  SELECT 1 FROM
'||dataSourceSchemaName||'."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||'" mru
  WHERE mru."nodehost" = mrc."nodehost"
    AND mru."nodeport" = mrc."nodeport"
    AND mru."requestid" = mrc."requestid"
    AND mru."starttime" = mrc."starttime"
);

TYPE c_metrics_requests_T is table of c_metrics_requests%rowtype;
c_metrics_requests_array c_metrics_requests_T;

```

-- Perform the insert in batches that get committed every "batchInsertMax" to free up UNDO space.

-- The fetch size and commit size are the same to keep the logic clean.

batchcount := 0;

begintimestamp3 := SYSTIMESTAMP;

**open c\_metrics\_requests**(in\_node\_host, in\_node\_port, maxrequestid\_mr, maxstarttime\_mr);

loop fetch c\_metrics\_requests bulk collect into c\_metrics\_requests\_array limit batchInsertMax;

-- Calculate fetch collection duration

endtimestamp := SYSTIMESTAMP;

fetchDuration\_mr := endtimestamp - begintimestamp3;

durationStr := replace(replace(cast(fetchDuration\_mr as varchar2), "000000000 ", "0 "), "+", "");

```

fetchDurationStr_mr := substr(durationStr, 1, instr(durationStr, ".") + 3);

-- Insert the rows a batch at a time
begintimestamp3 := SYSTIMESTAMP;
forall i in 1 .. c_metrics_requests_array.count
    INSERT INTO "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" VALUES
c_metrics_requests_array(i);

uncommitted := uncommitted + sql%rowcount;
insertrows_mr := insertrows_mr + sql%rowcount;
batchcount := batchcount + 1;
-- Calculate insert stage duration
endtimestamp := SYSTIMESTAMP;
insertStgDuration_mr := endtimestamp - begintimestamp3;
durationStr := replace(replace(cast(insertStgDuration_mr as varchar2), "000000000 ", "0 "), "+", "");
insertStgDurationStr_mr := substr(durationStr, 1, instr(durationStr, ".") + 3);
-- Update a status row into the METRICS_JOB_DETAILS table for number of rows affected
statusmsg := "INSERT STAGE: '||metrics_requests_stg||' B#="||batchcount||" T#="||insertrows_mr||"
FETCH="||fetchDurationStr_mr||" INSERT="||insertStgDurationStr_mr;

update "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_JOB_DETAILS"
    set CURRENT_OPERATION = statusmsg
    where REQ_START_DATE = begintimestamp
    and JOB_TABLE_NAME = "||metrics_requests_collection||"
    and NODE_HOST = in_node_host
    and NODE_PORT = in_node_port;
exit when c_metrics_requests_array.count < batchInsertMax;
if (uncommitted >= batchInsertMax) then
    commit;
    uncommitted := 0;
end if;
begintimestamp3 := SYSTIMESTAMP;
end loop;
if (uncommitted > 0) then
    commit;
end if;
close c_metrics_requests;

-- Delete any rows from stage that exist in history. This logic was broken out as a separate piece instead of
-- embedding in the cursor query above because in most cases there should be no rows. This is here as
-- more of an insurance policy.

DELETE FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrc
-- Remove any rows that already exist in metrics_requests_hist
WHERE mrc."nodehost" = in_node_host
AND mrc."nodeport" = in_node_port
AND EXISTS (
    SELECT 1
    FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_hist||" mrh
    WHERE mrc."nodehost" = mrh."nodehost"
    AND mrc."nodeport" = mrh."nodeport"
    AND mrc."starttime" = mrh."starttime"
    AND mrc."requestid" = mrh."requestid"
);
deleterows_mr := sql%rowcount;
commit;

```

**3. Update the new rows from the metrics\_requests\_stg stage with METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON using the “userkey” to join.**

```

UPDATE "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh1
SET ("fullName", "lastName", "firstName", "mail", "employeeNumber", "employeeid", "telephonenumber",
"friendlycountryname") =
(SELECT DISTINCT mlp."fullName", mlp."lastName", mlp."firstName", mlp."mail",
mlp."employeeNumber", mlp."employeeID", mlp."telephoneNumber", mlp."friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh2
LEFT OUTER JOIN "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
ON mlp."userkey" = mrh2."userkey"
AND mlp."domainkey" = mrh2."domainkey"
WHERE mrh1."nodehost" = mrh2."nodehost"
AND mrh1."nodeport" = mrh2."nodeport"
AND mrh1."requestid" = mrh2."requestid"
AND mrh1."starttime" = mrh2."starttime"
)
WHERE mrh1."starttime" >= minstarttime_mr
AND mrh1."requestid" >= minrequestid_mr
AND mrh1."nodehost" = in_node_host
AND mrh1."nodeport" = in_node_port
AND mrh1."user" is not null
AND mrh1."userkey" is not null
AND mrh1."mail" is null
AND mrh1."lastname" is null;

```

#### 4. Update metrics\_requests\_stg stage [resourcekind and dataservicename] joined with metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.

- Use the resourcekind and dataservicename from metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.
- This process is to insure that user defined requests are updated first in the event that metrics\_resoruces\_usage contains multiple rows for the same requestid where the resourcekind spans both [user defined] and [system].
- If multiple distinct "requestid, resourcekind and dataservicename" rows are found the algorithm orders by mruh.requestid, mruh.resourcekind desc, mruh.dataservicename so that "user defined" is sorted before "system" as "user defined" has higher priority.
- Only one record can be chosen.

Loop through the records using the following SQL

```

select distinct mruh."requestid", mrh."starttime", mrh."endtime", mrh."status", mruh."resourcekind",
mruh."dataservicename"
from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh
inner join "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mruh
on mrh."requestid" = mruh."requestid"
and mrh."starttime" = mruh."starttime"
and mrh."nodehost" = mruh."nodehost"
and mrh."nodeport" = mruh."nodeport"
where mruh."resourcekind" is not null
and mruh."dataservicename" is not null
and mrh."nodehost" = c_node_host
and mrh."nodeport" = c_node_port
and (mrh."resourcekind" is null or mrh."dataservicename" is null)
and mrh."requestid" >= c_minrequestid and mrh."requestid" <= c_maxrequestid
and mrh."starttime" >= c_minstarttime and mrh."starttime" <= c_maxstarttime
order by mruh."requestid", mruh."resourcekind" desc, mruh."dataservicename";

```

Insert records into metrics\_requests\_stg table in pre-defined batches

```

insert into "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg_upd||" values(t."requestid",
t."starttime", t."endtime", t."status", t."resourcekind", t."dataservicename", in_node_host, in_node_port);

```

Update the metrics\_requests\_stg with the single row for each requestid using the batch in the metrics\_request\_stg\_upd stage table. The min and max requestid and starttime are important to establish boundaries for the update. Without them the resourcekind and dataservicename for rows not in the stage update table are set to null.

```
update "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh
set (mrh."resourcekind", mrh."dataservicename") =
  (select mrht."resourcekind", mrht."dataservicename"
   from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg_upd||" mrht
   where mrh."requestid" = mrht."requestid"
     and mrh."starttime" = mrht."starttime"
     and mrh."endtime" = mrht."endtime"
     and mrh."status" = mrht."status"
     and mrh."nodehost" = mrht."nodehost"
     and mrh."nodeport" = mrht."nodeport"
     and mrht."nodehost" = in_node_host
     and mrht."nodeport" = in_node_port
  )
where mrh."resourcekind" is null
  and mrh."dataservicename" is null
  and mrh."nodehost" = in_node_host
  and mrh."nodeport" = in_node_port
  and mrh."requestid" >= minrequestid_mrb
  and mrh."requestid" <= maxrequestid_mrb
  and mrh."starttime" >= minstarttime_mrb
  and mrh."starttime" <= maxstarttime_mrb;
```

Delete only rows associated with the nodehost and nodeport that is executing this script

```
delete from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg_upd||" where "nodehost" =
in_node_host and "nodeport" = in_node_port;
```

End of Loop

## 5. Insert into the metrics\_requests\_hist history from the metrics\_requests\_stg stage

```
INSERT INTO "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_hist||"
SELECT * FROM "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
where "nodehost" = in_node_host
  and "nodeport" = in_node_port;
```

## 6. [DEPRECATED] Delete the remainder of metrics\_requests collection rows

- a. **Note: if the kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection trigger is still running then this section is skipped.**

```
delete from "||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_collection||"
where "nodehost" = in_node_host
  and "nodeport" = in_node_port
  and "starttime" <= maxstarttime_mr
  and "requestid" <= maxrequestid_mr;
```

## Physical SQL Server Data Transfer Script

Location: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/  
06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script

This section describes the actions and SQL taken in the P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES data transfer script. The purpose of this script is to transfer data from the collection tables to the history tables using native SQL Server SQL script. Stage tables are used to prepare and augment the collection data prior to inserting into the history tables. The result of this is that only “inserts” are performed on the history tables. All of the insert/update/deletes that are required are performed on the stage tables.

### metrics\_sessions

#### 1. Get the min/max sessionid and logintime

```
select min("sessionid") minsessionid, min("logintime") minlogintime, max("sessionid") maxsessionid,
max("logintime") maxlogintime
from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||"
where "nodehost" = @in_node_host and "nodeport" = @in_node_port;
```

#### 2. Insert from metrics\_sessions collection table into metrics\_sessions\_stg stage table

```
insert into "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||"
select ms.*,
LU."USER_ID", LU."user", LU."domain",
-- Perform LDAP userkey join transformation. The transformation value in userKeyTransformation is provided
at the time this procedure is created which is during installation.
' ||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'LU."user"') ||' as "userkey",
' ||REPLACE(domainKeyTransform, "domain", 'LU."domain"') ||' as "domainkey",
null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null "employeeID",
null "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||" ms
-- Join with metrics_resources_usage to get the user
LEFT OUTER JOIN (
select distinct mruc."nodehost", mruc."nodeport", mruc."sessionid", mruc."user", mruc."domain",
mau."USER_ID"
FROM
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||" mruc
-- Join with METRICS_ALL_USERS to get the latest (max LOAD_TIME) userid
LEFT OUTER JOIN
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||METRICS_ALL_USERS" mau
ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
) LU
ON LU."sessionid" = ms."sessionid"
AND LU."nodehost" = ms."nodehost"
AND LU."nodeport" = ms."nodeport"
where ms."logintime" <= @maxlogintime
and ms."sessionid" <= @maxsessionid
and ms."nodehost" = @in_node_host
and ms."nodeport" = @in_node_port
and NOT EXISTS (
select *
from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_hist||" ms1
```

```

where ms1."nodehost" = ms."nodehost"
and ms1."nodeport" = ms."nodeport"
and ms1."sessionid" = ms."sessionid"
and ms1."logintime" = ms."logintime"
and ms1."type" = ms."type"
);

```

### 3. Update the metrics\_sessions\_stg table with user information from METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON using the "userkey" to join.

```

UPDATE "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||"
SET "fullname" = mlp."fullName",
    "lastname" = mlp."lastName",
    "firstname" = mlp."firstName",
    "mail" = mlp."mail",
    "employeenumber" = mlp."employeeNumber",
    "employeeid" = mlp."employeeID",
    "telephonenumber" = mlp."telephoneNumber",
    "friendlycountryname" = mlp."friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||" msh
LEFT OUTER JOIN
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
ON mlp."userkey" = msh."userkey"
AND mlp."domainkey" = msh."domainkey"
WHERE msh."logintime" >= @minlogintime
AND msh."sessionid" >= @minsessionid
AND msh."nodehost" = @in_node_host
AND msh."nodeport" = @in_node_port
AND msh."user" is not null
AND msh."userkey" is not null
AND msh."mail" is null
AND msh."lastname" is null;

```

### 4. Insert into metrics\_sessions\_hist history from metrics\_sessions\_stg stage

```

INSERT INTO "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_hist||"
SELECT * FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_stg||"
where "nodehost" = in_node_host
and "nodeport" = in_node_port;

```

### 5. [DEPRECATED] Delete this batch of data from the metrics\_sessions collection table that was just processed being careful not to delete any new rows.

```

delete from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_sessions_collection||"
where "logintime" <= @maxlogintime
and "sessionid" <= @maxsessionid
and "nodehost" = @in_node_host
and "nodeport" = @in_node_port;

```

## metrics\_resources\_usage

### 1. Get the min/max requestid and starttime

```

select min("requestid") minrequestid, min("starttime") minstarttime, max("requestid") maxrequestid,
max("starttime") maxstarttime
from
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"
where "nodehost" = @in_node_host and "nodeport" = @in_node_port;

```

**2. Insert the new rows into the metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg stage from the metrics\_resources\_usage collection where not exists in metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist history and not in METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS.**

```

INSERT INTO ""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||metrics_resources_usage_stg||""
SELECT
  -- Insert collection columns
  mruc."cluster"
  , mruc."nodehost"
  , mruc."nodeport"
  , mruc."sessionid"
  , mruc."user"
  , mruc."domain"
  , mruc."group"
  , mruc."requestid"
  , mruc."parentid"
  , mruc."datasourcepath"
  , mruc."datasourcetype"
  , mruc."resourcepath"
  , mruc."resourcetype"
  , mruc."resourceguid"
  , mruc."resourcekind"
  , mruc."starttime"
  , mruc."endtime"
  -- Insert expanded information
  , mar."RESOURCE_ORIGIN" "resourceorigin"
  , mar."RESOURCE_ID" "resourceid"
  , mar."DATASERVICE_NAME" "dataservicename"
  , mar."RESOURCE_NAME" "resourcename"
  , mar."SCHEMA_NAME" "parentname"
  , mar."CATALOG_NAME" "grandparentname"
  , mar."CATEGORY_NAME" "categoryname"
  , mar."PARENT_PATH" "parentpath"
  -- Insert expanded user information
  , mau."USER_ID" "userid"
  , '||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'mruc."user"')||' as "userkey"
  , '||REPLACE(domainKeyTransform, "domain", 'mruc."domain"')||' as "domainkey"
  , null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null "employeeID", null
  "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
FROM ""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"" mruc
-- METRICS_ALL_USERS
LEFT OUTER JOIN ""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||METRICS_ALL_USERS||"" mau
  ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
  AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
  AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
  AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
-- METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES
LEFT OUTER JOIN
""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||METRICS_ALL_RESOURCES||"" mar
  ON mar."RESOURCEPATH" = mruc."resourcepath"
  AND mar."RESOURCE_TYPE" = mruc."resourcetype"
  AND mar."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
  AND mar."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
WHERE mruc."nodehost" = @in_node_host
  AND mruc."nodeport" = @in_node_port
  AND mruc."starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mru
  AND mruc."requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mr
-- Do not insert rows matching the filter rows in METRICS_JOB_FILTERS
AND mruc."requestid" NOT IN
  (SELECT mru."requestid"
  FROM ""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||metrics_resources_usage_collection||""
  mru
  JOIN ""||dataSourceCatalogName||".".""||dataSourceSchemaName||".".""||METRICS_JOB_FILTERS||"" mjf
    ON mru."user" = mjf."USER"
    AND mru."domain" = mjf."DOMAIN"
    AND mru."resourcekind" = mjf."RESOURCE_KIND"
    AND mru."nodehost" = @in_node_host

```

```

        AND mru."nodeport" = @in_node_port
        WHERE mrf."ENV_TYPE" = @in_env_type )
-- Do not insert rows if they exist in metrics_resources_usage_hist
AND NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT 1
    FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_hist||" mruh
    WHERE mruc."nodehost" = mruh."nodehost"
        AND mruc."nodeport" = mruh."nodeport"
        AND mruc."starttime" = mruh."starttime"
        AND mruc."requestid" = mruh."requestid"
);

```

### 3. Update the metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg table with user information from METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON using the “userkey” to join.

```

UPDATE "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||"
SET "fullname" = mlp."fullName",
    "lastname" = mlp."lastName",
    "firstname" = mlp."firstName",
    "mail" = mlp."mail",
    "employeenumber" = mlp."employeeNumber",
    "employeeid" = mlp."employeeID",
    "telephonenumber" = mlp."telephoneNumber",
    "friendlycountryname" = mlp."friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||"
mrh
LEFT OUTER JOIN
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
ON mlp."userkey" = mrh."userkey"
AND mlp."domainkey" = mrh."domainkey"
WHERE mrh."starttime" >= @minstarttime_mru
AND mrh."requestid" >= @minrequestid_mru
AND mrh."nodehost" = @in_node_host
AND mrh."nodeport" = @in_node_port
AND mrh."user" is not null
AND mrh."userkey" is not null
AND mrh."mail" is null
AND mrh."lastname" is null;

```

### 6. Insert into metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist history from metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg stage

```

INSERT INTO
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_hist||"
SELECT * FROM
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||"
where "nodehost" = in_node_host
and "nodeport" = in_node_port;

```

### 4. [DEPRECATED] Delete the metrics\_resources\_usage collection remaining data

- a. **Note:** if the kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection trigger is still running then this section is skipped.

```

delete from
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"
where "nodehost" = @in_node_host
and "nodeport" = @in_node_port
and "starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mru
and "requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mru;

```

## metrics\_requests



## 1. Get the min/max requestid and starttime

```
select min("requestid") minrequestid, min("starttime") minstarttime, max("requestid") maxrequestid,
       max("starttime") maxstarttime
  from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_collection||"
 where "nodehost" = @in_node_host and "nodeport" = @in_node_port;
```

## 2. Insert the new rows into the metrics\_requests\_stg stage from the metrics\_requests collection where not exists in metrics\_requests\_hist history and exists in metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.

```
INSERT INTO "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
  SELECT mrc.*,
         null "dataservicename", null "resourcekind",
         LU."USER_ID", LU."user", LU."domain",
         '||REPLACE(userKeyTransform, "user", 'LU."user"')||' as "userkey",
         null "fullName", null "lastName", null "firstName", null "mail", null "employeeNumber", null
         "employeeID", null "telephoneNumber", null "friendlyCountryName"
  FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_collection||" mrc
 LEFT OUTER JOIN (
   SELECT DISTINCT mruc."nodehost", mruc."nodeport", mruc."requestid", mruc."user", mruc."domain",
   mau."USER_ID"
 FROM
  "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_collection||"
  mruc
 LEFT OUTER JOIN
  "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_ALL_USERS" mau
   ON mau."USERNAME" = mruc."user"
   AND mau."DOMAIN_NAME" = mruc."domain"
   AND mau."NODE_HOST" = mruc."nodehost"
   AND mau."NODE_PORT" = mruc."nodeport"
 ) LU
 ON LU."requestid" = mrc."requestid"
 AND LU."nodehost" = mrc."nodehost"
 AND LU."nodeport" = mrc."nodeport"
 WHERE mrc."nodehost" = @in_node_host
 AND mrc."nodeport" = @in_node_port
 AND mrc."starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mr
 AND mrc."requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mr
 AND NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT 1
  FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_hist||" mrh
  WHERE mrc."nodehost" = mrh."nodehost"
    AND mrc."nodeport" = mrh."nodeport"
    AND mrc."starttime" = mrh."starttime"
    AND mrc."requestid" = mrh."requestid"
 )
 -- Only insert metrics_requests collection rows when a corresponding row exists in the
 metrics_resources_usage_stg
 -- No point in capturing these rows without relevant resource usage information.
 AND EXISTS (
  SELECT 1 FROM
  "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mru
  WHERE mru."nodehost" = mrc."nodehost"
    AND mru."nodeport" = mrc."nodeport"
    AND mru."requestid" = mrc."requestid"
    AND mru."starttime" = mrc."starttime"
 );
```

### 3. Update the new rows from the metrics\_requests\_stg stage with METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON data

```
UPDATE "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
SET "fullName" = mlp."fullName",
    "lastname" = mlp."lastName",
    "firstname" = mlp."firstName",
    "mail" = mlp."mail",
    "employeenumber" = mlp."employeeNumber",
    "employeeid" = mlp."employeeID",
    "telephonenumber" = mlp."telephoneNumber",
    "friendlycountryname" = mlp."friendlyCountryName"
FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh
LEFT OUTER JOIN
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."METRICS_LDAP_PERSON" mlp
ON mlp."userkey" = mrh."userkey"
AND mlp."domainkey" = mrh."domainkey"
WHERE mrh."starttime" >= @minstarttime_mr
AND mrh."requestid" >= @minrequestid_mr
AND mrh."nodehost" = @in_node_host
AND mrh."nodeport" = @in_node_port
AND mrh."user" is not null
AND mrh."userkey" is not null
AND mrh."mail" is null
AND mrh."lastname" is null;
```

### 4. Update metrics\_requests\_stg stage [resourcekind and dataservicename] joined with metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.

- Use the resourcekind and dataservicename from metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg.
- This process is to ensure that user defined requests are updated first in the event that metrics\_resoruces\_usage contains multiple rows for the same requestid where the resourcekind spans both [user defined] and [system].
- If multiple distinct "requestid, resourcekind and dataservicename" rows are found the algorithm orders by mruh.requestid, mruh.resourcekind desc, mruh.dataservicename so that "user defined" is sorted before "system" as "user defined" has higher priority.
- Only one record can be chosen.

#### Update where resourcekind='user defined'

```
update "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
set "resourcekind" = mruh."resourcekind",
    "dataservicename" = mruh."dataservicename"
from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mrh
inner join
"||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mruh
on mruh."requestid" = mrh."requestid"
and mruh."starttime" = mrh."starttime"
and mruh."nodehost" = mrh."nodehost"
and mruh."nodeport" = mrh."nodeport"
where mrh."nodehost" = @in_node_host
and mrh."nodeport" = @in_node_port
and mrh."starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mr
and mrh."requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mr
and mrh."resourcekind" is null
and mrh."dataservicename" is null
and mruh."dataservicename" is not null
and mruh."resourcekind" = "user defined"; -- [user defined, system]
```

**Update where resourcekind='system'**

```

update "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
  set "resourcekind" = mruh."resourcekind",
      "dataservicename" = mruh."dataservicename"
  from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||" mruh
  inner join
    "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_resources_usage_stg||" mruh
    on mruh."requestid" = mrh."requestid"
    and mruh."starttime" = mrh."starttime"
    and mruh."nodehost" = mrh."nodehost"
    and mruh."nodeport" = mrh."nodeport"
  where mrh."nodehost" = @in_node_host
    and mrh."nodeport" = @in_node_port
    and mrh."starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mr
    and mrh."requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mr
    and mrh."resourcekind" is null
    and mrh."dataservicename" is null
    and mruh."dataservicename" is not null
    and mruh."resourcekind" = "system"; -- [user defined, system]

```

**7. Insert into metrics\_requests\_hist history from metrics\_requests\_stg stage**

```

INSERT INTO "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_hist||"
  SELECT * FROM "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_stg||"
  where "nodehost" = in_node_host
    and "nodeport" = in_node_port;

```

**5. [DEPRECATED] Delete the remainder of metrics\_requests collection rows**

- a. Note: if the kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection trigger is still running then this section is skipped.**

```

delete from "||dataSourceCatalogName||"."||dataSourceSchemaName||"."||metrics_requests_collection||"
  where "nodehost" = @in_node_host
    and "nodeport" = @in_node_port
    and "starttime" <= @maxstarttime_mr
    and "requestid" <= @maxrequestid_mr;

```

## 8 Release Notes

This section provides information on what has changed in this release.

### Added or Modified in this Release

This section provides bullet points on what has been added or changed in this release.

#### Release 2020Q300 [Aug 27 2020]

- Fixed issue with Cache\_SYS\_CACHES throwing an exception with VARIANT.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_CACHES - add space to VARIANT if null
- Fixed Oracle install bug w.r.t. 32-character resource name limit – PK names. Modified KPImetrics\_Installation to reduce size of PK to 32 or less including double quotes
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi1\_tables
- Enhanced pCheckLongRunningRequests to only send the initial email when a long running event occurs and not duplicate the message if other events happen while the first event is still going on.
- Added NOTIFICATION\_STATUS column
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi1\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckCISWorkflowStatusFail
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckDBMSSchedulerError
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckLongRunningRequests
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckMetricsActivity
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMetricsSystemEvent
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog

**Release 2020Q203 [June 25 2020]**

- Implemented daily (interval) Table Partitioning scheme for all tables. Changed monthly to daily.
- Added automated table maintenance during updateTriggers to add tables if nodes are added to a cluster for METRICS\_ALL\_USERS and METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES.
- Added DataValidation and Fix\_1\_NullHostPort and Fix\_2\_NonUniqueRows for the following tables with potential null hostname and non-unique rows.
- METRICS\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES, METRICS\_LOG\_DISK, METRICS\_LOG\_IO, METRICS\_LOG\_MEMORY
- Modified these views to produce a single unique row.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG\_DISK
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG\_IO
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LOG\_MEMORY
- Modified upgrade scripts to migrate data to interval partitioning.
- Added a new published resource:  
/services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_tables\_row\_distribution
- Added partitioning to the following tables. Added either "partition" or "PARTITION" column.
  - Truncate partition is governed by commonValues.purgeHistory
    - metrics\_requests\_hist - changed from monthly to interval/daily partitioning.
    - metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist - changed from monthly to interval/daily partitioning.
    - metrics\_sessions\_hist - changed from monthly to interval/daily partitioning.
  - Truncate partition is governed by commonValues.purgeWorkflowData
    - METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW
    - METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS
    - METRICS\_EVENT\_REG\_LOG
    - METRICS\_EVENT\_REG\_LOG\_LINEAGE
    - METRICS\_JOB\_DELETE\_CHECK
    - METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL\_LOG
  - Truncate partition is governed by commonValues.purgeResourceUsage
    - METRICS\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES
    - METRICS\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
    - METRICS\_LOG\_DISK
    - METRICS\_LOG\_IO
    - METRICS\_LOG\_MEMORY
    - METRICS\_SYS\_CACHES

- METRICS\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
- METRICS\_ACR\_ABUOT
- METRICS\_ACR\_AROPOT
- METRICS\_ACR\_RCD
- METRICS\_ACR\_RCT
- Truncate partition is governed by commonValues.purgeSQLRequests
  - METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST
  - METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE
  - METRICS\_SQL\_COLUMNS
  - METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
- Modified all procedures associated with the above views to accommodate partitioning.
- Modified all views associated with the above tables to add a “partition” column which also affects the published resources.
- Requires Utilities 2020Q202.

#### **Release 2020Q202 [May 26 2020]**

- Removed all [Arch] tables as partitioning for each table has been added so that the current and historical data will reside in the same table in an interval of 366 days.
- Only supporting SQL Server 2016 or SQL Server Azure due to native SQL requirements “truncate table <table> with(partitions(n))”. The only datasource that is used is KPI\_sqlserver\_2016. The other 2 datasources KPI\_sqlserver\_2012 and KPI\_sqlserver\_2014 have been dropped. This was necessary to simplify this offering.
- Revised strategy for pRebuildIndexes. Don’t turn off indexes. Have other processes wait until it is finished using a gatekeeper methodology.
- Requires Utilities 2020Q201.

#### **Release 2020Q201 [Apr 6 2020]**

- Release 2020Q201
  - Patch includes all /System/ClusterSafeCache and /System/Helpers
  - Added check for a dedicated time keeper node so as to not execute procedures on it.
  - Fixed issue with recognizing a cluster when perform DELETE or TRUNCATE properly.
  - Fixed Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES insert into METADATA\_PRIVILEGES duplicate key.
  - Redo how the gateKeeper/gateKeeperCheck procedures detect cluster processing and wait for all nodes to complete.
    - Potential issue: If there is a cluster break and the nodes sub-partition and then there may be different number of nodes in each sub-partition which will surely throw off the computations in the gateKeeperCheck procedure.
  - Published new resources:

- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/reportMetadataAllCount
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/reportMetadataAllCountArch
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_requests\_groupby\_date
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_requests\_groupby\_nodehost\_no  
deport
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_resources\_usage\_groupby\_date
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_resources\_usage\_groupby\_node  
host\_nodeport
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_sessions\_groupby\_date
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_sessions\_groupby\_nodehost\_no  
deport
- Upgrade Changes:
  - modify\_LDAP\_PERSON - Added a list of columns to be removed from LDAP\_PERSON in order to simplify and reduce overhead. See removeColumnList.
  - 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi2\_tables - Create multiple tables for METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES, METRICS\_ALL\_USERS and LDAP\_PERSON that will be used for loading and access. 1) Keep tables accessible all the time while loading new data. 2) Increase parallel NODE load and efficiency by removing the gatekeeper.

## Release 2020Q200 [Mar 12 2020]

- Release 2020Q200
  - Includes 2020.102 + Requires Utilities 2020Q200 to synchronize with migrated utilities required by KPImetrics.
  - Installation – MOVE OR UPDATED THE FOLLOWING TO Utilities 2020Q200
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/freeUnusedMemory
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_  
PROCEDURE\_CURSOR
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_  
SQL\_TABLE
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Utilities/copyResource
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Utilities/getConstantV2
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Utilities/getTrigger
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Utilities/updateResourceEnabled
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/Utilities/updateUser
  - Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES - Updated to use Utilities 2020Q200 instead of KPImetrics local version of Utilities mentioned below.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/freeUnusedMemory

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_PROCEDURE\_CURSOR
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_SQL\_TABLE
- Includes patch 2020Q102 – Modified to alleviate SQL Server blocking
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/00\_ExecuteDMLSelect - generic select and response
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/00\_ExecuteDMLSelect - generic select and response
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pStartWorkflow - use getTableCount()
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/gateKeeperCheck - use getTableCount()
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_PROCEDURE\_CURSOR
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getBasicResourceCursor\_SQL\_TABLE
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getResourceAttributesNormalized
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/executeMetricsSqlControl
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/verifyProcessRunningMetricsJobDetails
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pValidateUpdateStatusTables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckDBMSSchedulerError
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pRebuildIndexes
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pValidateUpdateStatusTables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckCISWorkflowStatusFail
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckMetricsActivity
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData



- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_ALL\_USERS
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_AccessByUserOverTime
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_DISK
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_IO
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_MEMORY
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_ADHOC
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_REPROCESS
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ALL\_RESOURCES
  - fixed bug for RESOURCE\_NAME, PARENT\_PATH, RESOURCE\_PATH where name contains a / and requires double quotes around name.
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pExceededMemoryPercentRequests
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pLongRunningRequests

### Release 2020Q101 [Feb 25 2020]

- General release goals
  - KPI Metadata improvements. Purge concurrency improvements.
  - Redefine Strategy - simplify processing
    - Dropped table METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_STG - no longer needed for staging ALL\_RESOURCES data.
    - METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES will no longer maintaining a resource history. Only 1 copy of the current ALL\_RESOURCES will be cached at any one time.
    - METRICS\_ALL\_USERS will no longer maintain user history. Only 1 copy of the current ALL\_USERS will be cached at any one time.

- METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON will no longer maintain ldap history. Only 1 copy of the current ldap users will be cached at any one time.
- Alternative strategy - Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES will allow the configuration and archival of ALL\_RESOURCES and ALL\_USERS over time.
- Published resource changes:
  - KPImetrics.resource.vAllResourcesMax - dropped
  - KPImetrics.resource.vAllResourcesHist - renamed to vAllResources - retrieve current ALL\_RESOURCES
  - KPImetrics.resource.METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES\_groupby\_nodehost\_nodeport - renamed to vAllResources\_GroupBy\_NodehostNodeport
  - KPImetrics.users.vAllUsersMax - dropped
  - KPImetrics.users.vAllUsersHist - renamed to vAllUsers - retrieve current ALL\_USERS
- KPI Metrics:
  - Added a new table METRICS\_JOB\_DELETE\_CHECK - status check for the TDV metrics delete.
  - Added new procedure -  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMetricsDeleteCheck
  - Added new trigger -  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_35\_DBMSDeleteCheck
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ACR\_RCD RENAME COLUMN "loadtime" TO "loaddate"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ACR\_RCT RENAME COLUMN "loadtime" TO "loaddate"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON RENAME COLUMN "loadtime" TO "loaddate"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_USERS RENAME COLUMN "LOAD\_TIME" TO "LOAD\_DATE"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES RENAME COLUMN "LOAD\_TIME" TO "LOAD\_DATE"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES RENAME COLUMN "RESOURCEPATH" TO "RESOURCE\_PATH"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES RENAME COLUMN "OWNER" TO "OWNER\_NAME"
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES ADD "RESOURCE\_LINK\_TYPE" VARCHAR2(40)
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES ADD "OWNER\_DOMAIN" VARCHAR2(255)
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES ADD "ANNOTATION" CLOB
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES MODIFY "RESOURCE\_TYPE" VARCHAR2(40)
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES MODIFY "RESOURCE\_SUBTYPE" VARCHAR2(40)
  - ALTER TABLE "{0}".METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES MODIFY "GUID" VARCHAR2(255)
- KPI Metadata:

- Added a new table METADATA\_ALL\_RESOURCES - improve processing performance. cache from existing METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES.
  - Added a new table METADATA\_ALL\_PRIVILEGES - improve processing performance.
  - Added a new table METADATA\_ALL\_USERS\_GROUPS[\_ARCH] - improve processing performance.
  - Added a new table METADATA\_PRIVILEGE\_USER[\_ARCH] - provides a many-to-many between METADATA\_PRIVILEGE and METADATA\_ALL\_USER\_GROUPS.
  - Added column ANNOTATION to METADATA\_RESOURCE[\_ARCH]
  - Added column ANNOTATION to METADATA\_RESOURCE\_COLUMN[\_ARCH]
  - Added column ANNOTATION to METADATA\_DATASOURCE[\_ARCH]
  - Added column PRIVILEGE\_ID, LAYER\_TYPE, NAME\_ID to METADATA\_PRIVILEGE[\_ARCH]
  - Added column MESSAGE to METADATA\_POLICY\_ASSIGNMENT - when a policy assignment points to a resource path that no longer exists, the log the message.
  - Added column ASSIGN\_PRIVILEGES to METADATA\_CONST\_LAYERS[\_ARCH]
  - Dropped column USER\_NAME in METADATA\_PRIVILEGE[\_ARCH] in favor of the join table METADATA\_PRIVILEGE\_USER
  - Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES - modified to use more efficient processing of ALL\_RESOURCES and ALL\_PRIVILEGES. Modified for column changes.
- Default Triggers
    - Defaulted kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST to OFF due to intensive processing. Customer may turn on if required.
    - Defaulted kpimetricsTrig\_23\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE to OFF due to intensive processing. Customer may turn on if required.
    - Defaulted kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection to OFF due to blocking issues with SQL Server. Customer should not turn this on.
  - Override Triggers
    - kpimetricsTrig\_16\_PurgeHistoryData - override schedule to once a week SAT at 2:30 AM
    - kpimetricsTrig\_34\_DBMSRebuildIndexes - override schedule to once a week SUN at 3:00 AM
    - kpimetricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES - override schedule to every 2 hours at 1:00 AM
    - kpimetricsTrig\_02\_Cache\_ALL\_USERS - override schedule to every 2 hours at 1:00 AM
    - kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler - override schedule to every 2 hours at 1:30 AM (coincide with 30 min later than kpimetricsTrig\_01 and kpimetricsTrig\_02)
    - kpimetricsTrig\_31\_DBMSSchedulerError - override schedule to every 2 hours at 2:00 AM (coincide with 30 min later than kpimetricsTrig\_30)

- `kpimetricsTrig_40_Cache_METADATA_TABLES` - override schedule to every 1 day at 11:30 PM (coincide to run 30 min later than `kpimetricsTrig_01_Cache_ALL_RESOURCES` because it uses its cached data)
- New Triggers / Procedure
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_50_MetricsPersistenceFailure`
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_51_MetricsTruncateFailure`
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_52_MetricsBackupFailure`
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig_53_MetricsRestoreFailure`
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMetricsSystemEvent`
  - Updated `commonValues.eventRegistrationTypeList` with new event 'METRICS\_FAILURE'
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/pqInsert_METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION` with documentation on new event 'METRICS\_FAILURE'
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pGetEmailSubscriptions`
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/pMetricsEventRegistrationList`
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/pMetricsEventRegistrationSubscribe`
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/pMetricsEventRegistrationUnsubscribe`
  - Updated `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Customize/defaultTriggersToEnable`
- Modified `pCheckDBMSSchedulerError` to put a tracking row in `METRICS_JOB_DETAILS` instead of using `pStartWorkflow/pEndWorkflow`.
  - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckDBMSSchedulerError`
- Purge Data (other than the 3 core metrics tables and METADATA tables)
  - `commonValues.EX_SUSPENDED` - added a public exception that gets used by the following:
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pStartWorkflow`
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_ALL_RESOURCES`
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_ALL_USERS`
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_AllCustom_AccessByUserOverTime`
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_AllCustom_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime`
    - `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache_AllCustom_ResourceCount_Details`

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Total
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_DISK
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_IO
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_MEMORY
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_ADHOC
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_REPROCESS
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_CACHES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckCISWorkflowStatusFail
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckLongRunningRequests
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckMetricsActivity

## Release 2020Q100 [Jan 23 2020]

- General release goals
  - Created a data dictionary document - KPImetrics Data Dictionary v1.1.pdf
  - Changed delete strategy for P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
    - For both Oracle and SQL Server - do not delete collection tables from KPImetrics. Only DV metrics will control this.
    - Allow DV metrics to delete only to eliminate SQL Server concurrency issue with simultaneous INSERTS and DELETES.
    - Note: Oracle does not have this issue but modified with same behavior for consistency in strategies.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqls  
erver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqls  
erver\_data\_xfer\_script\_800
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers - Modified to force  
kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection to be OFF.
- Added transaction blocks around database SQL statements
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPARTITION\_  
MANAGER\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tabl  
es\_ADD
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tabl  
es\_DROP
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_t  
ables\_ADD
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_t  
ables\_DROP
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog
- Added transaction blocks around database SQL statements
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPARTITION\_MANAGER\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pUpdateEventRegLog
- Documentation
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
- Installation scripts
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/3\_Post\_Upgrade
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/backupCustomResources - Save trigger metdata
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/General/getTrigger
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/General/getTriggerMetadata
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/General/turnOffAllTriggers
- Missing Column
  - ../Physical/Formatting/METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION added EXCLUDE\_TEXT
  - ../Business/Business/requests/vMetricsSqlRequestUniqueSqlTemplatesByUser added "domain"
  - ../Business/Business/requests/vMetricsSqlRequestUniqueSqlTemplatesByUserByDate - added "domain"

- ../Business/Business/requests/vMetricsSqlRequestUniqueSqlTemplatesClobByUser - added "domain"
- ../Business/Business/requests/vMetricsSqlRequestUniqueSqlTemplatesClobByUserByDate - added "domain"
- Modified column names to lower case style
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/workflow/vJobDetailsStatusSummary
- Moved to KPImetricsAdmin catalog
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/configuration/updateTriggers

## Release 2019Q402 [Dec 23 2019]

- General release goals
  - Improved SQL Server database stability
  - Improved script execution for a cluster to reduce deadlocks
  - Metrics data transfer procedure batching changes SQL Server
  - Better debug and error handling
  - Moved all /DDL procedures to KPImetrics\_installation and out of KPImetrics
  - Revamped the upgrade scripts to be easier to execute
  - Refactored customized resources to a single folder /KPImetrics/Customize
- Refactored Code
  - Moved /KPImetrics/Configuration/commonValues to /KPImetrics/Customize/commonValues
    - added dataTransferBatchDeleteMax
    - allowed SQL Server to use dataTransferBatchInsertMax and dataTransferBatchUpdateMax are used by SQL Server.
  - Moved /KPImetrics/Configuration/defaultTriggersToEnable to /KPImetrics/Customize/defaultTriggersToEnable
    - Added trigger kpimetricsTrig\_25\_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl
  - Moved /KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/LDAP\_PERSON to /KPImetrics/Customize/LDAP\_PERSON
  - Moved all DDL scripts to /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation folder except the following:
  - Moved /DDL/Common/07\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables to /Customize/pqInsert\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables and modified the structure.
  - Moved /DDL/Common/08\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION to /Customize/pqInsert\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION
  - Moved /DDL/Common/10\_pqInsert\_Metadata\_Tables\_METADATA\_Constants to /Customize/pqInsert\_METADATA\_Constants
  - Moved /DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP to /KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP
  - Moved /DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD to /KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD
  - Moved /DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION to /KPI\_oracle/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION
  - Moved /DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP to /KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP

- Moved /DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD to /KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD
- Moved /DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION to /KPI\_sqlserver/pqPartition\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION
- **Modified Metadata DDL scripts**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsq\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsq\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_800
- **Added DDL Upgrade scripts**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/Oracle/Upgrade/upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_oracle
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/SqlServer/Upgrade/upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_sqlserver
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/UpgradeResources/upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_07InsertJobTables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/DDL/UpgradeResources/upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_commonValues
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installationDDL/UpgradeResources/upgrade\_2019Q401\_to\_2019Q402\_defaultTriggersToEnable
- **Error Handling output to log**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pStartWorkflow
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/pEndWorkflow
  - All procedures in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache
- **Added new resources**
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/systemUsage/vDatasourceCurrentStatusChanges
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/systemUsage/vDatasourceCurrentStatusChanges
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_25\_ExecuteMetricsSqlControl
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pExecuteMetricsSqlControl
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/executeMetricsSqlControl
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getServerNames
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getServerNamesXSLT
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/verifyProcessRunningMetricsJobDetails
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/METRICS\_HISTORY\_TABLES\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METRICS\_HISTORY\_TABLES\_ROW\_DISTRIBUTION
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics/metrics\_history\_tables\_row\_distribution
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metrics/metrics\_history\_tables\_row\_distribution
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metrics/metrics\_history\_tables\_row\_distribution
- **Added new database columns and modified Formatting layer views to bring in new column**
  - METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW: ERROR\_MESSAGE, WORKFLOW\_START\_TIME\_STR
    - Support better error handling and updating. Allows the entire error trace to be saved into ERROR\_MESSAGE.
  - METRICS\_JOB\_FILTERS: RESOURCE\_PATH, RESOURCE\_TYPE, PATH\_TYPE
    - Support filtering based on the resource path and type



- METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS: REQ\_END\_DATE, CORRELATION\_ID, PROCESSED\_NODE\_HOST, PROCESSED\_NODE\_PORT, PROCESSED\_START\_DATE, ERROR\_MESSAGE
- **Modified**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pRebuildIndexes
    - Synchronized execution with pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec and pMETRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION\_exec
    - For Oracle, dynamic rebuild based on what is in Oracle catalogs
  - shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec
    - Synchronized execution with pRebuildIndexes and pMETRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION\_exec
    - Synchronized execution with pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec and pRebuildIndexes
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
    - Removed dataSourceType and dataSourceSubtype as it is not used.
    - Fixed the logic to only test a datasource once.
    - Added logic to insert a record for a deleted datasource instead of updating the most recent one.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/pMaintenanceUpdateHostnamePort
- **Modified Input Parameters**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/Abstraction/P\_METRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/P\_METRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/P\_METRICS\_DELETE\_COLLECTION
- **Modified to remove the projection and put in a "SELECT \*\*"**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics/metrics\_requests
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics/metrics\_resources\_usage
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics/metrics\_sessions
- **Removed dataSourceType and dataSourceSubtype as it is not used:**
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/2\_Post\_Installation
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics/metrics\_all\_kpimetrics\_table\_counts
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/rebindPhysicalAbstraction
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/rebindPhysicalDatabaseType
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateTriggers
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_ALL\_USERS
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_AccessByUserOverTime
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOffTime
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Details
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Total
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_DISK
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_IO
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LOG\_MEMORY
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_ADHOC
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC\_REPROCESS
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_CACHES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPARTITION\_MANAGER\_exec
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pRebuildIndexes
  - All resources in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle
  - All resource in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer
- Debug param added to procedure input
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_00\_CheckMetricsActivityDebug
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_01\_Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_02\_Cache\_ALL\_USERS
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_03\_Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_04\_Cache\_CIS\_SYSTEM\_RESOURCES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_05\_Cache\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_06\_Cache\_LOG\_DISK
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_07\_Cache\_LOG\_IO
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_08\_Cache\_LOG\_MEMORY
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_10\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_11\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_REPROCESS
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_12\_Cache\_SYS\_CACHES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_13\_Cache\_SYS\_DATASOURCES
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_14\_CheckCISWorkflowStatusFail
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_15\_CheckMetricsActivity
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_16\_PurgeHistoryData
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_17\_CheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_18\_CheckLongRunningRequests
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_19\_AllCustom\_AccessByUserOverTime
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_20\_AllCustom\_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_21\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Details
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_22\_AllCustom\_ResourceCount\_Total

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_23\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_30\_DBMSScheduler
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_31\_DBMSSchedulerError
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection

## Release 2019Q401 [Nov 6 2019]

- Modified Metadata DDL scripts
  - Added LINEAGE\_ORDER to METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT
  - Modified column METADATA\_PRIVILEGE.USER\_NAME VARCHAR(255)
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/10\_pqCreateDrop\_Metadata\_Tables\_oracle\_metadata\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/10\_pqCreateDrop\_Metadata\_Table\_s\_sqlserver\_metadata\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Common/10\_pqInsert\_Metadata\_Tables\_METADATA\_Constants - Documentation/formatting changes
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/Upgrade/upgrade\_2019Q400\_to\_2019Q401\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_oracle
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/Upgrade/upgrade\_2019Q400\_to\_2019Q401\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_sqlserver
- Consolidated upgrade scripts to simplify upgrade process
  - Consolidated upgrade\_8000Q000\_pqCreateDrop\_Final\_[oracle|sqlserver] into upgrade\_2019Q101\_to\_2019Q102\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]
  - Consolidated upgrade\_9000Q000\_pqUpdate\_METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES into upgrade\_2018Q103\_to\_2018Q300\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]
  - Consolidated upgrade\_9001Q000\_pqUpdate\_metrics\_hist\_tables into upgrade\_2018Q401\_to\_2019Q100\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]
- Fixed Datasource Lineage
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getDatasourceDependencyMetadata - new
- Created a new Resource/Datasource Lineage report
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/reportResourceDatasourceLineage - new report
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/reportResourceDatasourceLineage
- Modified Non-Compliant report
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/reportMetadataNonCompliantLayers
- New column - LINEAGE\_ORDER

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_[11g|12c]/CIS\_KPI/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_[2012|2014]/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT\_ARCH
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliant
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliant
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliant
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliant
  
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_[11g|12c]/CIS\_KPI/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_[2012|2014]/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT\_ARCH
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METADATA\_NON\_COMPLIANT\_ARCH
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliantArch
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliantArch
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliantArch
- /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/vMetadataNonCompliantArch
  
- Fixed missing columns - LINEAGE\_ORDER and MESSAGE
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METADATA\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE - missing columns
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineage
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineage
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineage
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineage
  
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Formatting/METADATA\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE\_ARCH - missing columns
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineageArch
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineageArch
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Application/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineageArch
  - /services/databases/ASAssets/KPImetrics/metadata/vMetadataResourceLineageArch
  
- Modified column - METADATA\_PRIVILEGE.USER\_NAME VARCHAR(255)
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_[11g|12c]/CIS\_KPI/METADATA\_PRIVILEGE

- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_[2012|2014]/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METADATA\_PRIVILEGE\_ARCH
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_[11g|12c]/CIS\_KPI/METADATA\_PRIVILEGE
- /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_[2012|2014]/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METADATA\_PRIVILEGE\_ARCH

### Release 2019Q400 [Oct 24 2019]

- SQL Server Schema qualifier in DDL scripts. Oracle DDL modifications.
- Fixed bugs
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation/Helpers/createTables
- Modified documentation header
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700
  - shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD - modified algorithm to add partitions from last one to current date+1.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP
- Added schema qualifier to SQL Server Scripts
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_800
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD - modified algorithm to add partitions from last one to current date+1.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_DROP
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/10\_pqCreateDrop\_Metadata\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metadata\_tables
- Modified existing DDL by adding additional where clause into the delete statements.
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_800
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_800

### Release 2019Q301 [Aug 31 2019]

- Added new feature for capturing metadata [kpiMetadata].
  - Added several new tables startig with METADATA\_<tablename>.
  - Added /metadata in all layers including a published schema called metadata.
  - Added Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES and kpietricsTrig\_40\_Cache\_METADATA\_TABLES to process.

- Added 10\_pqCreateDrop\_Metadata\_Tables\_oracle\_metadata\_tables
- Added 10\_pqCreateDrop\_Metadata\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metadata\_tables
- Added 10\_pqInsert\_Metadata\_Tables\_METADATA\_Constants
- Added upgrade script upgrade\_2019Q200\_to\_2019Q301\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_oracle
- Added upgrade script upgrade\_2019Q200\_to\_2019Q301\_pqCreateDrop\_Tables\_sqlserver
- Created new documentation
- Fixed various bugs. Added purge history rule for no partitioning use case. Added a DDL upgrade script for history tables.
  - Added "purgeHistory" rule for no partitioning which is used by pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/commonValues
  - Added the ability to delete history rows when there is no partitioning configured. partitionNumber=0.
  - Prior to this, partitioning was required in order to drop partitions to delete history data.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec
  - Modified validation of METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS by using jobTableList to search for various JOB\_TABLE\_NAME variations.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pValidateUpdateStatusTables
  - Modified pPurgeData to add the missing METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS to purgeWorkflowData rule
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pPurgeData
  - Modified to pRebuildIndexes to invoke getVersion resolving an issue when the version is 8.x
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pRebuildIndexes
  - Modified commonValues and removed all custom functions.
  - Modified each procedure that invokes that commonValues variable to call the explicit path of the custom function.
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pExceededMemoryPercentRequests
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pLongRunningRequests
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/sqlParserV1\_2/utility/parseColumnExpression
  - Added DDL upgrade script:
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/Upgrade/upgrade\_9001Q000\_pqUpdate\_metrics\_hist\_tables
    - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/Upgrade/upgrade\_9001Q000\_pqUpdate\_metrics\_hist\_tables

- Modified existing DDL:
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/Upgrade/upgrade\_8000Q000\_pqCreateDrop\_Final\_oracle - added input executeDDL
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/Upgrade/upgrade\_9000Q000\_pqUpdate\_METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES - added input executeDDL
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_700 - ensure null or empty string userKeyTransform and domainKeyTransform get default values
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/Oracle/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_800 - ensure null or empty string userKeyTransform and domainKeyTransform get default values
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/Upgrade/upgrade\_8000Q000\_pqCreateDrop\_Final\_sqlserver - added input executeDDL
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/Upgrade/upgrade\_9000Q000\_pqUpdate\_METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES - added input executeDDL
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700 - fixed bug with replace: REPLACE(sqlRow.sqlStatement, 'ALL TO ({{HISTORY}})', 'ALL TO ([PRIMARY])');
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800 - fixed bug with replace: REPLACE(sqlRow.sqlStatement, 'ALL TO ({{HISTORY}})', 'ALL TO ([PRIMARY])');
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_ADD - fixed bug with replace: REPLACE(sqlRow.sqlStatement, 'NEXT USED [{{HISTORY}}]', 'NEXT USED [PRIMARY]');
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700 - ensure null or empty string userKeyTransform and domainKeyTransform get default values
  - /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_800 - ensure null or empty string userKeyTransform and domainKeyTransform get default values.

### Release 2019Q300 [Aug 5 2019]

- Release Objective: Bug fixes.
  - Fixed bug where pRebuildIndexes fails. Fixed with admin interface invocation.
    - Indexes do not start rebuilding until all processare are inactive.
      - For METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW, WORKFLOW\_STATUS <> 'I'
      - For METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS, STATUS <> 'BEGIN JOB'
  - The following two new resources act in conjunction with pRebuildIndexes. They are used to ensure that the METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW and METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS do not have in progress status when there are no active processes. It is the responsibility of each node in a cluster to manage its own status records.

- For METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW where WORKFLOW\_STATUS='I' and there are no active processes, update WORKFLOW\_STATUS='F' and set MESSAGE='Failure for unknown reason.'
- For METRICS\_JOB\_DETAILS where STATUS='BEGIN JOB' and there are no active processes, update STATUS='FAILURE' and set ADDITIONAL\_INFO='Failure for unknown reason.'
- Added new trigger /ClusterSafeTriggers/kpimetricsTrig\_24\_ValidateUpdateStatusTables
- Added new procedure /ClusterSafeCache/pValidateUpdateStatusTables
- Modified defaultTriggersToEnable to add the new trigger "kpimetricsTrig\_24\_ValidateUpdateStatusTables" to the list.

### Release 2019Q200 [Jun 13 2019]

- Release Objective: Migrated some basic scripts to the Utilities.
  - Requires Utilities 2019.200 version
  - Migrated getCodedString to the Utilities
  - Migrated encodedValues to the Utilities
  - Migrated findOpenClosePair to the Utilities
  - Rebound extractSQL to numOccurrences in Utilities
  - Rebound parseArithmeticOperators to numOccurrences in Utilities
  - Rebound parseSqlScriptComplex to numOccurrences in Utilities
  - Rebound to getCurrentTimestamp in Utilities.
  - Removed /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/Helpers/getCurrentTimestamp.
  - pPurgeData - Put explicit BEGIN blocks around each DELETE statement in order to fix a blocking condition with METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW.
  - Modified METRICS\_SYS\_CACHES.STATUS from VARCHAR(20) to VARCHAR(24) for TDV 8.1
  - sqlParserV1\_2 - Converted all VECTORS to XML as VECTOR parameters has been associated with memory leaks.

### Release 2019Q102 [Mar 12 2019]

- Release Objective: Added upgrade scripts. Added "group" to metrics\_requests and metrics\_sessions for 7.0 to bring up to par with 8.0.
  - Added upgrade scripts starting with 2018Q103 for oracle and sqlserver.
    - Allows upgrading from 2018Q103 or higher on 7.x to 7.x.
    - Allows upgrading from 2018Q103 or higher on 7.x to 8.x.
  - Added indexes for METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW:
    - METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW\_IDX1 and METRICS\_CIS\_WORKFLOW\_IDX2
  - Modified schemas [collection, staging] for 7.0.
    - "group" was added to metrics\_sessions and metrics\_requests for 7.0.



- Modified schemas [history] to work with 8.0 modified metrics schemas.
  - "group" was added to metrics\_sessions\_hist and metrics\_requests\_hist for 7.0 as "user" and "domain" already exists.
- Modified Oracle DDL Scripts:
  - Modified 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700 to add "group"
  - Modified 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700 to add "group"
  - Modified 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_700 to add "group"
- Modified SQL Server DDL Scripts:
  - Modified 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700 to add "group"
  - Modified 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700 to add "group"
  - Modified 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700 to add "group"
- Renamed updateImpacteResources to updateImpactedResources (missing d in Impacted).
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics\_installation to account for updateImpactedResources.
- Modified all the scripts in /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache that contained "INSERT INTO" statements to specify INSERT and SELECT columns and not use SELECT \*.

### Release 2019Q101 [Jan 30 2019]

- Release Objective: Added support for DV 8.0 as the out-of-the-box metrics tables [metrics\_requests and metrics\_sessions] added user, domain and group. KPI installation automatically checks for DV version 7.0 or 8.0 and executes the appropriate scripts to install KPImetrics.
  - Bug Fixes:
    - sqlParserV1\_2 - Various scripts. Fixed a bug when server IGNORE\_TRAILING\_SPACES=true. Changed INSTR functions with a trailing space to use SELECT {OPTION IGNORE\_TRAILING\_SPACES="FALSE"} INSTR(sqlScript, ' ')
  - Modified KPImetrics\_installation scripts to install for 7.0 or 8.0 automatically.
  - Modified schemas [collection, staging, history] to work with 8.0 modified metrics schemas. The columns "user", "domain", "group" were added to metrics\_sessions and metrics\_requests for 8.0.
  - Modified Oracle DDL Scripts:
    - Renamed 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables to 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700
    - Added 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_800
    - Renamed 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_tables to 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_700
    - Added 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_800

- Renamed 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables to 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700
- Added 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800
- Renamed 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script to 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
- Added 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_800
- Modified SQL Server DDL Scripts:
  - Renamed 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables to 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700
  - Renamed 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables to 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_700
  - Added 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_800
  - Renamed 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_tables to 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_700
  - Added 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_800
  - Renamed 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables to 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_700
  - Added 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables\_800
  - Renamed 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script to 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_700
  - Added 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script\_800

### Release 2019Q100 [Jan 7 2019]

- Release Objective: Fixed installation scripts. Added “domainkey” to METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON and history tables.
  - Fixed KPImetrics\_installation scripts.
    - Modified rebindPhysicalDatabaseType to work with installation scripts.
    - Modified Cache\_CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER to put double quotes around windows path.
  - Added domainkey column to qualify a user. The same user may exist in different domains.
    - \*\*\*\* NOTE \*\*\*\*
    - [Perform these actions in order for an existing installation of KPImetrics which contains history data.]
    - [This is not required for new installations.]
      - 1. If the history tables already exist then use alter statements found in /Physical/Physical/KPI\_[oracle|sqlserver]/00\_fix
        - The alter statements will also modify METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON
      - 2. It is required to drop and recreate the staging tables using 02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_....

- 3. It is required to drop and recreate the stored procedure using 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_...
  - 4. Update the history tables "domainkey" column with the domain name for all rows.
  - Update the METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON table "domainkey" column with the domain name for all rows.
- Provided the ability to map to multiple LDAP domains
  - Renamed data source /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP to LDAP1
  - Added data source /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/LDAP2
- Modified /Metadata/System/LDAP\_PERSON - added "domainkey".
- Modified /Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/Cache\_LDAP\_PERSON
- Modified /Physical/Formatting/metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist - added "domainkey".
- Modified /Business/Logical/userUsage/vLdapPerson - added "domainkey" to the where clause to qualify "user".
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pExceededMemoryPercentRequests to return domain name.
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckExceedMemoryPercentRequests to qualify userkey with domainkey.
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Business/requests/pLongRunningRequests to return domain name.
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/pCheckLongRunningRequests to qualify userkey with domainkey.
- Modified /Metadata/System/ClusterSafeCache/ Cache\_AllCustom\_AccessByUserOverTime
  - added "domain" to the where clause to qualify "user".
- Modified /Physical/Physical/KPI\_oracle/00\_fix - alter statements for tables.
- Modified /Physical/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/00\_fix - alter statements for tables.
- Modified /Metadata/DDL/Oracle/02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables
  - added "domainkey" to metrics\_requests\_stg, metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg, metrics\_sessions\_stg
- Modified /Metadata/DDL/Oracle/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables
  - added "domainkey" to metrics\_requests\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist, metrics\_sessions\_hist
- Modified /Metadata/DDL/Oracle/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables
  - added "domainkey" to METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON
- Modified /Metadata/DDL/Oracle/ 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script to use "domainkey"
- Modified /Metadata/DDL/SqlServer/02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables

- added "domainkey" to metrics\_requests\_stg, metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg, metrics\_sessions\_stg
- Modified /Metadata/DDDL/SqlServer/03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables
  - added "domainkey" to metrics\_requests\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist, metrics\_sessions\_hist
- Modified /Metadata/DDDL/SqlServer/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables
  - added "domainkey" to METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON
- Modified /Metadata/DDDL/SqlServer/06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script to use "domainkey"

### Release 2018Q401 [Dec 4 2018]

- Release Objective: Deprecate/Removed METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - This was a copy of the data from metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist where resourcekind='user defined'. Removed all processing associated with this table and made it a native access.
  - Modified /logical/resourceUsage/vResourceUsageUD to point to metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.
  - Modified /logical/resourceUsage/vResourceUsageAll to select categoryname with no coalesce (bug fix).
  - Modified /Physical/KPI\_[oracle|sqlserver]/EXCEPT\_ACR\_AccessByUserOverTime to use metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.
  - Modified /Physical/KPI\_[oracle|sqlserver]/EXCEPT\_ACR\_ActiveResourcesOverPeriodOfTime to use metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist.
  - Modified 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables to add index "mru\_hist\_reskind\_dsname".
  - Modified 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Modified /Oracle\_Larger\_DataTypes/04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Modified 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Modified 03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables to add index "mru\_hist\_reskind\_dsname".
  - Modified 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Modified 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Modified pPurgeData to remove references to METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD.
  - Removed /Formatting/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
  - Removed /Physical/Abstraction/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
  - Removed /Physical/KPI\_oracle/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
  - Removed /Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_11g/CIS\_KPI/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
  - Removed /Metadata/KPI\_oracle\_12c/CIS\_KPI/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
  - Removed /Physical/KPI\_sqlserver/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD

- Removed /Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_2012/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD
- Removed /Metadata/KPI\_sqlserver\_2014/CIS\_KPI/dbo/METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD

### Release 2018Q400 [Dec 1 2018]

- Release Objective: Correlation of published view with datasource lineage.
  - Added processing for SQL request datasource lineage thus allowing reporting on what physical data source resources are related to which published resources.
  - Procedure tuning for Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC to block execution when Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE is executing so as to not overwhelm the DV node. The opposite is true for Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE which checks to see if Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_EXEC is running before executing.
- Lineage Changes:
- Altered tables METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE and METRICS\_SQL\_COLUMNS to add START\_TIME TIMESTAMP column.
- Altered table METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE to add MESSAGE\_TYPE, MESSAGE, PROCESS\_NODE\_HOST and PROCESSED\_NODE\_PORT.
- Altered table METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL and METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL\_LOG to add column CONTROL\_NAME.
- Added new table METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE - datasource lineage for each resource found in METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE.
- Added table DDL to 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables and 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables.
- Added views and published KPImetrics.requests.vMetricsSqlResourceLineage and vMetricsSqlResourceLineageCountReport.
- Added trigger kpimetricsTrig\_23\_Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE.
- Added cluster safe procedure Cache\_METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE which allows for multi-host processing. This means that node a can process node b's lineage as long as node a has no more rows to process.
- Added variables to commonValues: queryTableLookupDefault, queryTableLookupInterval, getResourceLineagePathExclusionList, numRowsToProcessBeforeExitingLineage
- Modified defaultTriggersToEnable to include new trigger.
- Added index METRICS\_SQL\_RES\_LINEAGE\_IDX1 and \_IDX2.
- Added index METRICS\_SQL\_COLUMNS\_IDX3.
- Modified pPurgeData to delete from METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_LINEAGE.
- General Fixes:
- Fixed a bug in the following view to eliminate ALL\_COLUMNS and ALL\_PARAMETERS from the result set: /Business/Business/resourceList/vAllPublishedResources.
- Modified pEndWorkflow to better hand error messages with single quotes.
- Fixed updateTriggers which execute the cache when turning off triggers.

### Release 2018Q302 [Oct 12 2018]

- Fixed a collection table row volume problem by adding an independent delete trigger [kpimetricsTrig\_33\_DeleteCollection] for deleting unwanted rows from the collection tables: metrics\_requests

and metrics\_resources\_usage. By deleting unwanted rows more often it allows the data transfer script to work more efficiently and quickly.

- Added indexes metrics\_resources\_usage\_idx4, metrics\_resources\_usage\_idx5, metrics\_requests\_idx1, metrics\_requests\_idx2 to improve to different styles of delete.
- Modified index METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST\_IDX4 to try and improve lookup speed.
- Added indexes METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE\_IDX2, METRICS\_SQL\_COLUMNS\_IDX2 to try and improve joins.

### Release 2018Q301 [Oct 1 2018]

- Modified parseSqlScriptComplex and parseSqlScriptTemplate to change template select from SELECT DISTINCT to SELECT TOP 1 to make it more efficient.

### Release 2018Q3 [Sep 2018]

- Modified to allow datasource names in the format of KPI\_oracle\_11g, KPI\_oracle\_12c, KPI\_sqlserver\_2012 or KPI\_sqlserver\_2014 in order to allow for adding a datasource.
- Modified sqlParserV1\_2 to allow for parallel processing of SQL when a cluster is present. A node can process rows other than its own rows when it has no work to do.
- Modified tables:
  - METRICS\_SQL\_REQUEST - added PROCESSED\_NODE\_HOST and PROCESSED\_NODE\_PORT
  - metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist - added resourceorigin
  - METRICS\_SQL\_RESOURCE - added RESOURCE\_ORIGIN
  - METRICS\_ALL\_RESOURCES - added RESOURCE\_ORIGIN
  - METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD - added RESOURCE\_ORIGIN
- Added tables:
  - metrics\_sessions\_stg - staging table for metrics\_sessions\_hist
  - metrics\_requests\_stg - staging table for metrics\_requests\_hist
  - metrics\_resources\_usage\_stg - staging table for metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist
  - METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL - used to control parallel processing for sqlParserV1\_2
  - METRICS\_SQL\_CONTROL\_LOG - logs the activity if turned if debugging is turned on.
- Modified sqlParserV1\_2:
  - Allow for parallel processing of SQL when a cluster is present. A node can process rows other than its own rows when it has no work to do.
  - Added ability to process web service calls for operations that are TABLES or PROCEDURES.
- Modified /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Business/Logical/metrics \*\_hist views to use where starttime > TO\_TIMESTAMP('1900-01-01 00:00:00.000') to force the use of parallel queries.
- Consolidated P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec from KPI\_oracle/KPI\_sqlserver to /ClusterSafeCache/pMETRICS\_ALL\_TABLES\_exec.
- Consolidated P\_PARTITION\_MANAGER\_exec from KPI\_oracle/KPI\_sqlserver to /ClusterSafeCache/pPARTITION\_MANAGER\_exec.
- Consolidated the 3 DBMS triggers each from KPI\_oracle/KPI\_sqlserver to a single set under ClusterSafeTriggers.

- Removed GetSequenceValueProc from KPI\_oracle/KPI\_sqlserver and consolidated the functionality into /Abstraction/GetSequenceValueProc.
- Moved the "update METRICS\_RESOURCES\_USAGE\_UD where RESOURCE\_ID IS NULL" logic from Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES to the data transfer script.
- Removed the "update metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist where RESOURCE\_ID IS NULL" logic from Cache\_ALL\_RESOURCES altogether to avoid updates on the history table.
- Consolidated 05\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_kpi\_application\_tables into 04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_kpi\_tables
- Renamed 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_kpi\_sequence to 05\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_kpi\_sequence
- Renamed 07\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_data\_xfer\_script to 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_data\_xfer\_script
- Modified 06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_[oracle|sqlserver]\_data\_xfer\_script: [inserts are faster than deletes]
  - Modified the Oracle and SQL Server data transfer scripts to use staging tables for insert/update/deletes in order to only perform inserts into history tables.
  - Eliminated the delete job filter SQL on metrics\_resources\_usage by including it in the insert stage where clause.
  - Eliminated the delete not exist SQL on metrics\_requests by including a WHERE EXISTS in the insert stage where clause.
- Renamed 08\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables to 07\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_JOB\_tables
- Renamed 09\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION to 08\_pqInsert\_KPI\_Tables\_METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION
- Modified commonValues:
  - Removed dataSourceSchemaPath\_oracle, dataSourceSchemaPath\_sqlserver.
  - Removed cisCaseSensitivity as it is no longer needed.
  - Added dataSourceCatalog, dataSourceSchema, historyTableCompression.
  - Added dataSourceCollation\_sqlserver which gets applied at the time of creating the SQL Server tables to allow for case sensitive searches and joins on columns.

## 9 Post-Installation Background Information

### Information Only Section

**This section provides a background on what gets executed by the post-installation script.**

#### Script Requirements:

1. This script must be executed by the user admin or someone who has admin privileges
2. The KPImetrics CAR file has been imported either manually or with 1\_Pre\_Installation.

#### Steps to be performed after the KPImetrics CAR file is imported:

1. Update impacted resources.
2. Set resource privileges
3. Enable and test the KPImetrics data source
4. Rebind physical database type tables to the data source schema
5. Rebind the physical abstraction folder "/Physical/Abstraction" to the correct physical data source folder "/Physical/KPI\_[oracle|sqlserver]"
6. Remove CIS\_KPI or DVKPI folder if not needed
7. Update impacted resources
8. Validate and Create KPImetrics collection tables exist
9. Create KPImetrics cache tables, sequences and procedures [This will drop existing]
10. Introspect / Reintrospect the KPImetrics data source
11. Change resource ownership
12. Refresh the LDAP\_PERSON view
13. Load the METRICS\_JOBS table
14. Load the METRICS\_EVENT\_REGISTRATION table
15. Install the CpuAndMemCheckerCjp scripts into the file system for either Windows or UNIX.
16. Update the CPUAndMemChecker data source url and reintrospect it
17. Test the /System/CPU\_MEMORY\_CHECKER view
18. Installation and configuration are complete

#### How the scripts work:

The KPImetrics module requires several tables in the KPImetrics data source database in order to store metrics data for reporting. You must create these storage tables using the provided DDL in order for the KPImetrics module to function correctly.

If you choose to create the tables from within Studio, execute the procedures under /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Metadata/DDL for your data source type. Proceed to the following section associated for your database type.



Procedure Parameters:

***IN displayDDL*** – Y=Display the DDL, N=Do not display the DDL.

***IN executeDDL*** – Y=execute the DDL, N=Do not execute the DDL. If you choose to execute the DDL externally, you will need to execute each of the 01-07 DDL procedures with the variable set as executeDDL=N and displayDDL=Y. This will output the DDL that you need to execute externally without actually performing the DDL operations. Once you have executed each procedure 01-07, you are now ready to run the DDL externally. Once you have executed the DDL proceed to the next section “*Common Configuration for all Databases*”.

***IN dropIndexes***– Y=drop the indexes before creating the first. N=do not drop the indexes.

***IN dropTables*** – Y=drop the tables before creating the tables. N=do not drop the tables.

***IN createTables*** – Y=execute the table creation DDL, N=display the table creation DDL in the console window only.

***IN createIndexes***– Y=execute index creation DDL. N=display the index creation DDL in the console window only.

***OUT cursCombinedResult*** – Provides a status on each SQL statement executed.

***OUT sqlScript*** – Generates an output of the entire script which can be used for external execution.

The common 08-09 DML procedures to populate the database must be run from within DV as there is no external SQL generation for those.

### Create the KPImetrics storage tables for Oracle

1. Do the DV metrics collection tables exist?
  - a. NO
    - i. Create a tablespace called “METRICS\_DATA\_COLL” with NOLOGGING.
      1. Example:
      2. create tablespace METRICS\_DATA\_COLL nologging datafile  
 'C:/DV/oracle/metrics\_data\_coll01.dbf' size 500m autoextend on next 50m extent  
 management local;
    - ii. Execute  
***02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_[700|800]***

1. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
2. TablespaceName – derived from  
commonValues.collectionTablespaceName
- iii. Execute  
**02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_[700|800]**
  1. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
  2. TablespaceName – derived from  
commonValues.collectionTablespaceName
- b. YES
  - i. Consider exporting the data and turning off metrics in order to create these tables with NO LOGGING option enabled in their own tablespace called “METRICS\_DATA\_COLL”.
  - ii. If this is not desired, then bypass this step.
2. Create the metrics history tables and indexes
  - a. Create a tablespace called “METRICS\_DATA\_HIST” and “METRICS\_DATA\_IDX” with logging turned on.
    - i. Example:
    - ii. create tablespace METRICS\_DATA\_HIST logging datafile  
‘C:/DV/oracle/metrics\_data\_hist01.dbf’ size 500m autoextend on next 50m extent  
management local;
    - iii. create tablespace METRICS\_DATA\_IDX logging datafile  
‘C:/DV/oracle/metrics\_data\_idx01.dbf’ size 500m autoextend on next 50m extent  
management local;
  - b. Drop and Create the metrics history tables and indexes: metrics\_requests\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist and metrics\_sessions
  - c. Execute  
**03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_metrics\_history\_tables\_[700|800]** with input:
    - i. partitionStartDate– derived from commonValues.partitionStartDate
    - ii. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
    - iii. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.historyTablespaceName  
and commonValues.indexTablespaceName.
3. Create the metrics KPI reporting tables and indexes

- a. Execute **04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_tables** with input:
  - i. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
  - ii. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.historyTablespaceName and commonValues.indexTablespaceName.
4. Create the metrics KPI reporting sequence
  - a. Execute **05\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_oracle\_kpi\_sequence** with input:
    - i. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
5. Create the metrics KPI “native” PLSQL data transfer script
  - a. Execute **06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_oracle\_data\_xfer\_script\_[700|800]** with no input:
    - i. userTransformation – Contains a SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses "user" as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for Oracle. If null, the default is simply "user". The column name that is "user" is transformed into the "userkey". The column "userkey" is joined with METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON.
    - ii. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema

### Create the KPI metrics storage tables for SQL Server

1. Do the DV metrics collection tables exist?
  - a. NO
    - i. Create a tablespace (filegroup) called “METRICS\_DATA\_COLL”.
      1. Example:
      2. alter database CIS\_KPI add filegroup METRICS\_DATA\_COLL;
      3. alter database CIS\_KPI add FILE (NAME='METRICS\_DATA\_COLL1', FILENAME='C:\SQLServer\_FileGroup\METRICS\_DATA\_COLL1') TO FILEGROUP METRICS\_DATA\_COLL;
    - ii. Execute **02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_stage\_tables\_[700|800]**
      1. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
      2. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.collectionTablespaceName
    - iii. Execute

## ***02\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_collection\_tables\_[700|800]***

1. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
  2. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.collectionTablespaceName
- b. YES
- i. Consider exporting the data and turning off metrics in order to create these tables with NO LOGGING option enabled in their own tablespace called “METRICS\_DATA\_COLL”.
  - ii. If this is not desired, then bypass this step.
2. Create the metrics history tables and indexes
- a. Create a tablespace (filegroup) called “METRICS\_DATA\_HIST” and “METRICS\_DATA\_IDX” with logging turned.
    - i. Example:
    - ii. alter database CIS\_KPI add filegroup METRICS\_DATA\_HIST;
    - iii. alter database CIS\_KPI add FILE (NAME='METRICS\_DATA\_HIST\_1', FILENAME='C:\SQLServer\_FileGroup\METRICS\_DATA\_HIST\_1') TO FILEGROUP METRICS\_DATA\_HIST;
    - iv. alter database CIS\_KPI add filegroup METRICS\_DATA\_IDX;
    - v. alter database CIS\_KPI add FILE (NAME='METRICS\_DATA\_IDX\_1', FILENAME='C:\SQLServer\_FileGroup\METRICS\_DATA\_IDX\_1') TO FILEGROUP METRICS\_DATA\_IDX;
  - b. Drop and Create the metrics history tables and indexes: metrics\_requests\_hist, metrics\_resources\_usage\_hist and metrics\_sessions
  - c. Execute ***03\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_metrics\_history\_tables*** with input:
    - i. partitionStartDate– derived from commonValues.partitionStartDate
    - ii. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
    - iii. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.historyTablespaceName and commonValues.indexTablespaceName.
3. Create the metrics KPI reporting tables and indexes
- a. Execute ***04\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_tables*** with input:
    - i. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
    - ii. TablespaceName – derived from commonValues.historyTablespaceName

and commonValues.indexTablespaceName.

4. Create the metrics KPI reporting sequence
  - a. Execute **05\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Tables\_sqlserver\_kpi\_sequence** with input:
    - i. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema
5. Create the metrics KPI “native” PLSQL data transfer script
  - a. Execute **06\_pqCreateDrop\_KPI\_Plsql\_sqlserver\_data\_xfer\_script** with no input:
    - i. userTransformation – Contains a SQL-based transformation that is valid within the context of SELECT and uses "user" as the column name to transform. It must be a valid transformation for SQL Server. If null, the default is simply "user". The column name that is "user" is transformed into the "userkey". The column "userkey" is joined with METRICS\_LDAP\_PERSON.
    - ii. SchemaName – derived from commonValues.dataSourceSchema

### Common Configuration for all Databases

1. Execute the procedure  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/**updateEnableDatasource**
  - a. This procedure will enable the proper KPImetrics data source [KPI\_oracle or KPI\_sqlserver] based on commonValues configuration.
2. Reintrospect or Introspect the data source
  - a. Was the default CIS\_KPI schema or CIS\_KPI/dbo catalog/schema used?
    - i. YES: Reintrospect the KPImetrics data source to confirm that the tables are visible.
      1. Right-click on your chosen data source “KPI\_<database\_type>” and select “Re-Introspect Now” and wait for it to complete.
      2. Click OK when completed.
    - ii. NO: A new schema or catalog name was used. Introspect the new schema or catalog/schema.
      1. Right-click on your chosen data source “KPI\_<database\_type>” and select “Add/Remove Tables”.
      2. Select your schema or catalog/schema
      3. Select all tables/procedures:
        - a. P\_METRICS\_ALL\_TABLES

- b. “cache\_status” and “cache\_tracking”
  - c. Starting with “METRICS\_...”
  - d. Starting with “metrics\_...”
  - e. Click Next. Click Finish. Wait for the introspection to complete.  
Review the list of tables in this section:
  - f. “[Metadata Data Source for KPI <database\\_type>](#)”
4. Click OK when completed.

3. Execute the rebind of the physical database type folder resources

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/**rebindPhysicalDatabaseType**

- a. This procedure rebinds the  
/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Physical/Physical/KPI\_<database\_type> folder to the configured schema and catalog path found in commonValues.
- b. No input is required. It uses commonValues to determine the target data source to rebind to. Note: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/commonValues must be configured prior to executing this procedure.

4. Execute the rebind procedure

/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/**rebindPhysicalAbstraction** to rebind all KPImetrics abstraction layer views to the appropriate data source.

- a. No input is required. It uses commonValues to determine the target data source to rebind to. Note: /shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/commonValues must be configured prior to executing this procedure.
- b. Based on the commonValues.dataSourceName, it will rebind the  
/Physical/Abstraction views to either /Physical/KPI\_oracle or  
/Physical/KPI\_sqlserver.
- c. Additionally, there is a list of views “commonValues.viewOptimizationPathList” used by rebindPhysicalAbstraction, that is used to modify the view SQL Script to optimize for Oracle or SQL Server in order to achieve push-down of the query.

5. Remove default CIS\_KPI schema/catalog if not used.

- a. If a different schema/catalog was chosen other than CIS\_KPI then remove the old CIS\_KPI name from your chosen data source “KPI\_<database\_type>”.
  - i. Right-click on CIS\_KPI and select delete

1. Update Impacted Resources
  - b. Potentially, there may be some resources that are red/impacted.
    - ii. Session is null
    - iii. Java.lang.null
6. Execute `/shared/ASAssets/KPImetrics/Configuration/updateImpactedResources`
  - a. Refresh your studio once this completes and the red/impacted resources should disappear. If they do not, then edit the ones that are still red/impacted. Put a space anywhere in the resource and save the resource. The act of editing and changing the resource should cause the common error “session is null” to go away. If the error persists, perhaps it is some other issue that requires a closer look.
7. Execute **`07_pqInsert_KPI_Tables_METRICS_JOB_tables`** with no input
  - a. Note: This same procedure is used to modify rows. It always deletes the rows and then inserts the rows.
8. Execute **`08_pqInsert_KPI_Tables_METRICS_EVENT_REGISTRATION`** with input:
  - a. deleteAllRows – Y=delete all rows first, N=Do not delete all rows. (default).
  - b. This same procedure is used to modify rows. First delete the rows and then insert the rows.