# Practical Lab Cloud Systems Engineering (cloud-lab)

Chair of Decentralized Systems Engineering <a href="https://dse.in.tum.de/">https://dse.in.tum.de/</a>



# Welcome to the cloud-lab!

## The assignments



- 4 graded assignments
  - No exams, presentation, etc.
- About three weeks time for each assignment
  - Videos explaining tasks and background released on Mondays
  - Q&A sessions for assignments on Thursdays
- Each assignment comes with tests that we run to grade your solution
  - Tests run on our own Cl runners whenever a commit is pushed
  - Passed tests result in points which determine your grade
  - Only the last commit before deadline is graded

## The assignments



- Code should be written in C++
  - Other system programming languages like Rust may be used as well but there is no support by us
- In detail task description in README.md in the task folder
- Code is hosted on GitHub and will be auto-graded via GitHub classroom
  - You will need to create a GitHub account
  - We will send you invitation links for each assignment via Slack

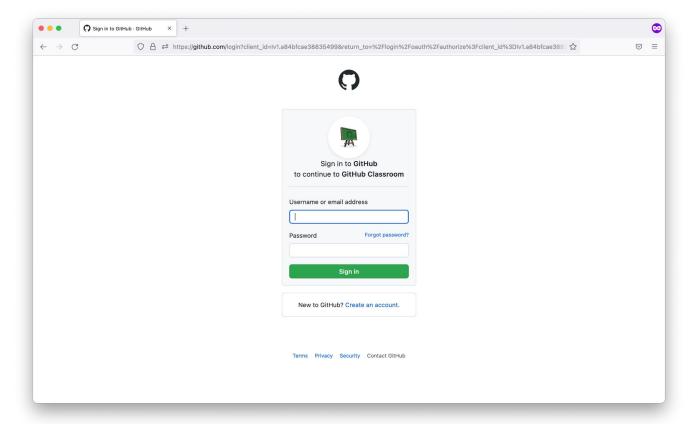
### Our CI runners



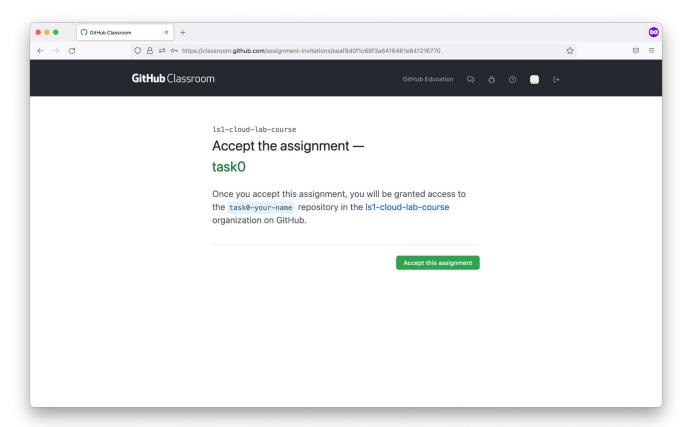
- Fancy kubernetes cluster
- Three servers, each equipped with
  - 2x Intel Xeon 5215(10 cores / 20 threads each)
  - 128 GiB RAM
  - o 10G NICs



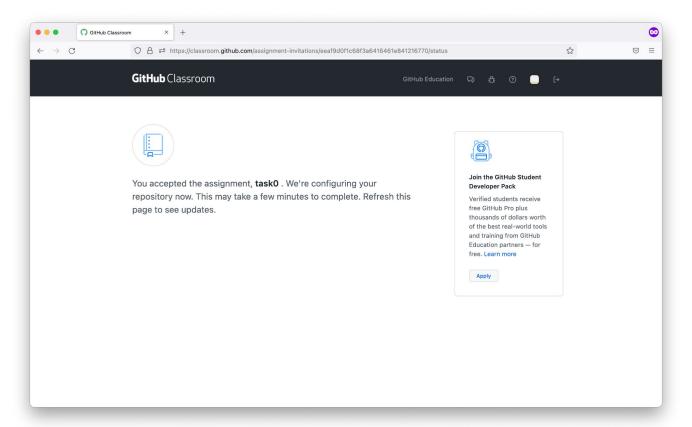




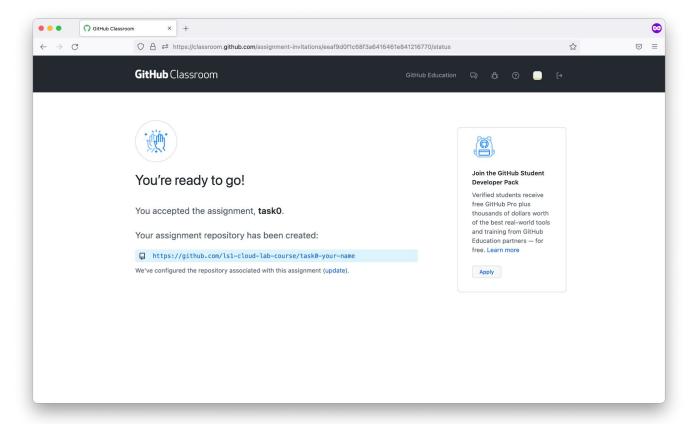




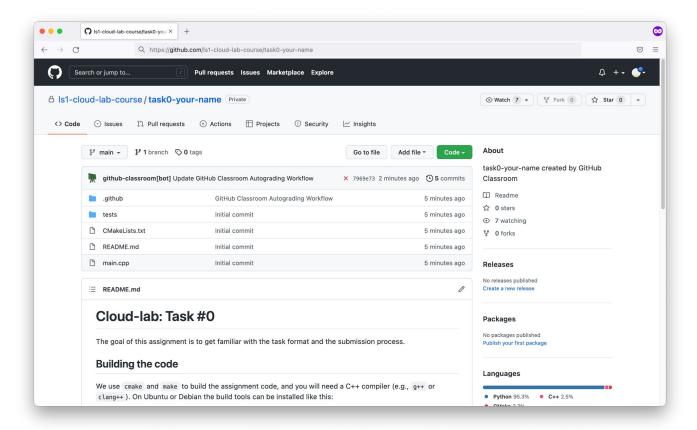




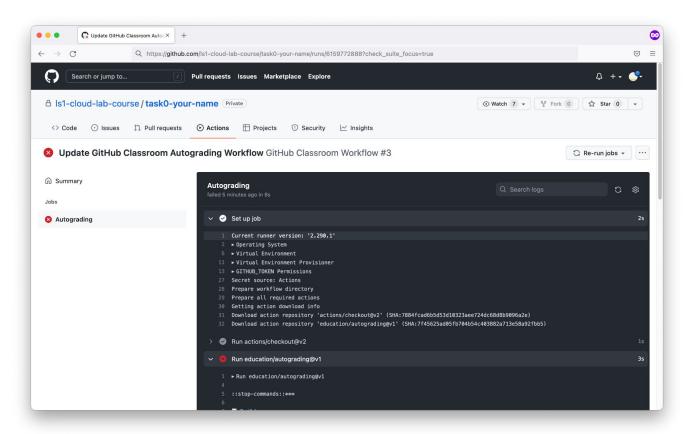




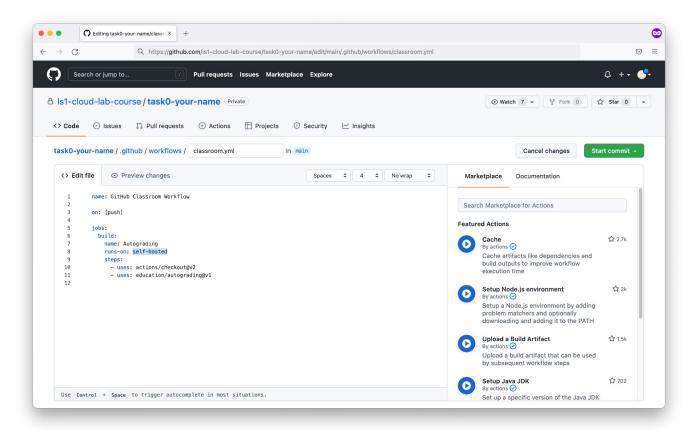




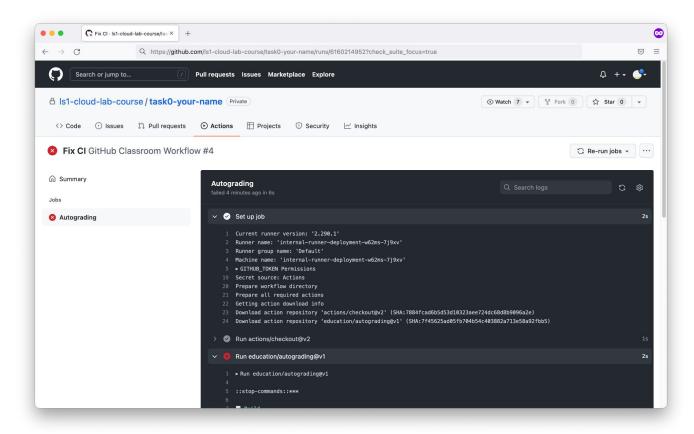




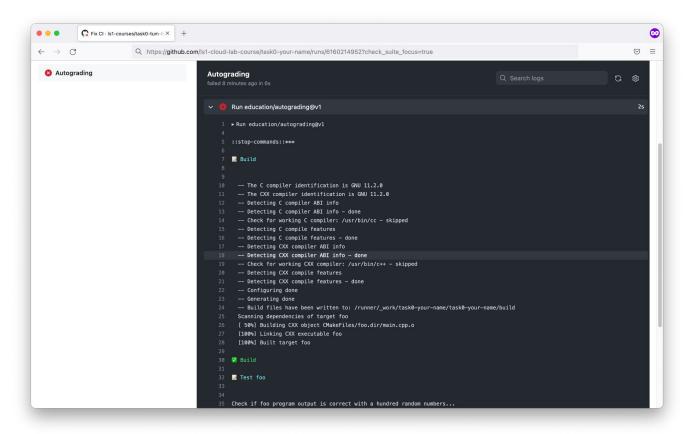




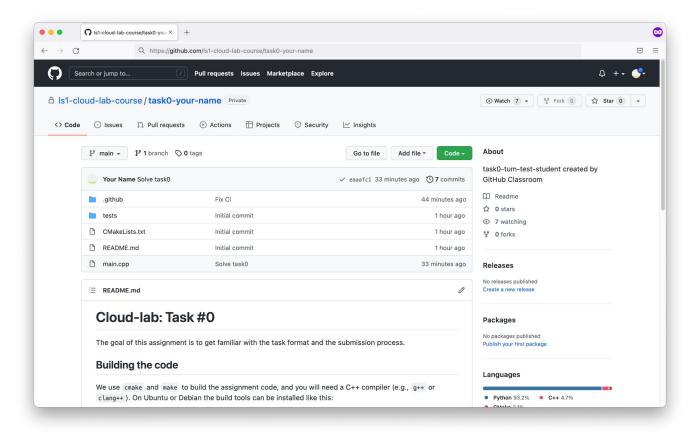












## Containers

#### Motivation



Share resources (IaaS, PaaS, ...) in a flexible and cost-effective way

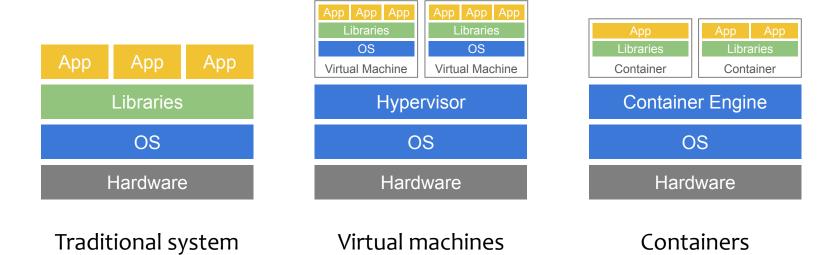
→ split applications into microservices

#### Advantages:

- Greater hardware resource-utilization
- Simply maintainable
- Scalable

#### Containers





#### Containers

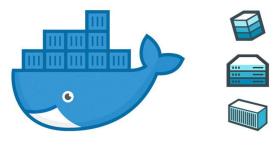


#### Unlike virtual machines ...

- containers often contain only one application
- containers do not include an operating system (OS)
- containers limit access to resources through host OS mechanisms

## Container solutions







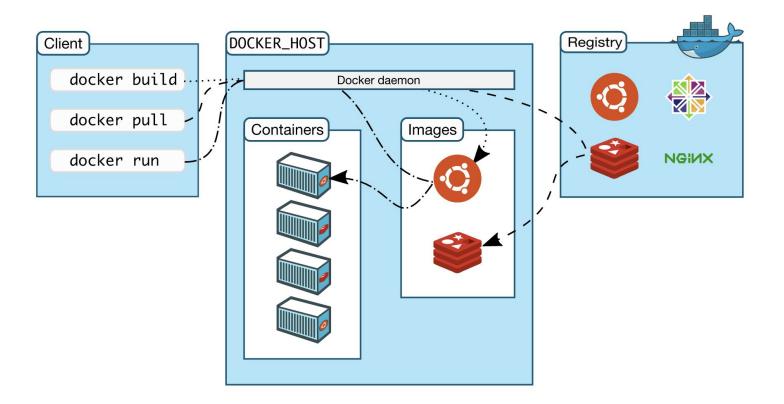
#### Docker



- Application container engine
  - Unlike LXC which is a system container engine
- Uses the resource isolation mechanisms of the Linux kernel
  - Namespaces
  - Cgroups
  - Layered filesystems
- Consists of three components: Software, objects and registry

## Docker





## Getting started



- Install Docker on your system, e.g.: # apt install docker-ce
- 2. Run some container: \$ docker run -it ubuntu /bin/bash

#### Hints:

- List all containers: \$ docker ps -a
- Get a shell for a running container: \$ docker exec -it <container name>
   /bin/sh

## Getting started



- Create a simple Dockerfile (see <u>Docker's docs</u>)
- 2. Build an image based on the Dockerfile: \$ docker build -t <image name> .
- 3. Run the container: \$ docker run -d <image name>
- 4. Create and run multiple containers using **Docker compose**

#### Hints:

- Force clean rebuild of image: \$ docker build --no-cache -t <image name> .
- To prevent a container from exiting early when debugging, add CMD tail
   -f /dev/null to end of Dockerfile

## First assignment

## Your assignment for the next two weeks



- Task to get familiar with the submission process
  - Will be graded like all other assignments.
- Write a client/server application using Linux's socket API
  - Detailed description of what to do in the task repository
- Let the server run in a Docker container
  - Write a Dockerfile for the server
- Invitation link for the assignment will be handed out via Slack
  - Make sure that you are part of the channel #ss-22-cloud-lab!