

Logistic Regression Classification

Logistic Regression Classification

- ▶ Consider **binary** classification:

- ▶ $y = 0, 1$
- ▶ Each example represented by a feature vector \mathbf{x}

- ▶ Intuition: map \mathbf{x} to a real number $\rightarrow \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}$

- ▶ Very positive $\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}$ means \mathbf{x} is likely in the positive class ($y = 1$)
- ▶ Very negative $\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}$ means \mathbf{x} is likely in the negative class ($y = 0$)

- ▶ Probability interpretation: $\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x} \rightarrow p(y|\mathbf{x})$

- ▶ Squash the range of $\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x} \in (-\infty, +\infty)$ down to $[0, 1]$

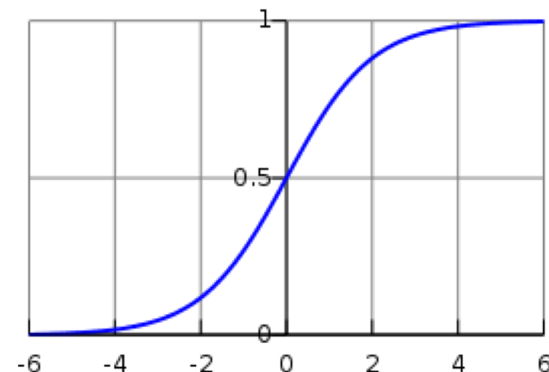
Logistic Regression Classification

Conditional
Probability: relevant
in classification

► Probability interpretation: $\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x} \rightarrow p(y|\mathbf{x})$

$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$ Logistic function / sigmoid function

$z \rightarrow +\infty, \sigma(z) \rightarrow 1; z \rightarrow -\infty, \sigma(z) \rightarrow 0$



$$p(y = 1|\mathbf{x}) = \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x})} = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x})}$$

$$p(y = 0|\mathbf{x}) = 1 - p(y = 1|\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x})}$$

Logistic Regression: Log Odds

- ▶ 一个事件的几率(odds):
 - ▶ 该事件发生的概率与不发生的概率的比值, $p/(1-p)$
 - ▶ log odds / logit function: $\log[p/(1-p)]$
- ▶ Log odds for logistic regression:

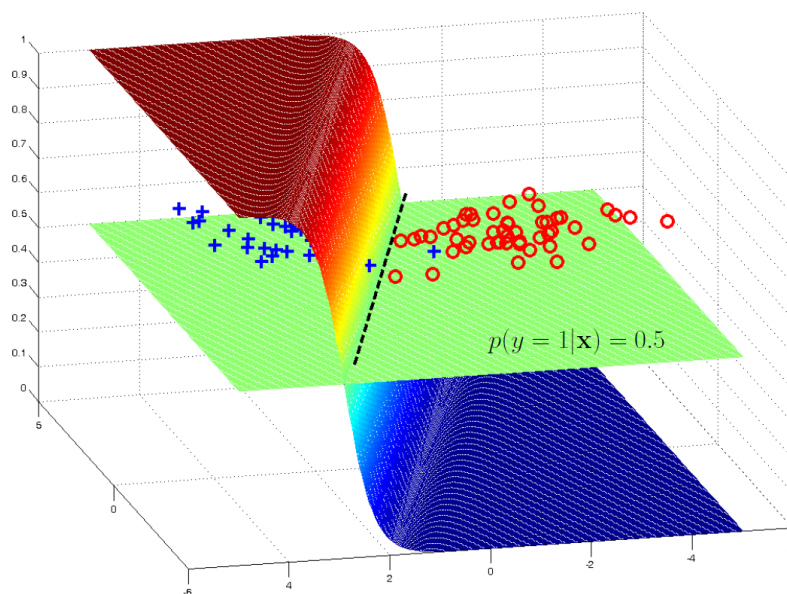
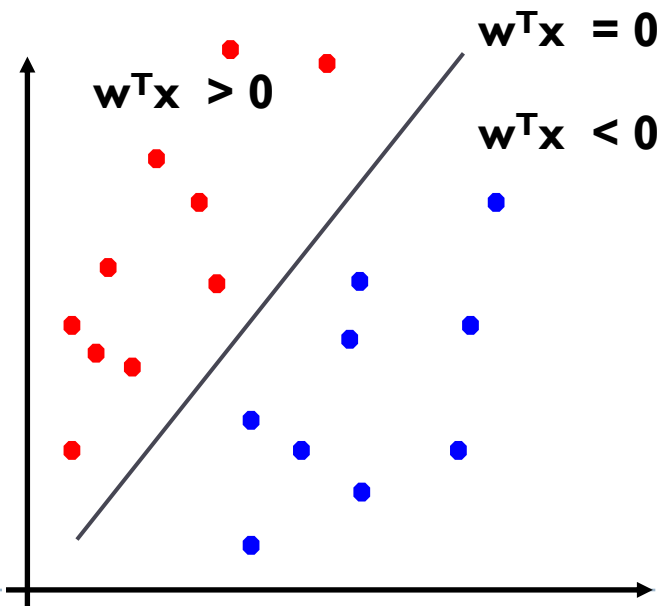
$$\log \frac{p(y = 1|\mathbf{x})}{1 - p(y = 1|\mathbf{x})} = \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}$$

Logistic Regression: Decision Boundary

If $p(y = 1|\mathbf{x}) \geq 0.5$, predict $y = 1$

If $p(y = 1|\mathbf{x}) < 0.5$, predict $y = 0$

- ▶ Decision boundary: $p(y = 1|\mathbf{x}) = 0.5 \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x} = 0$
- ▶ linear logistic model \rightarrow a linear decision boundary



Likelihood under the Logistic Model

- ▶ Logistic regression: observe labels, measure their probability under the model

$$\begin{aligned} p(y_i | \mathbf{x}_i; \mathbf{w}) &= \begin{cases} \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i) & \text{if } y_i = 1, \\ 1 - \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i) & \text{if } y_i = 0 \end{cases} \\ &= \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i)^{y_i} (1 - \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i))^{1-y_i} \end{aligned}$$

给定模型 \mathbf{w} ，每个样本属于其**真实类别**的概率。

- ▶ The conditional log-likelihood of \mathbf{w} :

$$\begin{aligned} \ell(\mathbf{w}) &= \sum_{i=1}^N \log p(y_i | \mathbf{x}_i; \mathbf{w}) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N y_i \log \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i) + (1 - y_i) \log (1 - \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i)) \end{aligned}$$

Training the Logistic Model

- ▶ Training (i.e., finding the parameter \mathbf{w}) can be done by maximizing the conditional log likelihood of training data

$$\{(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i)\}_{i=1:N}$$

$$\max_{\mathbf{w}} \ell(\mathbf{w}) = \max_{\mathbf{w}} \sum_{i=1}^N \log p(y_i | \mathbf{x}_i; \mathbf{w})$$

or
$$\min_{\mathbf{w}} J(\mathbf{w}) = \min_{\mathbf{w}} -\ell(\mathbf{w})$$

$$= \min_{\mathbf{w}} - \left[\sum_{i=1}^N y_i \log \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i) + (1 - y_i) \log (1 - \sigma(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x}_i)) \right]$$

Gradient Descent

► **Want** $\min_{\mathbf{w}} J(\mathbf{w})$

Repeat {

$$w_j := w_j - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial w_j} J(\mathbf{w})$$

} (simultaneously update all w_j)

Homework: Derivative of the Logistic

► A useful fact

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma(z) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} = \underbrace{-\left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)^2}_{\partial \sigma / \partial (1 + e^{-z})} \times \underbrace{-e^{-z}}_{\partial (1 + e^{-z}) / \partial z} \\ &= \sigma^2(z) \left(\frac{1 - \sigma(z)}{\sigma(z)} \right) = \sigma(z)(1 - \sigma(z)).\end{aligned}$$

► Compute $\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{w}_j} J(\mathbf{w})$

Comments on Logistic Regression

- ▶ Parametric learning model
- ▶ Linear classification
- ▶ Discriminative model: estimate conditional likelihood $p(y|x)$ directly