

# $\bar{c}\gamma^\mu c$ matrix element

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## 1 $^3S_1$

Ignore the overall factor:

$$\langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3S_1 \rangle = \int d\Omega \text{tr}[\Pi_1 \gamma^\mu] \propto \sqrt{2}\pi \left( \frac{m}{3E} + \frac{2}{3} \right) \epsilon^\mu$$

## 2 $^3D_1$

The matrix element reads:

$$\langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle = \int d\Omega \sum_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2 S_z m} \text{tr}\{\Pi_1 \gamma^\mu\} \langle 1J_z | 2m; 1S_z \rangle Y_{2m}(\theta, \phi)$$

while the trace part is the same as  $^3S_1$ :

$$\text{tr}\{\Pi_1 \gamma^\mu\} = \frac{\sqrt{2}p^\mu (p \cdot \epsilon)}{E(E+m)} + \epsilon^\mu$$

Chosen polarization vectors:

$$\epsilon^{(-)} = (0, 1, -i, 0), \epsilon^{(0)} = (0, 0, 0, -1), \epsilon^{(+)} = (0, 1, +i, 0)$$

Result:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(-)} \\ \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(0)} \\ \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(+)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{15E(m+E)} & \frac{2i\sqrt{\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{15E(m+E)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2i\sqrt{2\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{5E(m+E)} & \frac{8\sqrt{\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{15E(m+E)} \\ 0 & -\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{15E(m+E)} & -\frac{2i\sqrt{\pi}(E^2-m^2)}{15E(m+E)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Below  $\bar{\epsilon}0, \bar{\epsilon}1, \bar{\epsilon}2$  stands for spin state  $|1-\rangle, |10\rangle, |1+\rangle$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(-)} &= \int d\Omega \frac{e^{-2i\phi} \bar{p}^\mu (\bar{p} \cdot \bar{\epsilon}0) (-3\sqrt{2}e^{i\phi} \sin(2\theta) + 3(-1 + e^{2i\phi}) \cos(2\theta) + e^{2i\phi} + 3)}{8\sqrt{\pi}E(E+m)} \\ \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(0)} &= \int d\Omega \frac{-e^{-i\phi} \bar{p}^\mu (\bar{p} \cdot \bar{\epsilon}1) (6e^{i\phi} \cos^2(\theta) + 3\sqrt{2}(-1 + e^{2i\phi}) \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) - 2e^{i\phi})}{4\sqrt{\pi}E(E+m)} \\ \langle 0 | \bar{c}\gamma^\mu c | ^3D_1 \rangle^{(+)} &= \int d\Omega \frac{\bar{p}^\mu (\bar{p} \cdot \bar{\epsilon}2) (3e^{2i\phi} \sin^2(\theta) + 3\sqrt{2}e^{i\phi} \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) + 3\cos^2(\theta) - 1)}{4\sqrt{\pi}E(E+m)} \end{aligned}$$

The four component of the matrix element with spin 0:

$$\left\{ 0, 0, -\frac{2i\sqrt{2\pi}p^2}{5E(E+m)}, -\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}p^2}{15E(E+m)} \right\}$$