13.3) The SD and the Normal Curve

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Reference

Tables, Graphics, and Figures from

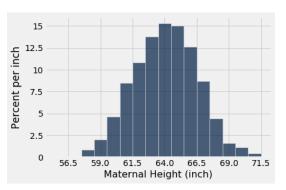
Computational and Inferential Thinking: The Foundations of Data Science

Adhikari & DeNero (2019): Ch 14.3 The SD and the Normal Curve

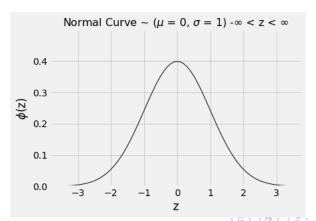
https://www.inferentialthinking.com/

The Distribution of Heights of Mothers

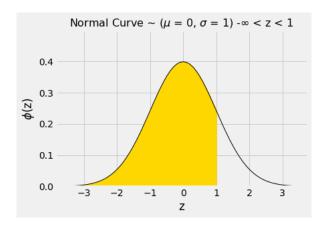
```
from datascience import *
path data = 'https://github.com/data-8/textbook/raw/gh-pages/data/'
baby = Table.read table(path data + 'baby.csv')
import numpy as np
heights = baby.column('Maternal Height')
mean height = np.round(np.mean(heights), 1)
                        64.0
sd height = np.round(np.std(heights), 1)
                         2.5
```



$$\phi(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}z^2}, \quad -\infty < z < \infty$$



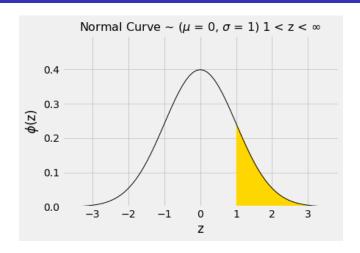
plot_normal_cdf(1)



from scipy import stats
stats.norm.cdf(1)

0.8413447460685429

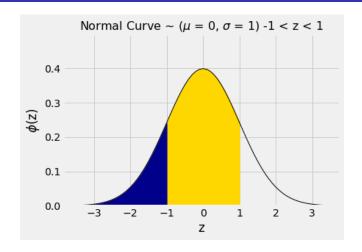
plot_normal_cdf(lbound=1)



1 - stats.norm.cdf(1)

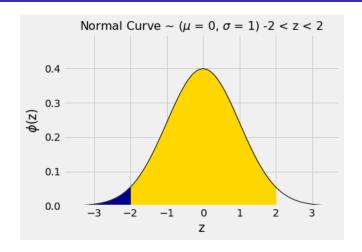
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plot_normal_cdf(1, lbound=-1)



stats.norm.cdf(1) - stats.norm.cdf(-1)

plot_normal_cdf(2, lbound=-2)



stats.norm.cdf(2) - stats.norm.cdf(-2)

0.9544997361036416

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All Distributions vs Normal Distributions

| Percent in | All Distributions: | Normal Distribution: |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Range | Bound | Approximation |
| average ± 1 SD | at least 0% | about 68% |
| average ± 2 SDs | at least 75% | about 95% |
| average ± 3 SDs | at least 88.88% | about 99.73% |