This document explains what we expect from you during the evaluation of the DSAP lab sessions on 24/05/2017. We ask you to send your code, prepare a short presentation and give some demos. No additional report is needed.

# 1. Code

Send your code and audio files to hbrouckx@etrovub.be before 23:59 on Friday 19/05/2016.

# 2. Presentation

### Intro

On the first slide of your presentation, **introduce the group** and mention who did what (e.g. person1 implemented the PSD method, person2 the LMS method,...).

## Project 1: stereo to surround

#### PSD method

Illustrate the **PSD method** by **plots of the 7 different output signals** (FL, FR, C, RL, RR, LFE; x-axis = time in seconds) with the following settings:

- Use as input L=[0 0 ... 0] (silence), R=[1 0 ... 0] (impulse). Use a sampling frequency of 16kHz.
- Set the order of all the lowpass filters equal to 256 (length=257). For the other parameters, use the values mentioned in the paper.
- Make sure the output signals are complete and clearly visible on the plots (long enough; use conv() to convolve and not filter(), add titles/axes).

### LMS method

Apply the LMS technique to the file **stereo2surround\_testfile.wav** with the following settings:

- Use the left channel as the desired signal d(n).
- Set μ equal to 1e-3.
- Use a length of 50ms for w(n) and intialise it to zero:

$$\mathbf{w}(0) = [0 \ 0 \dots \ 0]^T$$

**Plot the** w(n) you get after your code has finished running.

### PCA method

Apply the LMS technique to the file stereo2surround\_testfile.wav, using a window length of 200 ms.

- Plot the analysis/synthesis window w(n)
- Plot the values of  $c_L$ ,  $c_R$ ,  $s_L$ ,  $s_R$

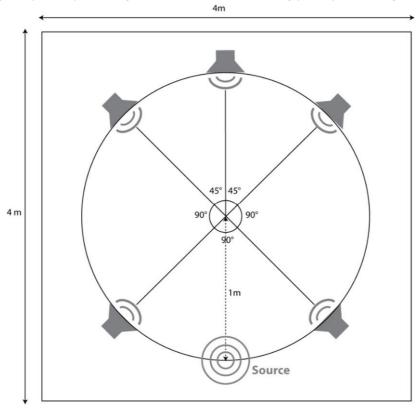
## ADP method

Apply the ADP technique to the file **stereo2surround\_testfile\_2.wav**.

• Plot  $w_L(n)$ ,  $w_R(n)$ 

# Project 2: surround reconstruction

Use the following setup for reproducing a virtual sound source using your synthesis algorithm:



The virtual room dimensions are 4x4m. The loudspeakers are considered to be positioned at 1m from the listener. Assume the source is positioned in the back of the room at a distance of 1m from the listener (fixed position). Use an impulse as source signal (input=1;). If you are using windows, make sure this impulse is not lost by using a window of length 1 (meaning the window is just one sample with value 1). Use a sampling frequency of 48kHz and assume the speed of sound is 340m/s. Now plot the output of all loudspeakers (FL, FR, C, RL, RR) with the sample number on the x-axis (in samples, not seconds).

# Project 3: LPC vocoder

For one representative (active) frame, plot for both the speech signal (modulator) and the instrument signal (carrier):

- The amplitude spectrum of the signal frame
- The amplitude spectrum of the LPC source
- The amplitude spectrum of the LPC filter

Also **plot** the amplitude spectrum of the corresponding **output signal** frame.

## 3. Demos

# Project 1: stereo to surround

#### PSD

Use the file **stereo2surround\_testfile.wav** as input. **Bring the output files** on a USB flash drive. The output files are 3 stereo files:

- Stereo file 1: Left channel = Front Left, Right channel = Front Right
- Stereo file 2: Left channel = Center, Right channel = Low Frequency
- Stereo file 3: Left channel = Rear Left, Right channel = Rear Right

#### **LMS**

Use the file **stereo2surround\_testfile.wav** as input. Use the left channel as the desired signal ( ). Set equal to 1e-3. Use a length of 50ms for ( ) and set the initial equal to zero:  $(0) = 0 \ 0 \dots 0$ . **Bring the output files** on a USB flash drive.

#### **PCA**

Use the file *stereo2surround\_testfile.wav* as input. Use a window length of about 200ms. **Bring the output files** on a USB flash drive.

#### **ADP**

Apply the ADP technique to the file **stereo2surround\_testfile\_2.wav**.

## Project 2: surround reconstruction

Use the same room and loudspeaker setup as previously described to calculate the outputs of the 5 loudspeakers (with late reverberation) when using your **own recordings**. **Bring the output files of the 4 first scenarios** (you don't need to use the one with the simultaneous speakers) on a USB flash drive (using the same file formatting as described for project 1; in this case the right channel of stereo file 2 will be zero since there is no LFE signal).

## Project 3: LPC vocoder

Bring the carrier and modulator input files and the vocoded output file (calculated in an offline fashion) that you used on a USB drive.