

If you are pregnant, Paid Family Leave will provide you with up to two (2) weeks of paid leave to receive medical care related to your pregnancy. These 2 weeks can be used in 1-day periods when you need to miss work to attend prenatal medical appointments. You can take prenatal leave to:

- · Attend prenatal check-up appointments with your doctor;
- Receive any kind of medical treatment related to your pregnancy;
- · Visit a doctor for a diagnosis of a condition related to your pregnancy;
- Stay on bedrest because of conditions related to your pregnancy, if ordered by your doctor.

How to Apply for Prenatal Leave

You can apply using the online portal to receive payment for any days of work you had to miss in order to receive prenatal medical care. The Office of Paid Family Leave will be accepting prenatal leave claims with leave dates going back to October 1, 2021. This means that if you had to miss work for a prenatal medical appointment anytime after October 1, 2021, you can receive paid benefits for that day.

Remember that you must miss a full day of work to receive benefits: you cannot perform any work on a day for which you receive Paid Family leave benefits.

FOCUS ON WHAT MATTERS THE MOST.

After You Give Birth

Paid Family Leave is here for you during the entire length of your pregnancy and beyond. As a pregnant person, you can receive 2 weeks of paid leave to attend prenatal medical appointments and then, after you have your baby, you can receive another 12 weeks of paid leave to bond with your child.

This means you can receive a total of 14 weeks of paid leave around the birth of your baby. Your partner can also take 12 weeks of paid leave to bond with your baby after birth! But they cannot receive benefits for your prenatal medical appointments—prenatal leave is just for you as a pregnant person.

