Preparing the GPS module for use

1. GPS module compilation instructions

- (1) After the workspace is established, copy the contents of the gps_src folder to the src folder of the workspace, and then use **catkin_make** to compile, there is no error, indicating that the compilation is passed;
- (2) ROS package content description:
- nmea_navsat_driver: GPS module start, read GPS module data, draw GPS data and other functions;
- nmea_msgs-master: msg file that stores some GPS messages
- imu_gps_localization-master: IMU and GPS data fusion function
- gps_goal: Convert latitude and longitude data into move_base target navigation data

2. Bind GPS port

The GPS module is connected to the computer or the main control through the serial port, so we need to bind the port to the GPS, In order to avoid the problem of the port number, the GPS module cannot be recognized by the computer or the main control.

(1) Check the connected USB device, find the GPS module, enter **Isusb** in the terminal to find the device ID number of the GPS connected device, as shown in the figure below, it is the device identification ID of the GPS module

```
yahboom@Transbot:~$ lsusb
Bus 004 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0003 Linux Foundation 3.0 root hub
Bus 003 Device 005: ID 0e0f:0002 VMware, Inc. Virtual USB Hub
Bus 003 Device 004: ID 0e0f:0002 VMware, Inc. Virtual USB Hub
Bus 003 Device 003: ID 1a86:7523 QinHeng Electronics HL-340 USB-Serial adapter
Bus 003 Device 002: ID 0e0f:0003 VMware, Inc. Virtual Mouse
Bus 003 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0002 Linux Foundation 2.0 root hub
Bus 001 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0002 Linux Foundation 2.0 root hub
Bus 002 Device 002: ID 0e0f:0002 VMware, Inc. Virtual USB Hub
Bus 002 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub
yahboom@Transbot:~$
```

(2) Know the device ID, then write the rules file, bind the port, and enter the terminal:

```
sudo vim /etc/udev/rules.d/my_serial.rules
```

Copy the following into it,

```
KERNEL=="ttyUSB*", ATTRS{idVendor}=="1a86", ATTRS{idProduct}=="7523",
MODE:="0777", SYMLINK+="myserial"
```

Save and exit, then give it execute permission, terminal input,

```
sudo chmod 777 /etc/udev/rules.d/my_serial.rules
```

(3) Re-plug the GPS module, enter **II /dev/myserial** in the terminal to check whether the binding is successful, and the following screen appears, indicating that the binding is successful,

```
yahboom@Transbot:~$ ll /dev/myserial
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 7 Jun 16 11:48 /dev/myserial -> ttyUSB0
yahboom@Transbot:~$
```