What is a Recommendation Engine?

Who Cares? Okay, fine... then how does it work?

Zach Miller - 2/15/18

Recommendation Engines are everywhere.

amazon













 $STEAM^{\mathsf{m}}$



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 - Find movies a user might like
 - Measure dating compatibility

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 - Measure dating compatibility
- These all do the same thing: try to measure some sort of "affinity"

Let's take a look at an example...

- I go to Amazon and browse books about puppies
- Amazon notices "hey, that dude likes puppies."
- Amazon then adds a book called, "Puppies Wearing Hats" to the You Might Also Like... section for me
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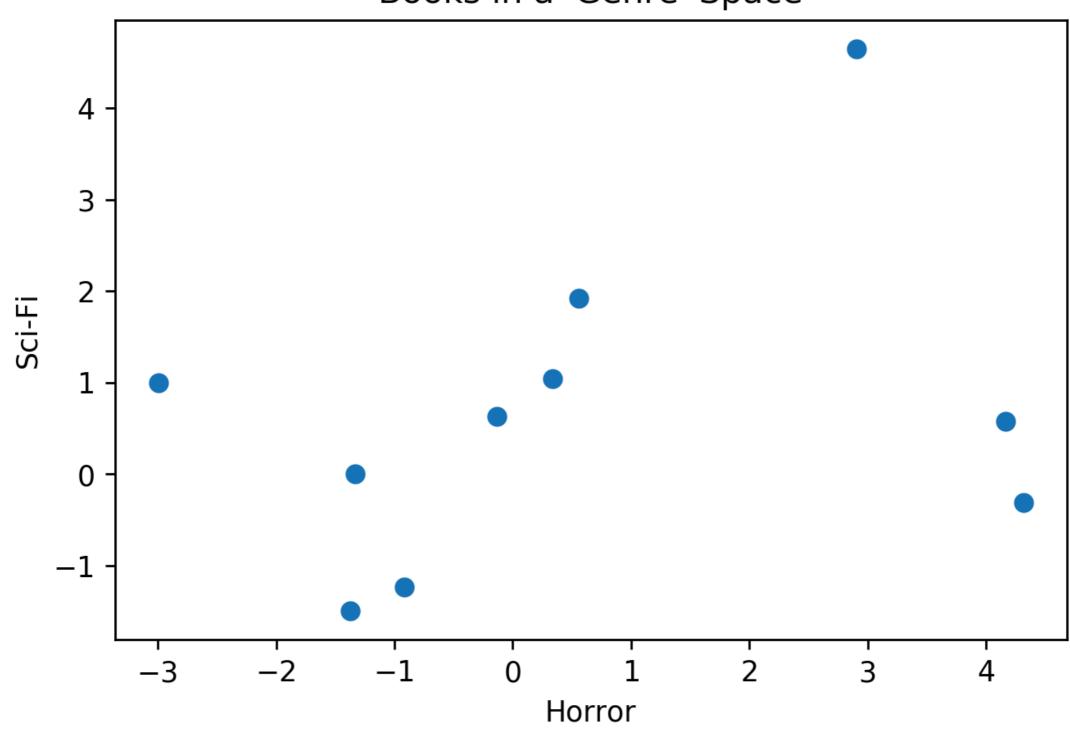
We're going to focus on this section today. First, how does Amazon know which books are about puppies?

Types of Recommendation Engines

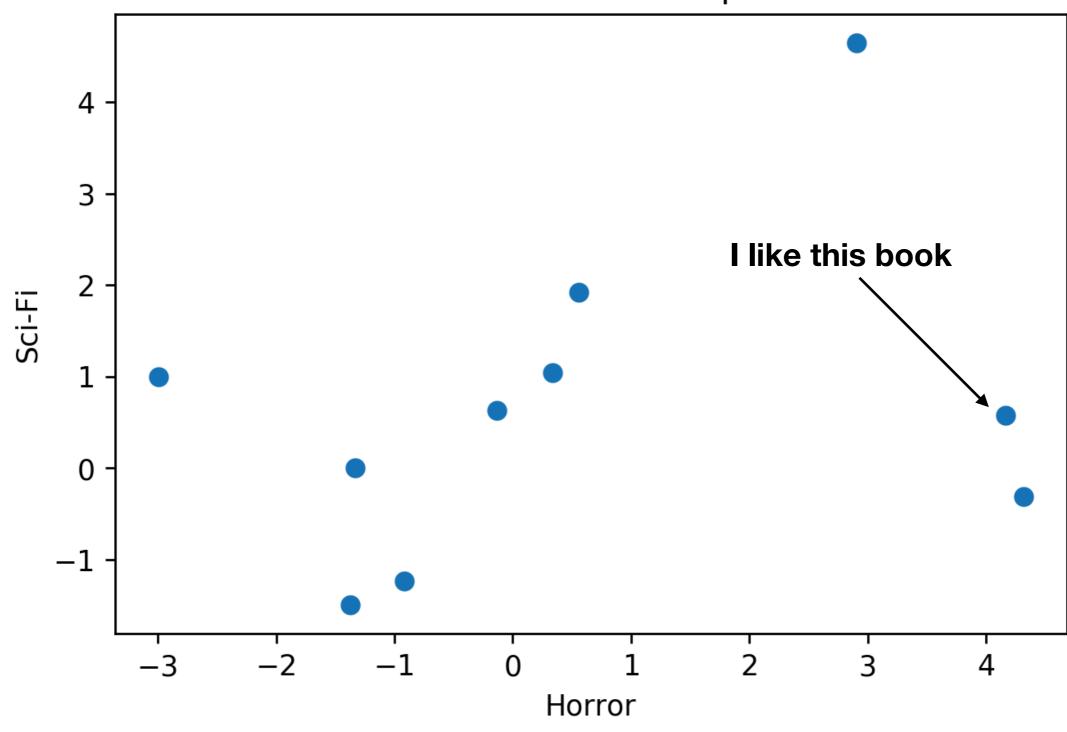
- 1. Content Based Filtering
- 2. Collaborative Filtering

- Every item you want to recommend must have an explicit breakdown of what "makes it unique." All of these breakdowns must use the same columns.
- Example: Pandora
 - Every song gets labeled by genre, beats per minute, lyric type, musicality, key, major vs minor, does have electric guitar, etc.
 - If someone likes a song that is lyric heavy, very fast, has lots of electric guitars, and is in a minor key... we just find other songs like that and recommend them!

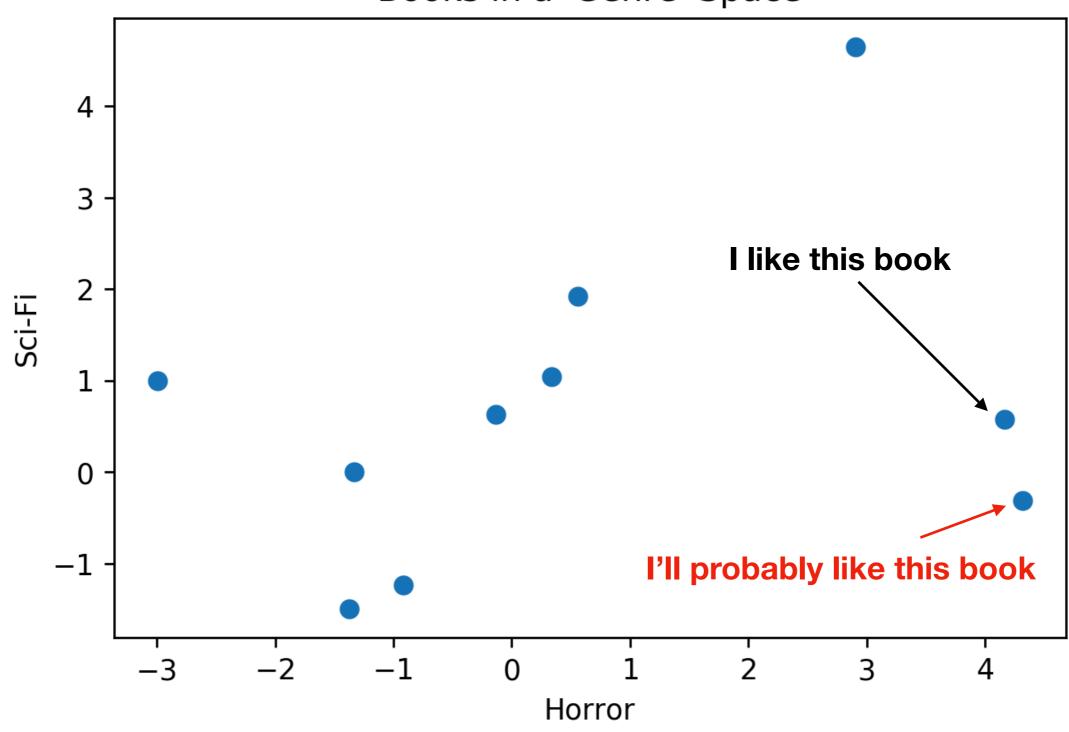
Books in a 'Genre' Space



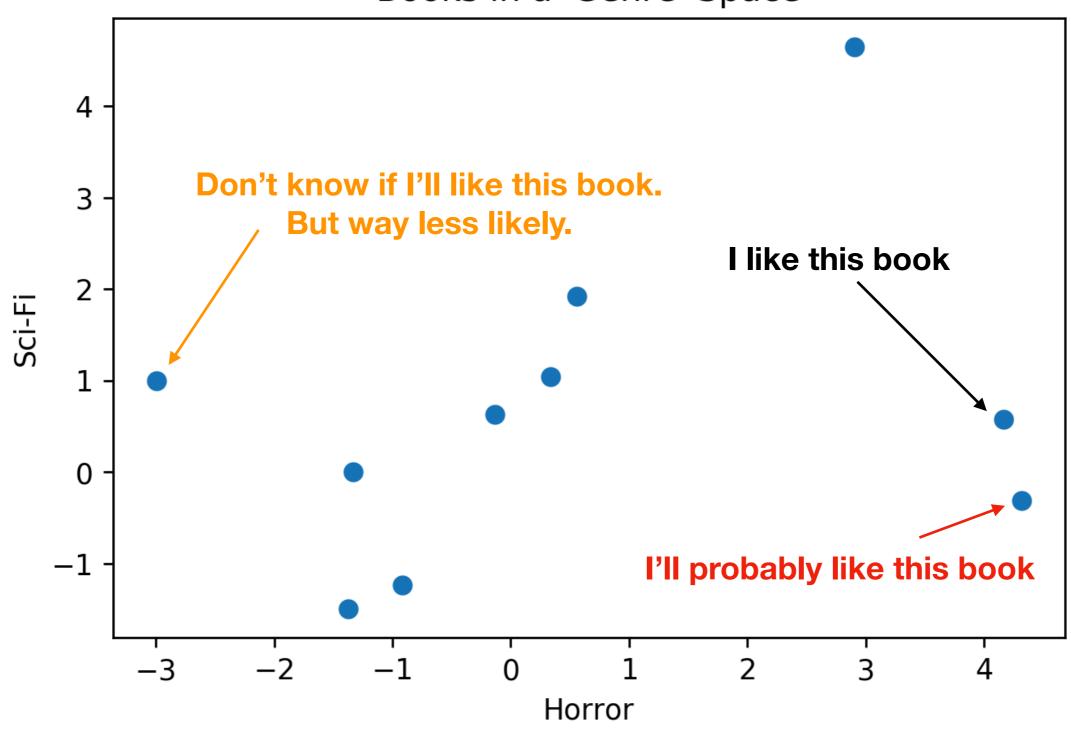
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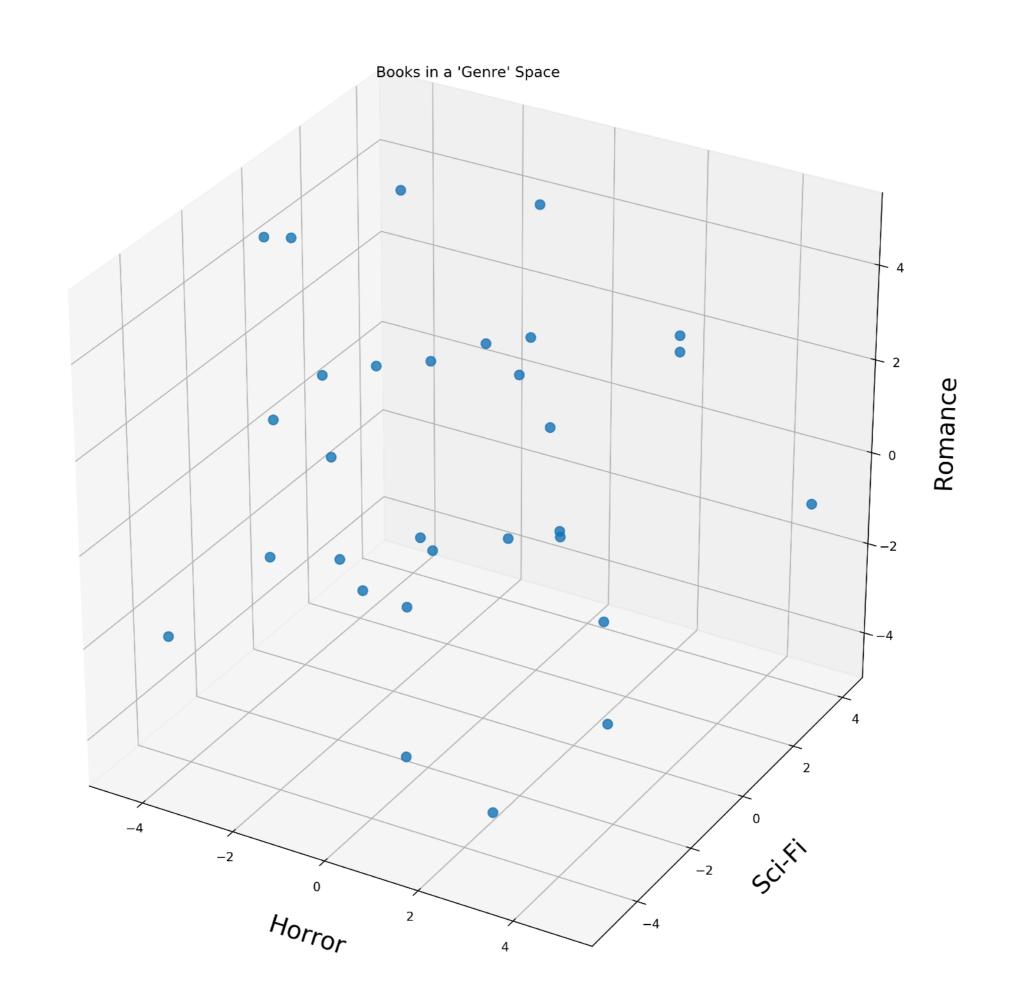
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Books in a 'Genre' Space



- Can we get all of the items into the same "understanding" space?
- How far apart are they in that understanding space? If they're close, then they are similar.
- Are we stuck in just 2D?



- We can have as many dimensions as we need to correctly label things. Pandora has literally hundreds of dimensions for every song.
- How does it work in our Amazon example?
 - Amazon sees that I'm searching for a puppy book. They check out all their books and find the one with the most similar level of puppies and hats to the book I just looked at. They recommend the book with the same amount of puppies and hats.
- GREAT. So pros/cons?

Pros

- Allows us to recommend more of what a user likes
- Simple to understand just recommend the most similar items
- Doesn't have to just be items - can map users and items to the same space and then recommend items closest to a user!

Cons

- Always recommend more of the same
- Have to map the items into the space - and that's usually done by hand!
- Hard to recommend across content type. You don't categorize books the same way you do songs - so we can't recommend across domains

If we always end up recommending more of the same, we'll never find correlations like: "You like Star Wars, and most Star Wars fans also like Lord of the Rings - so we should recommend Lord of the Rings."



Collaborative Filtering

- We still need to create a "understanding space," but now we do so by finding correlated "likes."
- If we do this cleverly, we don't even need to know anything about the specifics of the data. We don't have to hand label the genre, the beats per minute, etc.
- We want to exploit what our users have already told us by rating our products - to figure out what other users will think of that product.

	Star Wars	Lord of the Rings	Star Trek	The Notebook
Steve	5	5	5	2
Monroe	1	1	1	5
Graham	3	3	3	4
Lisa	5	5	?	1

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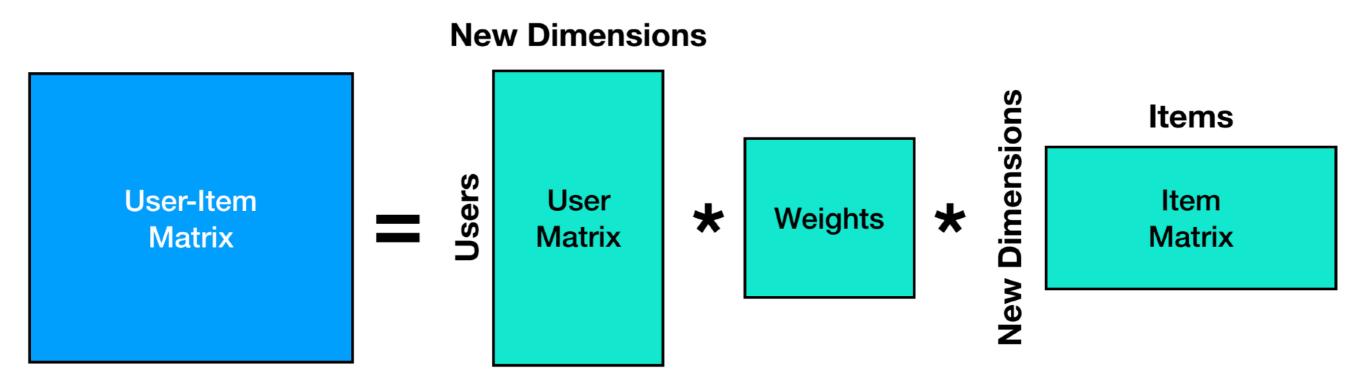
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Creating the latent space...

- We don't want to always compare every movie that every person has seen to get an understanding of what movies they'll like. It's WAY too much data (as we'll see later).
- Instead, we can use a method called Matrix Decomposition.

Matrix Decomposition

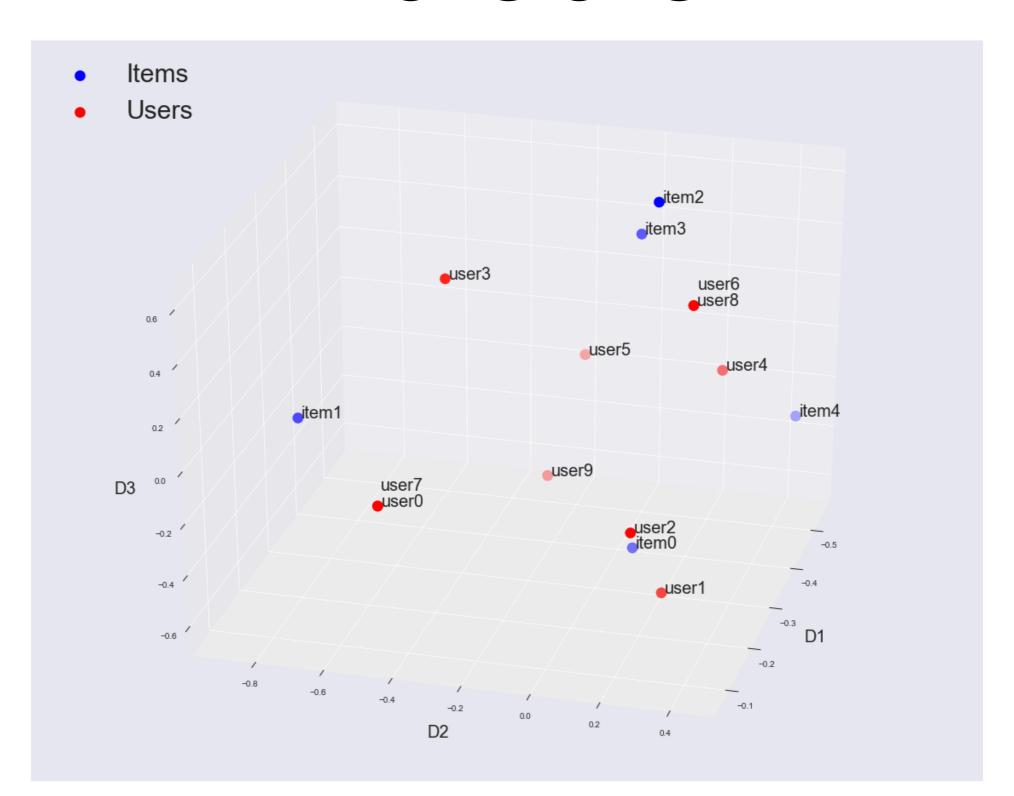


This specific form of Matrix Decomp. is called "Singular Value Decomposition" or SVD

What are these "New Dimensions?"

- They are "concepts" in the data. Example: if we were looking at movie data, these might be different genres that show up. However, we won't really know what those genres are.
- We'll see this in action in a bit. For now, think about it as a "concept space."
- Once we have our concept space, we can still use the "who is closest to me" approach.

What are these "New Dimensions?"



Collaborative Based Filtering

Pros

- Exploits hidden correlations in our data
- Doesn't require expensive hand mapping
- Can be applied across domains if we have user ratings/likes

Cons

- Need LOTS of data to start getting useful results
- Data tends to be REALLY sparse, so we have to handle that
- Every new user needs to give you lots of data before we can do anything.

Hybrid Methods

- You can merge Content-based and Collaborative filtering methods. Most modern recommendation engines do this.
- Brings together the best of both worlds. Allowing for content to help guide the recommendations you see from users. Even better when you have TONS of items.
- Helps offset how much data you need from a new user.

So let's get started on some collaborative filtering with Python.