# Package 'fGWAS'

## January 10, 2018

| Version 0.2   |
|---|
| <b>Date</b> 02 Aug 2017   |
| Title Functional Genome-wide Association Study  |
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| <b>Description</b> Analysis genetic effects to detect the significant SNPs associated with longitudinal traits based on fGWAS method.   |
| <b>Depends</b> R (>= 2.6.0), minpack.lm, snpStats, mvtnorm, parallel, methods, stats, graphics, grDevices, utils  |
| License GPL-3   |
| Suggests snow   |
| URL http://www.github.com/wzhy2000/fgwas LazyLoad no  R topics documented:  |
| fg.load.phenotype fg.load.plink fg.load.simple fg.select.sigsnp fg.simulate fg.snpscan plot.fgwas.curve plot.fgwas.phe.obj print.fgwas.gen.obj print.fgwas.phe.obj print.fgwas.scan.obj summary.fgwas.gen.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj summary.fgwas.phe.obj |
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## **Description**

Loading longitudinal phenotypic curve and covariate files.

#### Usage

```
fg.load.phenotype(file.phe.long, file.phe.cov=NULL, file.phe.time=NULL,
    curve.type = NULL,
    covariance.type = NULL,
    file.plot.pdf = NULL,
    intercept = TRUE,
    options = list(verbose=F))
```

## **Arguments**

| file.phe.long   | string, indicating the file name of longitudinal curve for each individual.  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|
| file.phe.cov    | string, indicating the file name of covariates.  |  |
| file.phe.time   | string, indicating the file name of observed time points for each individual. If this file is not specified, the column indexes are used as measured times.              |  |
| curve.type      | string, indicating the curve type, available options are in the details. Default is 'auto' which means the package selects the curve type using curve fitting.           |  |
| covariance.type |  |  |
|                 | string, indicating the covariance structure type, available options are in the details. Default is 'auto' which means the package selects the covariance type using MLE. |  |
| intercept       | boolean, indicating whether intercept is included in the model.  |  |
| file.plot.pdf   | string, indicating a PDF file name to illustrate the performance of curve fitting.   |  |
| options         | list, including max.optim.failure, min.optim.success, R2.loop, and verbose, default values are max.optim.failure=100, min.optim.success=20, R2.loop=5, verbose=F.        |  |

## **Details**

The phenotype file(file.phe.long), observed time file(file.phe.time) and covariate file(file.phe.cov) must be a CSV file. The following sections illustrate the format of each data file.

1) The phenotype file. The first column is individual ID and the rest columns are sample data for each measurement. It looks like the following file. Please note missing data is coded as space or NA in all data files. For example:

```
ID, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th

1, 2.9033, 4.118, 6.1495, 7.8161, 9.8379, 12.963, 14.918

2, 4.3306, 5.378, 7.0647, 9.3624, 11.439, NA, 15.701

3, 2.3997, 4.052, 5.5431, 7.6933, 9.8471, NA 12.849

4, 3.3044, 4.154, 5.8924, 7.7133, 9.2144, 10.945, NA
```

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2) The measurement time file. The first column is individual ID and the rest columns are observed times as the following format. For example:

```
ID, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th
1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,
2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, NA, 7,
3, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, NA, 7,
4, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, NA,
...
```

3) The covariate file. The first column is individual ID and the rest columns are covariate values as the following format. For example:

```
ID, X1, X2
1, 1.0, 0
2, 1.1, 1
3, 2.1, 1
4, 3.1, 0
```

The function returns a S3 object which details can be checked by the command print or str.

The following conents are exported by print command.

```
== Phenotype Object in fGWAS ==
Longitudal value : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1776d8395.csv
    -- Individual count : 1678
Longitudal time : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1131b9b1.csv
    -- Time count : 8
Covariate file : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1246a670b.csv
    -- Covariate count : 6
    -- Intercept : YES
    -- Estimate values : 36917.16 -1.553526 -2.702489 7.852712 -5.91549 7.210022 3.805883
Curve type : auto
    -- Estimate type : Legendre2
    -- Estimate values : -36888.65 1.081318 -1.852532
Covariate type : auto
    -- Estimated type : TOEPH
    -- Estimate values : 0.9082402 0.8627414 0.8142826 0.7713539 0.7200614 0.6669603 ...
```

9 curves have been implemented in current version, including:

1) "Logistic"

$$g(t) = \frac{a}{1 + b * e^{-r*t}}$$

2) "Bi-Logistic"

$$g(t) = \frac{a1}{1 + b1 * e^{-r1*t}} + \frac{a2}{1 + b2 * e^{-r2*t}}$$

3) "Pharmacology"

$$g(t) = \frac{E_{max} * t}{Ec_{50} + t} + E_0$$

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4) "Exponential"

$$g(t) = a * e^{-r * t}$$

5) "Bi-Exponential"

$$g(t) = a_1 * e^{-r_1 * t} + a_2 * e^{-r_2 * t}$$

6) "Power"

$$g(t) = a * t^b$$

7) "Legendre2", Legendre Polynomial(2nd-order)

$$g(t) = u_0 + u_1 * t + u_2 * (3 * t^2 - 1)/2$$

8) "Legendre3", Legendre Polynomial(3rd-order)

$$g(t) = u_0 + u_1 * t + u_2 * (2 * t^2 - 1)/2 + u_3 * (5 * t^3 - 3t)/2$$

9) "Legendre4", Legendre Polynomial(4th-order)

$$g(t) = u_0 + u_1 * t + u_2 * (2 * t^2 + 1)/2 + u_3 * (5 * t^3 - 3t)/2 + \dots$$

## Value

options

This function returns a S3 object with the class label of fgwas.phe.obj:

List, not used currently

| pheY          | Matrix, the longitidual curve data with the rowname indicating the individuals' id.   |
|---------------|---|
| pheX          | Matrix, the covariate with the rowname indicating the individuals' id.  |
| pheT          | Matrix, the observed time points with the rowname indicating the individuals' id.   |
| ids           | Vector, the common individuals' id in all data file   |
| obj.curve     | Curve object, S4 object inherited from fg.curve.base  |
| obj.covar     | Covariance object, S4 object inherited from fg.covariance.base  |
| est.curve     | List, including the curve type and estimated parameters.  |
| est.covar     | List, including the covariance type and estimated parameters.   |
| summary.curve | List, including the result of curve fitting.  |
| summary.covar | List, including the result of covariance fitting.   |
| params        | List, the parameters of function calling, including the file names of longitudinal data and covariate, curve type and covariance type |
|               |   |

You can plot the curve by the function plot or print summary information by the function print.

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#### **Examples**

```
# use simulation to make a phenotype object and genotype object and generate the files.
obj.sim <- fg.simulate( "Logistic", "SAD1", 2000, 800, 1:6,
             phe.missing=0.05, snp.missing=0.05,
             sig.pos=301, plink.format=TRUE, file.prefix = "temp.fwgas.test1" );
# show the brief information for the phenotype object
obj.sim\$obj.phe
\# load the phenotype traits generated by the simulation
obj.phe <- fg.load.phenotype("temp.fwgas.test1.pheY.csv", NULL, "temp.fwgas.test1.pheT.csv", NULL, NULL
             curve.type = "Logistic", "SAD1", file.plot.pdf = NULL,
             intercept = FALSE, options = list(verbose=TRUE))
# show the brief information, this object is equal to 'obj.sim$obj.phe'
obj.phe;
# plot the phenotype traits into a PDF file without the curving fitting information.
plot( obj.phe, curve.fitting=FALSE, file.pdf = "temp.fwgas.test1.phe.pdf");
# remove all test files
unlink("temp.fwgas.test1.*");
```

fg.load.plink

Loading PLINK data set.

#### **Description**

Loading genotype data from PLINK data set.

#### Usage

```
fg.load.plink(file.plink.bed, file.plink.bim, file.plink.fam,
    plink.command = NULL,
    chr = NULL,
    options = list(verbose=F))
```

## **Arguments**

| file.plink.bed | string, the name of PLINK bed file, containing the packed binary SNP genotype data   |
|----------------|--|
| file.plink.bim | string, the name of PLINK bim file, containing the SNP descriptions  |
| file.plink.fam | string, the name of PLINK fam file, containing subject(and, possibly, family) identifiers  |
| plink.command  | string, indicating PLINK command path, for the large PLINK data, the package loads partial PLINK data extracted by the 'plink' command rather than the whole data set. |
| chr            | vector of string, indicating the chromosome number involved to do hypothesis test.   |
| options        | list, including force.split and verbose  |

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#### **Details**

This fucntion try to avoid loading all genotype data in memory. The optional parameter force.split indicates to use the plink.command to split the genotype data according to chromose unit and then load the partial gentotype data gradually.

The following example show the contents exported by print command.

```
== Genotype Object in fGWAS ==
 Plink bed : /home/userx/proj/gwas2/bmi-c1c2-qc2.bed
 Plink bim : /home/userx/proj/gwas2/bmi-c1c2-qc2.bim
 Plink fam : /home/userx/proj/gwas2/bmi-c1c2-qc2.fam
 Data file :
 SNP count: 431670
 Total individuals: 1678
 Reference matrix object of class "fg.dm.plink"
 Data type:
 Description:
 SNP Count: 431670
 Individual Count: 1678
 Individual Used: 1678
 Plink Command: plink
 chromosome: all
```

#### Value

This function returns a S3 object with the class label of fgwas.gen.obj, including:

a reference class fg.dm.plink, the reader object for plink data, the structure is reader demonstrated in the details. n.snp integer value, indicating the total SNP number. integer value, indicating the total individual number. n.ind.total n.ind.used integer value, indicating the used individual number except the missing data. list, including the PLINK file names and 'plink' command assigned to this funcparams tion calling. list, two options: force.split and verbose, default values are TRUE.

You can print summary information by the function print.

## **Examples**

options

```
# use simulation to generate PLINK data files.
objx <- fg.simulate( "Logistic", "SAD1", 2000, 800, 1:6,
    phe.missing=0.05, snp.missing=0.05,
    sig.pos=301, plink.format=TRUE,
    file.prefix = "temp.fgwas" );
# load genotype data from PLINK data file and return a genotype object
obj.gen <- fg.load.plink("temp.fgwas.geno.bed", "temp.fgwas.geno.bim", "temp.fgwas.geno.fam");
# show the brief information of genotype object
```

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```
obj.gen;
```

fg.load.simple

Loading simple SNP file

## Description

Loading the SNP data from a text file in simple format.

## Usage

```
fg.load.simple( file.simple.snp, options=list(verbose=F))
```

## Arguments

```
file.simple.snp
```

string, file name of SNP data table, the format is described in the details.

options

list, only including the item verbose.

#### **Details**

This table file contains SNP information and individual SNPs. The SNP information, including SNP name, chromosome, position, reference allele and alternate allele are located from the 1st column to 5rd column. The individual SNPs follow the SNP information at each row, encoding genotype type as 0,1,2 or NA (for missing data). For example:

```
SNP CHR POS Refallele AltAllele Sub1 Sub2 Sub3 Sub4 Sub5 ...
SNP1 1 1 A T 2 0 1 1 1 ...
SNP2 1 2 A G 2 1 1 0 0 ...
```

#### Value

A S3 object (fgwas.gen.obj) is returned by this function, including:

| options     | List,  |
|-------------|--|
| reader      | A reference class , indicating the reader object for simple data format. |
| params      | List, including the file names and other optional parameters.            |
| n.snp       | Numeric, indicating the total SNP number.                                |
| n.ind.total | Numeric, indicating the total individual number.                         |
| n.ind.used  | Nuermic, indicating the used individual number except the missing data.  |

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#### **Examples**

```
# make a simple SNP data table
snp <- matrix( round( runif(20000, 0, 2) ), nrow=100)</pre>
colnames(snp) <- paste("sub", 1:200, sep="");</pre>
snp.name <- paste("snp", 1:100, sep="");</pre>
\# make a data frame including snp information and snp data table
snp.mat <- data.frame(snp.name, chr=1, pos=1:100, Allele1="A", Allele2="B", snp);</pre>
# write the data frame into a tab-seperated table file
write.table(snp.mat, file="temp.fgwas.snp.mat.csv",
    row.names=FALSE, col.names=TRUE, quote=FALSE, sep="\t");
# load the snp data from a simple snp data file.
obj.gen <- fg.load.simple("temp.fgwas.snp.mat.csv");</pre>
# simulate the phenotype and genotype data and generate a simple snp data file
objx <- fg.simulate( "Logistic", "SAD1", 2000, 800, 1:6, phe.missing=0.05, snp.missing=0.05,
    sig.pos=301, plink.format=FALSE, file.prefix = "test1.fgwas" );
# load the snp data generated from the simulation
obj.gen <- fg.load.simple("test1.fgwas.geno.tab");</pre>
# call SNP scaning
r1 <- fg.snpscan(obj.gen, objx$obj.phe, snp.sub=c(290:310), options=list(ncores=1));</pre>
# simulate the phenotype and genotype data and generate PLINK data file
objx <- fg.simulate(\ "Logistic",\ "SAD1",\ 2000,\ 800,\ 1:6,\ phe.missing=0.05,\ snp.missing=0.05,
    sig.pos=301, plink.format=TRUE, file.prefix = "test1.fgwas" );
# load PLINK data file using the function in the snpStats package
obj.plink <- read.plink( "test1.fgwas.geno.bed", "test1.fgwas.geno.bim", "test1.fgwas.geno.fam");
# convert the PLINK data object into SNP data table
x0 \leftarrow as.data.frame(obj.plink$map[,c(2,1,4,5,6)])
x1 <- matrix( as.numeric( (t(obj.plink$genotypes ))), nrow=800)</pre>
x1[which(x1==0)]<-NA
x1 <- x1 - 1;
x1 <- matrix( x1, nrow=800);</pre>
colnames(x1) <- paste("N", 1:2000, sep="_");</pre>
snp.mat <- data.frame(x0, x1) ;</pre>
# write snp data table into a tab-seperated table file.
write.table(snp.mat, file="temp.fgwas.snp.mat.csv",
    row.names=FALSE, col.names=TRUE, quote=FALSE, sep="\t");
# load the snp data converted from the PLINK files
obj.gen <- fg.load.simple("temp.fgwas.snp.mat.csv");</pre>
# call SNP scaning in a short range(290:310)
r2 <- fg.snpscan(obj.gen, objx$obj.phe, snp.sub=c(290:310), options=list(ncores=1));</pre>
```

fg.select.sigsnp

Selecting significant SNPs

## **Description**

Selecting significant SNPs

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#### Usage

```
fg.select.sigsnp( fgwas.scan.obj, sig.level=0.05, pv.adjust="bonferroni", options=list() )
```

#### **Arguments**

```
fgwas.scan.obj A S3 object of scaning result returned by fg.snpscan.

sig.level Numeric value indicating the p-value of criteria.

pv.adjust string indicating whether p-value is adjusted value for multiple Comparisons, the optional values are holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", "none" defined in p.adjust.

options Not used
```

#### Value

The function returns a sub-matrix including the significant SNPs.

## **Examples**

```
# simulate the phenotype object and genotype object.
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# call SNP scaning using 'fast' method
obj.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, covariance.type="AR1", method="fast");
# select the significant SNPs from the result object
tb<-fg.select.sigsnp(obj.scan, sig.level=1e-10, "fdr")

# show 5 lines of significant SNP table
head(tb);
# show SNP indexes in significant SNP table
show(tb$INDEX);
# show SNP names in significant SNP table
show(tb$NAME);</pre>
```

fg.simulate

Data Simulation

## Description

Data simulation is for demonstration or power test in the fGWAS package.

#### Usage

```
fg.simulate(curve.type, covariance.type, n.obs, n.snp, time.points,
   par0 = NULL,
   par1 = NULL,
   par2 = NULL,
   par.covar = NULL,
   par.X = NULL,
   sig.pos = NULL,
   phe.missing = 0.03,
   snp.missing = 0.03,
   plink.format = FALSE,
   file.prefix = NULL )
```

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#### **Arguments**

| curve.type      | String, indicating the curve type, such as "Logistic", "Legendre2", available options are described in the details of fg.load.phenotype.      |
|-----------------|---|
| covariance.type |   |
|                 | String, indicating the covariance structure type, such as "SAD1", "AR1", available options are described in the details of fg.load.phenotype. |
| n.obs           | Numeric, indicating the individual number.  |
| n.snp           | Numeric, indicating the SNP number.   |
| time.points     | Numeric, indicating the measure time points for the longitudinal traits.  |
| par0            | Numeric vector, indicating the curve parameters for the genotype AA.  |
| par1            | Numeric vector, indicating the curve parameters for the genotype Aa.  |
| par2            | Numeric vector, indicating the curve parameters for the genotype aa.  |
| par.covar       | Numeric vector, indicating the parameters of the covariance matrix.   |
| par.X           | Numeric vector, indicating the covariate coefficients.  |
| sig.pos         | Numeric, indicating the significant SNP position.   |
| phe.missing     | Numeric, the missing rate of phenotype data.  |
| snp.missing     | Numeric, the missing rate of genotype data.   |
| plink.format    | Logical variable, indicating whether the PLINK data files are generated.  |
| file.prefix     | String, the prefix file name for the simulation data.   |

#### **Details**

The object structures of two S3 object, phenotype data object(fg.load.phenotype) and genotype object(fg.load.plink)

The mathematics model can be illustrated as the following formulas:

```
Y = X %*% par.X + curve\_function (par0, T) + e if snp is AA \cr Y = X %*% par.X + curve\_function (par1, T) + e if snp is Aa \cr Y = X %*% par.X + curve\_function (par2, T) + e if snp is aa \cr
```

In above formulas, X and snp are geneated randomly, curve\_function is selected by the curve.type, the residuals e follow the multivarite normal distribution N(0, covar), covariance matrix is built by the parameter covariance.type and par.covar.

#### Value

The function return a list containing two objects, including

| obj.gen | genotype data object, S3 object with class name 'fgas.gen.obj', the format is identical with return of fg.load.simple.     |
|---------|--|
| obj.phe | phenotype data object, S3 object with class name 'fgas.phe.obj', the format is identical with return of fg.load.phenotype. |

If plink.format is set to TRUE, the plink data set generated by the simulation process will be stored in the file specified by obj.gen\$files.

#### **Examples**

```
# simulate the Logistic traits and genotype data.
obj1 <- fg.simulate( "Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 1000, 1:8,
    phe.missing=0.05, snp.missing=0.05,
    sig.pos=501, plink.format=FALSE, file.prefix = NULL );
# show the genotype object
print(obj1$obj.gen);
# show the phenotype object
print(obj1$obj.phe);
# plot the phenotype object
plot(obj1$obj.phe, curve.fitting=FALSE);
\# simulate the Logistic traits and genotype data.and save the data into PLINK files
obj2 <- fg.simulate( "Logistic", "SAD1", 2000, 800, 1:6,
    phe.missing=0.05, snp.missing=0.05, sig.pos=301,
    plink.format=TRUE, file.prefix = "temp.fgwas" );
# show the genotype object
print(obj2$obj.gen);
# show the phenotype object
print(obj2$obj.phe);
# plot the phenotype object
plot(obj2$obj.phe, curve.fitting=FALSE);
# remove the phenotype files and PLINK files
unlink(c("temp.fgwas.geno.bed", "temp.fgwas.geno.bed", "temp.fgwas.geno.bed",
    "temp.fgwas.pheT.csv", "temp.fgwas.pheY.csv"));
```

fg.snpscan

Detecting significant SNPs by fGWAS model

#### **Description**

Scaning SNPs with the fGWAS model and detect the significant SNPs.

## Usage

```
fg.snpscan( fgwas.gen.obj, fgwas.phe.obj,
  method = "optim-fgwas",
  curve.type = NULL,
  covariance.type = NULL,
  snp.sub = NULL,
  options = list(verbose=F) )
```

#### **Arguments**

```
fgwas.gen.obj S3 object fgwas.gen.obj, indicating the genotype object generated by the fg.load.plink, fg.load.simple or fg.simulate.
```

fgwas.phe.obj S3 object fgwas.phe.obj, indicating the phenotype object generated by the

fg.load.phenotype or fg.simulate.

method string, indicating the statistical model used in the scaning process, available

options are "gls", "mixed", "fast", "fgwas", "optim-fgwas". Default is 'optim-

fgwas'.

curve.type string, indicating the curve type used in the scaning process for the method

"fast", "fgwas" and "optim-fast", instead of the original curve type in phenotype

object. The full optional values are listed in fg.load.phenotype

covariance.type

string, indicating the type of covariance structure used in the scaning process for the method "fast", "fgwas" and "optim-fast", instead of the curve type in phenotype object. The full optional values are listed in fg.load.phenotype

snp. sub vector of SNP index or SNP name, indicating the selected SNPs will be scanned,

not the whole data set.

options list, including verbose, ncores, max.optim.failure, min.optim.success,

 $use.gradient, degree, default\ values\ are\ verbose=F, ncores=1, use.snowfall=TRUE, max.optim.failure=20\,min.optim.success=2\,use.gradient=FALSE\ degree=3.$ 

#### **Details**

The parallel computing is available using the optional ncores item. **fGWAS** uses the **snowfall** for all methods. In Linux or Linux compatible OS, **parallel** can be used to the method "fast", "fgwas", and "optim-fgwas" to gain more faster parallel speed. If **parallel** is perferred, set use.snowfall=FALSE.

Due to the difficulty to estimate and provide initial parameters for the function optim, **fGWAS** sets the maximum optim failure time and minimum optim success time in the optional items.

For the method "fgwas" and "optim-fgwas", **fGWAS** performs the MLE using the numerical derivation by default use.gradient=FALSE, If use.gradient=TRUE, the gradient function is provided and used in the MLE.

For the method mixed, the default polynomial degree is 3, it can be customized with the optional item degree.

#### Value

A S3 object with the class name (fgwas.scan.obj) is returned by this function, including:

| obj.gen   | S3 object fgwas.gen.obj processed in this function                           |
|-----------|--|
| obj.phe   | S3 object fgwas.phe.obj processed in this function                           |
| ret.gls   | Matrix, results for each SNP scanned by the 'gls' method.                    |
| ret.mixed | Matrix, results for each SNP scanned by the 'mixed' method.                  |
| ret.fast  | Matrix, results for each SNP scanned by the 'fast' method.                   |
| ret.fgwas | Matrix, results for each SNP scanned by the 'fgwas' or 'fgwas-optim' method. |

If 'gls' is used to scan the SNPs, the result is stored in ret.gls with the following items:

INDEX SNP index.

NAME SNP name.

CHR Chromosome.

POS Base position.

NMISS Number of missing.

MAF Minor allel frequence.

LR Likelihood ratio.

pv p-value of Fisher.

If 'mixed' is used to scan the SNPs, the result is stored in ret.mixed with the following items:

INDEX SNP index.

NAME SNP name.

CHR Chromosome.

POS Base position.

Allel1 Allel 1.

Allel2 Allel 2.

MAF Minor allel frequence.

NMISS Number of missing.

pv p-value of Fisher .

p.minp-value of minimum values.p.joinp-value of joint value.

p0 p-value of 0th-degree Legendre polynomial.
 p1 p-value of 1st-degree Legendre polynomial.
 p2 p-value of 2nd-degree Legendre polynomial.
 p3 p-value of 3rd-degree Legendre polynomial.
 p4 p-value of 4th-degree Legendre polynomial.

If 'fgwas', 'fgwas-optim' or 'fast' are used to scan the SNPs, the result is stored in ret.fast or ret.fgwas with the following items:

INDEX SNP index.NAME SNP name.CHR Chromosome.POS Base position.

MAF Minor allel frequence.

NMISS Number of missing.

SNP0 Individual count of genotype 0.
SNP1 Individual count of genotype 1.
SNP2 Individual count of genotype 2.

GENO Genotype count. LR Likelihood Ratio.

| pv      | p-value based on LR.  |
|---------|---|
| h0.X0   | the 1st covariate coefficient under NULL hypothesis.  |
|         | the other covariate coefficients under NULL hypothesis.   |
| h0.a    | the parameter 'a' in curve function( e.g. Logistic curve) under NULL hypothesis.                            |
| h0.b    | the parameter 'b' in curve function( e.g. Logistic curve) under NULL hypothesis.                            |
|         | the other curve parameters in the curve function under NULL hypothesis.                                     |
| h0X.rho | the parameter 'rho' in covariance structure (e.g. AR1) under NULL hypothesis.                               |
| •••     | the other parameters in covariance structure ( $e.g.\ AR1$ ) under NULL hypothesis.                         |
| h1.X0   | the 1st covariate coefficient under alternative hypothesis.   |
|         | the other covariate coefficients under alternative hypothesis.  |
| h1.G0.a | the parameter 'a' for genotype 0 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| h1.G0.b | the parameter 'b' for genotype 0 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| •••     | the other parameters for genotype $0$ in curve function (e.g. logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis. |
| h1.G1.a | the parameter 'a' for genotype 1 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| h1.G1.b | the parameter 'b' for genotype 1 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| •••     | the other parameters for genotype 1 in curve function (e.g. logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.   |
| h1.G2.a | the parameter 'a' for genotype 2 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| h1.G2.b | the parameter 'b' for genotype 2 in curve function (e.g. Logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.      |
| •••     | the other parameters for genotype 2 in curve function (e.g. logistic curve) under alternative hypothesis.   |
| h1X.rho | the parameter 'rho' in covariance structure ( $\mbox{e.g.}$ $AR1$ ) under alternative hypothesis.           |
| •••     | the other parameters in covariance structure ( e.g. $AR1$ ) under alternative hypothesis.                   |
| h0.R2   | R2 under NULL hypothesis.   |
| h1.R2   | R2 under alternative hypothesis.  |

## See Also

plot.fgwas.curve 15

#### **Examples**

```
# simulate the phenotype object and genotype object
 \verb|r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7, sig.pos=250 ); \\
# SNP scaning in a short range (245:255) using 'fast' method
obj1.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, method="fast", snp.sub=c(245:255));
# show the summary information of result object
obj1.scan;
# SNP scaning in a short range (245:255) using 'fgwas' method
obj2.scan \leftarrow fg.snpscan(rsobj.gen, rsobj.phe, method="fgwas", snp.sub=c(245:255));
obj2.scan;
# check the full result table.
tb.full <- obj2.scan$ob.fgwas$results;</pre>
# plot Manhattan figure
plot(obj2.scan, file.pdf="temp.fwgas.obj2.scan.pdf");
# select significant SNPs
tb.sig <- fg.select.sigsnp(obj2.scan, sig.level=0.001, pv.adjust = "bonferroni")</pre>
# plot the genetic curve effect for the significant SNPs
plot.fgwas.curve( obj2.scan, tb.sig$INDEX, file.pdf="temp.fwgas.obj2.curve.pdf");
```

plot.fgwas.curve

Plotting the genetic curve effects associated with SNP.

## **Description**

Plot the genetic curve effects based on the parameter estimation in the fGWAS model for each genotype.

## Usage

```
plot.fgwas.curve(object, snp.sub, file.pdf=NULL, draw.rawdata=TRUE, draw.meanvector=TRUE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object Result object returned by the fg.snpscan.

snp.sub Vector of SNP index or SNP name.

file.pdf String indicating the PDF file name.

draw.rawdata Logical value indicating whether the raw phenotype curves are drawn.

draw.meanvector Logical value indicating whether the mean vectors for each genotype are drawn.

additional arguments affecting the plot, including xlab, ylab, xlim, ylim.

#### **Details**

This function will apply to the result obtained from 'fgwas', 'fgwas-optin' or 'fast' methond.

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#### Value

No return values.

## **Examples**

```
# simulate phenotype object and genotype object
r <- fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7, sig.pos=250);
# SNP scaning
obj.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, method="fast", snp.sub=c(245:255));
# select significant SNPs by default.
tb.sig <- fg.select.sigsnp(obj.scan)
# plot the genteic curves for each significant SNP.
plot.fgwas.curve( obj.scan, tb.sig$INDEX, file.pdf="test.plot.pdf");
# remove the PDF file
unlink("test.plot.pdf")</pre>
```

plot.fgwas.phe.obj

Ploting the longitudinal curves

## **Description**

Ploting the longitudinal curves.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.phe.obj'
plot(x, y, ..., curve.fitting = T, file.pdf = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

```
    a phenotype object return by fg.load.phenotype or fg.simulate
    required parameter in the generic plot function, not used.
    additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
    boolean value indicating whether the fitted curve is plot.
    file.pdf
    string indicating the output pdf file name.
```

#### **Details**

The phenotype object is described in fg.load.phenotype.

## Value

No return values, only figure is exported to PDF file.

plot.fgwas.scan.obj 17

#### **Examples**

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate( "Logistic", "SAD1", 2000, 1000, c(2,4,6,8,10) );
# plot phenotype traits
plot(r$obj.phe, file.pdf="temp.fg.test.pdf");
# remove the PDF file
unlink("temp.fg.test.pdf");</pre>
```

#### **Description**

Drawing p-values in Manhattan plot.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.scan.obj'
plot(x, y, ..., file.pdf = NULL, sig.level=0.05)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
    x a result object return by fg.snpscan
    y required parameter in the generic plot function, but unused in this function.
    ... additional arguments affecting the plot.
    file.pdf string indicating output PDF file name.
    sig.level numeric value indicating the location of threshold line on the Manhattan figure.
```

#### **Details**

N/A

## Value

No return values, only figure is exported into PDF file.

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# SNP scaning using 'fast' method
obj.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, method="fast");
# plot the Manhattan figure
plot(obj.scan, file.pdf="temp.fgwas.plot.pdf");
# remove the PDF file
unlink("temp.fgwas.plot.pdf");</pre>
```

print.fgwas.gen.obj

## Description

Printing brief information for the genotype object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.gen.obj'
print( x, ..., useS4 = FALSE )
```

## **Arguments**

```
    a genotype object returned by fg.load.plink or fg.load.simple
    additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
    an argument used to match showDefault function. Fixed as FALSE.
```

#### **Details**

The genotype object is described in fg.load.plink or fg.load.simple.

The following example demonstrates the output of print command for a genotype object.

```
== Genotype Object in fGWAS ==
Plink bed : /demo.bed
Plink bim : /demo.bim
Plink fam : /demo.fam
Data file :
SNP count : 431670
Total individuals : 1678
Reference matrix object of class "fg.dm.plink"
Data type:
Description:
Chromosome: all
SNP Count: 431670
Individual Count: 1678
Individual Used: 1678
Plink Command: plink
```

## Value

No return values, only output the brief information on the R console.

print.fgwas.phe.obj 19

#### **Examples**

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# call this function to print the genotype information
r$obj.gen;
# summarize the genotype object
summary(r$obj.gen);</pre>
```

print.fgwas.phe.obj Printing brief information for the phenotype object

#### **Description**

Printing brief information for the phenotype object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.phe.obj'
print( x, ..., useS4=FALSE )
```

## Arguments

```
    a phenotype data object returned by fg.load.phenotype or obj.phe in the fg.simulate
    additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
    an argument used to match showDefault function. Fixed as FALSE.
```

#### **Details**

The phenotype object is described in fg.load.phenotype.

The following example demonstrates the output of print command for a phenotype object.

```
== Phenotype Object in fGWAS ==
Longitudal value : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1776d8395.csv
   -- Individual count : 1678
Longitudal time : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1131b9b1.csv
   -- Time count : 8
Covariate file : /tmp/Rtmp0lhMx2/file58b1246a670b.csv
   -- Covariate count : 6
   -- Intercept : YES
   -- Estimate values : 36917.16 -1.553526 -2.702489 7.852712 -5.91549 7.210022 3.805883
Curve type : auto
   -- Estimate type : Legendre2
   -- Estimate values : -36888.65 1.081318 -1.852532
Covariate type : auto
   -- Estimated type : TOEPH
   -- Estimate values : 0.9082402 0.8627414 0.8142826 0.7713539 0.7200614 0.6669603 ...
```

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#### Value

No return values, only output the brief information on the R console.

## **Examples**

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# print brief phenotype information
r$obj.phe;</pre>
```

```
print.fgwas.scan.obj Printing the significant SNPs or top SNPs.
```

## **Description**

Printing the significant SNPs or top SNPs.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.scan.obj'
print( x, ..., useS4 = FALSE )
```

## **Arguments**

```
    a result object return by fg.snpscan
    additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
    an argument used to match showDefault function. Fixed as FALSE.
```

#### **Details**

The result object is described in fg. snpscan.

The following example demonstrates the output of print command for a result object.

#### Value

No return values, only output the significant SNPs or top SNPs on the R console.

summary.fgwas.gen.obj

## **Examples**

```
# data simulation
r <- fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# SNP scaning
obj.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, method="fast");
# print the top or significant SNPs.
obj.scan;</pre>
```

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```
summary.fgwas.gen.obj Summarizing genotype object
```

## Description

Printing the summary information of the genotype object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.gen.obj'
summary( object, ... )
```

## **Arguments**

```
object a data object returned by fg.load.plink or fg.load.simple ... additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
```

## **Details**

The genotype object is described in fg.load.plink or fg.load.simple.

## Value

A numeric vector including snp count, individual count and used individual count.

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# print the brief information of gthe genotype object
r$obj.gen;
# output the sumamry information
summary(r$obj.gen);</pre>
```

```
summary.fgwas.phe.obj Summarizing phenotype object.
```

## Description

Summarizing phenotype object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.phe.obj'
summary( object, ... )
```

## **Arguments**

```
object a phenotype object returned by fg.load.phenotype or obj.phe in the fg.simulate additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
```

## **Details**

None

## Value

This function returns an extend table containing the covariate data, the longtudinal curve data and the measured times.

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7 );
# print the brief information of the phenotype object
r$obj.phe;
# output the summary information
ext_phe <- summary(r$obj.phe);
# show the summary table
head(ext_phe);</pre>
```

```
summary.fgwas.scan.obj
```

Summarizing the result object

#### **Description**

Summarizing the result object.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fgwas.scan.obj'
summary( object, ... )
```

#### **Arguments**

```
object a result object return by fg.snpscan
... additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
```

#### **Details**

Below lists all columns for the analysis with curve 'Legendre2' and covariance 'AR1':

```
#obj.fgwas is result object of 'fgwas' method.
> colnames(summary(obj.fgwas))
                               "CHR"
                                             "P0S"
                                                          "MAF"
 [1] "INDEX"
                  "NAME"
                  "SNP0"
                                             "SNP2"
                               "SNP1"
                                                          "GENO"
 [6] "NMISS"
[11] "LR"
                  "pv"
                               "L0"
                                             "h0.X0"
                                                          "h0.X1"
[16] "h0.X2"
                  "h0.X3"
                               "h0.X4"
                                             "h0.X5"
                                                          "h0.X6"
[21] "h0.u0"
                  "h0.u1"
                               "h0.u2"
                                             "h0X.rho"
                                                          "h0X.sigma2"
[26] "L1"
                  "h1.X0"
                               "h1.X1"
                                             "h1.X2"
                                                          "h1.X3"
[31] "h1.X4"
                  "h1.X5"
                               "h1.X6"
                                             "h1.G0.u0"
                                                          "h1.G0.u1"
[36] "h1.G0.u2"
                  "h1.G1.u0"
                               "h1.G1.u1"
                                            "h1.G1.u2"
                                                          "h1.G2.u0"
[41] "h1.G2.u1"
                  "h1.G2.u2"
                               "h1X.rho"
                                            "h1X.sigma2" "h0.R2"
[46] "h1.R2"
```

## Value

This function returns a data frame including the results of scanned SNPs and excluding covariate and curve object.

```
# data simulation
r<-fg.simulate("Logistic", "AR1", 2000, 500, 1:7, sig.pos=190 );
# SNP scaning
obj.scan <- fg.snpscan(r$obj.gen, r$obj.phe, covariance.type="AR1", method="fast");</pre>
```

```
# summarize the result object
tb <- summary(obj.scan);
# show the summary table
head(tb);</pre>
```

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