```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
     #define MAX LENGTH 100
1
     using namespace std;
2
3
     // defining class with overloaded operators
4
     class LARGE_NUMBER
5
     { private:
6
          int value[MAX_LENGTH];
7
          int length;
8
9
       public:
10
          LARGE_NUMBER();
11
          // OVERLOADING THE cin and cout operators
12
          friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os,LARGE_NUMBER &num)
13
14
            for(int i=num.length-1;i>=0;i--)
15
16
17
              os<<num.value[i];
18
19
            return os;
20
21
          friend istream & operator >> (istream &in,LARGE_NUMBER &num)
22
23
            string str;
24
           int i1,j1,k1;
25
           cout<<"Enter a number :";
26
           cin>>str;
27
           for(i1=0;str[i1]!='\0';i1++);
28
           num.length=i1;
29
           k1=0;
30
           for(j1=i1-1;j1>=0;j1--)
31
32
             num.value[j1]=str[k1++]-48;
33
           }
34
35
36
          // Overloading the '+' operator taking a LARGE_NUMBER as a formal parameter
37
          LARGE NUMBER operator+( LARGE NUMBER oper2 )
38
39
            LARGE_NUMBER temp_number;
40
            int carry = 0;
41
            int c,i;
42
            if(length>oper2.length)
43
               c=length;
44
45
               c=oper2.length;
46
47
            for ( i=0; i<c; i++ )
48
49
               temp_number.value[ i ] =value[ i ] + oper2.value[ i ] + carry;
50
               if ( temp_number.value[ i ] > 9 )
51
52
                 temp_number.value[ i ] %= 10;
53
                 carry = 1;
54
55
               else
56
                 carry = 0;
57
58
            if(carry==1)
59
60
               temp_number.length=c+1;
61
               if(temp_number.length>=MAX_LENGTH)
62
                 cout<<"LENGTH IS BEYOND LIMIT..\n";
63
               else
64
                 temp_number.value[i]=carry;
65
```

```
66
             }
67
             else
68
             temp_number.length=c;
69
             return temp_number;
70
71
           // Overloading the '-' operator taking
72
           LARGE_NUMBER operator-( LARGE_NUMBER oper2 )
73
74
             LARGE_NUMBER temp_number;
75
76
             if(length>oper2.length)
77
               c=length;
78
             else
79
               c=oper2.length;
80
             int borrow_value = 0;
81
             if(value[c-1]>=oper2.value[c-1])
82
83
               for( int i = 0; i < c; i++)
84
85
                  if(borrow_value==0)
86
87
                    if(value[i]>=oper2.value[i])
88
89
                    temp_number.value[i]=value[i]-oper2.value[i];
90
                    }
91
                    else
92
93
                       borrow_value=1;
94
                       temp_number.value[i]=value[i]+10-oper2.value[i];
95
96
                  }
97
                  else
98
99
                    if(value[i]-1>=oper2.value[i])
100
101
                       temp_number.value[i]=value[i]-1-oper2.value[i];
102
103
                    else
104
105
                       borrow_value=1;
106
                       temp_number.value[i]=value[i]+9-oper2.value[i];
107
                    }
108
                  }
109
110
               temp_number.length=c;
111
             return temp_number;
112
113
             else
114
115
               cout<<"\nFirst input number is smaller, enter again .\n"<<endl;
116
117
             }
118
119
120
           // Overloading the assignment operator .
121
           LARGE_NUMBER operator*( LARGE_NUMBER oper2)
122
123
             cout<<"Assignment operator"<<"\n";</pre>
124
             if(this == &oper2)
125
126
               cout<<"Address same"<<"\n";
127
               return *this;
128
129
             else{
130
               int *Temporary;
131
               Temporary = new int[oper2.length];
132
               for(int i=0;i<oper2.length;i++)</pre>
```

```
133
                 Temporary[i]=oper2.value[i];
134
135
136
               return *this;
137
             }
138
          }
139
     };
140
141
     // A defualt construct to initialize the value of each index to zero and find the length of LARGE_NUMBER
142
143
     LARGE_NUMBER::LARGE_NUMBER()
144
145
        for ( int i = 0; i < MAX\_LENGTH; i++)
146
             value[i] = 0;
147
        length = MAX_LENGTH-1;
148
149
150
     int main()
151
152
        int ch;
153
        // Declaring objects of Class LARGE_NUMBER
154
155
        LARGE_NUMBER number_1,number_2,number_3,result;
156
        // Getting inputs ..
157
      while(true){
158
159
        printf("\n \n");
160
        printf("Enter you choice ..\n");
161
        printf("1.Adding Larger numbers\n");
162
        printf("2.Subtracting Large numbers\n");
163
        printf("3.Assigning one large number to another number \n");
164
        scanf("%d",&ch);
165
166
        if(ch==1)
167
168
        cin>>number_1;
169
        cin>>number_2;
170
        result = number_1+number_2;
171
        cout<<number_1<<" "<< "+ "<< number_2 << " = " << result<< endl;
172
        }
173
        else if(ch==2)
174
        {
175
        cin >> number_1;
176
        cin >> number_2;
177
        result = number_1 - number_2;
178
        cout << number_1<< " - " << number_2 << " = " << result << endl;
179
        }
180
        else if(ch==3)
181
        {
182
          cin>>number_1;
183
          number_3=number_1;
184
          printf("After assigning it to another number\n");
185
          cout<< number_3 <<"\n";
186
        }
187
        else{
188
          printf("Enter A Valid Choice choice \n");
189
          continue;
190
191
        }
192
193
      }
     }
```