

Computer Organization And Architecture

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1. MIPS Program to print "Hello, MIPS"

.data

msg: .asciiz "Hello, MIPS"

.text

.globl main


main:

la \$a0, msg

li \$v0, 4

syscall

jr \$ra

 Console

Hello, MIPS

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2. Given below is a program in MIPS assembly language that computes the area of a rectangle given the width and the height.

The width and height are read from the standard input after prompting the user, and then the program computes the area and prints it on the standard output console.

.data

prompt1: .asciiz "Enter the Width : "

prompt2: .asciiz "\nEnter the Height : "

area: .asciiz "\nThe Area of Rectangle is : "

.text

.globl main

main:

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$8,\$0,\$v0

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,prompt2  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,5  
syscall  
add $9,$0,$v0
```

```
mult $8,$9  
mflo $10
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,area  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$10  
syscall
```

exit:

```
ori $v0,$0,10  
syscall
```

Console

Enter the Width : 5

Enter the Height : 10

The Area of Rectangle is : 50

3. Modify the above given program so that it also calculates and prints the perimeter (i.e., sum of all sides) of the rectangle.

.data

prompt1: .ascii "Enter the Width : "

prompt2: .ascii "\nEnter the Height : "

area: .ascii "\nThe Area of Rectangle is : "

perimeter: .ascii "\n\nThe Perimeter of Rectangle is : "

.text

.globl main

main:

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$8,\$0,\$v0

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,prompt2  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,5  
syscall  
add $9,$0,$v0  
mult $8,$9  
mflo $10
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,area  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$10  
syscall
```

```
add $8,$8,$9  
addi $10,$0,2  
mult $8,$10  
mflo $10
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4
la $a0,perimeter
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1
add $a0,$0,$10
syscall
```

exit:

```
ori $v0,$0,10
syscall
```

```
Console
Enter the Width : 2
Enter the Height : 4
The Area of Rectangle is : 8
The Perimeter of Rectangle is : 12|
```

4. For any choice of a and b, find $(a+b)^2$, and print the result. Also print results of each term in the expansion.

.data

```
prompt1: .asciiz "Enter the A : "
```

```
prompt2: .asciiz "\nEnter the B : "
```

```
a1: .ascii "\nA : "
```

```
b1: .ascii "\n\nB : "
```

```
cout: .ascii "\n\nA^2 : "
```

```
bout: .ascii "\n\nB^2 : "
```

```
cout: .ascii "\n\n2AB : "
```

```
finalout: .ascii "\n\n(A+B)^2 => A^2 + B^2 + 2AB => "
```

```
.text
```

```
.globl main
```

```
main:
```

```
    addi $v0,$0,4
```

```
    la $a0,prompt1
```

```
    syscall
```

```
    addi $v0,$0,5
```

```
    syscall
```

```
    add $8,$0,$v0
```

```
    addi $v0,$0,4
```

```
    la $a0,prompt2
```

```
    syscall
```

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$9,\$0,\$v0

add \$11,\$0,\$8

add \$12,\$0,\$9

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,a1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$11

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,b1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$12

syscall

mult \$8,\$8

mflo \$13

mult \$9,\$9

mflo \$14

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,aout

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$13

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,bout

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$14

syscall

addi \$15,\$0,2

mult \$11,\$15

mflo \$10

mult \$10,\$12

mflo \$10

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,cout

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$10

syscall

add \$15,\$13,\$14

add \$15,\$15,\$10

addi \$v0,\$0,4


la \$a0,finalout

syscall

```
addi $v0,$0,1
add $a0,$0,$15
syscall
```

exit:

```
ori $v0,$0,10
syscall
```

 Console


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```
Enter the A : 5
Enter the B : 6

A : 5
B : 6

A^2 : 25
B^2 : 36
2AB : 60

(A+B)^2 => A^2 + B^2 + 2AB => 121|
```

 Console

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```
Enter the A : 2
Enter the B : 5

A : 2
B : 5

A^2 : 4
B^2 : 25
2AB : 20

(A+B)^2 => A^2 + B^2 + 2AB => 49
```

5. Find and print the base of a triangle whose area = 6cm^2 and height is 4 cm. [Display the unit of the base].

.data

prompt1: .ascii "Enter the Area of Triangle : "

prompt2: .ascii "\nEnter the Height of Triangle : "

area : .ascii "\nArea of Triangle is : "

height: .ascii "\n\nHeight of Triangle is : "

base: .ascii "\n\nBase of Triangle : "

unit: .ascii " cm"

.text

.globl main

main:

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$8,\$0,\$v0

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt2

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$9,\$0,\$v0

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,area

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$8

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,height

syscall

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$9  
syscall
```

```
addi $10,$0,2  
mult $10,$8  
mflo $10
```

```
div $10,$9  
mflo $10
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,base  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$10  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,unit  
syscall
```

exit:

```
ori $v0,$0,10
```

```
syscall
```

```
Console
Enter the Area of Triangle : 6
Enter the Height of Triangle : 4
Area of Triangle is : 6
Height of Triangle is : 4
Base of Triangle : 3 cm
```

6. A car approaching a school zone speeds up from 9 m/s to 27 m/s with constant acceleration 2 m/s².

How much time is required to slow down to final velocity? [Print the result with units, Hint: $v = u + at$]

.data

```
prompt1: .ascii "Enter the v : "
```

```
prompt2: .ascii "\nEnter the u : "
```

```
prompt3: .ascii "\nEnter the a : "
```

```
v: .ascii "\nv : "
```

```
u: .ascii "\nu : "
```

```
a: .ascii "\na : "
```

```
time: .ascii "\nTime Required : "
```

.text

.globl main

main:

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt1

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$8,\$0,\$v0

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt2

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,5

syscall

add \$9,\$0,\$v0

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,prompt3

syscall


```
addi $v0,$0,5  
syscall  
add $t0,$0,$v0
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,v  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$8  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,u  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,1  
add $a0,$0,$9  
syscall
```

```
addi $v0,$0,4  
la $a0,a
```

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1

add \$a0,\$0,\$10

syscall

sub \$8,\$8,\$9

div \$8,\$10

mflo \$8

addi \$v0,\$0,4

la \$a0,time

syscall

addi \$v0,\$0,1


add \$a0,\$0,\$8

syscall

exit:

ori \$v0,\$0,10

syscall

 Console

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Enter the v : 27

Enter the u : 9

Enter the a : 2

v : 27

u : 9

a : 2

Time Required : 9

Thankyou!!