

19CSE313

## Principles of Programming Languages

### Lab 9

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```
Prelude> :t print
print :: Show a => a -> IO ()
Prelude> :t putChar
putChar :: Char -> IO ()
Prelude> :t getChar
getChar :: IO Char
Prelude> :t putStr
putStr :: String -> IO ()
Prelude> :t getLine
getLine :: IO String
Prelude> :t readLn
readLn :: Read a => IO a
```

1 - Using do command

main = do

```
{
    putStrLn "Hello!";
    putStrLn "What's your Name?";
}
```

main = do

```
    putStrLn "Hello"
    putStrLn "What's your Name?"
```

```
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./1
Hello!
What's your Name?
```

2 - To create a list of characters reading the input from the user.

```
main = do
```

```
{
```

```
    a <- getL;
```

```
    print a;
```

```
}
```

```
getL :: IO [Char]
```

```
getL = do {
```

```
    c <- getChar ;
```

```
    if c == '\n' then return [];
```

```
    else do {
```

```
        cs <- getL;
```

```
        return (c : cs); }}
```

```
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./2
abhishek
"abhishek"
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./2
Hello Hello Hello
"Hello Hello Hello"
```

3 - To find the sum of two numbers read from the user.

```
main = do
```

```
  a <- readLn
```

```
  b <- readLn
```

```
  putStr "Sum is "
```

```
  print (a+b)
```

```
mysum a b = a + b
```

```
main = do
```

```
  a <- readLn
```

```
  b <- readLn
```

```
  print $ mysum a b
```

```
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ghc 3.hs
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./3
10
10
Sum is 20
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./3
0
-1
Sum is -1
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ghc 3.hs
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
Linking 3 ...
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./3
45
45
90
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./3
345678
34789
380467
```

( 3.hs, 3.o )

4 - To read a list of integers from the user and print it.

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter a list of integers : "
```

```
    list <- getLine
```

```
    putStr "The entered list is : "
```

```
    print (read list :: [Int])
```

```
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./4
Enter a list of integers :
[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
The entered list is : [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./4
Enter a list of integers :
[]
The entered list is : []
```

## Exercise

1 - Read a string and display its length.

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the String : "
```

```
    s <- getLine
```

```
    print (length(s))
```

```
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./1
Enter the String :
Abhi
4
0_0 a3x3k 0_0 → ./1
Enter the String :
Hello this is Haskell!
22
```

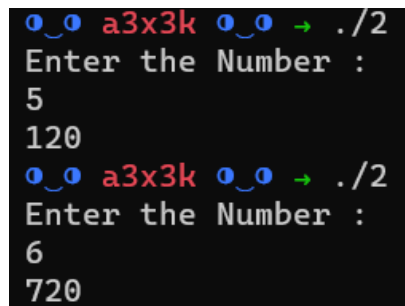
2 - Read an integer and print the factorial of the number.

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the Number :
```

```
    n <- readLn
```

```
    print (product [1..n])
```



```
a3x3k ./.2
Enter the Number :
5
120
a3x3k ./.2
Enter the Number :
6
720
```

3 - Display the count of even and odd numbers from the list of integers.

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter a list of integers : "
```

```
    list <- getLine
```

```
    let ls = read list :: [Int]
```

```
    putStrLn "Odd Count"
```

```
    print (length (filter odd ls))
```

```
    putStrLn "Even Count"
```

```
    print (length (filter even ls))
```

```

a3x3k → ./3
Enter a list of integers :
[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
Odd Count
5
Even Count
5
a3x3k → ./3
Enter a list of integers :
[1,2,3,1,2,3,5,7,3,5,7,9,2,1]
Odd Count
11
Even Count
3

```

4 - Print n Fibonacci numbers

```
fib a b = a : fib b (a+b)
```

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the number"
```

```
    n <- readLn
```

```
    print (take n (fib 0 1))
```

```

a3x3k → ./4
Enter the number
6
[0,1,1,2,3,5]
a3x3k → ./4
Enter the number
10
[0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21,34]

```

5 - Create a simple calculator with the operations +, -, /, \*. Read two numbers and the operation, compute the operation and print the result.

```
sumOf a b c | c == 1 = a + b
```

```
| c == 2 = a - b
```

```
| c == 3 = a * b
```

```
| c == 4 = a / b
```

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the Number 1"
```

```
    a <- readLn
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the Number 2"
```

```
    b <- readLn
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter the 1 for Addition - 2 for Subtraction - 3 for Multiplication -  
    4 for Division"
```

```
    c <- readLn
```

```
    print (sumOf a b c)
```

```

a3x3k ./.5
Enter the Number 1
45
Enter the Number 2
5
Enter the 1 for Addition - 2 for Subtraction - 3 for Multiplication - 4 for Division
1
50.0
a3x3k ./.5
Enter the Number 1
45
Enter the Number 2
5
Enter the 1 for Addition - 2 for Subtraction - 3 for Multiplication - 4 for Division
2
40.0
a3x3k ./.5
Enter the Number 1
45
Enter the Number 2
5
Enter the 1 for Addition - 2 for Subtraction - 3 for Multiplication - 4 for Division
3
225.0
a3x3k ./.5
Enter the Number 1
45
Enter the Number 2
5
Enter the 1 for Addition - 2 for Subtraction - 3 for Multiplication - 4 for Division
4
9.0

```

6 - Read the list of integers from the user and prints a tuple pair with an even sum and the odd sum of the elements from the list.

```
find :: Integral a => [a] -> (a,a)
```

```
find x = (sum [i | i <- x, i `mod` 2 == 0], sum [i | i <- x, i `mod` 2 /= 0])
```

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter a list of integers : "
```

```
    list <- getLine
```

```
    let ls = read list :: [Int]
```

```
    print (find ls)
```



```

a3x3k → ./6
Enter a list of integers :
[1,2,3,4]
(6,4)
a3x3k → ./6
Enter a list of integers :
[1,3,5,7]
(0,16)

```

7 - Read a list of integers from the user which prints a list of integers, except that each odd element of the list is replaced by the square of that element.

```
main = do
```

```
    putStrLn "Enter a list of integers : "
```

```
    list <- getLine
```

```
    let ls = read list :: [Int]
```

```
    print ([if i `mod` 2 /= 0 then i*i else i | i <- ls])
```

```

a3x3k → ./7
Enter a list of integers :
[1,2,3,4,5]
[1,2,9,4,25]
a3x3k → ./7
Enter a list of integers :
[3,7,5,9,2]
[9,49,25,81,2]
a3x3k → ./7
Enter a list of integers :
[1,3,5,7,9,11]
[1,9,25,49,81,121]

```

*Thankyou!!*