## Lab Sheet 2

## **KNN Implementation**

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# Load Dataset

import pandas as pd

data = pd.read\_csv("/content/Diabetes.csv")

# Display First 10 Rows

data.head(15)

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	DiabetesPe	digreeF	unction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	0.627	50	1		
1	1	85	66	0.351 3	31 (	)		
2	8	183	64	0.672	32	1		
3	1	89	66	0.167 2	21 (	)		
4	0	137	40	2.288	33	1		
5	5	116	74	0.201	30	0		
6	3	78	50	0.248 2	26	l		
7	10	115	0	0.134	29	0		
8	2	197	70	0.158	53	1		
9	8	125	96	0.232	54	1		
10	4	110	92	0.191	30	0		
11	10	168	74	0.537	34	1		
12	10	139	80	1.441	57	0		
13	1	189	60	0.398	59	1		
14	5	166	72	0.587	51	1		

[15 rows x 9 columns]

```
# Split Data Set into Train and Test
train\_percent = round((data.shape[0]*80)/100)
print("Train Data :",train_percent)
test\_percent = round((data.shape[0]*20)/100)
print("Test Data :",test_percent)
Train Data: 614
Test Data: 154
XTrain = data[:train_percent]
XTest = data[train_percent:]
print("Train Set :", XTrain.shape, "\nTest Set:", XTest.shape)
Train Set : (614, 9)
Test Set: (154, 9)
# Split the dataset into 80% training and 20% testing
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
Y = data.Outcome # Only Target Label
X = data.drop('Outcome',axis=1) # Features
# axis = Whether to drop 0 - labels from the index or 1 - columns.
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.2)
print(x_train.head(), "\n", y_train.head())
   Pregnancies Glucose BloodPressure ... BMI DiabetesPedigreeFunction Age
                            90 ... 29.9
473
           7
                136
                                                     0.210 50
465
           0
                124
                            56 ... 21.8
                                                     0.452 21
72
          13
                126
                            90 ... 43.4
                                                     0.583 42
                            58 ... 33.3
                                                     0.261 23
127
           1
                118
204
           6
                            72 ... 37.7
                                                     0.324 55
                103
```

```
[5 rows x 8 columns]
473
    0
465 0
72
    1
127 0
204 0
Name: Outcome, dtype: int64
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
st_scaler=StandardScaler()
x_train=st_scaler.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test=st_scaler.transform(x_test)
     We have to execute, scaler=StandardScaler().fit(X_Test)
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(x_test)
print(y_pred)
[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1
0000100011000000100101000011000101101
0001100110110001100010001111000100100
0000111
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print()
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print()
```

```
print(classification\_report(y\_test,\ y\_pred))
```

[[87 12] [30 25]]

## 0.7272727272727273

pred	precision			recall f1-score		
0	0.74	0.88	3 0	0.81	99	
1	0.68	0.45	5 0	).54	55	
accuracy			0.	73	154	
macro avg	0.7	1	0.67	0.6	57	154
weighted avg	0.	72	0.73	0.	71	154

Above confusion matrix shows that there are,

- 87 True Negative cases
- 25 True Positive cases
- 12 False Positive cases
- 30 False Negative cases

import numpy as np

Actual Outcome 1 : 55 Predicted Outcome 1 : 37

```
print('Actual Outcome 0 :',np.sum(y_test==0))
print('Predicted Outcome 0 :',np.sum(y_pred==0))
print()

print('Actual Outcome 1 :',np.sum(y_test==1))
print('Predicted Outcome 1 :',np.sum(y_pred==1))
Actual Outcome 0 : 99
Predicted Outcome 0 : 117
```

```
Total number of correct prediction is 87 + 25 = 112
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
k = []
accuracy = []
for i in range(2,20,3):
  classifier = KNeighborsClassifier (n\_neighbors = i) \\
  classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
  y_pred = classifier.predict(x_test)
  print('Now K =',i)
  print()
  print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
  print()
  accuracy.append(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
  print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
  print()
  k.append(i)
plt.plot(k,accuracy)
plt.xlabel('K Value')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.show()
Now K = 2
[[90 9]
[32 23]]
         precision recall f1-score support
             0.74
                                         99
                      0.91
                              0.81
```

1 0.72 0.42 0.53 55

accuracy 0.73 154 macro avg 0.73 0.66 0.67 154 weighted avg 0.73 0.73 0.71 154

Now K = 5

[[84 15] [22 33]]

precision recall f1-score support

0 0.79 0.85 0.82 99 1 0.69 0.60 0.64 55

accuracy 0.76 154 macro avg 0.74 0.72 0.73 154 weighted avg 0.75 0.76 0.76 154

Now K = 8

[[88 11] [27 28]]

precision recall f1-score support

0 0.77 0.89 0.82 99 1 0.72 0.51 0.60 55

accuracy 0.75 154 macro avg 0.74 0.70 0.71 154 weighted avg 0.75 0.75 0.74 154 Now K = 11

[[86 13] [27 28]]

precision recall f1-score support

0 0.76 0.87 0.81 99 1 0.68 0.51 0.58 55

accuracy 0.74 154 macro avg 0.72 0.69 0.70 154 weighted avg 0.73 0.74 0.73 154

Now K = 14

[[89 10] [31 24]]

precision recall f1-score support

0 0.74 0.90 0.81 99 1 0.71 0.44 0.54 55

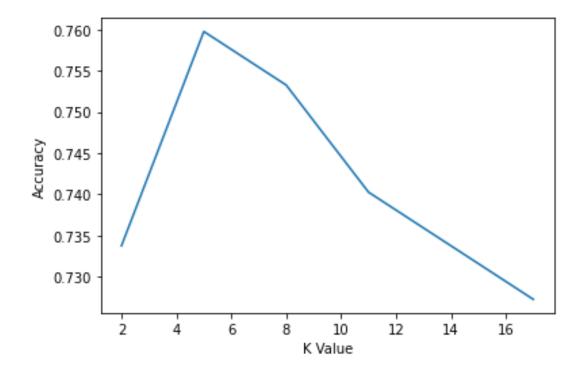
accuracy 0.73 154 macro avg 0.72 0.67 0.68 154 weighted avg 0.73 0.73 0.72 154

Now K = 17

[[87 12] [30 25]] precision recall f1-score support

0 0.74 0.88 0.81 99 1 0.68 0.45 0.54 55

accuracy 0.73 154 macro avg 0.71 0.67 0.67 154 weighted avg 0.72 0.73 0.71 154



## **KNN** with Diabetes Dataset

df = pd.read\_csv('/content/Diabetes.csv')

df.head()

 $Pregnancies \ \ Glucose \ \ BloodPressure \ \dots \ \ Diabetes Pedigree Function \ \ Age \ \ Outcome$ 

0 6 148 72 ... 0.627 50 1 1 1 85 66 ... 0.351 31 0 2 8 183 64 ... 0.672 32 1 3 1 89 66 ... 0.167 21 0

```
4
         0
             137
                          40 ...
                                             2.288 33 1
[5 rows x 9 columns]
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
arr = df.values
X = arr[:,0:8]
Y = arr[:,8]
x_{train}, x_{test}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.20,
random_state=1)
print(x_test)
[[7.00e+00\ 1.36e+02\ 7.40e+01\ ...\ 2.60e+01\ 6.47e-01\ 5.10e+01]
[1.00e+00 1.51e+02 6.00e+01 ... 2.61e+01 1.79e-01 2.20e+01]
[6.00e+00 1.09e+02 6.00e+01 ... 2.50e+01 2.06e-01 2.70e+01]
[8.00e+00 1.88e+02 7.80e+01 ... 4.79e+01 1.37e-01 4.30e+01]
[5.00e+00 1.36e+02 8.20e+01 ... 0.00e+00 6.40e-01 6.90e+01]
[4.00e+00 9.00e+01 0.00e+00 ... 2.80e+01 6.10e-01 3.10e+01]]
Dist = []
row_id = 0
index = 0
euclidean = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Row ID of X Train', 'Row ID of X Test','Distance',
'Outcome'])
for i in range(len(x_train)):
  d = []
  for j in range(len(x_test)):
    I = [i,j]
```

```
diff = x_train[i] - x_test[j]
    dist = np.linalg.norm(diff)
    l.append(dist)
    l.append(y_train[i])
    euclidean.loc[index] = I
    index += 1
    d.append(dist)
  Dist.extend(d)
euclidean
    Row ID of X Train Row ID of X Test Distance Outcome
0
                          0.0 28.436070
             0.0
                                             1.0
1
             0.0
                          1.0 141.348682
                                              1.0
2
             0.0
                          2.0 138.930183
                                              1.0
3
             0.0
                          3.0 156.103828
                                             1.0
4
             0.0
                          4.0 62.659875
                                             1.0
94551
              613.0
                            149.0 61.204806
                                                  1.0
              613.0
                            150.0 142.338699
                                                  1.0
94552
94553
              613.0
                            151.0 94.890878
                                                  1.0
              613.0
                            152.0 64.717931
94554
                                                  1.0
94555
              613.0
                            153.0 86.965585
                                                  1.0
[94556 rows x 4 columns]
matrix = euclidean.values
sorted_matrix = matrix[matrix[:,2].argsort()]
data = pd.DataFrame(sorted_matrix,columns=['Row ID of X Train', 'Row ID of X
Test', 'Distance', 'Outcome'])
data.head()
```

```
Row ID of X Train Row ID of X Test Distance Outcome
                      18.0 3.586227
0
          67.0
                                         0.0
1
         440.0
                       29.0 3.834006
                                         1.0
2
         359.0
                      100.0 4.240072
                                         0.0
3
         281.0
                       61.0 4.244632
                                         0.0
4
         137.0
                      137.0 4.275231 1.0
y_pred = []
for i in range(X_test.shape[0]):
  out = data.loc[data['Row ID of X Test']==i].iloc[:5,:]['Outcome'].sum()
  if out > 2:
    y_pred.append(1)
  else:
    y_pred.append(0)
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
0.7337662337662337
```