Python Function Arguments

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Function Arguments

• An argument is the **value that are sent to the function** when it is called.

```
def greet(name, msg):
    print("Hello", name + ', ' + msg)
greet("Anoop", "Good morning")
```

Output

Hello Anoop, Good morning



Function Arguments

- An argument is the **value that are sent to the function** when it is called.
- Four types of arguments:-
 - Positional Arguments
 - Default Arguments
 - Keyword Arguments
 - Arbitrary Arguments



Positional Arguments

- Positional arguments are the arguments passed to a function in correct positional order.
- Also called as required arguments.
- Here, the number of arguments in the function call should match exactly with the function definition.

```
def greet(name, msg):
    print("Hello", name + ', ' + msg)
greet("Anoop", "Good morning")
```

Output

Hello Anoop, Good morning



Default Arguments

• A default argument is an argument that assumes a default value if a value is not provided in the function call for that argument.

```
def greet(name, msg = 'Good morning'):
    print("Hello", name + ', ' + msg)

greet("Anoop")
greet("Amal", "How do you do?")
```

Output

```
Hello Anoop, Good morning
Hello Amal, How do you do?
```



Keyword Arguments

- Python allows functions to be called using keyword arguments.
- In this way, the order (position) of the arguments can be changed.

```
def greet(name, msg):
    print("Hello", name + ', ' + msg)

greet(msg = "Good morning", name = "Anoop")
```

Output

Hello Anoop, Good morning



Arbitrary Arguments

- Argument numbers are unknown.
- Precede the parameter with an asterisk (*).

```
def greet(*names):
    # names is a tuple with arguments
    for name in names:
        print("Hello", name)

greet("Anoop", "Amal", "Anjali", "Akhil")
```

Output

```
Hello Anoop
Hello Amal
Hello Anjali
Hello Akhil
```

