

# Talend Open Studio for Data Quality Getting Started Guide

7.3.1

# **Contents**

| Copyleft   | 3  |
|--|----|
| Introduction to Talend Open Studio for Data Quality            | 1  |
| Functional architecture of Talend Open Studio for Data Quality |    |
| Prerequisites to using Talend Open Studio for Data Quality     | 5  |
| Memory requirements  |    |
| Software requirements  |    |
| Installing Java  |    |
| Setting up the Java environment variable on Windows            |    |
| Setting up the Java environment variable on Linux              |    |
| Installing 7-Zip (Windows)                                     | /  |
| Downloading and installing Talend Open Studio for Data Quality |    |
| Downloading Talend Open Studio for Data Quality                |    |
| Installing Talend Studio                                       | 8  |
| Configuring and setting up your Talend product                 |    |
| Launching the Studio for the first time                        |    |
| Installing additional packages                                 | 10 |
| Profiling data   | 12 |
| Setting up input data  |    |
| Identifying anomalies in data                                  | 12 |
| Browsing non-match data  | 20 |
| What's next  |    |

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Adapted for 7.3.1. Supersedes previous releases.

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# Introduction to Talend Open Studio for Data Quality

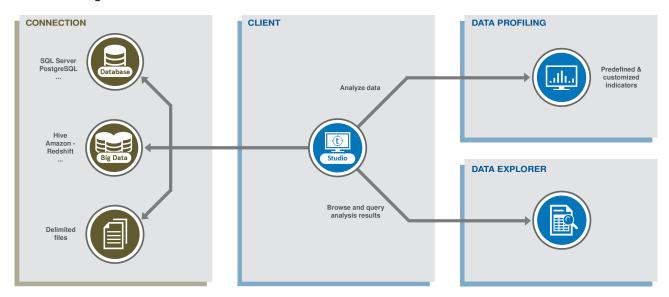
Talend provides unified development and management tools to integrate and process all of your data with an easy to use, visual designer.

From Talend Open Studio for Data Quality, users can access and examine the data available in different data sources and collect statistics and information about this data.

# Functional architecture of Talend Open Studio for Data Quality

The Talend Open Studio for Data Quality functional architecture is an architectural model that identifies Talend Open Studio for Data Quality functions, interactions and corresponding IT needs. The overall architecture has been described by isolating specific functionalities in functional blocks.

The following chart illustrates the main architectural functional blocks.



The different types of functional blocks are:

- A **Profiling** perspective where you can use predefined or customized patterns and indicators to analyze data stored in different data sources.
- A **Data Explorer** perspective where you can browse and query the results of the profiling analyses done on data.

# Prerequisites to using Talend Open Studio for Data Quality

This chapter provides basic software and hardware information required and recommended to get started with your Talend Open Studio for Data Quality.

- Memory requirements on page 5
- Software requirements on page 5

It also guides you to install and configure required and recommended third-party tools:

- Installing Java on page 6
- Setting up the Java environment variable on Windows on page 6 or Setting up the Java environment variable on Linux on page 6
- Installing 7-Zip (Windows) on page 7

# **Memory requirements**

To make the most out of your Talend product, please consider the following memory and disk space usage:

| Memory usage | 3GB minimum, 4 GB recommended |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Disk space   | 3GB                           |

# **Software requirements**

To make the most out of your Talend product, please consider the following system and software requirements:

### **Required software**

Operating System for Talend Studio:

| Support type | Operating system (64 bits only) |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Recommended  | Ubuntu 18.04 LTS                |
| Recommended  | Microsoft Windows 10            |
| Supported    | Apple macOS 10.14/Mojave        |
|              | Apple macOS 10.13/High Sierra   |
|              | Apple macOS 10.12/Sierra        |

- You should install either Oracle Java 8 or 11 JRE, or OpenJDK 1.8 or 11.
- A properly installed and configured MySQL database, with a database named gettingstarted.

# **Optional software**

• 7-Zip.

# **Installing Java**

To use your Talend product, you need a JAVA environment installed on your computer.

This documentation is about Oracle JRE installation. For more information on OpenJDK, see <a href="http://openjdk.java.net/">http://openjdk.java.net/</a>.

### **Procedure**

- 1. From the Java SE Downloads page, under Java Platform, Standard Edition, click the JRE Download.
- 2. From the Java SE Runtime Environment 8 Downloads page, click the radio button to Accept License Agreement.
- **3.** Select the appropriate download for your Operating System.
- **4.** Follow the Oracle installation steps to install Java.

### **Results**

When Java is installed on your computer, you need to set up the JAVA\_HOME environment variable. For more information, see:

- Setting up the Java environment variable on Windows on page 6.
- Setting up the Java environment variable on Linux on page 6.

# Setting up the Java environment variable on Windows

Prior to installing your Talend product, you need to set the JAVA\_HOME and Path environment variables.

### **Procedure**

- 1. Go to the Start Menu of your computer, right-click on Computer and select Properties.
- 2. In the Control Panel Home window, click Advanced system settings.
- 3. In the System Properties window, click Environment Variables....
- **4.** Under **System Variables**, click **New...** to create a variable. Name the variable JAVA\_HOME, enter the path to the Java 8 JRE, and click **OK**.
  - Example of default JRE path: C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0\_77.
- 5. Under **System Variables**, select the **Path** variable and click **Edit...** to add the previously defined JAVA\_HOME variable at the end of the Path environment variable, separated with semi colon.
  - Example: <PathVariable>;%JAVA HOME%\bin.

# Setting up the Java environment variable on Linux

Prior to installing your Talend product, you have to set the JAVA\_HOME and Path environment variables.

### **Procedure**

1. Find the JRE installation home directory.

Example: /usr/lib/jvm/jre1.8.0\_65

**2.** Export it in the JAVA\_HOME environment variable.

Example:

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre1.8.0_65
export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

- **3.** Add these lines at the end of the user profiles in the ~/.profile file or, as a superuser, at the end of the global profiles in the /etc/profile file.
- 4. Log on again.

# **Installing 7-Zip (Windows)**

Talend recommends to install 7-Zip and to use it to extract the installation files: http://www.7-zip.org/download.html.

### **Procedure**

- **1.** Download the 7-Zip installer corresponding to your Operating System.
- 2. Navigate to your local folder, locate and double-click the 7z exe file to install it.

### **Results**

The download will start automatically.

# Downloading and installing Talend Open Studio for Data Quality

Talend Open Studio for Data Quality is easy to install. After downloading it from Talend's Website, a simple unzipping will install it on your computer.

This chapter provides basic information useful to download and install it.

# **Downloading Talend Open Studio for Data Quality**

Talend Open Studio for Data Quality is a free open source product that you can download directly from Talend's Website.

### **Procedure**

- **1.** Go to https://www.talend.com/products/talend-open-studio and click the **Windows Download** button for Talend Open Studio for Data Quality.
- 2. When prompted, click Save File and then OK.

### **Results**

The zip file of download Talend Open Studio for Data Quality is downloaded.

# **Installing Talend Studio**

Unzip the archive previously downloaded to install Talend Studio.

You can do it either by using:

- 7Zip (Windows recommended): Extracting via 7-Zip (Windows recommended) on page 8.
- Windows default unzipper: Extracting via Windows default unzipping tool on page 9.
- Linux default unzipper (for a Linux based Operating System): Extracting via Windows default unzipping tool on page 9.

# **Extracting via 7-Zip (Windows recommended)**

For Windows, Talend recommends you to install 7-Zip and use it to extract files.

To install the Studio, follow the steps below:

### **Procedure**

**1.** Navigate to your local folder, locate the ZIP file previously downloaded and move it to another location with a path as short as possible and without any space character.

Example: C: /Talend/

2. Unzip it by right-clicking on the compressed file and selecting **7-Zip** > **Extract Here**.

# **Extracting via Windows default unzipping tool**

If you do not want to use 7-Zip, you can use Windows default unzipping tool.

# **Procedure**

- 1. Unzip it by right-click the compressed file and select Extract All.
- 2. Click **Browse** and navigate to the C: drive.
- 3. Select Make new folder and name the folder Talend. Click OK.
- **4.** Click **Extract** to begin the installation.

# **Extracting via the Linux GUI unzipper**

To install the Studio, follow the steps below:

### **Procedure**

**1.** Navigate to your local folder, locate the previously downloaded ZIP file and move it to another location with a path as short as possible and without any space character.

Example: home/user/talend/

2. Unzip it by right-clicking on the compressed file and selecting Extract Here.

# Configuring and setting up your Talend product

This chapter provides basic information required to configure and set up your Talend Open Studio for Data Quality.

# Launching the Studio for the first time

The Studio installation directory contains binaries for several platforms including Mac OS X and Linux/Unix.

To open the Talend Studio for the first time, do the following:

### **Procedure**

- 1. Double-click the executable file corresponding to your operating system, for example:
  - TOS\_\*-win-x86\_64.exe, for Windows.
  - TOS \*-linux-gtk-x86 64, for Linux.
  - TOS\_\*-macosx-cocoa.app, for Mac.
- 2. In the **User License Agreement** dialog box that opens, read and accept the terms of the end user license agreement to proceed.

### **Results**

The Talend Studio opens briefly, then the **Connect to Talend Community** wizard opens. You can connect to it to benefit from the Talend community or **Skip this step**.

# Installing additional packages

Talend recommends that you install additional packages, including third-party libraries and database drivers, as soon as you log in to your Talend Studio to allow you to fully benefit from the functionalities of the Studio.

### Before you begin

**Warning:** Make sure that the -Dtalend.disable.internet parameter is not present in the Studio .ini file or is set to false.

### **Procedure**

1. When the **Additional Talend Packages** wizard opens, install additional packages by selecting the **Required** and **Optional third-party libraries** check boxes and clicking **Finish**.

This wizard opens each time you launch the studio if any additional package is available for installation unless you select the **Do not show this again** check box. You can also display this wizard by selecting **Help** > **Install Additional Packages** from the menu bar.

For more information, see the section about installing additional packages in the Talend Open Studio for Data Quality Installation and Upgrade Guide

- 2. In the **Download external modules** window, click the **Accept all** button at the bottom of the wizard to accept all the licenses of the external modules used in the studio.
  - Depending on the libraries you selected, you may need to accept their license more than once.
  - Wait until all the libraries are installed before starting to use the studio.
- **3.** If required, restart your Talend Studio for certain additional packages to take effect.

# **Profiling data**

This chapter takes the example of a company that provides movie rental and streaming video services, and shows how such a company could make use of Talend Studio.

You will work with data about your customers as you learn how to validate email addresses for customers and standardize phone numbers before sending them to the Customer Support System.

# Setting up input data

The example in this document assumes that the customer data you want to profile is stored in a MySQL database.

If you want to replicate the example and use the exact input data, you can download the gettingstarted.sql file of the customer data and then import it in a MySQL database.

# Before you begin

- You have an access to a MySQL database.
- You have downloaded tos\_dq\_gettingstarted\_source\_files.zip from the **Downloads** tab
  of the online version of this page at <a href="https://help.talend.com">https://help.talend.com</a>, and stored the source file
  gettingstarted.sql locally.

### **Procedure**

- 1. Open the MySQL Workbench to launch an instance of the database.
- 2. From the menu bar, select **Server > Data Import** to open the import wizard wizard.
- **3.** Select the **Import from Self-Contained File** option and browse to where you have stored the gettingstarted.sql file.
- **4.** Select the schema to which you want to import the data, or click **New...** to define a new schema.
- 5. Click **Start Import** in the lower right corner.

## Results

The gettingstarted database is imported in the MySQL database.

# Identifying anomalies in data

The use case explains how to use the **Profiling** perspective of the studio to analyze customer email addresses and phone numbers. It uses out-of-box indicators and patterns on the columns and shows the matching and non-matching address data.

You can then use the **Data Explorer** perspective to browse the non-matching data.

The sequence of profiling customer data involves the following steps:

# **Procedure**

- 1. Create a column analysis on customer email addresses and phone numbers.
- 2. Connect to the database which holds the customer data from the analysis editor.
- **3.** Add indicators to provide simple statistics on data such as row, blank and duplicate counts.

- **4.** Add standard patterns against which to match email addresses and phone numbers.
- **5.** Execute the analysis to show results in tables and charts.
- **6.** Access a view of the analyzed data to see invalid records.

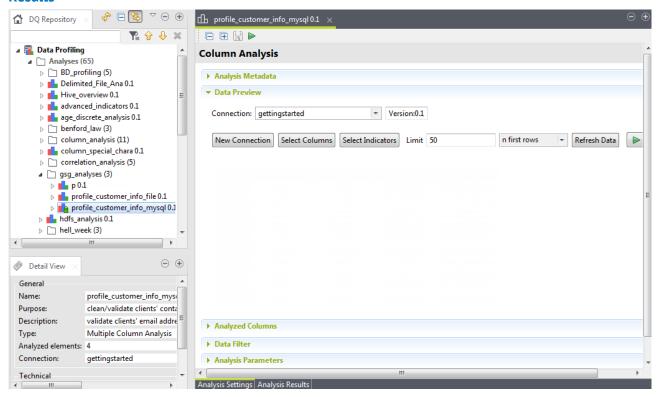
# Defining a column analysis

You want to create a column analysis from the **Profiling** perspective of the Studio to examine the Email and Phone columns in a MySQL databases and collect statistics on them. The analysis runs on several columns but each column is analyzed separately and independently.

### **Procedure**

- 1. In the DQ Repository tree view, right-click Analyses and select New Analysis.
  - The Create New Analysis wizard opens.
- 2. Start typing Basic column analysis in the search field, select **Basic Column Analysis** from the list and click **Next**.
- 3. In the Name field, enter a name for the analysis.
  - The **Name** field is mandatory. Do not use spaces or special characters in the analysis name.
- **4.** Set a purpose and a description for the analysis, and click **Finish** to open the analysis editor.
  - The **Purpose** and **Description** fields are not mandatory, but you are advised to fill in this information which is displayed in **Detail View** when you select the analysis.

### **Results**



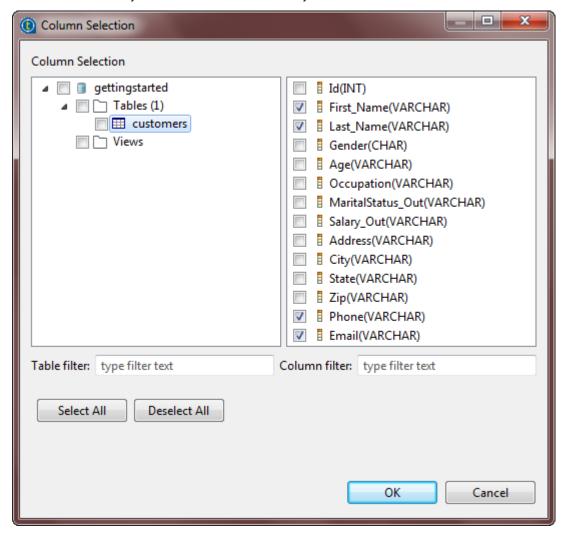
The new analysis is listed under the **Analysis** folder in the **DQ Repository** tree view.

# Creating the database connection

Before you proceed to analyze customer data, stored in the MySQL database in this example, you must first set up the connection to the database.

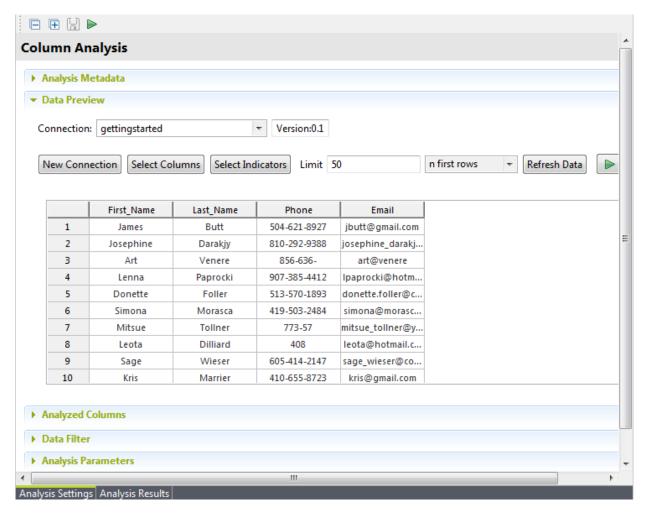
### **Procedure**

- 1. In the analysis editor, click the **New Connection** tab to open the **Create New Connection** wizard.
- 2. From the Connection Type list, select DB connections and click Next.
- **3.** Click **Finish** to create the database connection, list it under the **Metadata** node and open a new step in the wizard.
- **4.** Expand the database connection, click on the table name and select the check boxes of the columns on which you want to create the analysis.



**5.** Click **OK** to close the wizard and list the columns in the analysis editor.

You can click **Refresh Data** to display the actual data in the analysis editor.

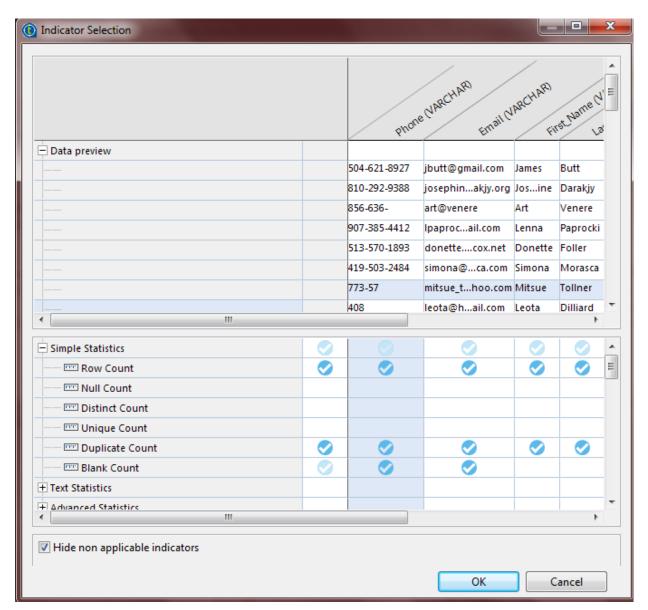


# **Setting system indicators**

This column analysis uses out-of-box indicators to provide simple statistics such as row, blank and duplicate counts on the Email and Phone columns.

### **Procedure**

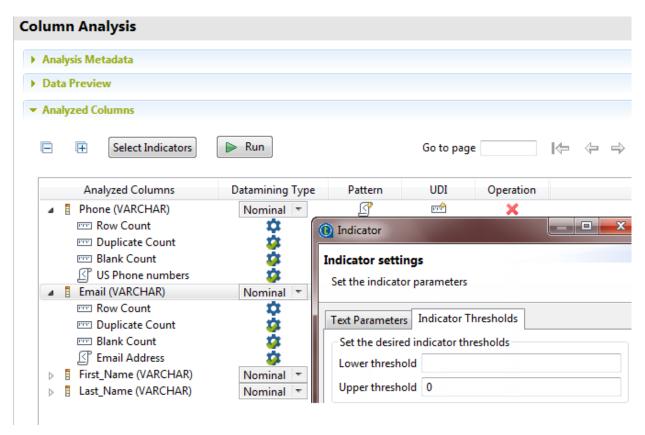
 In the Data Preview section in the analysis editor, click Select indicators to open the Indicator Selection dialog box.



**2.** Expand **Simple Statistics** and select **Row Count**, **Blank Count** and **Duplicate Count**. Click **OK** to close the wizard.

You want to see the row, blank and duplicate counts in the Email and Phone columns to see how consistent the data is.

Indicators are added accordingly to the columns in the **Analyzed Columns** section.



3. Click the icon next to the **Duplicate Count** and **Blank Count** indicator and set 0 in the **Upper** threshold field.

Defining thresholds on the Email and Phone columns is very helpful as it will write in red the count of the duplicate and blank values in the analysis results.

# **Setting patterns**

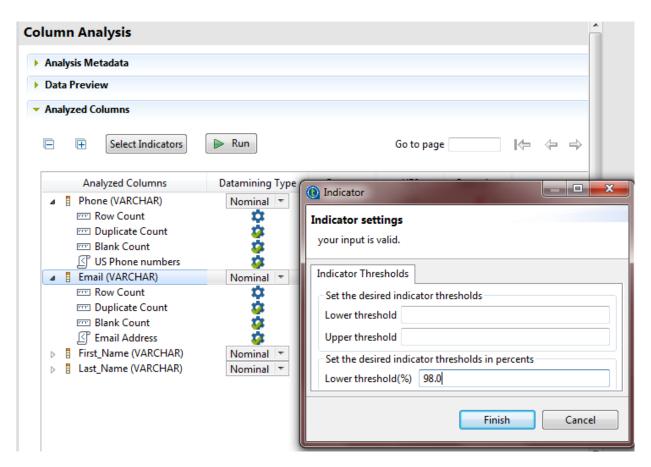
This column analysis uses predefined patterns to match the content of the Email and Phone columns against standard email and US phone patterns respectively. This defines the content, structure and quality of emails and phone numbers and give a percentage of the data that match the standard formats and the data that does not match.

### **Procedure**

- 1. In the **Data Preview** section in the analysis editor, click the icon next to the Email column to open the **Pattern Selector** dialog box.
- Expand Regex > internet, select the Email Address check box and click OK to close the dialog box.
   The pattern is added to the column in the Analyzed Columns section.
- 3. Click the  $\square$  icon next to the Phone column to open the **Pattern Selector** dialog box.
- **4.** Expand **Regex** > **phone**, select the **US phone numbers** check box and click **OK** to close the dialog box.

The pattern is added to the column in the **Analyzed Columns** section.

5. Click the icon next to the **Email Address** and **US phone numbers** patterns and set 98.0 in the **Lower threshold (%)** fields.



If the number of the records that match the patterns is fewer than 98%, it will be written in red in the analysis results.

# Showing analysis results

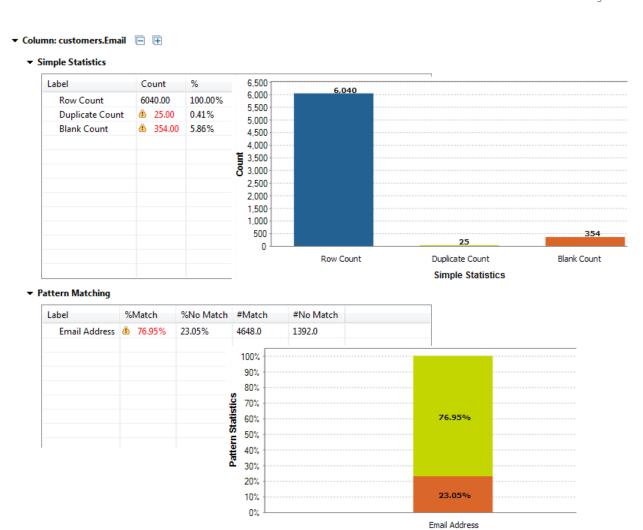
Once you finalize creating the column analysis and setting the indicators and patterns, you can execute it and display analysis results in tables and charts.

### **Procedure**

- **1.** In the **Analysis Parameters**, select **java** from the **Execution engine** list to run the analysis with the Java engine.
- 2. In the analysis editor, press **F6** to execute the analysis or click the **Run** button.

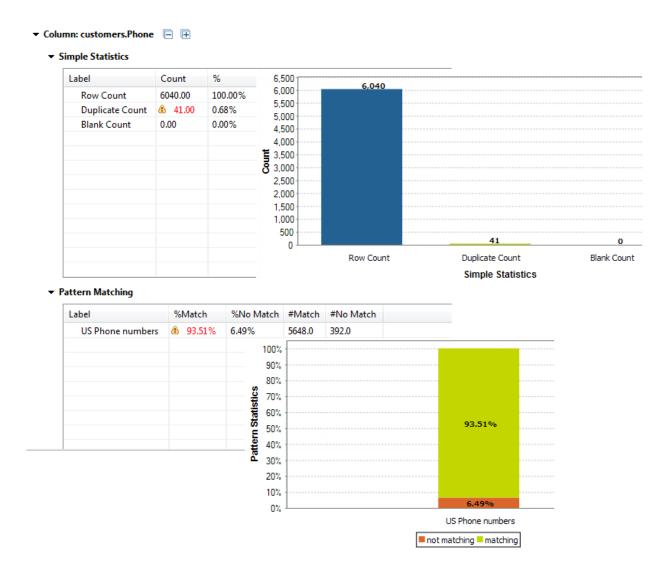
The editor switches to the **Analysis Results** view. The analysis results show the generated charts for the analyzed columns accompanied with tables that detail the statistic and pattern matching results.

The results for the Email column look as the following:



not matching matching

The results for the Phone column look as the following:



### **Results**

The result sets for the Email and Phone columns give the count of the records that match and those that do not match the standard email pattern and the standard US phone numbers respectively. The results also give the blank and duplicate counts. This shows that the data is not very consistent and that it needs to be corrected.

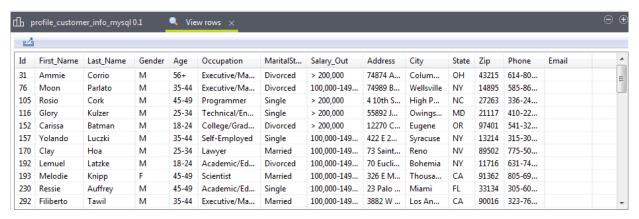
# **Browsing non-match data**

After running the column analysis, you can access a view of the matching and non-matching data. This could be very helpful to see invalid rows for example and start analyzing what needs to be done to validate and cleanse such data.

### **Procedure**

**1.** In the **Analysis Results** view, right-click the **Blank Count** in the statistic results of the Email column and select **View rows** for example.

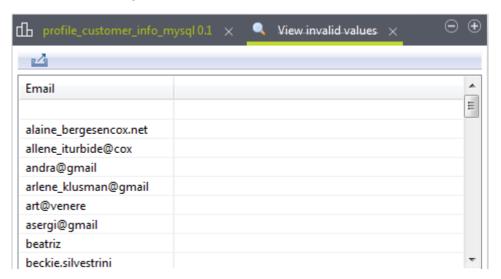
A view opens listing all the blank rows in the Email column.



2. In the **Analysis Results** view, right-click the result in the **Pattern Matching** of the Email column and select **View invalid values** for example.

### **Results**

A view opens listing all the invalid email addresses.



# What's next

You have learned how Talend Studio helps you profile your data and collect statistics and information about it in order to assess the quality level of the data according to defined set goals.

You have seen:

- How to use the **Profiling** perspective of the studio to analyze customer email addresses and phone numbers by using out-of-box indicators and patterns.
- How the analysis results show the matching and non-matching address records and how it is possible to browse such data.

Once you succeed with the simple procedures outlined in <u>Identifying anomalies in data</u> on page 12, you can start digging deeper to see in detail all the profiling capabilities of Talend Studio.

For further information about Talend Studio, see Talend Studio User Guide.

To learn more about Talend products and solutions, visit www.talend.com.