

## **Rent Assessment Committee: Summary reasons for decision. Rent Act 1977**

### **Address of Premises**

3 Church Cottages  
Church Lane  
Holsworthy  
Devon EX22 6EH

### **The Committee members were**

Mr M T Creek MBE (Chairman)  
Mr M J Wright FRICS FAAV  
Dr C W Gronow

## **1. Background**

On 8 September 2003 the landlord applied to the rent officer for registration of a fair rent of £85.00 per week for the above property.

The rent payable at the time of the application was £70.00 per week.

The rent was previously registered on 20 September 2001 with effect from 15 October 2001 at £70.00 per week following a determination by the rent officer.

On 15 October 2003 the rent officer registered a fair rent of £76.00 per week with effect from that date.

By a letter dated 16 October 2003 the landlord objected to the rent determined by the Rent Officer and the matter was referred to the Rent Assessment Committee.

## **2. Inspection**

The Committee inspected the property on 2 December 2003 and found it to be in fair condition as described more particularly in the Rent Officer's survey sheet which had been copied to the parties.

The following tenant's improvements had been made to the property:

Plumbed Rayburn to heat water in living room

Artex to ceiling in Bedroom 1

Built in Wardrobe unit in Bedroom 2

Artex ceiling in Bedroom 2

Vanity unit and shower in Bathroom

### **3. Evidence**

The Committee received written representations from the landlord and these were copied to the other party. No written representations were received from the tenant.

A hearing was arranged for 2 December 2003 at 11.15 am in Launceston but neither party attended.

### **4. The law**

When determining a fair rent the Committee, in accordance with the Rent Act 1977, section 70, had regard to all the circumstances including the age, location and state of repair of the property. It also disregarded the effect of (a) any relevant tenant's improvements and (b) the effect of any disrepair or other defect attributable to the tenant or any predecessor in title under the regulated tenancy, on the rental value of the property.

In *Spath Holme Ltd v Chairman of the Greater Manchester etc. Committee* (1995) 28 HLR 107 and *Curtis v London Rent Assessment Committee* [1999] QB 92 the Court of Appeal emphasised

- (a) that ordinarily a fair rent is the market rent for the property discounted for 'scarcity' (i.e. that element, if any, of the market rent, that is attributable to there being a significant shortage of similar properties in the wider locality available for letting on similar terms - other than as to rent - to that of the regulated tenancy) and
- (b) that for the purposes of determining the market rent, assured tenancy (market) rents are usually appropriate comparables. (These rents may have to be adjusted where necessary to reflect any relevant differences between those comparables and the subject property).

## **5. Valuation**

Thus in the first instance the Committee determined what rent the landlord could reasonably be expected to obtain for the property in the open market if it were let today in the condition that is considered usual for such an open market letting. It did this by having regard to the evidence supplied by the parties and the Committee's own general knowledge of market rent levels in the area of North Cornwall. Having done so it concluded that such a likely market rent would be £85 per week.

However, the actual property is not in the condition considered usual for a modern letting at a market rent. Therefore it was first necessary to adjust that hypothetical rent of £85 per week to allow for the differences between the condition considered usual for such a letting and the condition of the actual property as observed by the Committee (disregarding the effect of any disrepair or other defect attributable to the tenant or any predecessor in title). The Committee considered that this required a deduction of £5.60 per week.

Furthermore, to allow for the tenant's improvements (listed above) it was necessary to make a further deduction of £2 per week.

The Committee did not consider that there was any substantial scarcity element and accordingly no further deduction was made for scarcity.

This leaves a net market rent for the subject property of £77.50 per week.

## **6. Decision**

The fair rent initially determined by the Committee, for the purposes of section 70, was accordingly £77.50 per week.

However, by virtue of the Rent Acts (Maximum Fair Rent) Order 1999 the maximum fair rent that can be registered in the present case is the lower sum of £77.00 per week. (Details are provided on the back of the decision form).

**Accordingly the sum of £77.00 per week will be registered as the fair rent with effect from 2 December 2003 being the date of the Committee's decision.**

(signed)  
Chairman \_\_\_\_\_  
M T CREEK

Dated 2 December 2003

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This document contains a summary of the reasons for the Rent Assessment Committee's decision. If either party requires extended reasons to be given, they will be provided following a request to the committee clerk at the Panel Office which must be made within 21 days from the date of issue of this document.