File Ref No.	LON/00AK/F77/2006/0576
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Notice of the Rent Assessment Committee Decision

Rent Act 1977 Schedule 11

Address of Pr	emises		The Committee	3 m a a ua la a a a		
37 HOPPERS	ROAD, LONDON, N	21 3LN	The Committee members were MISS I PERSADSINGH LLB MR J R HUMPHRYS FRICS MRS S JUSTICE			
Landlord [Mr & Mrs K Papakyria	acou				
Tenant	Mrs M Di Lorenzo					
1. The fair rent		er month	(exclu	iding wat ling any a	er rates and council tax bu mounts in paras 3&4)	
2. The effective	e date is 22 Nove	ember 2006				
3. The amount	for services is £	not applica		Per		
4. The amount rent allowance	for fuel charges (ex	cluding heating a	nd lighting of co	mmon pa	rts) not counting for	
		£ not applicat	Per			
5. The rent is n	ot to be registered a	• •	, i.e.			
	provisions of the R		m Fair Rent) Ord	er 1999 a	pply (please see	
7. Details (othe	r than rent) where d	lifferent from Rent	Register entry			
8. For information	on only:			MATERIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF		
	t to be registered is order 1999. The rent calendar month.	the maximum fair that would otherw	rent as prescrib vise have been re	ed by the egistered	Rent Acts (Maximum was	
Chairman	I Persadsingh		Date of D	ecision	22 November 2006	

MAXIMUM FAIR RENT CALCULATION

LATEST RPI FIGURE x 200.1				
PREVIOUS RPI FIGURE y 183.8				
X 200.1 Minus y 183.8 = (A) 16.3				
(A) 16.3 divided by y 183.8 = (B) 0.088683				
First application for re-registration since 1 February 1999 NO				
If yes (B) plus 1.075 = (C)				
If no (B) plus 1.05 = (C) 1.138683				
Last registered rent* *(exclusive of any variable service charge) Multiplied by (C) = 342.17				
Rounded up to nearest 50 pence = 342.50				
Variable service charge YES/NO				
If YES add amount for services				
MAXIMUM FAIR RENT = 342.50 Per month				

Explanatory Note

- The calculation of the maximum fair rent, in accordance with the formula contained in the Order, is set out above.
- 2. In summary, the formula provides for the maximum fair rent to be calculated by:
 - (a) increasing the previous registered rent by the percentage change in the retail price index (the RPI) since the date of that earlier registration and
 - (b) adding a further 7.5% (if the present application was the first since 1 February 1999) or 5% (if it is a second or subsequent application since that date).
 - A 7.5% increase is represented, in the calculation set out above, by the addition of 1.075 to (B) and an increase of 5% is represented by the addition of 1.05 to (B).

The result is rounded up to the nearest 50 pence.

- 3. For the purposes of the calculation the latest RPI figure (x) is that published in the calendar month immediately before the month in which the Committee's fair rent determination was made.
- 4. The process differs where the tenancy agreement contains a variable service charge and the rent is to be registered as variable under section 71(4) of the Rent Act 1977. In such a case the variable service charge is removed before applying the formula. When the amount determined by the application of the formula is ascertained the service charge is then added to that sum in order to produce the maximum fair rent.

File	Ref	Nο
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LON/00AK/F77/2006/0576

Rent Assessment Committee: Reasons for decision. Rent Act 1977

Address of Premises 37 Hoppers Road London N21 3LN	The Committee members were Miss I Persadsingh LLB Mr J R Humphrys FRICS Mrs S Justice

1. Background

On 25 July 2006 the landlord applied to the rent officer for registration of a fair rent of £900 per month for the above property.

The rent payable at the time of the application was £300.50 per month.

The rent was previously registered on 20 February 2004 with effect from the same date at £300.50 per month following a determination by the rent officer.

On 20 September 2006 the rent officer registered a fair rent of £300.60 per month with effect from that date.

By a letter dated 2 October 2006 the landlord objected to the rent determined by the Rent Officer and the matter was referred to the Rent Assessment Committee.

2. Inspection

The Committee inspected the property on 22 November 2006 and found it to be in poor condition as described more particularly in the Rent Officer's survey sheet which had been copied to the parties.

3. Evidence

The Committee received written representations from the landlord and the tenant and these were copied to the parties.

Neither party requested a hearing at which oral representations could be made.

4. The law

When determining a fair rent the Committee, in accordance with the Rent Act 1977, section 70, had regard to all the circumstances including the age, location and state of repair of the property. It also disregarded the effect of (a) any relevant tenant's improvements and (b) the effect of any disrepair or other defect attributable to the tenant or any predecessor in title under the regulated tenancy, on the rental value of the property.

In Spath Holme Ltd v Chairman of the Greater Manchester etc. Committee (1995) 28 HLR 107 and Curtis v London Rent Assessment Committee [1999] QB 92 the Court of Appeal emphasised

- (a) that ordinarily a fair rent is the market rent for the property discounted for 'scarcity' (i.e. that element, if any, of the market rent, that is attributable to there being a significant shortage of similar properties in the wider locality available for letting on similar terms other than as to rent to that of the regulated tenancy) and
- (b) that for the purposes of determining the market rent, assured tenancy (market) rents are usually appropriate comparables. (These rents may have to be adjusted where necessary to reflect any relevant differences between those comparables and the subject property).

5. Valuation

Thus in the first instance the Committee determined what rent the landlord could reasonably be expected to obtain for the property in the open market if it were let today in the condition that is considered usual for such an open market letting. It did this by having regard to the evidence supplied by the parties and the Committee's own general knowledge of market rent levels in the area of Palmers Green/Winchmore Hill. Having done so it concluded that such a likely market rent would be £1000 per month.

However, the actual property is not in the condition considered usual for a modern letting at a market rent. Therefore it was first necessary to adjust that hypothetical rent of £1000 per month to allow for the differences between the condition considered usual for such a letting and the condition of the actual property as observed by the Committee (disregarding the effect of any disrepair or other defect attributable to the tenant or any predecessor in title). The Committee considered that this required a deduction of £350 per month.

The Committee found that there was substantial scarcity in the locality of Greater London and therefore made a deduction of 20% from the market rent to reflect this element.

6. Decision

The uncapped fair rent initially determined by the Committee, for the purposes of section 70, was accordingly £520 per month.

However, by virtue of the Rent Acts (Maximum Fair Rent) Order 1999 the maximum fair rent that can be registered in the present case is the lower sum of £342.50 per month.

Accordingly the sum of £342.50 per month will be registered as the fair rent with effect from 22 November 2006 being the date of the Committee's decision.

Chairman:

I Persadsingh

Dated:

22 November 2006

This document contains a summary of the reasons for the Rent Assessment Committee's decision. If either party requires extended reasons to be given, they will be provided following a written request to the committee clerk at the Panel Office which must be made within 28 days from the date of issue of this document.

FRSUMREAS/2002