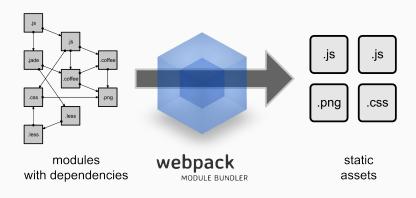
# Webpack React Redux

Alejandro Do Nascimento 2016



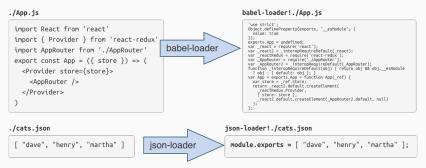
# webpack MODULE BUNDLER

# Webpack



#### Loaders

Webpack can only process JavaScript natively, but loaders are used to transform other resources into JavaScript. By doing so, every resource forms a module.



# Config

```
module.export = {
  devtool: 'source-map'.
  entry: {
    app: '/path/to/entry_file.js',
  },
  output: {
    path: '/path/to/destination/folder/',
    filename: '[name]-[hash].js' // Creates a file app-e5fb0d5a9741647e0223.js
  }.
  module: {
    loaders: [
        test: /\.jsx?$/, // For matching file names
        loaders: [ 'babel?cacheDirectory' ],
        include: [ 'scr/path/js/', 'scr/path/jsx' ] // Path to search
      },
        test: /\.scss$/.
        loaders: [ 'style', 'css', 'sass' ]
  },
  plugins: [
    new webpack.DefinePlugin({
      'process.env': { 'NODE_ENV': JSON.stringify('production') }
    }),
```

# **Executing webpack**

```
"name": "crashui".
"version": "1.0.0",
"dependencies": {
  "babel-core": "^6.11.4",
  "react": "^15.2.1",
  "react-dom": "^15.2.1",
  "redux": "^3.5.2".
}.
"devDependencies": {
  "babel-loader": "^6.2.4",
  "babel-preset-es2015": "^6.9.0",
  "babel-preset-stage-0": "^6.5.0",
  "clean-webpack-plugin": "^0.1.10",
  "standard": "^7.1.2",
  "standard-loader": "^4.0.0",
  "webpack": "^1.13.1".
  "webpack-dev-server": "^1.14.1",
"scripts": { // Commands run in terminal. Ex: npm run build
  "build": "NODE ENV=production webpack --config config/webpack.config.js",
  "lint": "standard \"frontend/**/*.is*\" --verbose | snazzv".
  "start": "NODE ENV=development webpack-dev-server --config config/webpack.config.js",
  "test": "NODE ENV=testing karma start"
}.
```



# React

#### React

JavaScript library for building user interfaces

React lets you express how your app should look at any given point, and can automatically manage all UI updates when your underlying data changes.

Is declarative, which means that React conceptually hits the "refresh" button any time data changes, and knows to only update the changed parts

#### React

```
HTML
```

```
<body>
    <div id="app"> </div>
    <script src="./bundle.js"><//script>
  </body>
index.jsx
  import './main.css'
  import React from 'react'
  import { render } from 'react-dom'
  import App from './components/App.jsx'
  render(<App name='Social Point' />, document.getElementById('app'))
App.jsx
  import React from 'react'
  export default class App extends React.Component {
    render () {
      return (
        <div> Hello {this.props.name} </div>
```

# Components

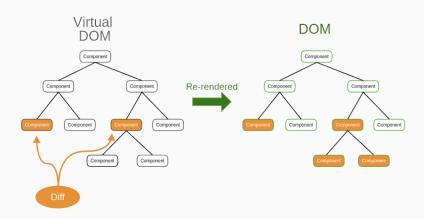
```
<App name='Ainara' />
es5
 var App = React.createClass({
   render: function () {
     return <div> Hello {this.props.name} </div>;
 });
es6 class
 class App extends React.Component {
   render () {
     return (
       <div> Hello {this.props.name} </div>
Stateless
 const App = props => {
     return <div> Hello {props.name} </div>
```

#### JSX

# Compile js

```
class App extends React.Component {
  render () {
    return React.createElement(
        "div",
        null,
        "Hello ",
        this.props.name
    )
  }
}
```

# Virtual Dom



# Anatomy of components

# render()

It returns a single child element, either a virtual representation of a native DOM component or another composite component that you've defined yourself. This method is required.

#### props

```
class App extends React.Component {
   static propTypes = {
      name: React.PropTypes.string.isRequired
   }

   static defaultProps = {
      name: 'Stranger'
   }

   render () {
      return <div> Hello {this.props.name} </div>
   }
}

render(<App name='Alejandro' />, document.getElementById('app'))
```

# Anatomy of components

#### State

```
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor (props) {
    super(props)
   // We have to manually bind class methods to maintain the 'this' reference
    this.increaseCounter = this.increaseCounter.bind(this)
    this.state = {
     counter: 0
 increaseCounter (event) {
    this.setState({ counter: this.state.counter++ }) // setState triggers a render()
 render () {
    return (
     <div>
        {this.state.counter}
        <Button onClick={this.increaseCounter}>
          {this.props.name} click here and increase the counter
        </Button>)
      </div>
```

# Lifecycle methods

## componentWillMount()

Invoked before the initial render. Calling *setState* here will not trigger additional renders.

#### componentDidMount()

Invoked once after the initial render. Real DOM ref exist in this stage. Use for integration with other frameworks, timeouts, ajax call, etc.

### componentWillReceiveProps(oldProps)

Invoked when a component is receiving new props. Used to update state on prop changes.

```
componentWillRecieveProps (oldProps) {
  this.setState({ // Does not trigger additional renders
    didIncrease: oldProps.value > this.props.value
  })
}
```

# Lifecycle methods

# shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps, nextState)

Invoked before rendering before a new state or props changed. If false is returned the component will skip the render method.

#### componentWillUpdate()

Invoked immediately before rendering when new props or state are being received. You cannot use *this.setState()*.

#### componentDidUpdate()

Invoked immediately after the component's updates are flushed to the DOM.

#### componentWillUnmount()

Invoked immediately before a component is unmounted from the DOM. Used for cleanups.

# Lifecycle methods

```
class Timer extends React.Component {
 constructor (props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { secondsElapsed: 0 }
   // We only have to manually bind the tick method
   // the lifecycle methods are binded automatically by React.
   this.tick = this.tick.bind(this)
 tick () {
    this.setState((prevState) => ({
      secondsElapsed: prevState.secondsElapsed + 1
   }))
 componentDidMount () {
    this.interval = setInterval(() => this.tick(), 1000)
 componentWillUnmount () {
    clearInterval(this.interval)
 render () {
    return <div> Seconds Elapsed: {this.state.secondsElapsed} </div>
```

#### **Events**

**SyntheticEvent** is a cross-browser wrapper around the browser's native event with the same API, except the events work identically across all browsers.

Clipboard	Keyboard	Focus	Form	Mouse
onCopy	onKeyDown	onFocus	onChange	onClick
onCut	onKeyPress	onBlur	onInput	onContextMenu
onPaste	onKeyUp		onSubmit	

```
...
increaseCounter (event) {
  this.setState({ counter: this.state.counter++ })
}
...
render () { return <Button onClick={this.increaseCounter}> Increase 
/Button> }
...
```

# Composition

```
import MyComponent from './MyComponent.jsx'
 render () {
   const x = 42
   // key is a unique identifier that's required in arrays of components
   const componentsList = [
     <span key='1'> This will render </span>,
     <MvComponent kev='2' text='asdf' />
   return (
     <div>
       <MyComponent prop1={x} {...this.props} /> // Renders MyComponent
       {componentsList} // Renders all the components in the array
       {null} // Renders a <noscript> tag
       {false} // Renders a <noscript> tag
       {this.props.anwser === x &&  Correct Anwser  }
       {[ 'Alejandro', 'Ivan', 'Yisus' ].map(name => {
         if (name === 'Yisus') {
           return null
         let text = `Hello ${name}`
         return  {text} 
       })}
      </div>
```

# Controlled components

```
class MyForm extends React.Component {
 constructor (props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { value: 'Hello!' }
   this.handleChange = this.handleChange.bind(this)
 handleChange (event) {
   // Every time the user enters a new character we update the component
   // otherwise he will not see the changes
   this.setState({ value: event.target.value })
 render () {
    return (
     <input
        type="text"
        value={this.state.value}
        onChange={this.handleChange}
     />
```



# **Redux**

#### Redux

Redux is a predictable state container for JavaScript apps.

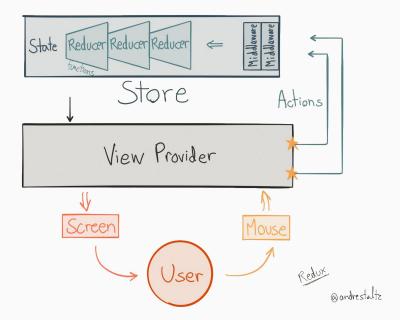
### Three Principles

Single source of truth

State is read-only

Changes are made with pure functions

# Architecture of a redux app



#### **Actions**

Payloads of information that send data from your application to your store. They are the only source of information for the store. You send them to the store using *store.dispatch()*.

```
const action = { type: 'TOGGLE_TODO', index: 6 } // 'type' is the only thing required
```

#### Action creators are functions that return actions

```
function addTodo (text) {
  returns { type: 'ADD_TODO', text }
}
store.dispatch(addTodo('Pray to Yisus'))
const boundAddTodo = text => store.dispatch(addTodo(text))
boundAddTodo('Pray to Yisus')
```

#### Reducers

Specify how the application's state changes in response to actions.

The reducer is a pure function (previousState, action) => newState

```
function todoApp (state = initialState, action) { // initializes the state
 switch (action.type) { // looks the type of the action
   case SET_VISIBILITY_FILTER:
     return Object.assign({}, state, { // returns the new state object
        visibilityFilter: action.filter // with the changed visibility filter
     })
   case ADD TODO:
     return Object.assign({}, state, {
        todos: [
          ...state.todos,
           text: action.text,
           completed: false
     })
   default:
     return state
```

# Reducers composition

One reducer for each part of the tree

```
function todos (state = [], action) {
  switch (action.type) {
    case ADD TODO:
      return [
        ...state,
          text: action.text.
          completed: false
    default:
      return state
function visibilityFilter(
    state = SHOW ALL, action
  switch (action.type) {
    case SET_VISIBILITY_FILTER:
      return action filter
    default:
      return state
```

All the reducers are combined in one

```
function todoApp (state = {}, action) {
  return {
    visibilityFilter: visibilityFilter(
      state.visibilityFilter, action),
    todos: todos(state.todos, action)
// Redux let's us do it with combineReducers
import { combineReducers } from 'redux'
const todoApp = combineReducers({
 visibilityFilter,
 todos
```

# Links of interest

#### ES6

http://es6-features.org/

#### React

https://facebook.github.io/react/

http://calendar.perfplanet.com/2013/diff/

https://github.com/ReactTraining/react-router/tree/master/docs

#### Redux

http://redux.js.org/

https://egghead.io/courses/getting-started-with-redux

#### Normalizr

https://github.com/paularmstrong/normalizr

#### Enzyme

http://airbnb.io/enzyme/